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FRENCH AT DE WETS

Effects a Junction With Rundle's Force at De Wets Dorp.

RUNDLE AFTER BOERS

He Is Pushing Hard After the Body Retreating From Wepener.

De Wets Dorp, Wednesday, April 25, evening.—Gen. French entered this town today with cavalry brigades. He left camp at daylight and found the Boers holding the hills. These were shelled and the Boers retreated. The cavalry pushed around the position of the Boers above the town, where they were holding Gen. Rundle in check.

It is rumored that 6000 Boers passed through the town last night in order to avoid Gen. French's attack in the rear.

London, April 26.—A special dispatch from De Wets Dorp, dated yesterday, says: Owing to the approach of Gen. French and to Gen. Rundle's persistent shelling, the Boers relinquished their positions last night, retiring with their guns in a northeasterly direction. Gen. French and Rodle joined hands east of French and Rundle this morning.

Gen. Rundle is pursuing the Boers in forced marches.

WATCHING THE RACE.

All Interest Centered on the Running Fight in Progress.

London, April 26.—All the interest in the South African war is now centered in the running fight in progress between the burghers retreating from the southern portion of the Orange Free State and Gen. French's horsemen and the infantry of Gen. Pole-Carew, Chermside and Rundle. But the British hope of conclusive results is slim at present, the Boers escaping unbeaten and having accomplished an immense amount of damage. They clung to their positions as long as it was safe to do so and they have now slipped off to hold the next commanding ridge through a broken country admirably suited for a rear guard defense.

Dispatches from Colonial Notes, under date of Wednesday, April 25, say the Boers left Wepener so hurriedly that many of the dead were left in the trenches unburied.

Commandant Cronje is reported to have been killed.

EXPLOSION AT JOHANNESBURG.

Ammunition Works Blows Up and Ten Men Killed.

Pretoria, Wednesday, April 25.—A serious explosion occurred at the Begbie works, used by the government as an arsenal, last night. The walls of the building were destroyed and the structures in the neighborhood are a mass of flames. The shrieks of women and children in the adjoining streets added to the ghastliness.

Ten workmen were killed and thirty-two injured, including Herr Grunberg, the manager of the works. The most important of the machinery was saved.

The cause of the explosion is unknown. The works employed 200 persons, mostly French and Italians. The Red Cross ambulance corps did good work in helping the wounded.

Further particulars from Johannesburg show that the explosion occurred in a magazine containing smokeless powder, on the opposite side of the street from the Begbie works, used by the government as an arsenal. Thirteen of the occupants of the latter building were blown to pieces and fifty were injured.

Another batch of British subjects, consisting of ten men, 265 women and 439 children, have been put over the border and are going to Delagoa bay.

NEWS FROM MAFEKING.

Baden-Powell Reports That All Was Well There.

London, April 26, 1:53 p. m.—The war office has received the following from Lord Roberts:

"Bloemfontein, April 25.—Good news from Baden-Powell up to April 10. Maclaren much better. All the wounded doing well. The Boers captured several native women who were trying to escape from Mafeking, but these were turned back after being stripped and slamboked."

BOERS LEAVE WEPENER.

They Retreat Northward and Balk Roberts' Plans.

London, April 26.—The war office has issued the following from Lord Roberts, dated Bloemfontein, April 25, 3:25 p. m.:

"The enemy retired from in front of Wepener last night and this morning fled northeastward along the Ladybrand road. Their number was between 4000 and 5000."

It is now apparent that the chances of Lord Roberts catching the raiding Boers in a net are very slender. The Boers have everywhere retired at the pressure of the British advance and the hope that Gen. Rundle would have been able to induce them to remain at Dewets Dorp until they had been forced to fight or surrender has been disappointing.

No attempt was made to pursue the commandoes retiring from Wepener. Everything now depends upon the progress of Gen. French's cavalry brigades, but they are entering a very difficult, hilly and practically unknown country. The cavalry have already had a long march over heavy and sandy roads and nothing is known regarding the condition of the horses. In any case it is now a race between the Boers and the forces of Gen. French and Gen. Hamilton.

Besides the casualties among the men the Boer attacks on Col. Dalgety's position wrought great havoc among the horses and cattle. The garrison could have held out for another fortnight, but it is in no condition to render assistance in pursuing the Boers. There is little news from other quarters.

The inhabitants of Mafeking are now on daily ration of two pints of soup and two quarts of skilly.

The Lourenzo Marques correspondent of the Times, telegraphing Tuesday, says:

It is asserted that the Boers are collecting enormous quantities of provisions at the depots at Lydenburg district, with a view to a final stand in the mountains. The district around Johannesburg and Pretoria are being extensively intrenched. Begsbier foundry at Johannesburg is turning out 700 shells a day.

A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Kimberley, dated Wednesday, says:

Yesterday the Boers made a new laager near Windsorton. The force there consisted of Prinsla, Campbell and Griqualand rebels, about 500 strong.

A special dispatch from Pretoria, dated Tuesday, says that the Boers have reoccupied Bisbof, the British retiring.

PUNCHES TURKEY UP

Negotiations Regarding American Claims Again Transferred to Constantinople.

NOTE FOR THE PORTE

Charge Griscomb Delivers What Is Understood to Be an Imperative Demand.

Constantinople, Wednesday, April 25—The negotiations between the United States and the porte regarding the American indemnity claims have again been transferred here. United States Charge d'Affaires Griscomb yesterday handed to Tewfik Pasha, minister of foreign affairs, based on instructions he had received from Washington, the tenor which has not yet been made public. It is understood, however, that it demands prompt payment of the indemnity.

The note will be discussed at the council of ministers today.

Charge Griscomb declines to express his views.

The only issue at present, however, is the execution of the porte's repeated promises to Minister Straus to pay the indemnity.

After Mr. Straus left, the matter remained in abeyance until the Associated Press dispatch from Washington, April 17, sharply reminded the Turkish government that the question required urgent attention. The porte immediately telegraphed to the Turkish minister at Washington asking for explanations for reported strained relations. The minister replied that the situation had not yet assumed a serious character.

The words "not yet" seem to have impressed the porte, and on the strength of this information the sultan issued an irade in regard to the Kharput matter, which he hoped would serve as a stop and defer pressure in the demands for indemnity, although it is generally recognized that permission to rebuild will be of little value to the missionaries without the payment of indemnity.

Another irade, issued April 25, orders Rear Admiral Ahmed Pasha to proceed to America in order to study the construction of battleships.

Washington, April 26.—It is learned that the note of Mr. Griscom, United States charge at Constantinople, is founded on the state department's instructions to press vigorously the claim for indemnity already lodged with the Porte. The note is not an ultimatum in any sense, but is in continuation of the expressed determination of the state department to exhaust all peaceful and proper means to secure a settlement of these American claims.

It is not doubted that the Turkish government would speedily meet our desires in the matter, could the claims be adjusted privately and without the knowledge of the European ambassadors in Constantinople, but this is impracticable, and the Turkish government, it is believed, is embarrassed at the necessity of settling all the claims of European countries for large sums of money should the American claims be allowed.

The expectant attitude of the European diplomatic agents in Constantinople during the active prosecution of the negotiations is possibly the basis for such stories as that put afloat to the effect that the Russian government was secretly backing Turkey in opposition to the settlement with the United States.

HAS BRITISH PENNED.

Boer Report Says Brabant's Horses Are Corraled.

Paris, April 26.—A dispatch from Pretoria says that Gen. De Wet has Brabant's Horse isolated and has repulsed two attempts to relieve it, capturing fifty Britishers.

ROBERTS' LOSSES.

London, April 26.—The war office has issued Lord Roberts' list of casualties prior to the occupation of Dewetsdorp, showing that Capt. Denny of the Thirteenth Hussars, was killed and that a captain, two lieutenants and twenty-two men were wounded. Capt. Prothero, who was wounded at Kareefontein, has since died.

BUILDING COLLAPSED.

Chicago, April 26.—By the collapse of a double two-story frame house at Seventeenth and State streets today five persons were injured, two seriously, the others painfully. Ive others escaped injury. The building was old and stood on wooden posts. One of these gave way, causing the collapse. All the occupants were colored.

JOSEPH NOBRE DEAD.

Philadelphia, April 26.—Joseph Nobre, for a number of years leader of the Republican party in this city, died today, aged 64 years.

NOTHING ON METHUEN.

Wyndham Says That Roberts Has Not Criticised Him.

London, April 26.—In the house of commons today, George Wyndham, parliamentary secretary of the war office, replying to questions, declared Lord Roberts had made no comment whatever on Gen. Lord Methuen's Magersfontein operations.

James Lowther, Conservative, was heartily cheered when he gave notice that he would call attention, May 22, to Lord Roberts' recent Spion kop dispatch and move the production of further papers on the subject.

A REIGN OF TERROR

Chicago Strikers Mob and Seriously Injure Several Non-Union Men.

THEY MENACE GIRLS

Singers In the Dewey Day Chorus Are Threatened With Violence.

Chicago, April 26.—The attacks of strikers in the building trades labor upon non-union workmen were continued today, a mob assailing two teamsters, while an aged carpenter was badly beaten by a trio of strike sympathizers.

The injured are:

Patrick Tansey, teamster, seriously injured.

Henry Schellhorn, teamster, badly beaten.

Stephen Gaul, carpenter, badly beaten.

Tansey and Schellhorn were engaged in hauling sand to the Western Electric building, against which a strike is directed. They had dumped the sand in front of the building when, without warning, a mob of fifty men, mostly pickets who had been in the neighborhood ever since the strike started, began hurling bricks, stones and paving blocks at them. The strikers then closed in on them and pounded and kicked them. The police dispersed the mob, and the injured men were taken to their homes.

Gaul, who is 60 years of age, was going to work when set upon. He had been threatened by strikers, but so quietly did the three men creep upon him that he fell an easy victim. Oscar Noid, a union carpenter, was arrested and charged with participating in the assault.

A complaint was made today that the girls who are to sing in the chorus which is to be a feature of Dewey day have been threatened with violence if they persist in attending rehearsals. The threats are said to have been made by union pickets and their sympathizers, who, according to Professor Gabriel Katsonberger, have been standing guard at the entrance to Steinway hall where the rehearsals take place, frightening some of the girls away and causing general consternation.

The unions are arrayed against the whole celebration committee because the Dewey grand stand is being built by non-union men.

Professor Katsonberger is in charge of the chorus and has applied to the police for protection.

The Evening Post says: It is rumored this afternoon that the material men have forced a split in the Contractors' association between which organization and the Building Trades' unions a war has existed for two months, costing millions of dollars in wages and paralyzing building operations.

HAVE A PLEASANT DAY.

The McKinleys Rest and Visit With Home Friends.

Canton, Ohio, April 26.—President McKinley continued in the full enjoyment of the rest and freedom from official cares and social intercourse which brought him here, and, besides, found time to dispose of a large amount of personal business in connection with his local interests. Later, friends began to arrive purely on social missions, and he seemed to be having a thoroughly enjoyable day.

President and Mrs. McKinley paid another visit to their North Market street home during the morning to offer a few more minor suggestions. Soon after noon an informal luncheon was served at the Barber home to the presidential party, Capt. and Mrs. Lafayette McWilliams, of Chicago, and Mrs. J. T. Brooks, of Sewickley, Pa.

At 4 o'clock the party leave on a special train for Pittsburg, where their cars will be attached to the regular Washington train.

Summer plans, says Secretary Cortelyou, have not been completed, but the president and Mrs. McKinley will return to Canton early in July and spend several weeks in their North Market street home. Later in the summer the president will take a more extended vacation at some place yet to be decided, where the best opportunities offer for the quiet and rest he requires.

ALL RESTS WITH LINDSAY.

Reporting of Interstate Commerce Bill Depends on Him.

Washington, April 26.—A vote was taken in the interstate commerce commission of the senate today on the question of reporting the bill enlarging the powers of the interstate commerce commission, which resulted in a tie of 4 to 4. There were three absentees, and of these Senators Aldrich and Chilton were paired, the latter for and the former against the bill. Senator Lindsay, the other absentee, was not paired, and the chairman was authorized to consult him and then to act accordingly. If, therefore, Mr. Lindsay casts his vote in favor of reporting the bill it will be put in; otherwise it will not be reported. The four senators who voted for the bill were Messrs. Culom, Chandler, Allen and Tillman, and those who cast their votes in the negative, Messrs. Gear, Elkins, Wolcott and Kean.

SHUT DOWN AT COLUMBUS.

The Plant of the National Steel Company Is Closed.

Columbus, Ohio, April 26.—The local plant of the National Steel company has been closed under orders from the general offices, the reason assigned being excessive repairs. Between 300 and 400 men are thrown out of work. Two weeks is given as the duration of the shut down. The local officials deny that the shut-down is due to the condition of the markets.

JURORS DISMISSED.

Lansing, Mich., April 26.—The trial of Col. Sutton abruptly ended today when Judge Welst sustained the challenge made by the defense and discharged both the special and regular panel of jurors, because of technical illegalities in drawing the same. The trial will proceed when new talesmen have been secured.

DECLARE FOR LONG

Massachusetts Republicans Ask His Nomination For Vice President.

ENDORSE EXPANSION

Platform Is For Imperialism and the McKinley Policy Generally.

Boston, April 26.—The Republicans of Massachusetts today elected delegates and alternates to the national Republican convention in Philadelphia. Of the 1894 delegates entitled to seats, there were 154 present. Congressman F. H. Gillet, the permanent chairman of the convention, delivered a long address. The platform, which was presented by Attorney General Knowleton, was unanimously adopted.

The resolutions affirm adherence to the platform of the St. Louis convention of 1896 and congratulate the country "upon the rejection of free silver coinage and the indorsement of the gold standard."

They pledge the Republican party "to support such amendments to the banking laws as will provide a flexible and sufficient medium of exchange, to the end that capital may obtain fair returns, that American commerce may be enlarged, and that labor may be assured of steady employment and of the largest possible share in the fruits of our expanding trade."

Relative to combinations of capital for industrial and commercial purposes, the resolutions declare that "whenever they become destructive of the rights of citizens they should be suppressed by adequate statutes enacted by the legislatures of the states or by congress if the resulting evils are beyond the power and jurisdiction of the states."

As to the inhabitants of the islands acquired by the treaty of Paris, the resolutions say:

"No greater trust than the uplifting and the educating of these defenseless people has been imposed upon the United States. The Republican party believes it to be the higher solemn duty of the nation to accept and execute this trust, with all the responsibilities it involves, by retaining the islands and by providing for their adequate government upon the principles of liberty and humanity."

The resolutions further declare that the interests of an expanding commerce imperatively demand the construction of an isthmian canal and the laying of a Pacific cable and that congress should offer by appropriate legislation such reasonable protection and encouragement to American shipping as shall revive, build up and strengthen our merchant marine; expresses "hearty and unqualified endorsement of the administration of President McKinley, and urges the nomination of the secretary of the navy, John D. Long, for vice president.

The delegates-at-large were chosen by acclamation, as follows: Senator Henry Cabot Lodge, of Nahant; Samuel W. McCall, of Winchester; William B. Plunkett, of Adams, and Walter Clifford, of New Bedford. The alternates are: Col. G. R. Jewett, of Salem; Alfred E. Rose, of Lowell; Dr. Samuel E. Courtney, of Boston, and Henry P. Field, of Northampton. This concluded the business of the convention.

Congressman Dolliver, of Iowa, made a brief speech and the convention adjourned.

NOVEL OFFER.

The Lower Brule Indians Propose That They Support Themselves.

Sioux City, Iowa, April 26.—The Lower Brule tribe of Sioux has made an unprecedented proposition to the government through Maj. James McLaughlin, Indian inspector, which if accepted will mean that it is to become self-supporting. Its thirty-year treaty expires June 30 next. The chiefs now propose that if given the privilege of disposing of two sections of the tribal land they will use the proceeds to buy cattle and enter the ranching business. The land to be offered is fine grazing country west of the Missouri, and near Chamberlain, S. D. The tribe will buy 2000 heifers and 80 graded bulls and fence the reservation. Congressional action may be needed.

BOYCOTTED.

Machinists' Union Orders a Boycott Against Chicago's Dewey Celebration.

Chicago, April 26.—The long-talked of boycott of the Dewey celebration by organized labor took form today when the executive committee of District No. 8 of the International Association of Machinists issued an edict declaring the promoters of the celebration antagonistic to union labor and ordering members of the union to take no part in it.

THE WEEKS INDICTMENTS.

Motion to Dismiss the Four Remaining Against Him.

New York, April 26.—Four indictments still remain against Francis H. Weeks, who in 1893 was sentenced to six years and six months in Sing Sing for defrauding estates of which he was executor out of a sum aggregating $1,300,000. Weeks was sentenced on one of five indictments, and Assistant District Attorney Townsend has filed a recommendation for the dismissal of the four remaining indictments. Weeks' term will expire next month. The request of the district attorney's office was taken under advisement by Judge Foster.

BIG TRANSFER.

New York, April 26.—The Fifth Avenue hotel and the Madison Square theater building adjoining, were sold in one parcel at public auction today for $4,225,000, the purchaser being W. P. Eno, son of the original owner.

POLITICAL OUTLOOK

Now Figuring on the Outcome of the Election Next November.

LIKELY TO BE BRYAN

New York Pretty Certain to Go Democratic---Indiana Counted Sure.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, April 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—Despite the fact that the Republican national ticket will not be selected at Philadelphia for nearly six weeks hence, the Republican politicians centered here from all over the country are beginning to figure regarding the outcome of the election next November.

The Democratic ticket will not be selected, as is well known, until three weeks after the Philadelphia convention completes its work. The Democrats are fully as interested as the Republicans, of course, regarding the results at the polls in November.

It is considered absolutely certain that President McKinley will head the Republican ticket, and William Jennings Bryan the Democratic ticket. The Republicans as well as the anti-Bryan Democrats, would very much like to see Admiral Dewey chosen for the Democratic presidential ticket for 1900 rather than Mr. Bryan. This is due to the fact that Republicans consider that it would be much easier for Maj. McKinley to defeat the present admiral of the navy next fall than would be the case with Mr. Bryan at the head of the opposition ticket. It goes without saying, that Admiral Dewey will not be nominated at Philadelphia nor be chosen at Kansas City. There is a bare possibility that Dewey, forced into the race by fool friends, will attempt to run as an independent candidate, but it is doubted whether the man, who won such a great victory in Manilla bay a little more than two years ago, will follow the advice of men who simply desire to use him to defeat Col. Bryan. The men back of the Dewey candidacy, if he is finally foolish enough to become a candidate, are the men who are anxious to defeat Bryan and to elect McKinley.

It is evident to anybody with any political sense that Dewey would make the weakest candidate in the race as a presidential candidate. The best he could do would be to defeat Bryan, but the enemies of the latter desire him to run in order to elect McKinley. It is not thought possible that the admiral would become a vice presidential candidate on either ticket. There would be no honor in the acceptance of this office. He is now considered a naval hero, is admiral of the navy, and is the third man in the history of the government to hold a similar position. It can readily be seen, therefore, that it would be utter folly for him, even if he could be assured of election, to accept second place at either the hands of the Republican or Democratic national convention.

The announcement made some time ago that Admiral Dewey would withdraw from the presidential fight was given out by one of his most intimate friends. It was then stated that the withdrawal of his candidacy would be made public within the near future. Certain gold Democrats, however, one of them being Daniel Lamont, former secretary of war under the last Cleveland administration, came to Washington as the representative of the gold Democrats and induced Admiral Dewey to delay the announcement of his withdrawal from the presidential race. The wily Lamont was successful. Dewey's intention to inform the public that he was no longer the presidential candidate was held in abeyance.

As the situation stands today, it is considered a "toss up" whether McKinley or Bryan will be elected next November. Naturally it is impossible for anyone to predict the outcome at the polls next fall. Certain conditions, however, existing in various states show some indications of the result at the polls. For instance, New York has long been looked upon as a pivotal state. During the past few years, however, New York has lost its prestige in this respect. The Empire state can now be left out in the electoral college and a man installed into the presidential office with out its vote there. It is unnecessary to state, of course, that the managers of both the leading parties prefer a victory in New York in the presidential campaign. This year New York Democrats in Washington state that their party has an advantage over the Republicans, and for this reason the Democratic leaders, including Croker, Hill, Murphy, Danforth and others, are thoroughly united. This means, of course, that they will support Bryan and, that, as they have not done in the past, will work together energetically to bring about the Nebraskan's election next fall.

The Republicans are divided in various ways. A good many of the "small fry" are becoming somewhat disgusted with the domination of "Boss Platt." He is the "whole thing" in the Republican party in the Empire state—at least he thinks he is. It is his purpose to force Col. Roosevelt out of the governorship and make him the running mate of Maj. McKinley. The New York governor is not anxious to sacrifice himself to suit Platt. The result of the controversy between the different factions in New York may not turn out satisfactorily in advance of the election and it is not probable that the popularity of Col. Roosevelt, either as a candidate for vice president or as a candidate for governor, can save the Empire state either nationally or locally this year.

Political prophets, in reviewing the situation for my benefit, declare that New York is pretty certain to go Democratic this fall. Such an outcome would mean the election of Bryan and the defeat of McKinley without doubt. There are other Eastern states discussed in connection with the presidential fight this year. For instance, the Democrats of Pennsylvania are almost solid for Bryan. This state, however, in a presidential year, usually gives a plurality anywhere from 150,000 to 200,-

(Continued on Page 7.)

SUBMARINE WAR BOAT

Most Formidable War Vessel That Ever Ploughed the Salt Seas.

THE LITTLE TERROR

Can Dive Twenty Feet and Run Forty Knots Under Water.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, April 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—The United States has just acquired, through purchase, the most formidable war vessel, according to experts, which ever "ploughed" the salt seas. Some months ago the Holland Torpedo Boat company brought to Washington a little vessel which had been talked of in every newspaper in the United States almost, and which was looked upon during the early days of the war with Spain as a "likely to be" important factor in that contest. The vessel was the submarine torpedo boat, Holland. For weeks past two yachts have been lying at the wharf at the navy yard, prepared at all times to make a trip down the Potomac as far as Alexandria, where an exhibition of the powers and prowess of the Holland would be demonstrated at any time. Members of the cabinet, members of the senate, members of the house, army officers, navy officers, justices of the supreme court, officials of every degree, and the people without official title were taken to the exhibition, and every one agreed, after seeing what the Holland can do in the way of existing under water, that at least the problem of submarine navigation, first dreamed of by Jules Verne in his novel, "Twenty Thousand Leagues Under the Sea," had been solved. After nearly every official of the navy department had witnessed the contest, and after Admiral Dewey had made a report on the vessel, the government bought her for $150,000, and has ordered two more of a similar type, with some improvements.

The Holland can go fifteen miles on the surface of the water without renewing her supply of gaseline. She can run forty knots under water without coming to the surface, and there is enough compressed air in her tanks to supply a crew with fresh air for thirty hours. The little terror of the seas can dive to the depth of twenty feet in eight seconds, and can stay at sea in an emergency for a week. The Holland is, in other words, a torpedo with human brains inside of her. She is slightly fifty-four feet long and some ten feet in diameter, and her displacement, when fully submerged, is seventy-five tons. Her armament consists of an expulsion tube and three white-head torpedoes, and with this supply it can destroy three of the largest vessels of any navy in the world, and what is more to the point, when properly officered and manned, the Holland would be absolutely safe from the guns of any vessel which she might attack. Admiral Dewey some time ago sent to Representative Foss, acting chairman of the committee on naval affairs of the house, a memorandum prepared by his aid, Lieut. H. H. Caldwell, upon the recent tests of the boat. He was aboard the little craft during her performances. The fact that the admiral endorsed the report probably had a great deal to do with its subsequent purchase by the navy. Lieut. Caldwell expresses the belief that a determined enemy, with a submarine boat of the Holland type, could have made impossible the occupation of Manilla bay by Dewey's squadron.

In his report Mr. Caldwell says: "Throughout the performance there was no accident or hitch of any sort, and the ease with which either part of the mechanism was manipulated was particularly impressing.

"Each member of the crew had a special station, where he remained during the runs. Although these men were all highly skilled, and showed a confidence due to their long service in the boat, I think the duties could be easily performed by the petty officers of the navy after a short trial. The boat did not roll, and she only pitched slightly at the time of diving, and she righted immediately after attaining the required depth. The torpedo was discharged with the greatest ease. Only a very slight shock occurred when the torpedo was fired.

"The captain gave orders to the engineer by the ordinary methods of bells, and to the torpedo men and pump men by word of mouth. The loud noise made by the gearing of the propelling engine at all times when under way made it necessary for the word to be passed by several men, but at no time was there the slightest confusion or hesitation in obeying orders. When submerged the boat was kept at the chosen depth without any difficulty by means of the horizontal rudder. The evenness of the immersion was well shown by the depth gauges, but must also have been apparent from the other vessels from the positions of the flags.

"It is worthy of note that from the first immersion the water, as seen through the deadlights, was entirely opaque, and at the maximum depth it was almost black. During the nearly three hours we were in the boat the air was exceedingly sweet."

Another vessel of somewhat similar type, known as the Plunger, is being constructed at the yards of the Triggs Shipbuilding company, in Richmond, and will shortly be added to the navy as a sort of a sister ship to the Holland. With these two powerful submarine vessels in commission the United States will be supplied as no other navy in the world is equipped for defensive warfare against a hostile fleet.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

FIGHT WITH BOLOMEN.

Bell's Troops Clean Out Several Parties of Them.

Manilla, April 26.—Officers who have arrived here from Nueva Caceras, province of South Camarines, bring details of a fight April 16, in which eighty Filipinos were killed. The American outposts reported 3000 natives assembled three miles from the town and Gen. Bell sent three detachments of the Forty-fifth regiment, with two Maxims, who nearly surrounded the Filipinos, the majority of whom were armed with bolos and wore carabao hide helmets, coats and shields. The Filipinos were quickly put to flight, leaving the field strewn with armor. Their riflemen were unable to shot straight and the bolo men never get near enough to the Americans to do any execution. Therefore none of the Americans were wounded. Lieut. Balch with twenty cavalrymen from the Thirty-seventh regiment, cornered fifty bolo men in a river and shot every one, the bodies floating away. One soldier had his head struck off with a bolo.

Gen. Bell's two regiments are hard worked in clearing the country. They meet with small squads of bolo men and last week killed a total of 125. A squadron of the Eleventh cavalry is about to leave Manilla on board the transport Lenox to reinforce them. The insurgents keep the province in a state of terror and are wreaking vengeance on natives who trade with the Americans, burning many villages, including the populous town of San Fernando.

Gen. Bell has issued a proclamation declaring that he will retaliate relentlessly unless this guerrilla warfare ceases and that he will burn all the towns which harbor guerrillas.

In a fight at Sorgogon, Albay province, on April 16, three companies of the Forty-seventh infantry, Capt. Gordon commanding, discovered a large force of insurgents, mostly bolo men, killing fifty-three.

BASEBALL.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Indianapolis—Indianapolis, 9; Buffalo, 2.

At Chicago—Chicago, 6; Minneapolis, 2.

At Detroit—Detroit, 11; Cleveland, 5.

At Kansas City—Kansas City, 4; Milwaukee, 2.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 9; Pittsburg, 8.

At New York—Boston, 9; New York, 8.

At Philadelphia—Brooklyn, 6; Philadelphia, 4.

At St. Louis—St. Louis, 5; Chicago, 2.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Per Ct.
Indianapolis	5	4	1	.800
Kansas City	6	4	2	.667
Chicago	5	3	2	.600
Milwaukee	4	2	2	.500
Buffalo	5	2	3	.400
Cleveland	5	2	3	.400
Detroit	5	2	3	.400
Minneapolis	6	2	5	.286

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Per Ct.
St. Louis	5	4	1	.800
Philadelphia	6	4	2	.667
Brooklyn	5	3	2	.600
Pittsburg	6	3	3	.500
Cincinnati	6	3	3	.500
New York	5	2	3	.400
Boston	6	2	4	.333
Chicago	5	1	4	.200

TO PRESIDE AT CONVENTION.

Wolcott and Lodge Chosen By the Republican Committee.

Chicago, April 26.—Senator Edward Wolcott, of Colorado, is to be temporary chairman of the Republican national convention at Philadelphia and Senator Henry Cabot Lodge is to be permanent chairman of the same gathering. Those selections have been made by the Republican national committee. The naming of the temporary chairman lies wholly within the province of the national committee and it is customary for the leaders of that committee, in co-operation with the candidate for president, when known in advance, to choose the permanent chairman for the convention to ratify.

NO CHRISTIANS KILLED.

Pekin, April 26.—The report from Tien Tsin dated April 23 that a number of native Christians have been massacred by members of the Chinese secret society known as the Boxers is quite erroneous. Some Boxers attacked a village occupied by a number of Catholics, but were driven off. One villager was wounded. The Chinese report that seventy Boxers were killed or wounded, but this is doubtless an exaggeration.

Childless people often drift apart. The wife seeks to satisfy her heart craving, by society, "Always roaming with a hungry heart." The husband finds the home dull and goes to the club. The happiest homes are those which echo to the love and laughter of childish voices.

The conditions which preclude motherhood are often remediable. They grow out of a diseased or enfeebled condition of the delicate female organs. When these conditions are removed, and vitality and elasticity given to the organs of motherhood, it frequently follows that the home is gladdened by the coming of a healthy, happy infant.

There is no other medicine that will do as much for women as Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It dries up disagreeable drains, allays inflammation, heals ulceration, cures female weakness, and establishes the delicate womanly organs in a state of perfect health and vigor.

There is no alcohol, opium or other narcotic in "Favorite Prescription."

Any sick woman may consult Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., by letter, *free*. Every letter is held as strictly private and sacredly confidential.

"I had been a sufferer from uterine trouble for about three years, having two miscarriages in that time, and the doctors that I consulted said I would have to go through an operation before I could give birth to living children," writes Mrs. Blanche E. Evans, of Parsons, Luzerne Co., Pa. "When about to give up in despair I saw the advertisement of Dr. Pierce's medicine and thought I would give it a trial as a last resort. I bought a bottle of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, and after taking it felt better than I had for years. After taking four and a half bottles I gave birth to a bright baby girl who is now four months old and has not had a day of sickness. I cannot say too much in praise of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription."

Dr. Pierce's Pellets are a boon to women of constipated habit.

FREE TO SUFFERERS.

The New Cure for Kidney, Bladder and Urinary Troubles.

Almost everybody who reads the newspapers is sure to know of the wonderful cures made by Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy.

It is the great medical triumph of the nineteenth century, discovered after years of scientific research by Dr. Kilmer, the eminent kidney and bladder specialist, and is wonderfully successful in promptly curing kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles.

Swamp-Root has been tested in so many ways, in hospital work, in private practice, among the helpless too poor to purchase relief, and has proved so successful in every case that a special arrangement has been made by which all readers of The Duluth Evening Herald who have not already tried it may have a sample bottle sent free by mail, also a book telling more about Swamp-Root and how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. When writing mention reading this generous offer in The Duluth Evening Herald and send your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. The regular 50 cent and $1 sizes are sold by all first-class druggists.

THE IRON MARKET

The Trade Has Not Been Stampeded By Recent Developments.

BUSINESS IS SMALL

Buyers Are Awaiting the Outcome---Several Large Export Orders.

Cleveland, April 26.—The Iron Trade Review says: The iron trade has not been stampeded after the Wall street fashion by the senational developments of last week. The announcement concerning overproduction in wire products, and the order for the closing of the American Steel and Wire company's mills, have been followed by sharp reductions in the prices of that company, wire nails being lowered $1 a keg, or to $2.20 Pittsburg mill to the jobbing trade and $2.35 Pittsburg to the retail trade in carload lots.

The fact that wire and wire nails had advanced more rapidly and to a higher point relatively than other products accounts for a portion of the reduction. That it was calculated to be sweeping enough to carry with a large reduction in the price of billets is another consideration. Still another is the fact that competition is beginning to show itself in the wire trade. An Ohio concern, with connected rod mill, steel plant and blast furnaces, and the newly started Birmingham, Ala., plant have between them capacity sufficient to be felt in a waiting market.

Thus far there is no action by the large steel producers, nor any statement from them indicating the estimate of a new price for billets. Transactions are few and small, and $32 to $32.50 Pittsburg represents the market. Since any change of the steel basis will involve Bessemer pig iron also, further developments in finished materials may be awaited to better gauge consumption. The iron trade in general has done little in the past week. The average buyer considered that a time of excitement and questioning of the outcome was not a time to go into the market. It is impossible as yet to measure the effect of the happenings in American Steel and Wire company affairs on other departments of the trade. No revision is made of the views of authorities in the trade recorded last week, that consumption is sustained in a remarkable way considering the general expectation of lower prices.

In the past week, with trade at a standstill in many lines, there have been several noteworthy transactions. Southern furnaces have closed export orders for 70,000 to 75,000 tons of foundry and forge irons—25,000 tons being taken by the Tennessee company, 28,000 tons by the Virginia Coal and Coke company, 15,000 tons by the Sloss-Sheffield and Iron company, and the balance by the Republic Iron and Steel company for shipment from its Pioneer furnaces. The American Steel Hoop company has sold a large lot of skelp, also for foreign shipment. Other negotiations in export trade are under way which are expected to develop in an important way a little later. Export rail business is a strong feature, and there are reports of a considerable deal recently on sheet bars for shipment abroad.

PLAN OF IRELAND.

Archbishop Urges an Anglo-Saxon Catholic Propaganda.

New York, April 26.—Archbishop Ireland, of St. Paul, has written a letter to the duke of Norfolk, president of the Catholic Union of Great Britain, in which he urges a united Anglo-Saxon Catholic propaganda. A cablegram from Rome recently says the letter is trusted at the vatican, where it is regarded as an effort to revive the liberal movement known as Americanism.

A copy of Archbishop Ireland's letter has just been received here. It deals at length with the opportunity before the Catholic church in English-speaking countries, and it lays especial emphasis upon the fact that the English language is circling the globe. All this, the archbishop points out, cannot be too strongly impressed upon the authorities of the church.

"It is a bold plain fact in the geography of the world," he says, "a fact daily becoming broader, that English-speaking countries are constantly growing with a speed that nothing seems able to resist in territory and influence. I certainly shall not belittle the spheres of influence of language other than the English, or deny in the least the importance to the church of the countries speaking these languages. Let due place be given to all agencies in the great work of religion."

However, he proposes a new mission for the English-speaking countries, and urges that greater efforts be made to spread the Catholic religion in English-speaking countries.

MRS. LOTTRIDGE FREE.

Chicago, April 26.—Mrs. Annie Levis Lottridge was freed from custody and exonerated from all blame for the death of millionaire Rufus Wright, by the coroner's jury yesterday. On the advice of her attorney Mrs. Lottridge refused to testify at the inquest on the ground that she might incriminate herself, but the testimony of all other witnesses who spoke with Mr. Wright before he died in the room at the Leland hotel where he was shot about April 14, agreed in that Mr. Wright had repeatedly, when asked about the shooting, stated that it was accidental, and that he had been clear in his mind when he said this.

GRAIN-O
THE FOOD DRINK

Do you know that three-quarters of all the world's headaches are the result of using tea and coffee?

So physicians say.

Quit them and the headaches quit.

Grain-O has the coffee taste, but no headaches.

All grocers; 15c. and 25c.

IN DULUTH

Every Claim is Backed by Local Testimony--If the Reader Wants Anything Stronger Than the Opinions and the Experiences of His Neighbors, What Can It Be?

Charles Crasper, gardener, living at 930 First street east, says: "I was a great sufferer of kidney complaint for ten or twelve years and though I took quantities of medicine I got at best but temporary relief. I had rheumatism all through me, severe pains in my back, limbs and shoulders so that often I could hardly get around. I wore plasters without number, rubbed myself with liniments, took so much medicine that all lost faith in them. The kidney secretions were very irregular and deposited a heavy sediment. I saw Doan's Kidney Pills advertised and got a box from the Duluth Drug company. I expected them to turn out as all the other remedies I have tried, but I was most agreeably surprised to find that in two days I felt a great improvement in my condition. I followed up the treatment and the aches and pains left me, the kidneys resumed a normal and healthy action and I felt like another man."

For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents.

Foster-Milburn company, Buffalo, N. Y. Sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no substitute.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

The king of Sweden and Norway has tendered to Assistant Secretary of War Melkiejohn the honor of Chevalier of the Sword, in recognition of courtesies extended to Swedish officers during the war with Spain. The foreign relations committee will recommend permission being granted to accept.

It is stated in Washington that the president cordially approves the course of Mr. Strauss in presenting to Turkey the claims of the American missionary societies for destruction of their colleges and wishes him to resume his duties at Constantinople on the expiration of his present leave of absence.

A. S. Halliday, builder and inventor of the first cable car system in the United States, died yesterday in San Francisco from heart disease. He was president of the California Wire works and a regent of the university of California. Deceased was a native of Scotland, aged 73 years, and leaves a widow.

A fire in Philadelphia last night started on the top floor of J. W. McCausland's paper spool manufactory at 227 Church street and spreading to adjoining property did damage to the extent of about $250,000.

John Mack, who for many years was prominent in commercial life in New York, died in that city yesterday aged 75. He was an intimate friend of President Lincoln and during his term of office was collector of internal revenues at that port. One of Mr. Mack's daughters married Bourke Cockran in 1855 and died in 1888.

Former Capt. Oberlin M. Carter left New York for Fort Leavenworth, Kan., last night, to serve his term in the United States prison there.

Thomas J. Hunter, former auditor of the Atlanta & West Point Railroad company, was found guilty of embezzlement and sentenced to the penitentiary for five years.

George E. Frothingham, one of the leading opthalmologists of the United States, and formerly a member of the medical faculty at the university of Michigan, died last night at Detroit, Mich., of Bright's disease. He was born in Boston in 1838.

THE SULTAN'S HOPE.

Russia May Oppose Enforcement of American Claim.

London, April 26.—The Constantinople correspondent of the Daily Telegraph says:

The Porte considers that its offer to rebuild the American structure at Kharput will close the question. It bases this belief on news that Russia has intimated an intention to prevent any attempt on the part of the United States to enforce payment.

IT LOOKS SUSPICIOUS.

It is Believed That Gen. Wheeler Is Engaged.

New York, April 26.—A special to the Herald from Washington says:

Persistent rumor again couples the name of Gen. Joseph Wheeler and Mrs. George W. Childs, and this time there seems to be good reason to believe an announcement of their engagement to marry will be made.

When Mrs. Childs was asked for a confirmation or denial of the rumor, she smiled and referred the questioner to Gen. Wheeler. The gallant veteran also smiled when asked about it. He said:

"I'll tell you what I will do. I will see Mrs. Childs and ask her to answer your questions or authorize me to do so."

When seen later, he said:

"Yes, I saw Mrs. Childs and I think you will soon receive your answer. Mrs. Childs said she would send you a note setting at rest all of these rumors."

No statement could be obtained from Mrs. Childs today. Gen. Wheeler admitted, however, that at a luncheon in Philadelphia, attended by Mrs. Childs and himself they were congratulated by mutual friends upon their rumored engagement. These congratulations were accepted without denial, though Gen. Wheeler said they were unfortunate and untimely.

N. P. TERMINALS.

Tacoma, Wash., April 26.—The Northern Pacific railroad is spending $1,000,000 in the purchase of sites and erecting of Oriental and wheat warehouses here and at Seattle this year. A strip of waterfront half a mile long has been purchased already and negotiations are nearly closed for the purchase of another similar strip. An immense Oriental warehouse 400 feet long by 120 feet wide is nearing completion. This week work will commence on three wheat warehouses 150 feet wide, having an aggregate length of 1700 feet. Other warehouses are to be built when the land now negotiated for is secured.

KANSANS FOR BRYAN.

Clay Center, Kan., April 26.—Kansas Populists in state convention here elected eighty-four delegates to the national convention at Sioux Falls and instructed them to vote solidly for William J. Bryan. The delegates then adjourned and proceeded to the depot to greet Mr. Bryan, who came in from the Wichita banquet on a special train. Five thousand people escorted the Nebraskan to the city square and cheered him heartily as he spoke on the issues of the day.

NOT ALARMED.

Washington, April 26.—The officials of the Indian bureau here do not attach any importance to reports of an insurrectionary spirit of the Sioux of North Dakota. They say no reports of impending trouble have come from there and none are anticipated. The Indians, they say, have no just cause for complaint, as every treaty stipulation has been complied with.

STEARNS OR FERRY

But Two Men Now In Race For the Michigan Governorship.

THE BOILING POINT

Has Been Reached and the Influence of Money Is Apparent.

Detroit, April 26.—Politics in Michigan is rapidly approaching the boiling point, and the struggle for supremacy between D. M. Ferry, of Detroit, and Secretary of State J. C. Stearns is growing daily more bitter. Each has invaded the other's territory for delegates to the gubernatorial convention. The present storm is in Washtenaw county, where a bitter fight is on over the delegation. State Oil Inspector Judsen, the general of the Stearns forces, feels confident he will land his men next Monday night. The attitude of the oil inspector is the result of Governor Pingree's efforts. The governor is backing Stearns for all he is worth, and the result is noticeable all over the state.

As the campaign develops it resolves itself into the old fight between the Pingree and McMillan wings of the Republican party. It is fair to Senator McMillan, however, to state that he is standing aloof in the gubernatorial squabble, and will pay no attention to anything but the legislature.

Stears' boom in Wayne county has died out, for the reason that he has thrown no money in to grease the wheels. Former County Treasurer Alex J. McLeod, the strongest and ablest of the Pingree politicians in Detroit, has declared for D. M. Ferry, and will use his influence to swing Wayne into line for the Detroit seedsman.

Col. Bliss' boom has come to be looked upon as an adjunct of the Ferry band wagon, kept alive simply to hold Bliss' friends from stampeding to the Stearns camp, and will be continued to the day of the convention, when Bliss is expected to throw his strength to Ferry. There is little doubt that a thorough understanding exists to that effect between Bliss and Ferry, notwithstanding the vigorous denials of both. Frequent conferences have been held between the lieutenants of both, and the headquarters of both are in the same building here.

It now looks as if the action of the eleven Michigan congressman with regard to the Porto Rico bill will go to the country unchallenged. Sam W. Smith, in the Sixth district, which takes in a part of Detroit, has already been indorsed by his constituents. Henry C. Smith, of the Second district, has the unanimous approbation of the voters of his district, as expressed in their county conventions. All passed resolutions strongly commending his courage in voting against the Porto Rico bill, and there was a noticeable absence of praise for the acts of the administration.

Most of the congressional conventions will be held from April 28 to May 2, and so far there is little to indicate what the sentiment regarding the present incumbents will be beyond the general condemnation of their course always voiced in the newspapers. Nothing has so stirred the people in years as the action of the Republicans in congress regarding Porto Rico. For that reason interesting developments are looked for unless party discipline smothers the expression and controls the caucuses. So little is heard of Milo D. Campbell's boom for the governorship that he is considered practically out of the race. He is badly handicapped by the wealth of Stearns and Ferry. Democrats have not yet dug up their candidate, nor is there any one even prominently mentioned for governor.

THIRTEEN MEN HURT.

A Boiler Explosion at Rankin, Pa., Injures Workmen.

Pittsburg, April 26.—By the explosion of a portable boiler belonging to Drake & Stratton, contractors at Rankin, Pa., last evening, five men were terribly injured and eight others cut, bruised and slightly scalded.

Those dangerously injured were: Joseph Wright, a carpenter, may die; Julius Siedle, foreman; Ganneron Faraoro, an Italian laborer; Siley Sarb, an Italian laborer, will die; John Slaherty, a laborer.

The men were engaged in building a cofferdam in the Monongahela river for the pier of the Union railroad bridge, when the boiler, which was standing on the river bank, exploded with terrific force, scattering broken metal, steam and scalding water in all directions. Thirteen men were more or less seriously injured, but it is thought all but two, Joseph Wright and Siley Sarb, will recover.

Millions Given Away.

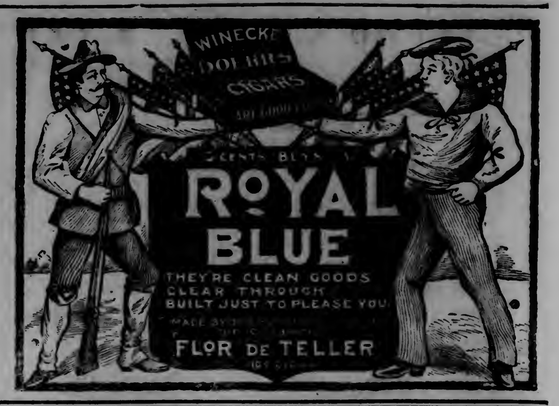
It is certainly gratifying to the public to know of one concern which is not afraid to be generous. The proprietors of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, have given away over ten million trial bottles and have the satisfaction of knowing it has cured thousands of hopeless cases. Asthma, Bronchitis, La Grippe and all Throat, Chest and Lung diseases are surely cured by it. Call on W. A. Abbett, druggist, and get a free trial bottle. Regular size 50c and $1.00. Every bottle guaranteed.

Can't Stand Cold

Many children can't stand cold weather. The sharp winds pierce them, and the keen air hurts them. They have cold after cold, lose flesh, and spring-time finds them thin and delicate.

Scott's Emulsion will make such boys and girls hearty and strong. The body is better nourished, and they are better protected. The blood becomes richer, and that makes them warmer.

50c. and $1.00. all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.



CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. NEW YORK.

At 6 months old 35 DOSES—35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

"IT IS IGNORANCE THAT WASTES EFFORT." TRAINED SERVANTS USE

SAPOLIO

MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE" This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation. It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhœa and all the horrors of impotency. CUPIDENE cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. CUPIDENE strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 90 per cent are troubled with Prostatitis. CUPIDENE the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if 6 boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00, by mail. Send for FREE circular and testimonials.

Address DAVOL MEDICINE CO., P. O. Box 2076, San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

Possess Baker's Premium Coffee A Luxury!

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine. SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

LABOR FEEDS THE TRUST.

Not Meaningly, But Thoughtlessly.

There is not a workingman in this country but feels that trusts are the bitterest enemies of labor. If the workingmen withdraw their support from the trusts by refusing to buy brands made by them, the monopolies cannot exist. The laboringmen and friends of Union labor are requested to inquire as to whether the brands of tobacco they are using are made by a trust and if so to act according to their judgment as to whether or not they will buy them. The following brands are made outside of a trust and always will be. They are made by Union labor in a Union factory at Union prices, and are called Gold Rope, Kingbolt, Rise and Shine, Thrasher.

They are made by the Wilson-McCallay Tobacco company, Middletown, Ohio, who during thirty years of business have never had a strike in their establishment because they have always paid a liberal price to labor. Paste this list in your hat and buy the brand you prefer. You will not only secure the best tobacco made, but strike a telling blow at the Tobacco Trust.

(Old Age Postponed.)

TRADE MARK Palmo Tablets CURE NERVOUS DEBILITY.

The seat of Nervous Diseases is at base of brain. When the nerve cells at this point waste, a terrible decline of the system occurs. Nervous Debility, Atrophy, Varicocele, Failing Memory, Pain in Back, Insomnia, Etc., are symptoms of this condition. Neglected, it results in Paresis, Insanity, or Consumption. Palmo Tablets cure these ills by renewing starved cells, checking drains, and replacing weakness with strength and ambition. 50c. a box; 12 boxes (with iron-clad guarantee) $5. Send for Free Book. 50c.

HALSID DRUG CO., CLEVELAND, O. For sale by Max Wirth, druggist, Duluth, Minn.

TRADE MARK MALYDOR REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

INJECTION

THE 1 TO 4 DAY CURE FOR MALE AND FEMALE.

For Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Leucorrhœa and Spermatorrhœa. No Pain. No Stain. No Stricture. Free Syringe. Prevents all Private Diseases of either Sex. At Druggists, or sent to any address, for $1.00. "Injection Malydor is The Best of all similar remedies." DR. HENRY RENY, Biddeford, Me.

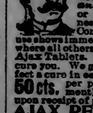
MALYDOR MFG. CO., Lancaster, O., U. S. A. For sale by Max Wirth, druggist, Duluth.

TRADE MARK

CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

MADE ME A MAN



AJAX TABLETS POSITIVELY CURE ALL Nervous Diseases—Failing Memory, Sleeplessness, etc., caused by overwork and Indiscretions. They quickly and surely restore Lost Vitality in old or young, and fit a man for study, business or pleasure. Prevent Insanity and Consumption if taken in time. Their use shows immediate improvement and effects CURE where all others fail. Insist upon having the genuine Ajax Tablets. They have cured thousands and will cure you. We give a positive written guarantee to effect a cure in each case or refund the money. Price 50 cts. per package, or six packages (full treatment) for $2.50 by mail, in plain wrapper, upon receipt of price. Circular free.

AJAX REMEDY CO., 358 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

For sale in Duluth, Minn., by Max Wirth, 12 West Superior street and S. F. Boyce, 332 West Superior street, druggists.

DECLINE IN WHEAT

Market Started Out Weaker, Rallied Slightly But Fell Off Again.

THE CABLES LOWER

Good Weather and Excellent Crop Reports Had a Bearish Effect.

Duluth Board of Trade, April 26.—The wheat market started out weak and lower this morning. It rallied later, but the advance was not retained. If it had not been for the strength in corn, wheat would have slumped off rapidly. The cables were disappointing, wheat at Liverpool being unchanged to ½d lower, while there was good weather in the winter wheat country, and the crop prospects were reported to be good. A fair export inquiry was reported at the seaboard. After noon the market became weaker and prices touched the lowest point of the day, the decline being due to the later slump in corn. The close was ⅝c lower than yesterday here and 1⅝@⅝c lower at Chicago for the May option. July declined ⅝@¾c here and ⅝c at Chicago.

Trading in futures was fair on the Duluth board. May wheat opened ⅜c off at 62¾c, sold up to 65⅝c at 9:40, reacted to 65⅜c at 12 and closed at 66¼c, being ⅝c lower than yesterday. July started ½@⅝c lower, at 67¾c, sold at 68⅜c at 10:20, declined to 67⅝c at 12 and closed at 67¾c, a net loss of ⅝@⅞c for the day. Cash sales were about 400 bus at the May price for wheat in store and ¼c over May to the mills, which were in the market today for the first time in many weeks and took 20,000 bus. Corn declined ½c. Oats, barley, rye and flax were unchanged. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 68¾c to arrive, 68⅜c May, 68¾c July, 69⅝c; September. 6sc. No. 1 northern, cash, 66¼c, to arrive, 65¼c; May, 66¼c; July, 67⅝c; September, 67c. No. 2 northern, 64½c. No. 3 spring, 63½c. Oats, 21½@21⅝c. Rye, 52½. Barley, 39-41c. Flax, cash, $1.72; May, $1.72; September, $1.23; October, $1.15½. Corn, 37¼c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 112; corn, 5; oats, 2; rye, 1; barley, 1; flax, 2. Receipts—Wheat, 115,726 bus; corn, 15,440 bus; flax, 458 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 114,000 bus.

Ship Your Grain to McCarthy Bros. & Co.

Grain Commission Merchants.

Duluth and Minneapolis.

WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES:

First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES THURSDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 880 bus $0.66⅞
No. 1 northern, 3,400 bus 65⅞
No. 1 northern, 2 cars 66¾
No. 1 northern, 5,000 bus 66⅞
No. 1 northern, 3 cars 66½
No. 1 northern, 5,000 bus 66¾
Flax, 1,000 bus May 1.72½
Flax, 8,500 bus May 1.72
Flax, 1,000 bus September 1.23
Flax, 4,000 bus September 1.23½
Flax, 5,000 bus October 1.15
Flax, 1,000 bus October 1.14½

ON THE CHICAGO BOARD.

Corn Strong and Other Lines Easier to Steady.

Chicago, April 26.—The trade in corn was large and the tone of the market buoyant the fore part of the session on the board of trade today. Commission houses, irrecailmable longs and scrambling shorts joined in an urgent demand for corn. They wanted it because Liverpool was strong and because there was too much rain for the best planting. Longs bought on general principles and some of them sold, but their offerings were gobbled up with great rapidity. The opening was erratic. May began the session ⅜c lower to ⅛c higher at 59⅝@59¾c, and July unchanged to ⅝c lower at 40½@40⅝c. The easiness apparent in first prices was due to the fact that many expected a rush of selling at the start. This failed to materialize, influencing a lightning change of sentiment in regard to the value of holding. From the opening, May advanced to 60¼c and sold from that to 60⅞; July clambered to 41¼c, but sold off to 40⅝c. Receipts here were 148 cars.

The market broke later on profit taking and on the light demand and the close was weak. May 59⅝c lower at 59¾c and July 1½@⅝c down at 40½@40⅝c.

Wheat was secondary in comparison with corn. The market opened weak on disappointing cables, good weather and excellent crop reports. The strength developed by corn, however, influenced a rally, any of which was held. Only a moderate business was done. The seaboard reported a fair export inquiry. Local receipts were 37 cars, none of contract grade. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 570 cars, compared with 257 last week and 334 a year ago. May opened ¾@⅞c down at 65¾@65⅝c, rallied to 66¼c and then sold off to 65¾@65⅝c; July opened ⅝@⅝c down at 65¾@65⅝c, advanced to 67⅝c and from that reacted to 67⅜c.

The market later became dull and heavy, influenced by the break in corn, a slack demand and talk of heavy Argentine shipments and closed weak. May 1⅝@⅝c under yesterday at 65¾@65⅝c and July ⅝c down at 67c.

The oat market opened easier, but rallied, both actions being under the influence of corn. Shorts were the best buyers on the rally. Receipts were 322 cars. May opened a shade lower to ⅛c higher at 22¾@23c; July opened ¼c down at 23¾@23¾c, and sold up to 23⅞c.

There was not a big trade in provisions and the market was sustained principally by the corn strength, holdings being easier. Fluctuations early were very narrow. May pork opened unchanged to $12.37½@12.50; July, 2½@5c higher at $7.27½@7.30, and July ribs unchanged at $7.07½@7.10.

Closing: Wheat, April, 65¾c; May, 65⅜@⅝c; July, 67c; September, 66¾c. Corn, April, 39½c; May, 39½c; July, 40¼@⅝c; September, 41c. Oats, April, 23c; May, 23½@¼c; July, 23½c; September, 22½c. Pork, April, $12.70; May, $12.70; July, $12.85. Lard, April, $7.22½; May, $7.22½; July, $7.25@7.27½; September, $7.25. Ribs, April, $7.05; May, $7.05; July, $7.07½; September, $7.05@7.05. Cash wheat: No. 2 red, 69¾@70¾c; No. 3 red, 65¾@65½c; No. 2 hard winter, 65¾c; No. 3 hard winter, 62@65¾c; No. 1 northern spring, 66½@68c; No. 2 northern spring, 65¾@66¾c; No. 3 spring, 61¾@65¾c. Corn, No. 2, 40c; No. 3, 39¾c. Oats, No. 2, 23½c; No. 3, 23½c. Flax, cash Northwestern, $1.73; Southwestern, $1.73; May, $1.72½; September, $1.22; October, $1.15. Rye, 53½c. Barley, 37@41c. Timothy, $2.40. Clover, $7.00.

GOSSIP.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 307 Chamber of Commerce and 307 Board of Trade, Chicago, April 26.—The wheat market ruled weak today owing to disappointing cables from abroad and improved weather in the Northwest. The market closed ⅝c July ⅝c lower than last night. Liverpool reported their market quiet ½d lower for the day, owing to disappointing cash demand, also favorable weather in the United Kingdom. Continental markets, however, were generally firm. Receipts at Chicago and the Northwest were 407 cars, against 344 cars last week and 382 cars last year. Cash demand was rather quiet here and the seaboard reported only a moderate business doing there for export. The weather throughout the winter wheat belt was generally favorable for the crop. Trade was fairly large all day and the undertone to the market weak. People who bought yesterday were sellers today. The action of the foreign markets is discouraging, but should Argentine shipments fall off our market would react again. Any way we do not look for any serious decline from present prices. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 70 cars.

The corn market after advancing ⅝c per bus early on buying by local bulls, later sold off on profit-taking and the market closed May ¼c, July ⅝c lower than last night. Liverpool reported their market as firm ⅝d higher for the day. Continental markets were also firm and higher. Country offerings were practically nothing, and there is very little, if any grain moving in the country just now. Cash demand was rather quiet. The recent advance has been a little too rapid. The seaboard reported moderate business doing there for export. Trade was very large all day and a good deal of long corn has been sold out, but the situation is just as strong as ever, and we regard today's decline as only a natural reaction after recent advance. We still look for materially higher prices to rule later on. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 265 cars.

Oats after ruling firm early, later eased off in sympathy with wheat and corn, and closed May ⅜c, July ¼c lower than last night. There was more or less liquidation by longs during the day. Country offerings were very light, but cash demand was rather quiet. There has been no special feature to the market. Trade was rather light all day. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 130 cars.

Provisions opened very strong on urgent demand from lard shorts and everything advanced to a point where it was discovered some big operator was unloading and then steadily declined again. Patten's buying was the feature on the slide, and selling by prominent commission houses on the other. Receipts of hogs are large, far ahead of expectations. Cash demand small, and there is undoubtedly manufacturing profit now. We cannot regard the market as legitimate on these facts. Outsiders are gradually selling their holdings and ruling charges are widening. Estimated hogs for tomorrow, 21,000.

Puts, May wheat, 65⅝c bid to 63½-⅝c bid.

Calls, May wheat, 64-⅛@64c.

Curb, May wheat, 63¾-⅞c.

WEARE'S REPORT.

Chicago, April 26.—Wheat has failed to hold the advance it scored yesterday and inclined to be easy most of the morning, closing at a substantial decline from yesterday's figures. The market speculatively has been a small one and without any features of its own, more or less sympathetic with the action of corn and following that market pretty closely. The market is without anything of a helpful character to sustain prices and declines are natural under these conditions. We do not believe, however, that the bear influences which have been at work on them so long and so ineffectually will be any more potent than they have already been and consequently think that while declines are possible a circumstance in connection with the approach of delivery day, they will not be serious and will only present a better buying point for the July option, which we believe to be a good purchase on all breaks.

Corn started out this morning with a rush on the bull side, but the advance proved too attractive to many holders who started taking profits which the pit failed to absorb and eventually closed lower. The buying early was a surprise and was mostly of the May option by shippers or shorts. There are a great many believers in the corn pit in 45c to 50c corn but are not looking for this right away and in the meantime are scalping the market for all it is worth, buying on breaks and securing profits on such bulges as we experienced yesterday. This looks like wise, conservative way of operating in the present and although we have no doubt that ultimately very much higher values will be seen for July corn, the market is still of a character that makes purchases on radical advances doubtful speculation.

The oat market has been quiet and dull, following sympathetically corn action.

The provision market has been firm, influenced mainly by corn with a larger share of the trade attracted to lard, trade in which has been large. Should provision market go lower through speculative or sympathetic influences, there is much in the situation to warrant clients taking hold on such breaks for investment purposes.

WEARE COMMISSION COMPANY.

AMERICAN MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	66¼B	64⅜-½	65¾-½	73⅛
High	66¾	64⅞-⅞	66¼	73⅝
Low	65¾	63¾	65⅝	72⅝-¾
Close	66¼B	63⅝-¾	65⅝-½	72¾
July—				
Open	67⅞B	65¾	67⅝-¾	73½
High	68⅜	66¾-⅞	67⅝	73⅝
Low	67⅞B	65⅜	67	73
Close	67⅝B	65⅝-½	67B	73⅛

CHICAGO OATS CORN. AND PORK.

	Oats. May	Corn. May.	Pork. May.
Open	23⅜-½	39¾@40⅛	$12.75
High	23⅝-½	40⅜	12.80
Low	23¼-¼	39⅝	12.70
Close	23½-¾	39½A	12.70

WHEAT MOVEMENT.

	Receipts.	Shipments.
	Bushels.	Bushels.
New York	42,550	111,740
Philadelphia	37,349	56,000
Baltimore	8,491	.....
Toledo	2,500	25,500
Detroit	6,000	1,855
St. Louis	13,000	7,000
Boston	17,900	.....
Chicago	39,500	168,883
Milwaukee	21,100	9,900
Minneapolis	286,400	27,350
Kansas City	21,450	24,700
Duluth	113,759	114,000

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, April 26.—Close, wheat, May, 72¾c; July, 73½c; September, 73¾c. Corn, May, 45¼c; July, 45⅝c; September, 46¾c.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, April 26.—Wheat, steady, unchanged to ¼d lower; May, 5s 8¾d; July, 5s 8¾d. Corn, quiet, ⅝@½d higher; May, 4s 1¾d; July, 4s ¾d; September, 4s 1¼d.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, April 26.—Close, wheat in store—No. 1 northern, April 64⅞c; May, 65¾@65⅞c; July, 65¾@½c; September, 64⅝c. On track—No. 1 hard, 66⅝c; No. 1 northern, 64⅝c; No. 2 northern, 63⅝c.

LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, April 26.—Cattle—Receipts, 9000; steady; good to prime steers, $4.90@5.30; poor to medium, $4.10@4.75; stockers and feeders, $3.30@5.00; cows and heifers, $3.00@4.80; Texas-fed steers, $4.00@5.20. Hogs—Receipts, today, 21,000; tomorrow, 18,000; left over, 4256; steady; mixed and butchers, $5.35@5.60; good to choice heavy, $5.45@5.60; rough heavy, $5.30@5.40; light, $5.25@5.50; bulk of sales, $5.40@5.55. Sheep—Receipts, 12,000; steady; sheep, $4.75@5.65; lambs, $5.50@7.30. Official receipts and shipments for yesterday: Receipts—Cattle, 14,629; hogs, 25,143; sheep, 15,467. Shipments—Cattle, 4224; hogs, 4886; sheep, 421.

MINNESOTA HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman's report: The large supplies of horses attracted a great deal of attention by buyers and a more active trade was had than for a week past. Besides the fair retail trade, a large selection of farm mares were made in wholesale lots. Western branded horses, mules and second-handed logging horses were also in an active demand. High quality horses however constituted the bulk of the outlet. The general appearance of trade has a large improvement over the previous days this week. Quotations:

Drafters, choice	$110@$140
Drafters, common to good	80@ 100
Farm horses, choice	90@ 115
Farm horses, common to good	60@ 75
Mules	70@ 115
Western horses	20@ 40

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Established 1869.

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Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions and Cotton.

Leased Wires to New York, Chicago and Boston.

A. R. Macfarlane & Co.,

Bankers and Brokers.

112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

Local Stocks, etc.—	Par.	Asked.	Bid.
First National Bank	100	155	138
Am. Exchange Bank	100	120	113
First Nat. Bank, Superior	100	100	95
Nor. Trust Co., Superior	100	...	10
L. W. Leithead Drug Co.	100	85	80
L. S. Consol. Iron Mines on Application.			
Brotherton Iron Mine Co.	25	3½	2½
People's Telephone Co.	100	86	...
Duluth Print. & Pub. Co.	50	...	150
Globe Elevator Co.	100	100	...
Consol. Elev. Co., 1st pfd.	100	...	100
Consol Elev. Co., 2nd pfd.	100	...	90
Consol. Elev. Co., com.	100	60	28
County orders			Par

United States bonds bought and sold.

We also deal in REAL ESTATE, COMMERCIAL PAPER, MORTGAGE LOANS and act as agents for non-resident property owners and investors. Correspondence invited.

THE PRODUCE MARKET.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders, in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.

Creamery, extra	23	@ 24
Creamery, choice	21	@ 22
Dairies, fancy	17	@ 18
Dairy, fair	15	@ 16
Packing stock	12	@ 13

EGGS.

Country, strictly fresh	11½	@ 12

MAPLE SUGAR.

Vermont, per lb	12	
Ohio, per lb	11	
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10	

CHEESE.

Twins, flat, full cream, new	13	@ 13½
Full cream, Young America	14	
Swiss cheese. No. 1	13	@ 14
Brick cheese, No. 1	13	@ 14
Limberger, full cr'm, choice	13	
Primost	6	@ 6½

HONEY.

Fancy white clover	15	@ 16
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb	12½	@ 13
Golden rod	12	@ 14
Dark honey	12	@ 13
Buckwheat, dark	12	@ 13

PEAS AND BEANS.

Fancy navy, per bus	2 40	@ 2 50
Medium, hand-picked, bus	2 00	@ 2 15
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90	@ 2 10
Green and yellow peas	1 40	

FRUITS.

Apples, per bbl	4 00	@ 5 50
Seedlings, California oranges	2 75	@ 3 00
California, navels	3 50	@ 3 75
California lemons	3 00	@ 3 25
Messina lemons, per box	3 50	@ 4 00
Bananas	2 00	@ 2 25
Cocoanuts, per doz	50	@ 60
Dates, per lb	13	@ 15
Dates, fard, per box	1 25	@ 1 35
Cranberries	11 00	
Strawberries, La. pints	2 25	@ 2 40

LIVE POULTRY.

Spring chickens	11	@ 12
Hens, old	8	@ 9
Old roosters	6	@ 7
Turkeys, fancy	9	@ 10
Turkeys, common	8	@ 9
Ducks	8	@ 9
Geese	8	@ 9

NUTS.

Hickory nuts, large, per bus	1 50	
Filberts, per lb	13	@ 14
Chestnuts, per lb	12	@ 13
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	14	
Soft shell almonds, per lb	17	
Brazils, per lb	8	@ 9
Pecans, per lb	10	@ 11
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	8	
Raw peanuts, per lb	5½	@ 6

POPCORN.

Rice corn, shelled	3½	@ 4
Choice, per lb	3	@ 3½

CIDER.

N. Y. sweet cider, per keg	2 75	@ 3 00
Fruit juices, per keg	3 50	@ 3 75

VEGETABLES.

Sweet Potatoes, Jerseys, bus	1 90	@ 2 00
Hot house Cucumbers	1 50	@ 1 75
Sweet Potatoes, per bbl	5 50	
Potatoes, per bus	34	@ 36
Beets, per bus	90	@ 1 00
Radishes	25	@ 75
Onions, green, doz bunches	25	@ 60
Carrots, per bus	60	@ 65
Rutabagas, per bus	25	@ 40
Oyster plant, per doz	30	@ 30
Horse radish, per lb	8	
Parsleys, per doz	35	@ 40
Cauliflower, per doz	2 40	@ 2 50
Lettuce, per bus	1 00	@ 1 25
Mint, per doz	30	@ 50
Cabbage, new California crates, per 100 lbs	3 00	@ 3 50
Celery, dozen bunches	80	@ 1 10
Hubbard squash	1 25	
Parsnips, per bus	90	@ 1 00

MEATS.

Mutton	9	
Lamb	11	
Veal, good	9	
Beef, dressed	5½	@ 7
Hogs	7¼	
Veal, fancy	10	

BRAN AND SHORTS. CAR LOTS.

Bran, 100 lbs, sacks inc	15 00
Bran, 200 lbs, sacks inc	14 50
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc	15 00
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc	14 50

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, April 26.—Butter, firm. Creameries, 13½@17½c; dairies, 12½@15½c. Eggs, firm. Fresh, 10½c. Dressed poultry, firm. Turkeys, 9@12c; chickens, 8½@9½c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, April 26.—Butter, receipts, 2317 packages. Firmer. Western creamery, 15@18c; factory, 13@14½c. Cheese, receipts, 6239 packages. Steady. Fancy large white, 11½c; fancy large colored, 11@c. Eggs, receipts, 15,267 packages. Steady. Storage, Western at mark, 12¾@13c; regular packing at mark, 12@12½c; Southern at mark, 11@12c.

WON HER CASE.

You would never suppose that such a tiny little lady as Miss Louise Jacobs, 3 years old, could go into court and face big lawyers and stern judges and win her case, but that is just what she did, says the New York World. Alfred R. Jacobs, her father, her mother and baby sister were lost with La Bourgogne in 1898. She was left almost alone.

Jacob's father and mother in France and Jacob's sister in Boston employed a lawyer to prevent little Louise from getting the estate that her father had left. It wasn't much—only $1200. The public administrator advertised for Jacob's next of kin, and her uncle, Xavier Grisez, an artist, asserted his little niece's claim. Jacob's father and mother, through their lawyer, declared that the little girl had been born before her parents were married and was not entitled to the estate.

Surrogate Thomas appointed A. T. Mason referee in the case. J. P. Solomon was Louise's lawyer. She wondered much when they took her into court and showed her father's picture. She wondered more when they bent their heads over the picture, studied it closely, and then looked hard at her. She could not understand it at all, but she answered all their questions fearlessly.

The refugee's report was filed in favor of the little girl. It found that she was the lawful child and heir of the lost victims of La Bourgogne. Surrogate Thomas accepted the report.

DEADLOCK STILL ON.

No break is yet visible in the deadlocked Eighth district Republican congressional convention. On the 155th ballot, taken today, the candidates stood as follows: Hatton, 15; Congressman Miner, 11; [illegible].

ADVANCE IN STOCKS

Opening Was Higher Followed By a Relapse and Then a Bulge.

CLOSING WAS ACTIVE

And Strong at About the Best Prices of the Session.

New York, April 26.—Prices were generally higher at the opening in sympathy with the London market for Americans. Changes were small and the market was very active. Sugar created a small sensation by opening at an unchanged quotation on a small transaction. It then ran off a half ad rallied a point. The apathetic movement in Sugar left the market without an effective prop and prices sold off steadily. A level was reached below yesterday's close and there was pronounced weakness in the tractions. Realizing and bear selling combined to drop Sugar 2 points, or ⅝ below yesterday's final figures, but rallied 1⅝ and the market hardened in sympathy. Purchases of the Wabash issues were on an enormous scale and advanced them to 8?-? and 2⅝ respectively. Some effect was produced on the general list by this development, but upward progress was soon impeded by heavy selling of Sugar. At midday the market was hesitating and semi-stagnant. Liverpool continued their advance in the last hour; Sugar rose to 118 and Pennsylvania advanced an extreme 3¼. The majority of the active railway stocks extended their gains to fractional limits. Consolidated Gas gained 6¼ and Chicago & Eastern Illinois 3½. The close was active and strong at about the best prices and sharp net gains throughout.

Name of Stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Am. Sugar Trust	112	118¾	111¾	118¾
Am. Steel, com	41⅛	42¾	41⅛	41⅜
Am. Tobacco	103½	104½	103½	104
Atchison, com	26	26⅞	26	26⅝
Atchison, pfd	70	71⅝	68⅝	71⅝
Brooklyn Transit	74⅝	75¾	74⅝	75⅝
C. M. & St. P	119⅝	121	119⅝	120⅞
C. B. & Q	126	127	125⅞	127
C. & E. I	163	163	163	163
Federal Steel, com	42⅜	45⅞	42	43⅝
Great Western	13¾	14	13¾	14
L. & N	82½	83½	82½	83½
Manhattan	93⅝	94	92⅝	94
Missouri Pacific	57⅛	58	56⅝	57¾
Nor. Pacific, com	58¾	59	57⅞	59
Nor. Pacific, pfd	76¾	76¾	76¾	76¾
People's Gas	104	106	103⅝	106
Rock Island	109	109⅝	108⅞	109⅝
Southern Pacific	37⅝	37½	36⅝	37½
Tenn. & C. I	84	85	84	85
U. S. Leather, pfd	71⅜	71¾	70⅝	70⅝
Union Pacific, pfd	75⅝	75½	75¾	75½
Union Pacific, com	56⅝	57½	56⅝	57½
Western Union	82	82	82	82
Leather, com	11	11½	11	11¼
Great Northern	158	158	158	158
Illinois Central	115⅜	115⅜	115⅜	115⅜
Money	2	2¼	2	2¼

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, April 26.—Money on call easier, at 2 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4@5 per cent; sterling exchange, unsteady, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.86¾ for demand, and at $4.83¾ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.85@½ and $4.89½; commercial bills, $4.83½@4.84; silver certificates, 59¾@60⅝c; bar silver, 59½c; Mexican dollars, 47¾c. Government bonds, steady; refunding 2s, registered, $1.02½; 2s, registered, 99½c; 3s, registered, $1.08¾; coupon, $1.09½; new 4s, registered, $1.33; coupon, $1.34; old 4s, registered, $1.14½; coupon, $1.14¾; 5s, registered, $1.12; coupon, $1.13¾.

CHICAGO MONEY.

Chicago, April, 26.—Clearings, $22,556,935; balances, $2,184,399. Posted exchange, $4.85¼@4.89½; New York exchange, 25c discount.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, April 26.—The cotton market opened steady with prices one point higher to 2 points lower, this being an indifferent response to Liverpool, which discounted upon and exceptionally light receipts. After a brief period of wavering, the market turned and eased off several points under a spurt of selling for both accounts.

Cotton spot closed quiet. Middling uplands, 9 13-16c; middling gulf, 10 1-16c; sales, 250 bales. Futures closed quiet and steady. April, $9.38; May, $9.39; June, $9.33; July, $9.34; August, $9.21; September, $8.43; October, $8.18; November, $8.02; December, $8.01; January, $8.03; February, $8.04; March, $8.08.

LONDON CONSOLS.

London, April 26.—Consols for money, 100 11-16; for the account, 100¾.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

The following were the closing prices of copper shares reported by George Rupley, 310 Board of Trade.

Boston, April 26.—Close: Adventure, 4½@5; Allouez, 1¾@2; Anaconda, 40@4¼; Arcadian, 22; Arnold, 66?; Amalgamated, 92; Atlantic, 25@26; Baltic, 21½; Bingham, 10⅝; Bonanza, 1⅝@⅞; Boston and Montana, 317; Boston Consolidated, 66; Butte and Boston, 73; Calumet and Hecla, 747; Centennial, 20; Cochita, 11½; Copper Range, 92; Dominion Coal, 45⅝; Elm River, 4½@⅝; Franklin, 15½; Humboldt, 1 asked; Isabella, 16½; Isle Royale, 26@½; Mass, 7⅜@8; Michigan, 5⅜; Mohawk, 57½; Old Colony, 4½@⅝; Old Dominion, 20⅝; Osceola, 67 bid; Oil, 18@¾; Parrott, 44⅜; Pioneer, 25c bid; Quincy, 158; Rhode Island, 4¼ bid; Santa Fe, 6; Tamarack, 193; Tecumseh, 4; Tri-Mountain, 86½; Union Land, 2@3; Utah, 30½; Victoria, 3@¼; Winona, 3½@4½; Wolverine, 40½; Wyandotte, 1⅜@2½; Zinc, 15@17.

HIS THOUGHTS WANDERED.

Judge James Fitzgerald of the New York supreme court is an excellent example of what perseverance and singleness of purpose will accomplish, relates the Saturday Evening Post. The judge, who is about 40 years old, supported not only himself, but helped his family while serving as a cash-boy in a store, and at night he attended Cooper union. Later he read law at night and managed to be admitted to the bar the same age that most young men begin practice. The judge has had more than fair sailing, though, since he became a lawyer. He is a powerful man physically, ruddy, and as active as a lynx. To his native Irish wit is added a power of speech that nearly approaches eloquence. He soon took a prominent part in politics and was for years a member of the legislature.

Several years ago he was appointed an additional assistant district attorney at the comfortable salary of $7500 the year. Before taking office he married and went on a prolonged wedding trip. When he returned a month's pay was due him and he went to the office for it. During his honeymoon he had traveled over a good part of this country, and as his funds were low he went direct from the train to the office.

"Here is your money, counselor," said the pay clerk, deferentially, after his kind.

"All right," replied Mr. Fitzgerald, pocketing the roll of bills.

"Sign the pay roll, please," continued the clerk.

"Of course," responded the bridegroom, and, absent-mindedly, he wrote as follows:

"James Fitzgerald and wife."

And the entry is on the city books to this day.

Independent folks find comfort in an independent newspaper like The Evening Herald.

DURBIN NAMED.

Indiana Republicans Nominate W. T. Durbin For Governor.

Indianapolis, April 26.—The real work of the Republican state convention began today over the nominations for state officers and four delegates-at-large. At 9 o'clock, the body was called to order and it was apparent that a fight for the nomination for governor would be made from the very beginning. The headquarters of the six candidates for the gubernatorial nomination did not close until long after midnight and each contestant expressed the utmost confidence that he would be the chosen man.

A telegram from Senator Beveridge, who is in Dansville, N. Y., by reason of the illness of his wife, was read before the convention, in which he expressed regret that he was unable to be present and sent greetings to the convention. Chairman Hanly was again unable to preside because of his heavy cold and Congressman Hamingway took the chair.

Balloting on the nomination for governor began at once.

The candidates for governor were placed before the convention are: J. S. Dodge, J. L. Griffiths, W. S. Haggard, W. T. Durbin, F. B. Posey and E. C. Hogate.

The result of the first ballot for governor stood: Durbin, 325½; Griffiths, 313⅜; Hogate, 175; Haggard, 158; Posey, 254½; Dodge, 207½. There are 1434 delegates, making 718 votes necessary to nominate.

W. T. Durbin, of Anderson, national committeeman, was nominated for governor on the seventh ballot.

Col. Winfield Taylor Durbin, the Republican nominee for governor, was born at Lawrenceburg, Ind., May 4, 1847. He has never held public office, but has been a prominent factor in both state and national politics for many years. He is a member of the national executive committee. During the late Spanish war Mr. Durbin was colonel of the One Hundred and Sixty-first Indiana volunteers. He also passed through the civil war as a private in an Indiana regiment. Mr. Durbin is active in various enterprises in the Indiana gas belt and resides at Anderson, Ind.

PAUL—

Address by

REV. A. PATTERSON

Tonight at Pilgrim Church.

"JONAH" tomorrow noon at Y. M. C. A.

COMPANY OUT.

Nicaragua Cancels the Concession to the Maritime Canal Company.

Washington, April 26.—The Nicaraguan government has finally cancelled the concession to the Maritime Canal company to construct a ship canal across Nicaragua. This decision is the result of proceedings covering a period of nearly five months. The original concession would have expired Oct. 5 last, butt he company applied for an extension of the period. This was refused by the Nicaraguan government, and then the company, contending that it had been prevented by circumstances beyond its control from carrying out its contract, had resort to an article in that contract providing for a settlement of differences between the company and the Nicaraguan government by means of arbitration.

The Nicaraguan government admitted that the obligation to arbitrate the matter and appointed its arbitrators. The company was invited to do likewise, but being notified that in accordance with the common law of nations, it must name Nicaraguans as arbitrators, it failed to do so. On Jan. 31 the Nicaraguan solicitor appeared before the superior court and asked for a judgment against the company by default on the ground that it only had failed to appoint its arbitrators, but that it had also failed to take an appeal to court within the legal period of four months allowed for that purpose.

Since that date, the matter had been held under consideration and the United States minister to Nicaragua, Mr. Merry, has been in Nicaragua seeking to effect a just settlement. Information has just reached here, that the courts having decided against the company's claims, the Nicaraguan government has refused to extend further period of time allowed for the construction of the Nicaraguan canal by the Maritime Canal company and has vacated its concessions.

GRAIN EXPORTERS ORGANIZE.

The Gulf Grain Shippers Combine Against Maritime Bodies.

St. Louis, April 26.—The Post Dispatch today says that the Gulf Port Grain Exporters' association has been formed, with headquarters at St. Louis, by the largest exporters of St. Louis, Chicago and Kansas City, for the purpose of protecting the exporters of the country against the arbitrary and constantly changing regulations of the maritime associations. The officers of the association are: H. F. Hall, Kansas City, president; Fred Ortwein, St. Louis, treasurer and secretary.

New Orleans and Galveston will be added to the membership.

KANSAS FARMERS' TRUST.

Abilene, Kan., April 26.—The first lodge in Kansas of a new farmers' organization, to be known as the "Knights of the Soil," was organized here today, with Samuel Landis as "head farmer." Similar lodges are to be started throughout the state, and it is intended that the whole shall finally form a farmers' trust that will endeavor to influence the price of grain by regulating the acreage and controlling the quantity placed on the market a tany one time.

MAID'S REVENGE.

A fashionable young matron of New York city had in her employ a very chic and mischievous French maid, upon whom she recently served notice that her services would be dispensed with after April 1, says an exchange. The little maid was not pleased with the manner of her dismissal and determined to give pride a crushing fall. Accordingly, when the maid recenty put the finishing touches to the perfect toilet of her mistress, she deftly added thereto a red card, similar to those used by shippers of fruit, bearing the word "Perishable." Milady, arrayed in all her finery, went forth to call upon her friends, ending the afternoon with a call at her husband's office. There the red label was mercifully removed from its conspicuous resting place, and the matron fair, with her 200 pounds of avoirdupois, trembled by reason of her wounded pride. The maid? Well, she wasn't retained until April 1.

DENIED HIM SLEEP

And So He Could Not Work, Says Alfred Johnson In Divorce Suit.

HE CHARGES CRUELTY

Rather Unusual Complaint For Husband to Make—Other Separation Suits.

Cruel and inhuman treatment is a frequent charge in divorce cases, and it runs a close race with desertion as a ground for divorce. The charge is not usually made by the husband, however, for it is very seldom that a wife so forgets her vows to cherish and protect her dependent husband as to inflict cruelty enough upon him to base a divorce suit upon. Cruel and inhuman treatment, however, is the ground upon which Alfred F. Johnson has asked the district court for a divorce from Lena Johnson. He is 40 and she is 43 years of age, and they were only married Aug. 4, 1899.

He says that he was compelled to work ten and fourteen hours a day to earn a livelihood for himself and his wife, and he not unreasonably adds that in order to do that he needed rest, quiet and sleep. These, however, his wife denied him, he claims. She quarrelled with him, called him names, and on Jan. 2 she ordered him out of the house. He went and spent the next two weeks sleeping in a barn. March 4, 1900, she again called him names, and with the assistance of Andrew and Edward Wise, she assaulted him and threw him out. Since then she has refused to let him come home again. Therefore his marriage relations have become so that he can no longer stand them, and he prays the court for release. William R. Spencer is his attorney.

Maggie Nobben is another applicant for divorce on the ground of cru

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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

Herald's Circulation High-Water Mark...

17,148.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), April 26.—Light rains have fallen over Northwest Canada, Montana, the Western Dakotas, Western Minnesota, Nebraska, Western Iowa, and Missouri, and a heavy rain (1.04 inches) at Huron, S. D. Thunderstorms occurred last night at Omaha and Huron, and high winds at Bismarck, Moorhead, Huron and North Platte. The barometer continues high in the lake region, but the low pressure area central yesterday morning over Southeastern Montana has moved north to Assiniboia. The weather in the lake region continues generally fair and mild, with rather variable winds.

Minimum temperatures last night:

Battleford	—	Medicine Hat	—
Bismarck	48	Memphis	66
Calgary	36	Miles City	40
Chicago	44	Milwaukee	44
Davenport	50	Minnedosa	44
Denver	46	Moorhead	50
Detroit	42	North Platte	44
Dodge City	50	Oklahoma	58
Duluth	36	Omaha	56
Escanaba	38	Port Arthur	32
Green Bay	40	Prince Albert	44
Havre	40	Qu'Appelle	38
Helena	40	Rapid City	42
Huron	48	Shreveport	64
Kamloops	42	St. Louis	62
Kansas City	48	St. Paul	52
La Crosse	38	Sault Ste. Marie	36
Lander	42	Swift Current	40
Marquette	42	Williston	46
		Winnipeg	44

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Partly cloudy with probably local showers tonight and Friday. Fresh easterly to southerly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, April 26.—Forecast till 8 a. m. Friday: Wisconsin—Generally fair tonight and Friday, except showers west portion by Friday night.

Minnesota—Partly cloudy tonight and Friday, with possibly local showers.

Upper Lakes—Generally fair with fresh easterly winds. Probably increasing cloudiness with showers over Western Superior Friday.

Estimates of Rich Men's Estates.

The appraisement of the late Cornelius Vanderbilt's estate, which makes it out to be only one-half as great as it was reported at the time of his death is another piece of evidence tending to prove that the popular estimate of rich men's estates is almost invariably too high. Of course the appraisement may be too low, but it is likely to be a good deal nearer correct than the newspaper estimate during Vanderbilt's life, or at the time of his demise. Such is usually the case when a rich man's estate is finally figured up at its cash value. The wealth of Mr. Clark, who is trying to be a senator from Montana, has been estimated in newspaper reports all the way from $20,000,000 to $100,000,000, but one report had it a few days ago that he was worth somewhere about $6,000,00, and this is likely to be nearer right than the others. The reported incomes of Rockefeller and Carnegie—several millions per month—are generally credited, and seem to be based on ascertained facts, but they are simply incredible, and if subjected to the analysis of exact truth would presumably shrink to much smaller proportions. When we get up into the millions, it is very easy for the imagination to do a little multiplying.

Automobile's Victory Over the Horse.

A triumph for the automobile over the horse is reported from Rochester, N. Y., where the inventor of a horseless carriage was sued by the owner of an animal which took fright at the machine, and the court decided in favor of the defendant. It is now pretty clearly settled that a horse has no rights that an automobile is bound to respect. "The power of the horse is rapidly passing," says the New York Telegraph. "For long he has been an aristocrat, but now his reign is nearly over. Like a woman, he has always prided himself on the delicacy and sensitiveness of his nerves, and now that he realizes the dangers of displacement he goes into hysterics every time he meets a locomobile, hoping thereby to have his mechanical rival suppressed by the law's strong hand. But it is all a sham, and when he finds it is unavailing he will compose those troublesome nerves and keep his harness on." But that the horse will disappear entirely from the service of mankind is very improbable. There are too many lovers of horses to permit this to happen, and unless there is a radical change in human nature this admiration for the horse will continue through coming generations.

The French Reciprocity Treaty.

There seems to be so much opposition in the United States senate to the French reciprocity treaty that its ratification is extremely doubtful. This is a cause for regret. The Democrats made a serious mistake when they enacted the Wilson tariff bill, by wiping out all provisions for the negotiation of reciprocity treaties, and abrogating the arrangements then concluded with various countries. It was one of the few features of the McKinley tariff law that were popular and its presence in that law was directly due to the influence of James G. Blaine, the foremost advocate of reciprocity. The French reciprocity treaty will open markets for American products that are now closed. It is said that the opposition to the treaty comes from the heavily protected interests of the East, and their representatives content themselves largely with saying that the proposed treaty squints too strongly in the direction of free trade. Yet the treaty is warmly commended by the president and by Robert P. Porter, two of the most eminent protectionists of this country. Mr. Porter says that the refusal to modify the Dingley schedule by reciprocity treaties will keep us out of European markets until our manufacturers shall arise and smash all protection. "Home industry," he says, "has for nearly three years enjoyed the provisions of the Dingley tariff. Is it not about time that provisions for the benefit of our foreign commerce were put in operation?" Mr. Kasson, another lifelong protectionist, has warned the senate that persistence in the Dingley policy would be suicidal. "England," he said, "sells $24,000,000 worth of manufactured artices in France annually, and Germany sells $31,000,000 worth to the same country; but the United States, overweighted with the maximum tariff, supply but $4,000,000 worth." The industries benefited by the treaty are meat, lard and pork products, etc., besides a long list of manufactured articles.

ELECTION OF SENATORS.

The recent renewal of the popular demand that provision be made for the election of United States senators by direct vote of the people of the various states was undoubtedly caused to a great extent by the bold attempt to seat Matt Quay, of Pennsylvania, in violation of the constitution and by the revelations concerning the gross corruption practiced in the Montana legislature resulting in the election of Mr. Clark. It is cause for congratulation that the senate has refused to seat Quay and has virtually decided to expel Clark. But the senators should not conclude that because they have taken this commendable action they have thereby stilled the demand for a change in the mode of electing the members of the senate. The legislatures of thirty-four states have expressed the will of the people by adopting resolutions in favor of this change, and in accordance therewith the lower branch of congress has passed almost unanimously a resolution recommending an amendment to the constitution whereby the selection of federal senators should in the future be made by popular vote. The senate has referred the resolution to a committee, from which it is reasonably certain it will never be reported.

There is no doubt that if passed by congress the amendment would be ratified by the necessary number of state legislatures, for the people are overwhelmingly in favor of a change from the present system. But there are those senators who have either themselves purchased seats or occupy seats bought for them by the corporations they represent. They, of course, will never consent to a change. Now, what can the people do? There is no way of compelling the senate to act upon the amendment and submit it for ratification or rejection to the state legislatures.

But the condition is not hopeless. There is a way in which the people can attain their purpose, if they are really in earnest on this question. They must elect a United States senate in sympathy with them. To accomplish this they must begin by electing state legislatures that will be guided by popular wish, not by corporation influence. These legislatures can elect senators pledged to the needed reform. The house of representatives is always closer to the people than the senate, and it can usually be depended upon to obey the popular will. Some years will be required to bring about the desired and needed change in the mode of electing senators, but they will be well spent, and the very agitation, as soon as it assumes great proportions in the states where legislatures are now controlled by selfish interests, will be helpful in clearing the air. This is a good year in which to start the agitation in Minnesota, as the next legislature will choose a United States senator.

THE PRINCIPLE WRONG.

A sensation was recently created by the discovery that a number of United States army officers in Cuba are receiving an extra allowance of salary out of the Cuban revenues, without the sanction of a law by congress, and solely on the authority of the executive, is well calculated to remind the American people of the anomaly of our present relations with the island. That these officers needed more income in order to occupy positions having high-grade civil and administrative functions is doubtless entirely true. Since Cuba is under the military rule of the United States, the president, as commander-in-chief, may have the power, although many good authorities, doubt it, to use the revenues of Cuba as he sees fit in increasing the salaries of United States army officers. When he does this, however, he exercises a dangerous, if not an illegal, power, for the reason that under the American constitution congress is given absolute control of the purse-strings in the raising, equipment and payment of the army.

As the Springfield Republican says, this power over the army by congress is one of the priceless fruits of five centuries of English struggle for freedom; yet we now see an American president in a position to increase at will the salaries and emoluments of army officers. The principle of the thing is wrong in every fiber. It gives to the executive a financial control over the army which is not practically reviewable by congress, and it might easily translate a more ambitious man, under other circumstances, into an irresponsible military despot in a time of profound peace. This situation arises naturally from our continued occupation of Cuba, which is already a sovereign state on an independent basis, but which is governed by the president of the United States without any apparent responsibility to the congress that sent him there.

The duke of Argyll, who died a few days ago, was the possessor of more titles than any other nobleman of Scottish descent, there being thirteen of them, one dating back to 1445. His son, the marquis of Lorne, married the queen's daughter. The duke of Argyll was a member of the cabinet at 20 and served with five premiers. He was married three times, and wrote over 100 books on scientific, religious and political subjects. He was a close friend of the queen, a lover of art, and a great orator. He dressed plainly and shaved himself, being always his own valet. He rose every morning at 7 o'clock. His third wife, the Hon. Ina Erskine, formerly a maid of honor to the queen, survives him, as also do several children. The duke of Argyll was 77 years of age, and the marquis of Lorne succeeds to the title.

It is remarkable to what a point advertising has come. Americans, says an English paper, are said to have carried this science to a more advanced point than any others and they are sometimes looked down upon for painting up the rocks of the Hudson, the sides of the tall buildings, and otherwise intruding with the mercantile spirit where nature or art should be kept alone. But a certain Detroit merchant has them all distanced. In his store window a little while ago this sign appeared: "All Goods One Quarter Off On Account of the Death of My Daughter."

It is important for those interested in Chinese affairs to know what the American minister to China reports concerning Russia's progress in railroad building. Port Arthur and Vladivostock, he thinks, will be connected by rail as early as August next. "There is already uninterrupted steam communication between St. Petersburg and the Pacific over the Siberian railroad, though at present it is necessary to use the river route on the Shilka for that part of the distance between Stretensk and Khabarovsk. The schedule from St. Petersburg to Vladivostock is nineteen days.

A reader of The Herald propounds the following question: "Can I vote at the next presidential election? I will be 21 years of age on Nov. 5, 1900. I have talked with several citizens about it, and opinions differ. Some say I can and others say I cannot. I am a free born American and do not see how any one can stop me from voting after Nov. 5 next." There is no doubt about the right of this young man to vote on Nov. 6, provided that he registers in the proper precinct. The judges must register him on his showing that he will be 21 on Nov. 5.

Archibald Forbes was proud to be called a "reporter" of events and people. He once said: "The term 'journalist' gives me an itching desire to slap the face of the person using it. I do not do so, but it is not because I do not wish to." Forbes, besides passing through the Franco-Prussian war, the siege of Plevna, the fierce fighting in Zululand, visited the United States. After his return to London he wrote some things about the American girl, perhaps not as much read then as they will be now.

In allowing the miners in the Cape Nome district to make rules and regulations to suit themselves, such as are usually formulated in a remote mining camp, it is believed the government has acted wisely. The character of much of the mining ground at Nome is peculiar, and the ordinary mining laws of the country do not apply to it satisfactorily. The miners on the ground can best make their own local regulations, as they are pretty sure to do anyway.

Col. Pope, the well known bicycle manufacturer, is authority for the statement that automobiles will soon be so cheap as to be within the reach of all. He intimates, that the reduction will be even greater than that which has taken place in the bicycle market within the past three years. The time is coming, he says, when a first-class automobile, made for two, can be purchased for $250.

American merchants in Brazil are complaining of the "deplorable conditions" into which trade between that country and the United States is falling. This trade is declining in both directions. What, asks the Springfield Republican, is the matter? Have we not gained in popularity and trade prestige among the countries south of us since becoming a grasping "world power?"

The president is said to be well satisfied with the manner in which Minister Straus has handled the claims against Turkey and desires him to return to his post when his present leave of absence expires. Whether the sultan is equally well satisfied is not known, but he probably is content as long as he is not forced to pay.

The London Lancet, a high medical authority, says that in physical development the Boers are a superior people. They are not troubled with diseases which follow the liquor habit and other vices, the Lancet contends.

Lord Wolseley's prediction that the war will be over by May 15 may share the fate of Gen. Buller's unlucky prophecy for Christmas. This is a good time for prophets to take a vacation from business and see what happens.

A man has been arrested in Kentucky for kissing his own wife. What would have been done had he kissed some other man's wife?

The movement in congress to abolish the war tax stamps seems to be lagging. What is the matter?

The capacity of the Republican leaders at Washington for blundering this year is phenomenal.

Buller is going to cross the Tugela again when he returns home.

Thoughts By Peace.

Anoka Union (Rep.): Two senators and two representatives wrong, or five representatives right or vice versa.

Every census taker in the Sixth district is for Morris. If he wasn't he couldn't have the position.

The politician who tells the city reporters that the vote of any congressman from Minnesota for the Porto Rico bill will not cause the loss of a single vote, does not know what he is talking about.

Washburn Boomed.

St. Cloud Journal Press: If the Republicans come to the Northwest for a running mate to President McKinley they can do no better than to nominate William D. Washburn. No man in this section of the country has accomplished more for the general good than has he. He would be an ideal candidate, commanding the respect and confidence of the whole nation. With Washburn on the ticket the anti-trust plank in the party platform would be accepted by the people as the genuine thing.

Gold Mining By Aliens.

Springfield Republican: The effort of certain senators to prevent by legislation any gold mining in the Cape Nome district of Alaska by aliens casts into the shade anything in the way of restriction ever attempted by the Boers. The United States government could keep out alien miners entirely and this country would continue to be ranked as a great civilized power. But the Boers, who let the aliens have the gold and practically all else except the state itself, are denounced as a semi-civilized people yet living in the sixteenth or seventeenth century.

PIMPLES

Are you pleased with these eruptions on your face? Do you like the idea of letting every one know your blood is impure and your vitality low? That you are weak and languid? Why allow this poisonous matter to force itself out in pimples?

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

takes away all these disfigurements by taking away all impurities from the blood.

For 50 years it has been making the skin clear for countless thousands of persons.

$1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

"I had a great many bunches come out on my head and a breaking out all over my body. I tried many remedies, but they did me no good. Then I thought of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Before I had taken half a bottle the bunches and rash were gone and I felt like a new man."

M. A. WALL,
Nov. 17, 1898. Bentley Creek, Pa.

Write the Doctor—If you have any complaint whatever, write us all about it. You will receive the best medical advice free.
Address, DR. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

PERTINENT POINTS.

Chicago Tribune: "Give ye $50 fer the hoss, Rube!"

"Nope! Kin git $60 fer him havin' him killed by the cars!"

Detroit Journal: "Doctor, I wonder if I'm not getthing old?"

"Quite possibly. The bacillus of old age is very prevalent this spring."

Chicago Record: "An honest man's the noblest work of God."

"Oh, I don't know; a reformed politician ought to stand pretty high."

Harper's Bazar: Benham—I claim that the stage is an educator.

Mrs. Benham—I don't agree with you. You took me to a temperance play the other night and went out three times between the acts.

Washington Star: "I do not write poetry for vulgar considerations of pecuniary reward," said the young man haughtily.

"I see," said Miss Cayenne. "It's not a business with you; merely a habit."

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "I should think Andrew Carnegie would feel really discouraged at times."

"Why?"

"Over the desperate struggle he is making not to die rich."

Chicago Tribune: "The prices on these suits," announced the clerk in the window, "will be cut in half."

They were $18 suits. The enterprising dealer, as you probably conjecture, subsequently cut the 18 horizontally in two in the middle, added the upper and lower halves together and sold the suits for $20 each.

Indianapolis Journal: "What is an exit, pa?"

"Exit, Freddie? Well, it is a Latin placard hung around on the wall in theaters and open halls to keep people from thinking they smell fire."

Detroit Free Press: "The genealogical tree bears no fruit," said Fitzjackson.

"Surely that is a mistake," replied Fitzjohnson, "you forget the dates."

Harper's Bazar: Bookkeeper—Your wife is at the door, sir, and would like to speak to you a moment.

Mr. Sellers—Yes; just see what my balance at the bank is, will you?

Chicago Tribune: It was his first night to see "Quo Vadis."

"Maw," he whispered, as his big eyes rested on the stately Roman senators, "who are those men?"

"Senators, Ostend."

Ostend (after a long pause)—Maw, did a seat in the senate in those days cost as much as paw says it does now?

King of the May.

If you're waking, call me early, call me early, mother dear,
For I must beat the sun up on moving day this year.
I hope it is the last one that I shall ever see,
I want no more of box and crate until they've crated me.
I don't see what we're going to gain for the trouble it will cost,
The baby's got the colic and the medicine is lost,
Clinchnails and carpet-tacks, pokers, pots and pans,
I crawl among them in the night upon my knees and hands.
There's no frost on the pumpkin and the fodder hasn't come;
But I've been beating carpets with a felon on my thumb.
If you're waking, call me early, call me early, mother dear;
I want to get it over with and start another year.

—Chicago Journal.

How War Booms Values.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat: One of the results of the war in South Africa is to increase the price of barbed wire and the value of flank movements.

A Babel of Tongues.

Philadelphia Times: One hundred and twenty-three languages are spoken in the Philippines. It might be more serious for us if it was a tongue fight.

Modern Rustler in China.

Indianapolis Journal: The chances are that in the near future Uncle Sam will pass in and out of the "open door" in China more frequently and with greater commercial profit than any other person.

Safety of Modern Traveling.

Baltimore American: Two little girls of 3 and 4 are traveling from Halifax to Salt Lake City to their parents. Nothing could so accentuate the safety of modern traveling and the improvement of modern methods as a fact like this. In other times able-bodied men would have taken serious risks in making such a journey, and now it is easy for babes. It is just such incidents which make us realize now and then how the present has the advantage over "the good old times."

King Corn as a Royal Dish.

New York Sun: One hundred and eighty-nine bushels of American corn were exported from the United States in 1897, and more than 200,000,000 bushels in 1898 and 1899, exclusive of corn meal in barrels, the foreign demand for which has been steadily increasing. It is announced from Chicago that on Saturday last the "personal appointee of Secretary Wilson of the agricultural department" started for Paris to take charge of the corn kitchen in the American building at the Paris exposition. The official corn cook hails from Maryland, which is famous for its corn cooks. The wholesome and nutritious value of American corn is imperfectly understood in many countries, but corn is becoming more popular abroad as its excellent qualities become known. The corn kitchen at the Paris exposition is certain to have many curious and appreciative patrons, and the dexterity and skill of a colored woman cook from Maryland must turn many of them into devotees of corn cakes, corn fritters, corn biscuit and genuine corn bread.

A Horrible Outbreak.

"Of large sores on my little daughter's head developed into a case of scald head" writes C. D. Isbill, of Morganton, Tenn., "but Bucklen's Arnica salve completely cured her. It's a guaranteed cure for Eczema, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Pimples, Sores, Ulcers and Piles. Only 25c at W. A. Abbett's.

A CRISIS COMING

The Anti-Foreign Movement In China Is Rapidly Spreading.

OFFICIALS DEGRADED

Five Dismissed on Suspicion of Aiding the Reform Party.

New York, April 26.—A special to the Herald from Washington says: Edwin H. Conger, American minister in China, is keeping the state department fully advised by mail of developments in China. His late reports are not of a very encouraging nature and indicate that the anti-foreign movement is decidedly spreading, being particularly strong in the provinces of Shan Tung and Chi Li.

As illustrating the hostility of the empress dowager to the development of her empire, attention was called today to a decree which she recently issued, degrading five officials on the most ridiculous charges. One, for instance, was degraded because of his "unfathomable heart," another because of his "greed for money." The real reason of their degradation was because of the fear of the empress dowager and her advisers that they were prominent in the reform movement.

The hostility of the empress dowager to the progress of her people will surely precipitate a crisis, it is said, in official and diplomatic circles, and it would not be surprising if the troubles which the Peking government apparently does not wish to suppress should be the forerunner of anarchy and general revolution.

Vancouver, B. C., April 26.—The steamer Empress of China brings news to the effect that an attempt is being made in China to abolish the Tsung Ly Yamen and to entrust all foreign relations to the Li Fan Yuat, commonly termed the Mongolian superintendency, but really meaning the colonial and tributary department. This is really said to be a thinly veiled attempt to relegate only more the ministers of foreign treaty powers to the grade of tribute bearers.

CHICAGO STRIKER KILLED.

One of a Party Attacking Non-Union Men Shot.

Chicago, April 26.—In a labor riot which occurred at Racine and Wellington avenues last night, Peter Miller was instantly killed, another man severely wounded and six others sustained slight injuries.

There were no participants in the riot, save those who were injured and all were arrested by the police, with the exception of James Gibbons, who made his escape.

The fatal shot was fired by Baster, who is a superintendent employed by the Baker-Vawter Printing company at 1102 and 1108 Mariana street, a short distance from where the trouble occurred. The killing was the outcome of three months of trouble with striking laborers. The firm employs non-union labor and three months ago several pressmen and feeders were discharged because they joined the union.

The assaulting party consisted of Miller, McGuire, Pottgetter, Jeckiske and Gibbons. With the exception of Miller all are former employes of the firm. Those who were assaulted were Baster, Bernard and Yarrenton. The latter three were on their way home from work when the assault took place.

VICTORIA STARTS FOR HOME.

The Queen Departs From Dublin Amid Loyal Demonstration.

Dublin, April 26.—Queen Victoria and the Princess Christian and Henry of Battenberg, left the vice regal lodge at noon and drove to Kingbridge station, on their way to Kingstown and England. Large crowds at every point of vantage gave her majesty a loyal farewell.

The train started for Kingstown at 12:30 amid the heartiest demonstrations. Enormous numbers of people had preceded the queen to Kingstown and occupied the piers and other places from which the royal yacht Victoria and Albert was visible. A memorable demonstration occurred as her majesty, attended by a brilliant suite, boarded the yacht, which steamed seaward at 1:15 p. m., amid the firing of the royal salute by the fleet and hearty and prolonged cheering from the throngs lining the waterside.

OVARIAN TROUBLES.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Cures Them—Two Letters from Women.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I write to tell you of the good Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done me. I was sick in bed about five weeks. The right side of my abdomen pained me and was so swollen and sore that I could not walk. The doctor told my husband I would have to undergo an operation. This I refused to do until I had given your medicine a trial. Before I had taken one bottle the swelling began to disappear. I continued to use your medicine until the swelling was entirely gone. When the doctor came he was very much surprised to see me so much better."—MRS. MARY SMITH, Arlington, Iowa.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I was sick for two years with falling of the womb, and inflammation of the ovaries and bladder. I was bloated very badly. My left limb would swell so I could not step on my foot. I had such bearing down pains I could not straighten up or walk across the room and such shooting pains would go through me that I thought I could not stand it. My mother got me a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and told me to try it. I took six bottles and now, thanks to your wonderful medicine, I am a well woman."—MRS. ELSIE BRYAN, Otisville, Mich.

GOLD DUST

The Best Washing Powder.

Woman's Best Friend. Dirt's Worst Enemy.

WOMAN'S DAY.

Women's Meetings the Day's Feature at the Ecumenical Conference.

New York, April 26.—This, the fourth day of the ecumenical conference, is known as "Woman's day." While the men held exercises in Carnegie hall and the Central Presbyterian church, the feature of the day is the great woman's mass meeting in Carnegie hall in the afternoon and the great public meeting in the same place in the evening.

At the morning session in Carnegie hall, "Spirit and Limitations of Missionary Comity," was discussed by Dr. H. M. King, chairman of the executive committee, American Baptist Missionary union; "Union and Co-operation Practicable and Desirable," by Rev. Dr. T. M. Lindsay, of Free Church of Scotland, Glasgow; and "General Summary," by the Rev. Dr. Alexander Sutherland, secretary Missionary society, Methodist church in Canada. A discussion of the papers followed.

Dr. Sutherland said:

"In the rapid development now taking place and what may be expected in the future, it is quite possible that mistakes made in the home field may be repeated on a large scale abroad, resulting in waste of money, waste of effort, the retarding of self support and the creation of jealousies and antagonisms among missionaries of different boards. The conviction is evidently growing that a time has come when those possibilities should be honestly faced, and such mutual understanding should as well obviate the overlapping of work and the unnecessary multiplication of agencies in fields that are fairly well supplied, so that destitute fields may be more quickly reached and occupied.

"There are strong reasons why at least churches holding the same general system of doctrine and church order should consider whether a closer or even an organic union would not be in the interest in the work of God among the heathen. The comparatively recent union of five Methodist bodies in Canada, and of the Presbyterian churches in both Canada and Japan are illustrations of what may be accomplished in this direction, if only there be, first of all, a willing mind."

The women had charge of the exercises and the woman's work in foreign missions was discussed. Mrs. Judson Smith, of Boston, acted as chairman.

Reports from sectional meetings were made. Messrs. Belle and Bennet, of Richmond, Ky., discussed "Work Among Young Women and Children;" Miss Smith, of Chicago, read as her topic "Giving;" Miss Abbie B. Child, of Boston, discoursed on "Literature;" Mrs. H. C. Campbell, of Allegheny City, Pa., "Medical Work;" Miss Frances B. Hawley, New York city, "Educational Work;" Mrs. J. Fairley Daly, of Glasgow, delivered an address; "Evangelistic Work," was the subject of Mrs. E. S. Stricham, of Hamilton, Ont.; Miss Corrina Shattuck, of Turkey, delivered an address, as also did Mrs. J. Howard Taylor, of China.

THE COMMONS ASSEMBLE.

Barrie Will Be a Candidate For Scotch Universities.

London, April 26, 3:19 p. m.—The house of commons reassembled this afternoon.

James M. Barrie, the novelist, has accepted the invitation of a committee to contest the vacancy in the representation in the house of commons of Edinburgh and St. Andrews' universities, provided the Liberals of the consituency generally approve of his candidacy.

STRIKE AT BUFFALO.

Men at New York Central Shops Go Out.

Buffalo, April 26.—The employes of the New York Central railroad shops, about 2200 men in all, went on strike today. This number includes 1800 men in the shops and 400 in the yards. An increase in wages and reinstatement of certain men alleged to have been unjustly discharged is named by the men.

BANK LOOTED.

Coulterville, Ill., April 26.—Burglars secured $5000 from the vaults of the Bank of Coulterville during the early hours this morning and made their escape. The robbers are supposed to be members of a gang which has operated throughout this state, Indiana and Wisconsin during the last six months. The vault was drilled into and blown open by a charge of dynamite, which was so well muffled that nothing was known of the burglary until the doors were opened this morning. No trace of the robbers is obtainable.

MILITARY LIFE IN ALASKA.

Uncle Sam Makes It Comfortable for His Soldiers.

The government having at last expended considerable sums of money toward establishing military posts in Alaska, it is reasonable to suppose that the army must in the future look forward to regular details of service in that part of our country. As service in high latitudes is new to most of us, and as the hardships of Arctic life have been so much exaggerated, I shall presume to give to my fellow officers the benefit of a year's experience on the Yukon with the expectation that it may be of use to them, says a writer in the Army and Navy Journal.

It certainly does get cold in Alaska. The thermometer for five consecutive days in January registered 62, 62, 65, 68, 62 while 40 below is quite common, and cold weather lasts from Nov. 1 to March 31. Substantial quarters have been constructed at Forts Egbert, Gibbon and Cape Nome, and the post at St. Michael will be built during the coming summer.

An officer coming to Alaska need fear no greater hardships for himself or family than those which follow a return to the isolation of a one or two-company frotier post. A well-stocked subsistence department furnishes all the necessaries of life, and most of the luxuries. Fresh meat has thus far been brought in in abundance in the form of moose and caribou. Potatoes and onions freeze solid in November, and, if properly prepared, are as good as fresh vegetables, like radishes, lettuce, onions, parsley, etc., come to perfection in August. It is dry, and ordinarily still, though a hard wind at 40 below is not unheard of. The snow falls gradually—an inch or so at a time—and never melts until the April sun and rain wear it away. In May the ground is free from snow, rains continue, gardens may be prepared, and about the 15th the ice in the river breaks up and floats off to the sea. Near the end of May steamers that have wintered in some tributary of the Yukon come up the river on their way to Dawson. Steamers from St. Michael bringing passengers from the states, do not come up the river until about July 14 or 15.

From June to October people require about the same clothing they would wear in the states. Mosquitos abound, and window screens and mosquito bars are a necessity. Mail is received twice per month throughout the year, except in fall and spring when ice is forming on the streams, or breaking up before navigation opens. Unless new arrangements are perfected, second-class mail is not delivered after navigation via St. Michael closes. Arrangements must be made with friends to forward envelopes of clippings if one desires to keep up with the news. A telegraph line connects Skaguay with Dawson, but I received one telegram from Washington that was just a month on the way.

As to clothing, heavy underwear is indispensable. In addition to these garments, heavy short coats or wraps must be provided to put on whenever it is necessary to go out of doors. The government furnishes caps and mittens, and most excellent footgear in the form of felt shoes. Ladies will find a fur parki the best all around outer garment. One can be purchased in San Francisco for $12. It is not necessary to remain within doors during the coldest weather unless the wind is blowing. The ordinary routine of a post goes on without regard to temperature, and all can take exercise at any time without fear of frost bites. Bring plenty of books and games for the long winter evenings. As the quartermaster's department will doubtless construe this as service across the seas, bring all your furniture. Nothing can be obtained in the country except at prohibitory prices.

To sum up I would say that Alaska is no worse than Keogh or Assiniboine, and the greatest trial will be the lack of a daily paper.

Spreads Like Wildfire.

When things are "the best" they become "the best selling." Abraham Hare, a leading druggist of Belleville, Ohio, writes. "Electric Bitters are the best selling bitters I have handled in twenty years. You know why? Most diseases begin in disorders of stomach, liver, kidneys, bowels, blood and nerves. Electric Bitters tones up the stomach, regulates, kidneys and bowels, purifies the blood, strengthens the nerves, hence cures multitudes of maladies. It builds up the entire system. Puts new life and vigor into any weak, sickly, run down man or woman. Price 50 cents. Sold by W. A. Abbett, druggist.

"The Flying Dutchman" Route to St. Louis.

April 29 the C., M. & St. P. will open its "Flying Dutchman" route with through sleeping car service from the Twin Cities to St. Louis via La Crosse, Rock Island, Peoria and Springfield.

Leave Minneapolis 7:50 a. m., St. Paul 8:30 a. m., arrive St. Louis 7 o'clock next morning.

Route is via C., M. & St. P., Twin Cities to Rock Island; Rock Island & Peoria railway, Rock Island to Peoria, and Chicago & Alton railway, Peoria to St. Louis.

The line from St. Paul to Rock Island is along the Mississippi, affording one of the most beautiful daylight rides in America.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER.
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.

THURSDAY, APRIL 26.
Last presentation of
LEWIS MORRISON'S
FAUST.

With its magnificent electrical and scenic effects and its marvelous story. The Seven Wonders of Stagecraft—The Fiery Brocken—The Illuminated Garden—The Nuremberg Cathedral—The Electric Duel—The Blazing Cross—The Walpurgis Revels—The Beautiful Apotheosis. Prices, 25c, 50c, 75c.

LYCEUM THEATER
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.

FRIDAY NIGHT, APRIL 27.
Chas. H. Yale's Forever
..Devil's Auction..

All the elements of an up-to-date pantomime. Modernized. Elaborated. Surrounded with a mammoth investure of scenic splendor, glittering costumes, immense paraphernalia, mystifying tricks, gorgeous transformations, and all the wondrous effects of a GREAT SPECTACLE. Prices: Dress Circle, $1.00; Parquet, 75c; Family Circle and Balcony, 50c.

At High School Assembly Hall,
FRIDAY, EVENING, APRIL 27.
The Surricks in Travel and Song.
Alaska—Land of the Midnight Sun. Scenes among her towering mountains and eternal glaciers. Songs illustrated in color. Unique motion pictures Prices—25c and 15c.

PARLOR THEATER.
Wm. J. Wells, Manager 19 Second Avenue West.
OPEN EVERY NIGHT.
De Armo's Vaudevilles.
All Bright Lights. Big Program of Novelties
Matinee every Saturday 2:30 p. m.

ARE THEY OUTLAWED?

Question Before Supreme Court In Respect to Forfeited Tax Sale.

AGAINST THE STATE

Lower Court Judge Holds That Statute of Limitations Runs Against State.

An interesting question in relation to the forfeited tax sale to be held here in May has been sent up to the supreme court of this state from Scott county. It is whether or not the statute of limitations runs against the state. If it does, taxes more than six years old are outlawed, and the state has no right to make a sale under them. That would mean that as the forfeited tax law was passed in 1899, taxes for 1893 and prior years would be outlawed, and the state could make no claim upon the property because of them. The supreme court has set the hearing on the case for April 30, so that a decision may be reached before the date of the sale.

Judge Caldwell of the Eighth judicial district, in a case arising in Scott county, held that the statute of limitations runs against the state, and it is this case that has gone to the supreme court.

Should the supreme court hold with Judge Caldwell, the state will be out the proceeds of five years' taxes, those arising in 1898, 1899, 1890, 1891 and 1892. For the act of 1899 waives prior judgments with costs and penalties, and expressly provides that the owners of delinquent lands may redeem them by payment of the taxes and 10 per cent interest. This not only waives all costs, but reduces the interest or penalty from 12 to 10 per cent.

Judge Harrison, of Hennepin county, holds that the legislature waived prior judgments when, in providing for the judgment under which the delinquent lands are to be sold in May, it failed to mention such judgments, but provided instead merely for the payment of "taxes and interest."

That question is also before the supreme court.

The act provides for the collection of all taxes delinquent prior to 1895, and if the statute of limitations does not run against the state in this case, taxes will be collected back as far as 1888. If the statute does run against the state, they can be collected only as far back as 1893, or six years from 1899, when the bill became a law. Then, if the decision of Judge Harrison is sustained, and it is held that prior judgments have been waived, the people who are indebted to the state for taxes prior to 1893 will escape payment and their titles will be good.

The ruling would apply in this county, of course, but there is a possibility of a difference. In this county there was a sale last year under a law of 1897, and the property to be sold under the law of 1899 is property that was not sold at last year's sale. Whether the law of 1897 threw back the statute of limitations to 1891 in this county, or whether things stand on the same footing here as where the sale is only under the law of 1899 is a question. As the sale this year is under the law of 1899, and not under the law of 1897, it is probable that there would be no difference.

MUNYON'S

I will guarantee that my Rheumatism Cure will relieve lumbago, sciatica and all rheumatic pains in two or three hours, and cure in a few days.

MUNYON.

At all druggists, 25c. a vial. Guide to Health and medical advice free. 1505 Arch st., Phila.

RHEUMATISM

MARRIED AT NASHVILLE.

William M. Stephenson of Duluth and Miss Lenore R. Scheffer United.

The marriage of William M. Stephenson, of Duluth and Miss Lenore Regina Scheffer, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Scheffer, of Nashville, Tenn., took place yesterday morning at 8:30 o'clock at the Church of the Assumption in that city. The ceremony was a very beautiful one, Father Henry Japes performing it and celebrating a nuptial high mass. Miss Alma Wiggers, of Nashville, was maid of honor, and Edward H. Eden, of Duluth, was best man. The ushers were: George W. Bowers, of Duluth; William J. Varley, William Scheffer and Louis K. Wenning, of Nashville. The church was filled with celebrating a nuptial high mass. Miss Alma the wedding breakfast was served to the bridal party and relatives at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Scheffer, 136 North Cherry street.

Mr. and Mrs. Stephenson have gone for a wedding trip and will be at home in Duluth after May 10, at 501 West Second street.

Danger of Ocean Wrecks.

It is stated that the Atlantic ocean contains many wrecked vessels which drift hither and thither, and as their positions change with the winds and tides, they are a constant menace to ocean traffic. Because of the great expense they are not destroyed until they have inflicted actual damage. How like this is the action of many persons, who wait until they are ill before treating such dangerous symptoms as indigestion, dyspepsia, constipation, liver or kidney troubles. Don't allow them to menace your health. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters will clear the system of all impurities, making the blood rich and the nerves strong. It cures all stomach disorders and is an unequalled spring medicine. See that a Private Revenue Stamp covers the neck of the bottle.

Salvation Army Meeting.

There was an unusually big meeting in the Salvation Army barracks last night. The local contingent was reinforced by officials from Minneapolis, including Brig. Halpin and Ensigns Conlan and Anderson. Capt. Shoberg and Ensign Lindeman, of Superior, were over and assisted very materially in a rousing big meeting. After the meeting the visiting officers returned to Minneapolis, expressing themselves as well pleased with the work being carried on in this city.

A Card.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.

S. F. BOYCE. MAX WIRTH.
D. O. SWEENY. WM. A. ABBETT.

Your Liver

Will be roused to its natural duties and your billousness, headache and constipation be cured if you take

Hood's Pills

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

CROP REPORTS.

Wheat Seeding Practically Finished In Minnesota---Soil In Fine Shape.

The crop bulletin for Minnesota for last week is as follows:

"There were moderately heavy rains on the 16th and 17th in the counties south of a line between Lakes Big Stone and Superior, which delayed field work from two to three days, the greatest delay being in the extreme southeast. After the rain, the soil dried rapidly, and it was soon in the best condition for the seed already sown and for continuing the seeding of the small areas of oats and barley remaining unseeded, except in about five counties in the extreme Southeast, where all work is delayed. Wheat seeding is practically finished in all parts of the state; the early sown is growing nicely in the southern portions, and further north it is sprouting well. Oats and barley are being seeded, and where these are finished preparations for flax, corn and potatoes are being made. Small and scattered areas of flax have already been sown, and a few potatoes have been planted. In the northern half there has been no rain, and the soil, though in excellent condition for working, is very dry for the sprouting grain, and moderate dust storms have occurred. There were frosty nights early in the week, but no delay in work caused by them. The latter part of the week was warm and very favorable for starting leaf buds and pastures, although the latter are becoming green, it will be some time before they furnish food abundantly. Many fields of winter-killed wheat have been plowed, and they will be used for other crops. Winter rye looks well. Cover has suffered considerably by the winter."

The Wisconsin report says:

"The weather conditions during the past week have been very favorable; the average temperature slightly above normal, no frost and an abundance of moisture. The rainfall during the early part of the week was generally heavy and well distributed over the entire state, the total for the Northeastern and Westcentral counties amounting to over two inches. Lighter rains occurred over the extreme Northwestern counties and along Lake Superior. In the Southern and Eastern counties the total for the week ranged generally from one to two inches. The rains were very beneficial, and, being followed by warmer weather, gave vegetation an excellent start. The soil is generally too wet to cultivate, but is well stored with moisture, and a few days of dry weather will place it in excellent condition. With favorable weather seeding will become general this week.

"The injury to winter wheat does not appear to be confined to any particular section or sections of the state, about 70 per cent of the crop correspondents, representing nearly every county in the state, reporting it killed or badly injured; 30 per cent give the condition as fair, and 20 per cent as good."

AMUSEMENTS.

LEWIS MORRISON'S "FAUST."

From everywhere come the most flattering reports of Lewis Morrison's "Faust," which is being presented this year mounted in a most sublime manner. The press have been decidedly complimentle over the surprising additions which have been made to this play. The present production is said to surpass all former ones and considerable has been said and written about the vivid and weird Brocken scene, at the Lyceum tonight.

"THE DEVIL'S AUCTION."

Charles H. Yale's forever "Devil's Auction" company is presented this season with everything entirely new, costumes, scenery, cast and ballet; in fact, Mr. Yale has made so many changes in this season's production that the many thousands that have witnessed this spectacle in years past will find it hard to recognize one old feature. Mr. Yale has always been foremost in this peculiar line of attraction and feels that by giving the public a new show each year, retaining the old title, they have more confidence than they would in going to see a show with a new name, that probably would not please them half so well. At the Lyceum tomorrow night.

THE JUVENILE MINSTRELS.

They Put on a Great Show at Turner Hall.

A company of newsboys in burnt cork, new jokes, clever specialties and excellent singing, surprised and delighted a large audience at Turner hall last evening. It was far above the average professional road minstrel show and the audience showed its appreciation for the original by encoring nearly everything on the program. The curtain rang up with the usual preliminaries. Eddie Furril was interlocutor and Bill Milner and Bill Aronson, bones. Willie Orcoff, better known as Mascot, Duluth's celebrated boy singer, scored a tremendous hit with a professional stage bow and his singing of "Because I Love You." After an encore and a few more jokes, Harry Levine, also from the professional ranks sang "She Was Happy Till She Met Him," and got the usual vigorous glad hand. During this part there was some exceptionally good buck and wing dancing by several members of the company, and singling by The Herald quartet, consisting of Don Clark, Billie Aronson, Billie Milner and Billie Bloedel, assisted by Willie Orcoff and Harry Levine.

In the olio, Billie Bloedel made a tremendous hit with his Dutch dialect, while Don Clark, who played opposite, scored heavily in his burnt cork character. Boedel's work in the Dutch was positively the best that ever happened. Another feature of the show was the cake walk in which there was such a superabundance of rag-time in music and specialties that the audience came very near having lint on the lungs. They were all so good that it was impossible to pick a winner. The last act closed with a lively burlesque sparring match between Clark and Bloedel.

Roscoe Kernan was musical director of the company. He is only 14 years old, but his piano playing last night was as much enjoyed by the audience as the show proper. It was a great show, a big success and entirely managed, arranged and presented by Herald newsboys.

The Tonning Recital.

A piano recital was given last evening at Temple recital hall by the pupils of Gerard Tonning, assisted by Miss Charlotte McLaren, Miss Ella Mason and Morris Freimuth. There was a large audience, and the efforts of the pupils were rewarded with close attention and much appreciation. Those who gave piano numbers were Miss Agnes Moe, Miss Eva Lemoigan, Miss Adelaide Olund, Miss Frances Whittaker, Miss Josephine Thwing, Miss Jessie Clark, Miss Minnie Gregory, Miss Gertrude Schiller, Miss Rose Freimuth, Clarence Adams and David Freimuth. Miss Charlotte McLaren sang Sawyer's "Spanish Romance," and Miss Ella Mason sang "O Fair and Sweet and Holy," by Cantor. Morris Freimuth gave a violin solo, "Alpenhorn," by Proch.

WILL BE ASSESSED

State Officials Direct Returns From Assessors on Corporation Capital Stock.

ISSUES A CIRCULAR

Auditor Dunn Prepares One ---An Opinion From Governor Lind.

Corporations enjoying valuable franchises will have to pay taxes on them after this in Minnesota. The thin edge of the wedge was introduced at the last session of the state board of equalization. State Auditor R. C. Dunn has now driven it home, said the Minneapolis Journal last evening.

In a circular issued yesterday to county auditors, Mr. Dunn instructs them to tell the assessors at their meetings next Saturday to insist upon corporations making a return of the value of their capital stock. So determined is Mr. Dunn to reach the corporations that he has had printed for distribution to the assessors a special blank statement for the use of companies and associations.

It will be remembered that at the last session of the state board of equalization Governor Lind and Mr. Dunn made a strong and successful fight for the assessment of the capital stock of the St. Paul and Minneapolis street railway companies. Before that time those companies had paid taxes on their real and personal property, but had paid virtually nothing on their capital stock or valuable franchises.

A portion of the circular of instructions issued yesterday is as follows:

SPECIAL ATTENTION, ASSESSORS!

I desire to call your special attention to the assessment of companies, associations or corporations. Our supreme court has clearly defined the law on this question. The president, secretary or principal accounting officer of any company or association, whether incorporated or not (other than railroad, insurance, telegraph, telephone and banking corporations, whose taxation is otherwise provided for) are required to make out and deliver to the assessor a sworn statement setting forth:

First—Name and location of company.

Second—Amount and number of shares of capital stock.

Third—Amount of capital stock paid up.

Fourth—The market or actual value of capital stock.

Fifth—The value of its real property, if any.

Sixth—The value of its personal property.

Remember that this statement is required in addition to the regular personal property schedule required of every property owner.

Before taking this pronounced step, Mr. Dunn invited Governor Lind to give him a written statement covering the ground of the proposed innovation, so that it could be shown that the step was made after due consideration and upon authority.

In his letter, the governor, after referring to the Duluth Gas and Water company case, says:

"The method of assessing the property and franchises of companies or corporations heretofore has been very loose and unsettled in this state. In some instances, and usually, the stock of the corporation has not been returned or assessed at all, corporations simply paying taxes on their personal and real property. While this method may work substantial justice in the case of manufacturing or industrial corporations, it is manifestly inadequate in the case of moneyed and other corporations; such, for instance, as street railway, lighting and power companies, logging, boom and mining companies, and other companies or corporations enjoying special privileges or franchises, and reaches but a small portion of the real value subject to taxation in that class of corporations.

"The supreme court in the case referred to, commenting on the fourth subdivision, requiring the listing of the market or real value of the stock of the company or corporation, uses this language:

"'The method there provided for is the very common and most equitable and efficient one of reaching the franchise and other intangible property for the purpose of taxation through the capital stock. The capital stock (using the term in the sense in which it is evidently used in the section) is, as has been said, "a business photograph of all the corporate possessions and possibilities," and represents its business opportunities and capacities, as well as its tangible assets. They enter into and go to make up the value of the stock. It is well settled that these franchises, although neither visible nor tangible, are property which may be taxed the same as other property.'"

Continuing, the governor points out that corporations or companies must, therefore, return for assessment as near as may be of the market or actual value of their stock which is the difference between the total value of such stock and the aggregate value of the real and personal property. If the capital stock has no value that fact should be stated in the return, and the corporation will then, of course, be subject only to real and personal property taxation. The governor then takes up that section of the law which requires that the debts of the corporation shall also be deducted from the value of the capital stock in determining what part of it shall be taxed, and shows by quotation from the decision of the supreme court, already quoted in part, that the section referred to is void and unconstitutional.

As this decision makes it necessary to read paragraph 1320 as if the fifth section were out of it, the governor concludes:

"As so construed section 1320 provides a most simple and efficient method for a fair assessment and taxation of corporate property. To prevent confusion and to enable the assessors to carry out the provisions of the law, it seems to me that your office should prepare and send out special blanks for the listing and assessment of corporate property in accordance with the decision referred to, supplemental to the blank list prepared pursuant to the requirements of paragraph 1321, and the assessors should be instructed to properly fill out such supplemental blank."

Aside from directions respecting the taxation of corporations, Auditor Dunn's circular strenuously insists upon assessors making full and accurate returns and reminds them that a low valuation simply means a high rate of taxation. Auditors are reminded that the state board of equalization will not reduce valuations below what they are at present. In the future the cases where the state board will consent to abatements will be few and far between.

Hon. Alva Merrill

Member from the 24th (Peoria Co.) District of the Illinois House of Representatives, Tells the People how He was

CURED OF RHEUMATISM.

Northampton, Ill., Aug. 12, 1899.

The Dodds Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Gentlemen:—I had been suffering from Rheumatic pains in my body and had tried many remedies with little satisfaction until I purchased Dodd's Kidney Pills. The relief was something beyond my expectation and I am now cured and heartily endorse Dodd's Kidney Pills to any one with deranged Kidneys or Rheumatic pains.

Alva Merrill

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

Dodd's Kidney Pills cure all Diseases of the Kidneys.

Sold by all dealers in medicine, 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50. Sent on receipt of price by The Dodds Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

TO BEGIN NEXT WEEK.

Work on Normal School to Commence---President Ankeny Here.

President A. T. Ankeny of the state normal school board came up from Minneapolis yesterday and visited the site of the new normal school, in company with L. P. Hall, of the firm of architects, Palmer, Hall & Hunt, and R. J. MacLeod and J. M. Smith, who have the contract for building the school. It was decided to build the building about fifty feet farther back on the site than had been at first proposed, and it will therefore be about 150 feet back from Fifth street. President Ankeny was much pleased with the site. The contractors will begin work May 1 and will push it to completion from that time on. President Ankeny is also much pleased with the plans for the building, and says that while the appropriation is small, the building will be an admirable one.

LEASES BIG FORTY.

Two Big Steel Companies Make Deal With P. L. Kimberly.

P. L. Kimberly, of Sharon, Pa., has leased to the Union Ore company the ne¼ of the nw¼ of section 9-58-17, which is known as the Jones forty and lies between the Commodore mine and the Franklin group. The Union Ore company is owned equally by the American Steel Hoop company and the Republic Iron and Steel company. According to the terms of the lease the company pays $100,000 and for that sum may remove 666,667 tons of ore and after that is to pay 15 cents a ton until sufficient ore has been removed to pay $100,000 in addition to the $100,000. Kimberly's rights are then to cease.

UNCLE SAM'S BURDEN.

May Have to Settle the Chile-Peru Dispute.

Washington, April 26.—The present dispute between Chili and Peru is a legacy of the last war between those two countries, about fifteen years ago. One of the terms of peace was that the victor, Chili, should occupy the two valuable Peruvian nitrate provinces of Tacna and Arica, adjoining the Chilian boundary on the north, for a period of ten years. At the end of that period the people of the provinces were to determine by their vote whether their lands should remain in the possession of Chili or revert to Peruvian sovereignty. In the first case Chili was to pay Peru 10,000,000 silver soles, while if the province was returned to Peru the government of that country was to pay to Chili a corresponding sum of money. The allegation is now that the treaty provision on this point was not executed; that there was no plebiscite, and that no money passed.

Because the United States was deeply interested in bringing about the peace which terminated the bitter war between Chili and Peru, it is assumed by the Peruvians that our government likewise retains an interest in the faithful execution of the terms of the treaty. It must however, be admitted that up to this time our government has not manifested any particular interest in the subject and has not even received any application, secret or otherwise, from either of the parties to intervene at the last pinch, though the reports from South America seem to indicate a purpose on the part of the Peruvians at least to enlist our sympathies in their behalf.

Rev. John Reid, Jr., of Great Falls, Mont., recommended Ely's Cream Balm to me. I can emphasize his statement, "It is a positive cure for catarrh if used as directed."—Rev. Francis W. Poole, pastor Central Presbyterian church, Helena, Mont.

After using Ely's Cream Balm six weeks I believe myself cured of catarrh.—Joseph Stewart, Grand avenue, Buffalo, N. Y.

The Balm does not irritate or cause sneezing. Sold by druggists at 50 cents, or mailed by Ely Brothers, 56 Warren street, New York.

STONGOWICH LOST THE BET.

Fatal Explosion at Greensburgh Resulted From a Wager.

Greensburg, Pa., April 26.—It was through a wager entered into between George Stoncowich and John Mickolick that death and destruction was brought about in the tenement house at Larimer on Tuesday night. A party of Austrians sat in a room where there was stored several kegs of powder and some dynamite, at the home of John Mickolick, discussing the explosive powers of powder and dynamite. Stoncowich offered a wager of 25 cents with Mickolick that the blasting powder contained in the kegs would not ignite. The bet was accepted and a quantity of the powder was placed on the floor, a lighted match thrown into it—and Stoncowich lost the bet. The body of John Mickolick lies at the morgue here. The other victims will recover.

TRUCKEE HOTEL BURNED.

Truckee, Cal., April 26.—The Truckee hotel, an old landmark of this part of California, was destroyed by fire early this morning. The loss is about $30,000.

BURNED TO DEATH.

Marinette, Wis., April 26.—Steven J. Brown, head sawyer in the big sawmill burned at Atkinson, Mich., Tuesday, lost his life in the flames. His home was in Muskegon.

Excursion Rates.

VIA "THE MILWAUKEE."

On April 17, May 1 and May 15, and June 5, the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway will sell tickets to points in Southern, Southwestern and Western states at one fare, plus $2, for the round trip.

No extra charge on the celebrated Pioneer Limited between the Twin Cities, Milwaukee and Chicago.

For particulars as to rates and routes apply to "The Milwaukee" agents or address J. T. CONLEY,
Assistant General Passenger Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

Calumet Baking Powder

CONTAINS NOTHING INJURIOUS

NOT MADE BY THE TRUST.

MODERATE IN PRICE

DULUTH PEOPLE GENERALLY CONCEDE OUR---------- # CARPET DEPARTMENT

Is by far the best in the city, and when real first-class values are wanted, when the quiet, refined styles of Boston and New York are desired, here is where Duluth people expect to find them. NEVER in the history of our store have we equalled the stock now shown in style and quality, (AND IN PRICE WE ALWAYS ARE LOWER THAN OTHERS.) For instance—

We Have Brussels Carpets at.....49c, 65c, 75c and 95c
We Have Ingrain Carpets at.....25c, 35c, 45c, 55c and 75c
We Have Axminster Carpets at.....87½c, $1.10 and $1.25
We Have Velvet Carpets at.....75c, 85c and $1.15

REMEMBER, everything we have is sold on our WELL-KNOWN EASY PAYMENT PLAN. A little cash down and balance monthly or weekly.

The demand for a really comfortable, large Easy Chair that can be sold at a reasonable price is a very large one, and in our experience no chair fills this want like a ...Morris Chair. The cushions are reversible and can be taken out to dust. The back adjusts at any angle to fit all kinds and shapes of humanity. In fact it's the chair for comfort, and the price—well, for this pattern it's only---------- $8.75

Yes, When it Comes to Desks

We have the line—the handsome desk line of the country. It's not shown northwest of Chicago except in the Twin Cities and Duluth, and in Duluth only at Smith, Farwell & Steele's. They are conceded to be the finest Desks made. Remember we will make a price on your old one in exchange for one of these. We show Roll Top Desks from—

$10.00 to $100.00

100-piece English Semi-Porcelain Dinner Sets, new decoration, worth $12.00, for this sale only---- $8.00

12-piece blue and white English Semi-Porcelain Toilet Sets, worth $11.00, for this sale only---- $7.95

The genuine old reliable Seth Thomas' 8-day clock in marbleized cases, regularly sold at $8.00, for this sale only---- $4.95

Heavy brass Banquet Lamps with center draft burners, with linen shades, complete, this sale only---- $1.95

Jardinieres—from---- 10c to $12.00

Are you going to have a new stove or range this spring? If so do not forget that we have the celebrated Steel Stewart and that we can supply a Steel Range with high closet guaranteed to give satisfaction at only---- $29.00

Kash or Kredit... Smith, Farwell & Steele Co.,

Complete House Furnishers. 226-228 West Superior Street.

IN MICHIGAN.

Many Forest Fires Along the South Shore Line---Range Notes.

Houghton, Mich., April 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—Forest fires are burning between Nestoria and Saxon, Wis., along the line of the South Shore railway, the most numerous being between Sidnaw and Lake Gogebic, where the trains are rarely out of sight of the flames. The fires so far have not done great damage, not having reached the best tract of uncut timber, but should dry weather continue for another week heavy damage will be done and several small towns endangered.

It has been ascertained that William Kauffman, the watchman on the Aztec, who is missing, cashed the $44 check which had been given him by his brother-in-law, Superintendent Krause o fthe Tamarack-Osceola mills, at Strobel's, in this city, at about the time he disappeared, and that at the time he cashed the check he was talking to Otto Obenhoff and Charles Strobel about taking a trip out West. Mr. Strobel asked him to what part of the West he expected to go, and received an indefinite reply, but one which conveyed in some way the idea that the part of the country he had in view was in the neighborhood of Butte.

The Jeffs Land company, which owns about 800 acres of mineral lands in sections 7, 8, 9 and 10, township 50, range 39 west, adjoining the Michigan upon the north and west, expects to continue exploratory work upon the lands this spring.

Several pits were sunk on this property last summer. One is down fifty feet in a lode which traverses this property and two others have been sunk—one forty and the other twenty feeton the same formation. This lode is supposed by some to be the one which the Winona mine is opening. The showing made by the openings on the property last year well warrants further explorations. This property is also crossed by several other lodes, including a conglomerate.

Calumet—The Calumet & Hecla Mining company is about to test the merits of a system, new in this region, of belt conveying machinery. The system, which will be given a thorough test at the above mine, and also at the stamp mills of the company, is by the Robins Conveying Belt company.

At both the Calumet and the Hecla mills at Lake Linden rock conveyors will be installed as soon as the apparatus can be set up. Both of these conveyors will be over 400 feet long, while the one to be put in the Hecla mill will eventually be 700 feet long when the new addition to that mill has been completed. The conveyors are for the purpose of separating the grades of rock at the mill and will do away with what is known as "separators."

Negaunee—Water has caused considerable trouble at the Negaunee mine since the cave-in on the fourth and fifth levels last week. It has drained into the workings, and the pumps have been taxed to their capacities to hold it in check. Work has been delayed somewhat. The cave-in was unfortunate in every way. It occurred at a point where similar trouble had been experienced earlier in the history of the mine.

The mishap is attributed to the use of a system of mining not well suited to the conditions at the Negaunee property, and which will be changed in favor of the caving method at the earliest possible date. It is figured that a ruinously large proportion of the ore would be irretrievably lost should the present system of mining be continued, while it is asserted that the entire deposit can be mined out by the caving system.

Marquette—Among the city officers just appointed are: Marshal, Edward E. McIntosh; controller, Franklin E. Bay; city attorney, George P. Brown; health officer, Dr. Albert E. Brown; harbor master, Patrick H. McGuire.

Ishpeming—The Marquette county Republican convention here elected the following delegates to the state convention: Gad Smith, E. H. Towar, J. D. Mengum and J. R. Van Evera, of Marquette; C. G. Griffey and F. D. Davis, of Negaunee; H. O. Young, George Hayden, W. H. Johnston and John Jones, of Ishpeming.

Hancock—Thomas Cuddihy, a copper country pioneer, died at the residence of his son-in-law, Hon. Edward Ryan, here, aged 91.

THE DAKOTAS.

Seeding In North Dakota Well Advanced---Hills Mines Fatalities.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Bismarck—According to the government bulletin for North Dakota, the past week has been, as a rule, very favorable for seeding grain. Considerably over one-half of the wheat has been sown, while seeding of oats, flax, rye and barley is well under way. The ground is in excellent condition. From all sections comes the cry that rain is badly needed, there having been none in most places since seeding commenced. Early-sown wheat is up in most sections and looks good.

Fargo—Many farmers are taking advantage of the recent tests in dry sections of the country, and are rolling the land and packing the surface to retain the moisture. The plan has been so successful in the Canadian Northwest that there is no doubt about its efficiency.

The wheat crop is practically seeded. Farmers are all the way from three weeks to a month earlier than usual, and are in position to do some extra cultivating. Many will try some new experiments this summer.

Sioux City—H. A. Whitier, Northfield, Minn., came to this city with thirty-five men and teams, fully equipped to begin work on the branch line of the Northern Pacific, which is to run from Casselton to Edgeley. It will not injure the trade of this place, but will affect Buffalo and Wheatland, on the main line. Other gangs of men have begun work on various parts of the road. The contracts are to be finished by July 1, so that the wheat crop can be marketed along the route.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Lead—A well-known mining man named David C. Buncon was instantly killed at the hoisting pump at the Union shaft near this city. He leaves a wife and three children. At Keystone, Barney Ingalls, a single man, fell 300 feet in the Holy Terror shaft and was instantly killed.

We pray thee, heed him not who askest thee to take something said to be the same as the Rocky Mountain Tea made by the Madison Medicine company. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

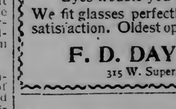
A SKIN OF BEAUTY IS A JOY FOREVER.

DR. T. FELIX GOURAUD'S ORIENTAL CREAM, OR MAGICAL BEAUTIFIER

Purifies as well as Beautifies the Skin. No other Cosmetic will do it.

Removes Tan, Pimples, Freckles, Moth Patches, Rash and Skin Diseases, and every blemish on beauty, and defies detection. It has stood the test of 52 years, and is so harmless we taste it to be sure it is properly made. Accept no counterfeit of similar name. Dr. L. A. Sayre said to a lady of the haut-ton (a patient): "As you ladies will use them, I recommend 'Gouraud's Cream' as the least harmful of all the skin preparations." For sale by all druggists and fancy goods dealers in the U. S., Canada and Europe. FERD. T. HOPKINS, Prop'r, Great Jones St., N. Y.

EYES ACHE?



Eyes trouble you in any way? We fit glasses perfectly and guarantee satisfaction. Oldest optician in Duluth.

F. D. DAY & CO.,
315 W. Superior St.

We sell nothing but "thoroughbred horses," such as the celebrated

Clevelands.....$40 to $75
Worlds.....$30 to $40
Barnes (White Flyer).....only $40

We sell on Payments.

R. R. FORWARD & CO.

Zenith 'Phone 650. 2021-23 West Superior Street.

We Repair Bicycles Cheap.

PIANOS AND FURNITURE REFINISHED and REPOLISHED
AT C. O. KRISTENSEN'S.
Zenith 'Tel. 320. 10 E. Superior St.

Duluth Public Library.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS!

Sealed bids will be received by the building and grounds committee of the Duluth Public Library for the erection of a Library Building on the corner of Second street and First avenue west, in accordance with the plans and specifications now to be seen at the office of the architects, Radcliffe & Willoughby, 702 Palladio building, Duluth, Minn.

All bids must be delivered at the architects' office not later than 4 p. m. on Saturday, May 5, 1900, marked "Bid for Library," and addressed to the committee. A certified check for $500 must accompany each bid. The committee reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

W. M. HUBBARD,
Chairman of Committee.
Duluth, Minn., April 25, 1900.

F. D. DAY & CO. | F. D. DAY & CO.

Heart Contest.

Note below a few of the essays we have received from our little girls of Duluth. Subject: **"Why F. D. Day & Co. are the leading Jewelers of Duluth."**

F. D. Day & Co.'s Jewelry Store is the leading jewelry store of Duluth, because it is the largest, the prettiest, the most stylish, and the members of the firm are honorable, honest and just.

The stock is beautifully arranged, and when they tell us the goods is solid silver or gold, we know it is solid.

They carry a larger and better selection of goods than any other store and their prices are less for the same quality of goods.

GERTRUDE HOOPES,
120 East Third street,
Duluth, Minn.

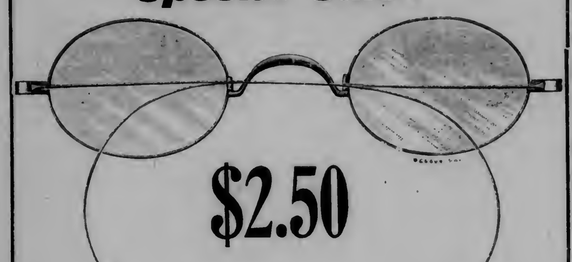
From little Dorothy Gordon, whose father is in the wall paper and decoration business:

Day & Co. is undoubtedly the leading Jeweler of Duluth. He has such a beautiful store, decorated by Mr. F. J. Gordon. The store is beautifully lighted both day and night; they sell very fine Jewelry.

DOROTHY GORDON.
(Age 9 years.)

LITTLE GIRLS writing Essays must bring them in as soon as possible as the contest closes next Monday. Each girl receives a Silver Heart. The best essay receives the Diamond-set Gold Heart. F. D. DAY & CO., 315 West Superior St.

Special Sale!



$2.50

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, we will make a Special price on our 14-K Gold filled riding bow Spectacles, spherical lenses—of..... **$2.50**

This price will include a careful examination of your eyes and satisfaction guaranteed. Our Optician is a graduate of the Chicago Optical college. This is an opportunity to get your eyes PROPERLY cared for at a remarkably low price.

F. D. DAY & CO. 315 W. Sup. St. Oldest Opticians and Jewelers in Duth.

Dr. Bruess' Powerful Penetrating Poerless Remedy

For all pains of the body, as

Rheumatism, Cold in the Chest, Pneumonia, Neuralgia, Spine Disease, Backache, Lumbago, Sprained Joints, Croup, Bronchitis, Sore Throat.

Dr. Bruess in his many years of private and hospital practice in Berlin, Germany, found this celebrated remedy to be a positive cure for the above ailments

This Wonderful Remedy will give you instant relief. Once used, you will recommend it to your friends and neighbors.

Orders from the country amounting to $2, express charges will be prepaid. Free sample on request given out at store.

For sale only by—
S. F. BOYCE, Druggist,
Corner Fourth Avenue West and Superior Street.

THE BIBLE CONFERENCE.

Dr. Patterson to Give His Address on "Paul."

Rev. Alexander Patterson will give his address on "Paul" at the Pilgrim church tonight. Tomorrow noon he will speak on "Jonah." His subject this noon was "The Destruction of the Canaanites and David's Sin," two questions which in the minds of many people raise troublesome doubts. He said: "Idolatry was under the Mosaic law a capital crime. That was an age of law and justice, while we live now in an age of grace. This with the Canaanites was not Israel's private quarrel, but the Israelites were simply the executors of divine justice. The Canaanites had abused God's mercy and invited their fate. God had given them most exalted religious privileges. Melchizadek was their king and priest. Abraham, Isaac and Jacob pilgrimed up and down their land showing holy lives. God waited 400 years for them to repent. The plagues of Egypt were his warnings to them as to all. Israel's long delay in the wilderness was mercy to the Canaanites. Jericho had seven days of grace while they marched about her walls and Rahab who repented was saved as were the Gibeonites. In spite of all they had reached the lowest depth of licentiousness and unmentionable crimes were their daily life. Sodom and Gomorrah, their chief cities, are types of the lowest depth of sin. Nothing but extermination would save surrounding nations from a like state. Israel was simply God's executor. Nature's laws today accomplish a like purpose."

The Surricks Entertainment.

Tomorrow evening the Surricks will give their entertainment at the High School for the benefit of the Washington school picture fund. The Philadelphia press said of the entertainment given by the Surricks:

"In the assembly hall of the Manufacturers' Club, the first professional entertainment ever given in the home of a Philadelphia club occurred last night. The Surricks furnished the entire program. Mrs. Surrick's solos were much appreciated by the critical audience present and received tremendous applause for her artistic elocutionary work, while Professor Surrick gave lucid descriptions of travel in finished style. The hall was crowded."

TWO DRUNKS SENT UP.

"Red Hickey," Sheridan's Associate, Goes to the Rock Pile.

"Red" Hickey and Luke Joice, both on intimate terms with police court procedure, were the only two drunks sent up the hill today. R. Ward was also under arrest for drunkenness, but entered a plea of not guilty and had the examination set for tomorrow afternoon, putting up $12 bail for appearance at that time.

"Red" Hickey is the man that was with Tom Sheridan night before last when Sheridan was knocked senseless while trying to hold up an old man fifty years of age. Hickey had been with Sheridan all that evening and it was he that took the injured man to police headquarters to have him looked after. The police believe that he was Sheridan's accomplice in the Lake avenue attempted hold-up, but being unable to prove this conclusively he was wafted up for ten days.

Sheridan, the injured man, is still at headquarters and is much improved mentally and physically today. He still claims that he was not trying to rob old man Rowen, when he was knocked down the stairway, but the police have evidence of another nature.

Chaffee-Pilcher Wedding.

F. E. Chaffee, recently of Duluth, was married at Superior yesterday. The Leader reports the happy event as follows:

"F. E. Chaffee and Miss Della May Pilcher were united in the holy bonds of matrimony last evening, at 7:30 o'clock. The bride's father, Rev. A. M. Pilcher, performed the ceremony at the Cumming Avenue M. E. church, Rev. Otis A. Luce assisting. The best man was Louis Dworschak and the bridesmaid was Miss Gertrude Culbertson. The flower girl was the little granddaughter of Rev. Mr. Pilcher—Dorothy—and the ring girl was Iva, Rev. Mr. Luce's daughter.

"After the ceremony a dainty wedding supper was served, and a reception held at the Pilcher home, 1504 Belknap, where the young couple will reside. The groom is the popular and talented leader of the choir at the Cumming Avenue M. E. church, and the winsome bride is one of the gifted members of that musical organization, as well as a leading worker among the young people of the church. Scores of friends will invoke heaven's richest blessings upon the happy "twain made one."

A Card of Thanks.

We desire to tender our heartfelt thanks to our many kind friends for their manifest sympathy in our late bereavement and their generous assistance at the funeral of our little Ellie, especially for the music rendered by the choir and those who gave so generously of their flowers. Very respectfully,

MR. AND MRS. C. J. GUSTAFSON.

Pansies, 5 Dozens For $1.00.
Lindsay's greenhouses, 52nd Ave. E.

FOR YEARS THE WIENER BRAND OF BLATZ THE STAR MILWAUKEE BEER

has been held in highest regard by beer drinkers everywhere.

The finest components unite in one delightful result, beer perfection.

...Order a Case sent to the house...

VAL. BLATZ BREWING CO., MILWAUKEE.
DULUTH BRANCH 'PHONE 62

BICYCLE LICENSE

Possibility That Payment of One May Be Provided For By Ordinance.

BUILD CYCLE PATHS

Funds Derived For Licenses to Be Used For That Purpose.

Bicycles may be licensed the same as drays and the proceeds devoted to the building of bicycle paths about the city. It is known that several of the members of the council have such an ordinance under consideration, and it may be introduced at an early date. Alderman R. D. Haven of the Seventh ward is particularly interested.

The ordinance talked of is similar to one recently adopted in Minneapolis, where it is pronounced a success. Each owner of a wheel would pay a license fee of either 50 cents or $1, and the city clerk would issue a metal tag, similar to the dog, hack or dray tags, and each license would be numbered. It is thought that in this way $5000 could be raised easily, and that would go a long way in building cycle roads. The principal road talked of is down the lake shore on Minnesota Point.

Among wheelmen the proposed ordinance seems to meet with favor. There is scarcely an owner of a wheel that is not abundantly able to pay from 50 cents to $1 extra for a license tag. If the city would go in for cycle paths the dealers figure that there would be many more wheels sold, and consequently they seem to favor it.

In speaking of city regulations as to cyclists, William S. Bishop said to a Herald man this morning that while he was in Denver recently he found a much different regulation in reference to the use of bells, horns, etc., than is in force in Duluth. Instead of having an ordinance which compels the carrying of bells or something to give warning, there is an ordinance which prevents it. No cyclist is allowed to carry a bell, horn or anything of that nature. Denver, too, is a city that has 100 wheels to Duluth's one in all probability. The city did at one time force the carrying of bells. Later the other method was tried, and it was found that there were less accidents.

The theory is simply this: When the wheelman carries a bell he places the burden of getting out of the way of the wheel on the pedestrian; when he carries no bell the burden is on him to get out of the way of the pedestrian. Instead of ringing bells to frighten nervous women crossing streets, the wheelman is compelled to keep out of their way. Mr. Bishop says the plan has worked excellently in Denver, and they would not go back to the old way of doing.

Brings a New Suit.

Crlie LaTarte, who was a plaintiff in district court not long ago in a suit against the Minnesota Iron company for personal injuries alleged to have been sustained on the Auburn mine, lost his case because it was shown that the wrong company had been sued, and that the Minnesota Iron company had nothing to do with the case. It was shown that the Auburn Iron company controlled the mine. Yesterday LaTarte renewed his suit, naming the Auburn company as defendant instead of the Minnesota Iron company. He seeks $12,750 damages, claiming that he was injured by a blast set off in the mine so that he will never recover. His attorneys are Eckman & Stevenson.

The May Term.

The May term of district court will be the longest, in point of the number of cases at least, since the September term, 1897, when the calendar started in with 160 cases. Up to last night, when the last opportunity to get cases on the calendar occurred, there were filed 106 new notes of issue, which, with the forty-nine continued cases from last term, made 155 cases. In the nineteen terms since November, 1896, there has been but two that equalled this number, and only one of these exceeded it. The September terms, as a rule, are the largest of the year, and this exceeds any September term since 1897.

Difficult to Forecast.

Forecaster Richardson has finally mustered up courage enough to again predict a change of wind to the southerly direction. This is not certain to ensue but there is good reason to believe that it may happen. The weather situation for days has been of that sort that drives forecasters mad and makes them think queer and unlikely things. A situation has prevailed day after day that in nine cases out of ten would bring rain within twelve hours and yet day after day the rain has been to rain. It has rained east of us and west of us and south of us but no rain here. The other day it rained quite heavily in Minneapolis but not in St. Paul and thus it goes. Rain was also predicted for today.

You never get drunk on
"Beneteau Cognac"
Because it is pure. Free from poisonous compound.

Will Go It Blind.

Dr. McIvor-Tyndall has been prevailed upon to perform his famous blindfold carriage drive on Saturday morning at 11 o'clock. The start will be made from the Spalding hotel. This wonderful feat illustrates something of the marvelous and peculiar psychic power with which McIvor-Tyndall is gifted. Blindfolded, with no other guide that the muttered thought of the committee, he drives over a route decided upon by a committee of prominent citizens, making every turn, every movement they made and locates some article selected by them. When one stops to consider the impossibility of determining where an article may be hidden in a city of this size, the feat seems almost incredible.

McIvor-Tyndall, however, has never failed in this experiment.

Have you tried the "Twilight Limited?" The most comfortable, convenient, superb train—Duluth and the Superiors to the Twin Cities. Daily 4:30 p. m., over the North-Western Line only.

Don't fail to try
BEECHAM'S PILLS
when suffering from any bad condition of the Stomach or Liver.
10 cents and 25 cents, at drug stores.

DON'T ARGUE WITH KIDNEY or LIVER DISEASES
USE WARNER'S
SAFE CURE
THE ONLY SPECIFIC

JOE SHEEHY IS SUED.

Lizzie Cook Brings Action for Damages Against Ex-Pugilist.

Joe Sheehy, the ex-prize fighter and employment agent, who earned considerable unenviable celebrity by charging a young woman with stealing a watch from him not long ago, is the defendant in a suit brought by that young woman, Lizzie Cook, to recover $7068 damages. The complaint, which was filed in district court Saturday, charges that on Feb. 13 Sheehy swore out a warrant against her charging her with the theft of a watch, worth $24. She was arrested, confined in jail for a while, and upon her trial she was acquitted. She complains that the case was exploited in the papers to a considerable extent, and that this has damaged her reputation a good deal. She asks $5000 for the damages to her good name, $68 for expenses, and $200 for exemplary damages. Her attorneys are Baldwin & Baldwin.

Sheehy has made an answer to the suit, but it has not yet been filed. It is evident from this that he intends to fight it, and in order to fight it he will have to come back to Duluth from Superior, where it is said he is now making his residence.

MILLS BEGIN BUYING.

Again Taking Wheat Preparatory to Resuming Operations.

The first wheel in the mills of the United States Flour Milling company to turn since last fall will be moved next Monday, when the Freeman mill will be started up. The buying department of the company was opened on the Duluth board of trade this morning, with A. B. Black in charge. He had charge of it last year.

The mill will be operated under the receivership, and the season will be acted in a small way. There are no plans for the Imperial mill at the present time. It was stated this morning that the policy of the receivers will be to start up the small mills that can be run economically first, and then work up to as much of the company's capacity as the trade will stand. The stocks in the combine's mills are pretty low.

It was reported that the mills took about 20,000 bushels of wheat on the Duluth board this morning.

THE COMEDY DRAMA, ENTITLED
"MILDRED'S TRIUMPH"
Will be presented under the auspices of DULUTH HIVE, No. 1, L. O. T. M.,
At Turner Hall, Thursday Evening
April 26. Dancing after play. LaBrosse Orchestra. Tickets for play and dance, 50c.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup St. Funeehany printing, see R. P. Co. New hats, see them, at Swenson's. Kelly's dye works for sick clothes. The woman's auxiliary of the Y. M. C. A. will meet tomorrow at 4:30 p. m. after the Bible lecture by Mr. Patterson. Sailors and children's hats at Miss Swenson's.

The funeral of the late Mrs. J. F. McDonald held at 9 o'clock this morning from the cathedral was largely attended. The service was conducted by Rev. Father Colbetz. The interment was at Calvary cemetery.

A wolf bounty of $7 for a full-grown female wolf was issued by the county auditor this morning to J. D. Post, of the town of Kelsey.

There will be a civil service examination at the Duluth federal building on June 20, 1900, for positions in the customs service. All applicants must be in before May 22.

Carle Lovett has begun suit in district court against C. E. Lovett & Co. to recover $838.51, alleged to be due on two notes assigned to the plaintiff by the Marine National bank. Phileas Ayer is the attorney.

Second papers have been granted by the district court to Charles E. Anderson of Sweden.

Marriage licenses have been issued to Frank Carter and Hanna Peterson, Richard Hannan and Mary McMinn and to Henry Johnson and Mary Amelia Ducks.

The St. Croix Lumber company this morning filed a mortgage deed for $240,000 running to the Day Bros.' Lumber company, and covering a large amount of property in St. Louis and Lake counties. The property in Lake county is in 59-8, 9 and 10, and in 60-9, 10 and 11, and that in St. Louis county is in 61-17 and 15. The mortgage secures six notes of $40,000 each payable in from one to six years.

The Friday Herald

Is the one medium that never disappoints an advertiser, reaching as it does all the buying classes of Duluth. First advertising copy in gets best positions and runs in all editions same day of publication. Advertisers consult their own interests best whose advertising copy reaches this office early on Thursdays.

The Market Basket News

Is a feature of The Friday Herald that commends itself to all housekeepers.

The Saturday Herald

Is the Sunday paper in all the Iron Range towns, and has double the circulation of any other paper published at the head of the lakes.

Deerwood Fishing Rates.

The black bass season does not open in Minnesota until May 15, but for the benefit of parties owning cottages at Deerwood, who may wish to go in advance of the season, the Northern Pacific will this year commence the sale of cheap round trip tickets on May 1, as follows:

Saturday, to return Monday	$2 00
Friday, to return Monday	2 85
Every day, good for thirty days	3 80

City Ticket office, Spalding Hotel block.

When dizzy or drowsy take Beecham's pills

Everybody Has a Hobby—Ours is.....

SPRING OVERCOATS

We offer a magnificent Oxford Mixed Coat for

$10 and $12.

Exquisitely Tailored Full Silk Lined. Your choice of Oxford, Cambridge or Plain Black,

$18, $20, $25.

A Well Tailored Black Cheviot Coat for **$8.00.** Would like you to see it.

C. W. ERICSON,
CLOTHIER.

New Spring Hats. New Spring Furnishings. New Spring Shoes.

PERSONALS.

Mrs. Ray T. Lewis returned this morning from a four months' trip in the East.

W. B. Mitchell, of St. Cloud, resident director of the normal school in that city, is at the Spalding today.

C. D. Knapp, of St. Paul, is in the city.

A. F. Huber, of Minneapolis, is at the Spalding.

E. Richardson, of Saginaw, Mich., is in the city.

R. M. Weyerhaeuser, of Cloquet, was in the city last evening.

Robert Grebbling, of Milwaukee, was at the Spalding last evening.

M. D. Purdy, of Minneapolis, assistant United States district attorney, was at the Spalding last evening.

E. T. Abbott, of Minneapolis, was in the city last evening.

John T. Condon is in the city. He is now in the advertising business with headquarters in Minneapolis.

William Martin, of the Winnipeg grain exporting firm of Martin & Mitchell, is in the city.

Charles Boyles, of Chicago, who is with Albert Dickinson, the big flax merchant, is in the city.

A. H. Smith is in Minneapolis.

H. N. Barker, with the Buffalo grain firm of Kennedy & Co., has been in the city this week.

Mr. and Mrs. James R. Gooding, of St. Paul, are at the St. Louis today. They are on their bridal trip.

S. W. Huntington, one of the proprietors of the new department store which will open in the Metropolitan block, arrived in the city this morning from Minneapolis.

Mr. and Mrs. M. S. McMahon, of Two Harbors, are at the St. Louis.

B. J. Mosier, of Stillwater, is at the St. Louis.

Mr. and Mrs. B. E. Andrews, of Two Harbors, are at the St. Louis.

State Grain Inspector E. S. Reishus, of St. Paul, is in the city today.

Charles D. Rakestraw, of Washington, D. C., is at the St. Louis.

Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Kiley, of Grand Rapids, were at the St. Louis last evening.

Dr. Stuart Bates, of Virginia, is at the St. Louis.

H. M. Peyton and family have returned from their Western trip.

A. W. Rankin, inspector of graded schools, and George B. Aiton, inspector of high schools, were in the city last evening.

J. T. McEwan, of Powers' wholesale Dry Goods company, St. Paul, is in the city, and will be the guest at C. D. Pattinson's for several days.

ALABAMA DEMOCRATS.

Convention Is Harmonious---Will Endorse Bryan.

Montgomery, Ala., April 26.—The Democratic state convention assembled this morning and completed the state ticket. The ticket follows: For governor, W. J. Samford; secretary of state, Robert P. McDavid; attorney general, Charles G. Brown; superintendent of public education, J. W Abercrombie; treasurer, J Craig Smith; auditor, W. H. Matthews; commissioner of agriculture, R. B. Poole.

The convention was the most harmonious gathering ever known in Alabama. The electoral ticket and delegates to the national convention are yet to be elected. The platform will call for a constitutional convention and endorse Bryan.

Senator Morgan, Frank S. White, A. H. Merrill and R. J. Lowe were elected delegates-at-large to the Kansas City convention.

ARRIVALS AT 'FRISCO.

San Francisco, April 26.—The steamer City of Rio De Janeiro and the transport Sherman arrived here today, the former from Chinese and Japanese ports, via Honolulu, and the transport from Manilla via Nagasaki. Both vessels were ordered to quarantine.

INN BURNED.

New York, April 26.—The Gramatin inn, at Bronxville, a suburb of this city, was destroyed by fire today. The guests got out in safety and saved many of their personal effects. The loss is estimated at $150,000 and is partially covered by insurance.

SINGERS SAIL.

New York, April 26.—Maurice Grau and many members of his company sailed today on the French liner LaTouraine. They are enroute to London where the company will soon open in grand opera.

That Throbbing Headache

Would quickly leave you, if you used Dr. King's New Life Pills. Thousands of sufferers have proved their matchless merit for Sick and Nervous Headaches. They make pure blood and build up your health. Only 25 cents. Money back if not cured. Sold by W. A. Abbett, druggist.

The finest fast trains between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Omaha, both by day and night, run via the North-Western Line.

IN CONGRESS.

Loud Attacks Tawney For Moving Increase of Postal Clerks' Pay.

Washington, April 26.—Without preliminary business the house today resumed consideration of the postoffice appropriation bill.

Mr. Tawney moved to increase the salaries of 479 railway postal clerks, class five A, from $1300 to $1400.

Mr. Loud, chairman of the postoffice committee, opposed the amendment. He had read a postal card, received today, saying that the writer had received a letter from Mr. Tawney urging all railway postal clerks at once to write or wire their representatives in congress to vote to substitute the Tawney reclassification bill for the provision in the bill.

"I hope," said Mr. Loud, "that I will not be forced to go into this whole proposition. This is only part of the scheme, and I trust the gentlemen from Minnesota will not force me to disclose here the form of concerted attack which is being made on congress."

The amendment was adopted, 83 to 22.

Two hours were devoted to debate of the provisions appropriating $171,238 for special mail facilities from New York to Atlanta and New Orleans and $25,000 from Kansas City, Mo., to Newton, Kan. These appropriations for special mail facilities have been attacked annually.

Mr. Little opened the debate in opposition to them, reiterating the old arguments. He declared that they were relics of the most vicious system of legislation that ever invaded congress.

Mr. Underwood favored the appropriation for the Southern mail subsidy. All the boards of trade in the South, he claimed, had petitioned for a continuance of the appropriation.

Mr. Williams vigorously opposed appropriation. It was of no benefit to the people of the South, he said. It went into the pockets of a syndicate which resided partly in New York, partly in Great Britain and partly in Germany. He denominated it a "job," part of the scheme in which the pneumatic tube advocates were interested.

The people who supported one, he said, as a rule, would support the other. All these jobs, he declared, should be defeated.

DOINGS OF THE SENATE.

Has a Lively Debate on the Scott Case.

Washington, April 26.—A resolution introduced by Mr. Perkins, calling on the secretary of the treasury to send to the senate the imports by months and the rate of duty under the reciprocal agreement that went into effect in 1898, was adopted.

Mr. Pettus then addressed the senate in opposition to the resolution declaring that Nathan B. Scott is entitled to a seat as a senator from West Virginia. Mr. Pettus presented the minority report of the committee on privileges and elections in the Scott case, being the only member of the committee who declined to sign the majority report. In opening his discussion Mr. Pettus referred to a statement of Mr. Chandler in the Quay case to the effect that some votes were cast against Mr. Mantle in 1893 because he was a free silver man. He hoped the statement was not true, but if it was, those senators were unfit to act as judges in such a case and unworthy to hold seats in the senate.

"I desire," said he, "to speak to senators who can decide it fairly, upon their own judgment and not upon caprice and whim." He begged senators, therefore, to lay aside any personal considerations in this case and decide it upon its merits as a proposition of law.

Mr. Pettus then entered upon an argument in support of his position that Mr. Scott was not entitled to his seat, following closely the lines of his report.

After having been interrupted by Mr. McComas to correct a statement of fact, Mr. Pettus refused, with some heat, to permit an interruption by Mr. Spooner, who desired to ask a question.

"I shall not yield for debate on this question," said the Alabama senator. "It is not fair and it is not just for a senator to interrupt an argument for the purpose of seeing whether he can debate the question better than the man on the floor."

"I think," said Mr. Spooner, "it would have been courteous in the senator to have assumed that I desired simply to ask a question."

"Oh, no," returned Mr. Pettus, "it would not be. I have heard the senator debate positions after asking a question. I took a necessary precaution. I do not approve of this practice of interrupting arguments. I believe that a senator has a right to interrupt and to obtain information or to correct misstatements, as the senator from Maryland interrupted me, but this way of just bulging into the middle of an argument is excessively bad manners, even if it does so often occur in the United States senate." (Laughter.)

FIRES IN KITTSON.

Prairie Fires Are Raging---Man Reported Burned.

Stephen, Minn., April 26.—Extensive prairie fires have done much damage in Kittson county. Sweeping north and catching in the woods, the fire crossed the international line. In the country near Beaton, between thirty and forty houses were destroyed and many horses and cattle have died. A young man lost his life, it is reported, forty miles east of Stephen.

TROUBLES OF TEXAS.

Washouts Cripple Traffic---Brazo River Is Rising.

Dallas, Texas, April 26.—Railroad traffic is again badly interrupted by washouts. The Brazos river is rising and crops in the low lands are in a deplorable condition. A wind storm last night did much damage near Ennis.

STRIKE IN DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., April 26.—One hundred and fifty job pressmen, feeders and assistants, who are members of a newly organized local union branch, went on strike today in an endeavor to unionize Detroit and obtain a uniform scale for job press work. The employing printers declined to make the wages uniform.

MRS. ADAMS ACQUITTED.

Cincinnati, April 26.—Mrs. Jessie Adams was today acquitted of the charge of murder. She recently killed her husband here in the presence of their two children and of the sister of Mrs. Adams. The evidence showed that Mrs. Adams had suffered from cruel treatment and was acting in self-defense.

CHOOSE DETROIT.

Boston, April 26.—The National Manufacturers' association has voted to hold its next convention at Detroit, Mich.

JUST PLAIN DRUNKS.

Niagara alls, Ont., April 26.—It is now positively stated here that the men charged with dynamiting the canal locks at Welland were from one of the islands in the river, and were using dynamite for fishing purposes and, while under the influence of liquor, decided to try the same method for fish in the canal.

BABY'S BIRTH

Is looked forward to with expectations of joy and gladness. The ordeal of bringing the little one into the world, however, is a critical one for the mother-to-be, and her anticipations of the coming event are shadowed with gloom. Half the pain and all the danger of child-birth can be entirely avoided by the use of "MOTHER'S FRIEND," a scientific liniment of priceless value to all women. Sold by all druggists at one dollar per bottle.

A booklet, giving all details, will be sent free by Bradfield Regulator Company, Atlanta, Ga.

MOTHER'S FRIEND

Complete Real Estate and Rental Directory In these Columns Saturday

POLITICAL OUTLOOK

(Continued From Page 1.)

000 for the Republican national ticket. It is estimated now that the Republican vote will be greatly reduced, but there is no hope for carrying it for the Democratic ticket even should former Governor Pattison of that state be nominated for the vice presidency at Kansas City.

It is hard to tell just at this time what the state of Maryland will do this year. The Republicans admit that if former Senator Gorman is true to Bryan it will surprise few of the wiser politicians if that state again swings into the Democratic column in November. The supposition now is that Gorman will be fair in every respect and, if Brayn is selected at Kansas City, as it is now considered he is certain to be, that Mr. Gorman, conceded to be one of the cleverest politicians in America, will not only assist the Bryan cause in his own state, but will do everything possible elsewhere in the Nebraskan's interest. Mr. Gorman, as I have before stated, is anxious to return to the United States senate. He is after the seat now occupied by Mr. Wellington, who only a few days ago announced that he could not conscientiously support Maj. McKinley for re-election. It is certain that Wellington has some influence in his state. It is a certainty, too, that he means to direct it so as to prevent the state from going for McKinley this fall.

So far as other Eastern states are concerned, it is utterly fruitless to attempt to forecast the outcome at the polls in November. It is believed that West Virginia will give Bryan a big majority and it is also thought that Michigan may swing into the Democratic column, Ohio, of course, will be for McKinley. Indiana, always a pivotal state, will probably give a large majority this fall to the Democrats. If the states above mentioned go Democratic in November, William Jennings Bryan will succeed William McKinley as president of the United States.

* * *

Frank Duquette, Sr., has been appointed postmaster at Kerrick, Pine county, vice Peter Norrell, Jr., removed.

* * *

The following pensions have been granted: Original—Frederick W. Harris, Tower, $6. Renewal and reissue—Anthony Nolan, Brainerd, $8. Increase—David Whitcomb, Elk River, from $6 to $8.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

West Duluth

About the warmest thing in the sporting line that has occurred here for some time is a dog fight that took place not very far from the old brick yard. It was pulled off several days ago, but the sports who were present have not been talking about it much, and it only recently leaked out. Two canines that are well known among West Duluth dog fanciers were the contestants for honors. Each was regarded by a large number of sports as being about the most complete thing in fighting dog flesh out, and great interest was taken in the event, and considerable money changed hands on the result.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS

Rev. J. O. Anderson, of the Methodist church, will be the principal speaker at the Christian citizenship meeting at the Mission church Sunday.

The funeral of Annie Carlson, the 6-year-old daughter of John Carlson, who died Sunday from burns received at a bonfire, took place yesterday afternoon from the Second Methodist church. Interment was at Oneota cemetery.

The infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Gus Nelson, of Fifty-sixth avenue west and Ramsey street, died Tuesday night of brain fever.

ARMY OFFICERS COMPLAIN.

They Object to Taking Government Quarters In Havana.

Havana, April 26.—The army officers here complain bitterly of having to take government quarters instead of the commutation, which has heretofore been allowed. This is particularly the case with married officers, the majority of whom prefer keeping their families in the United States during the summer months. They say that under the existing law junion officers and others having large families must perforce keep them in Cuba. The construction of the houses here will also compel several families to keep one general mess, which is also much disliked.

A. C. Frye, superintendent of schools, returned here yesterday. He says all arrangements for taking the Cuban teachers to Harvard have been completed. The government will furnish five transports. Quarters have been offered the women teachers at Cambridge and the men will be boarded at the various halls. The teachers will be taken to New York, Boston, Niagara and probably Chicago, all without expense to themselves.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHOEA. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

In the Morning

at noon, and at night—all the year 'round—you need

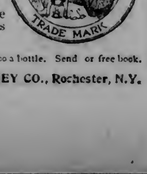
Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey.

A veritable elixir of life.

Soothing and invigorating, it vitalizes and strengthens the entire system. Recuperates failing mental powers, and adds new life and energy to the overworked body. Unlike other whiskeys, all deleterious substances—including fusel oil—are entirely eliminated.

Over 7,000 physicians prescribe it in their daily practice.

See that you get the genuine. Substitutes are injurious.



All druggists and grocers, $1.00 a bottle. Send or free book.

DUFFY MALT WHISKEY CO., Rochester, N.Y.

MARINE NEWS.

Grain Rate From Duluth Dull at Three and One-Half Cents.

The grain rate was dull at 3½ cents today. Though no charters were reported at that rate, it is nominally the going rate, and charters for a few days, if any are made, will probably be at that rate. It is still a little early for ore business, and it is expected that when the boats begin to take up their ore contracts, which will be after the first trips of most of them, the grain rate will stiffen up again slightly.

FREIGHT HANDLERS STRIKE.

The freight handlers employed by Contractors Donahue and Gallagher at the St. Paul & Duluth sheds, quit work yesterday to enforce their demands for a raise in wages. This morning, the demand not having been granted, new men were taken on, and work will proceed as usual when the package freight boats that are expected to arrive get in. No trouble in handling the boats is expected.

The men were started in at $2 per day and 25 cents for overtime. Last year the wages were $1.75 and 25 cents for overtime, but at the close of the season they were advanced to $2 and 25 cents. Yesterday they asked for 25 cents an hour, or $2.50 for a day of ten hours, and 35 cents for overtime. It was not granted, and the contractors say that the advance they have already granted is as far as they will go this year, at least at present.

THE TUG LINES.

The tugs Zenith and Superior, of the Union Towing and Wrecking company, arrived this afternoon from Marquette, where they spent the winter, and they will immediately join the fleet of the Union company to take care of the incoming boats. The Zenith and Superior were out last fall after the last whaleback 115, and had to winter at Marquette.

The Maytham Towing and Wrecking company started in business yesterday afternoon with two chartered tugs, the Crosby and Tom Dowling, which handled two of yesterday afternoon's arrivals, the Scranton and Lansing. The new tug company is already assured of business enough to keep it busy, it is said. The Maytham and Drake fleet, which will patronize the independent company, is a large one, and there are a number of other lines that are not tied up to the combine.

THE OLIVER DISABLED.

Washburn, Wis., April 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Oliver encountered a heavy field of ice off Caribou island yesterday and broke one blade off her wheel. The repairs delayed the boat about four hours.

FIRST BOATS AT PORT ARTHUR.

Port Arthur, April 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—The first arrivals are the Carnegie from Buffalo, the Dixon from Duluth and the St. Andrews from Midland.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., April 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Roby, Maunaloa, Mais, 11 last night; Marista, Magna, 1 a. m.; Corallia, 7; Lagonda, Rees, 7:40; Boston, 9; Continental, Holland, Maricopa, Maida, 10; Mohawk, 9:40. Down: Maton, Marcia, midnight; Frontenac, Aurania, 11.

Up yesterday: Macy, Wilson, 1:30 p. m.; Rhodes, Adams, 2; Troy, 3:20; Choctaw, Andaste, 4:30; Malietoa, Manilla, 9. Down: Hoyt, noon; Republic, 2:30 p. m.; Ralph, 5:30; Pontiac, 8.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., April 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Orinoco, 10 last night; Weston and barges, 2:40 a. m.; Whitney, 2:50; Victoria, Constitution, 6:30; Sawyer, Redfern, Tuxbury, 6:40; Shenandoah, Matanzas, 8:15; Rees, 9:40; Ericsson, 10:10.

PASSED DETOUR.

Detour, Mich., April 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Lagonda, 8 last night; Rees, 9:30; Continental and consort, 2:20 a. m.; Mohawk, 6:30; Huron, 6:40; Drake and consort, 7:20. Clear; calm.

NEW ORE DOCK.

Port Arthur, April 26.—Daniel McGillvray, of Port Arthur, has been awarded the contract for building Clergue's ore dock at Montlipcoten. This dock will be the terminus of the Algoma Central railroad, which will haul the iron ore from the Helen mine.

GAS BUOY GONE.

The keeper of the Fort Gratiot range lights reports that the ice came back into the river Monday night and carried away the gas buoy from head of shoal off Black river, Port Huron. The buoy will be replaced as soon as possible.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—City of Bangor, Buffalo, light for grain; Moore, Waldo, Lake Erie, coal, Bon Ami, Lake Superior, pass and mdse; Admiral, Lake Erie, light.

Departed—City of Naples, Nicholas, Bangor, Buffalo, grain; Northern Light, Buffalo, flour; Bon Voyage, Hancock, pass and mdse; Palmer Lake Erie, ore.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: Saale, from Bremen.

New York—Arrived: Laurentian from Glasgow.

Liverpool—Arrived: Pomeranian from Portland; Snehem from Boston.

MASON ON DECK

Introduces Resolution to Deliver Cuba to the Cubans July 4.

Washington, April 26.—Senator Mason today introduced a joint resolution in the senate requesting the president to withdraw the forces of the United States from Cuba, so as to turn the government of that island over to the Cubans by the 4th of next July.

The resolution is preceded by a preamble setting forth that at entering upon the war with Spain the United States disclaimed any disposition or intention to exercise sovereignty over the island; that the United States is under treaty obligation to give independence to the Cuban people; that the continuance of the United States in possession of the island has excited the attention of the world, and it is exciting the apprehension of the people of Cuba; that under the Monroe doctrine the island is safe from foreign invasion; that the Cubans have shown a disposition to make their best efforts to govern themselves, and can undoubtedly do so without endangering life or property, and that the United States has done all that could be expected of it.

The full text of the resolution follows:

"That the president of the United States is hereby requested to withdraw the forces of the United States as rapidly as may be done with convenience and safety, and that on July 4, 1900, all civil and military power of the United States be turned over and surrendered to the people of the island of Cuba.

BUNDY INDICTED.

Elmira, N. Y., April 26.—Frank E. Bundy, ex-city chamberlain, and the defeated candidate for mayor on the Democratic ticket in the city election, has been indicted for grand larceny in the first degree and embezzlement and falsifying the city books. Bundy's bail has been increased from $10,000 to $20,000. It is thought that the report of the expert accountants now examining his books will show a shortage of about $100,000.

The train of fame that embodies the newest and best ideas for comfort, convenience and luxury is the Chicago Fast Mail over "The North-Western Line."

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

HARRIS BROS.,

Real Estate,

711-712 PALLADIO.

If you want an elegant home on East First Street, come and see us.

TWO REAL ESTATE BARGAINS—

$1250 Will buy an eight (8) room house in good condition, with corner lot (50x75) five blocks from Postoffice. Terms less than one-third cash. This house alone is worth $2000.

$275 Will buy lot (50x140) on Ninth street, near lake avenue.

A. W. TAUSSIG & CO.
412 Providence Bldg.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE
By T. G. Vaughan.

Lot on Fourth street, near Lake avenue, for $2200.

Lot on Third street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues east, $2000.

50x140 foot lot on Michigan street and Twenty-eighth avenue west, $1000. This is a BARGAIN.

Modern house in East End at a bargain.

Houses and lots in all parts of the city at late prices.

T. G. VAUGHAN
401 Lonsdale Bldg.

MEDICAL.

Dr. Le Due's From Paris. Positively warranted to cure the most stubborn cases of GENUINE FRENCH Monthly Stoppages, Irregularities, Obstructions and Suppression. **Female Regulator** a package or three for $5. Refuse substitutes. Sent anywhere prepaid on receipt of price and guaranteed by THE KIDD DRUG COMPANY, Elgin, Ill. Retail and wholesale by S. E. Boyce and Max Wirth, Druggists, Duluth, Nygren's Drug Store, West Duluth, Minn.

PLUMBING, HEATING AND GAS FITTING

THOMPSON-WAUGH COMPANY, 230 West First street.

PALMIST.

M. ROSCOE, PALMIST AND CLAIRvoyant. 704 East Second.

MISCELLANEOUS.

STENOGRAPHY OR TYPEWRITING AT 313 Lyceum building. 'Phone 657. Prompt service.

CLOTHES CLEANED.

J. F. MILLER—CLOTHES CLEANED, dyed and repaired on short notice. Goods called for free of charge. 110 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn. Telephone 570.

TO EXCHANGE.

WANT TO TRADE—COMBINATION tandem for ladies' single wheels. Address "Tandem," care Herald.

WANTED—TO BUY.

Second Handed Logging Horses

Barrett & Zimmerman, Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul, will buy your second-handed Logging Horses.

CONSOLIDATED IRON MINES STOCK. A. R. Macfarlane & Co.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED—SITUATION BY BLACKsmith of 25 years' experience, in town or county. Address T 87, Herald.

WANTED—A PLACE TO WORK MORNings and evenings, by a young reliable man. T 62, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION BY YOUNG man 18 years of age, where he can work for his board and go to business college. Address D 92, Herald.

DRESSMAKER OF LONG EXPERIence desires sewing in family. Perfect fit guaranteed; the best of reference given. 32 East Second street.

WANTED — BY MARRIED LADY place in hotel or boarding house to work for husband's board. Address A 55, Herald.

WANTED—SEWING BY DRESSMAKer stylish, rapid, in families; good fitter; Best of references. Address 32 East Second street, in rear.

WANTED—A POSITION AS DINING room girl. Have had experience. Prefer to go to Hibbing. Address Anna Tomek, Willow River, Pine county, Minn.

WANTED—SITUATION BY A YOUNG man 23 years of age, a place as a gardener, six years' experience in Denmark. Will do small jobs fixing up gardens and lawns, 118 Twenty-first avenue west.

WANTED — HOUSECLEANING, OR stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 23 First avenue east. Work guaranteed.

EXPERIENCED BOOKKEEPER DEsires situation. P. O. box, 258, City.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

TO RENT.

2 Large Brick Stores

Two stories and basement, East Superior street near Fourth avenue. $40.00 a month each.

A. R. Macfarlane & Co.
112 Exchange Bldg., Duluth.

$16,000
Buys improved property, paying 7 per cent net.

$7000
Buys improved property, paying 8 per cent net.

$8000
Buys improved property, paying 7 per cent net.

All Centrally Located and Improvements in Good Condition.

WANTED TO BUY—
A Fine Residence in East End.

APPLY TO

Eckstein & Bennett,
Fire Insurance, Real Estate and First Mortgage Loans.
Suite No. 200 Chamber of Commerce
Duluth, Minn.

$1200 Buys 11-room dwelling, lot 25x140 feet, in the best location on Garfield avenue; will rent for $20 per month.

$1200 Buys good 9-room dwelling with stone foundation, lot 25x85 feet, between First and Second streets, near Eighteenth avenue west.

$600 Buys 6-room dwelling in good condition, lot 25x125 feet, on Eighth street, near Twenty-first avenue west.

$1000 Buys a lot 50x140 feet on Second street, near Twenty-eighth avenue west. This is one of the finest lots and best bargains at the West End.

$500 Buys 75x140 feet on upper side Eighth street, between First and Second avenues west. This is a good bargain.

I will sell fifteen buildings located on Duluth Heights at terms and prices within the reach of anyone wanting to secure a comfortable home.

As an example I will give the price and terms on one house and lot as follows:

$450 for a five-room cottage, excellently laid out, well built, plastered, in splendid condition, on improved street; $50 cash down, balance $8 per month at 6 per cent interest.

ALFRED KJELLIN, Agent,
306 Burrows Block.

$3500 For 50-ft lot near Eleventh avenue west; double frontage, Superior and Michigan streets; two houses, monthly rent $40; will make business property. This is cheap; dropped from $11,000.

D. W. SCOTT, 10 Manhattan Building.

Real Estate and Loans

Stocks bought and sold; also deal in Commercial Paper. Rental Agency for resident and non-resident property-owners

Thos. P. Brown,
No. 716 Torrey building.

Established 1886. **J. C. Mishler,** Established 1886.

$2500 For No. 318, Nineteenth avenue west; good 8-room house; cement cellar; spring in cellar; pump in kitchen; electric light; large barn. Lot 50x80 feet. This is good property; improvements cost more than price asked.

$2250 For No. 1901 West Fourth street; 9-room house; small barn; water in house. Lot 40x150 feet; suitable for two families.

To Lumbermen:
A Klondyke for You.

For the next 30 days by buying one-half section or section of prairie land, where you can work your horses all summer and make good wages with them. Soil two feet as black as ink. Crop payment plan or cash. Look this up if you want to make money. Call on "BRIGHAM, THE LAND MAN," 12 Fifth avenue West, Duluth, Minn. Cheap fare to these lands.

For Rent!

Fine store room, Fourth Street and First Avenue West. Water furnished, rent reasonable.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.,
103 HERALD BLDG.

HOUSE AND FULL LOT, MARTIN'S Division, cheap. This house is near the new sawmill site. Crosby & Martindale, 106 Providence building.

FOR SALE—160 ACRES FARMING land, 2½ miles from thriving town of Nebagamon, Wis.; 10 acres cleared; house; plenty hardwood and good water. C 38, Herald.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

Furniture Moved and Stored....

We have experienced men, competent packers and best storage house in the city and are responsible for all breakages. Call or telephone us at 410 W. Superior street. Telephone No. 190.

DULUTH FUEL AND TRANSFER CO.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1513 Jefferson street.

A GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; family of three; best wages. Apply Mrs. A. H. Comstock, 1717 East First street.

WANTED—GOOD COOK AT ONCE; small family; highest wages. 405 East Third street.

WANTED—YOUNG NURSE GIRL. MRS. W. E. Van Houten, 430 East Fourth street.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. $18 per month. 328 Thirteenth avenue east.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; must be good cook; $20 per month; no washing. 1116 East First street.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework and cooking. Call mornings, 40 East Main street, corner Fifty-third avenue west, West Duluth.

WANTED—GIRL AS WAITRESS IN restaurant. 610 West Superior street. Saddle Rock restaurant.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 101 East Fourth street.

WANTED—TWO GIRLS, ONE FOR general housework and one for dining room. Apply at 21 East Third street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Inquire at 1424 East First street.

WANTED—COOK AT 220 WEST THIRD street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR KITCHEN work. 627 West Superior street.

SEWING GIRLS WANTED AT MISS Lingard's, 19 Phoenix block.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply at 2014 East First street.

WANTED—GOOD COOK IN PRIVATE family; good wages. Two girls kept. Apply 501 West Second street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; family of four. Mrs. Johnston, 121 West Fourth street.

WANTED—TWO DINING ROOM GIRLS. Palmer house, 108 West First street.

WANTED — STENOGRAPHER AND typewriter, who can translate German. Good position to competent person. Apply J. D. Zeln, 411 West Michigan street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; two in family; wages $18. 2020 East Superior street.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework and cooking. Call mornings. Mrs. M. Kastriner, 40 East Main street, corner Fifty-third avenue west, West Duluth.

WANTED—KITCHEN GIRL FOR RESTaurant. Enquire U. S. block, suite 1.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. 1016 East First street.

WANTED—A GOOD SERVANT GIRL at 210 West Third street. Must be a good cook.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED COOK. Apply 1801 East Superior street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 2005 West Third.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 315 East Second street.

WANTED—COMPETENT COOK. 1431 East Superior street.

WANTED—TWO GIRLS AT ONCE. 1306 East Second street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—AN ERRAND BOY, 15 TO 16 years old. Apply to C. H. Thornton & Co., 21 and 23 First avenue west.

THREE FIRST-CLASS COAT MAKERS, positively the highest prices paid in the state for best work. Mies.

FOUR FIRST-CLASS COAT MAKERS, positively the highest prices paid in the state for best work. Mies.

SIX COAT MAKERS AND PANTS MAKers. N. J. Thorpe, Cloquet, Minn.

WANTED—SIX CARPENTERS. BEST wages and steady work all summer for good men. James Quinn, Virginia, Minn.

WANTED—COAT-MAKER. JANZIG. Hunter block.

WANTED—A FEW INTELLIGENT AND energetic men to canvass and collect. References required. Apply room 305 Burrows building.

WANTED—FOUR COAT MAKERS AND two pants makers. J. S. Lane.

Business Men

supplied with competent stenographers and accountants free of charge. Apply to W. C. McCarter, Business University. 'Phone 710.

CARPET CLEANING.

CARPETS CLEANED, REFITTED AND relaid. O. H. Stenberg, 10 East Superior street.

PERSONAL.

LADIES' FREE HARMLESS MONTHLY Regulator cannot fail. Mrs. B. Rowan, Milwaukee, Wis.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. SCHIFFMAN. TOP FLOOR BURrows b'l'd'g. Best work. Moderate prices.

PROFESSIONAL.

HAIR, MOLES AND WARTS REmoved, Germicide guaranteed for dandruff and falling hair. Corns removed without pain. Mme. Boyd, 218 W. Sup. St.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—ONE HOUSE, ASHTABUla terrace. Enquire R. T. Lewis, 303 Lonsdale.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED BASEMENT, suitable for housekeeping. 322 West Third street.

FOR RENT—4-ROOM HOUSE, REAR OF 121 East Fifth street. Apply to O. N. Lundberg, 223 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—1120 EAST THIRD STREET R. M. Newport & Son, 302 Lonsdale building.

FOR RENT—BEAUTIFUL NINE ROOM house, $45; four room basement flat, $12. 205 Lyceum.

AFTER MAY 1, CHEAP, 315 WEST Fourth street. Inquire 302 Torrey bldg.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Crosby & Martindale, 106 Providence building.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT—TWO NICELY FURnished front rooms; prefers to rent without board. However, will board desirable parties. No. 221 East Third street.

FOR RENT—TWO LARGE FRONT rooms. Call 525 East Seventh street.

FOR RENT—LARGE ROOM WITH ALcove, and one single room; unfurnished if preferred. Modern. Gentlemen preferred. T 69, Herald.

FOR RENT—TWO ROOMS $4, AND four rooms $6. Inquire 708 East Second street.

FOUR ROOMS, UNFURNISHED, SUITable for light housekeeping. Apply 15 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—5-ROOM MODERN FLAT. Volk, Palladio building.

FURNISHED 5-ROOM FLAT FROM May 1 to September 1. Call between 7 and 8 p. m., 524 Fourth avenue east.

FOR RENT—FLATS IN MUNGER TERrace. Newport & Son, 302 Lonsdale building.

FOR RENT—STORES.

FOR RENT—MAY 1, ONE HALF STORE 12 by 80 feet, at 505 West Superior street. Inquire at 313 West Superior street.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—FURNISHED ROOM FOR man and wife, modern conveniences. D 89, Herald.

HOUSE OR FLAT OF FOUR OR FIVE rooms, centrally located. Address B 56, Herald.

OFFERED—ROOMS AND BOARD.

WANTED—A COUPLE TO ROOM AND board; central location. S 50, Herald.

LARGE FRONT ROOM WITH BOARD. 130 Sixth avenue west.

LOST.

STRAYED—TUESDAY, APRIL 24TH, from my barn, 19 West First street, span of bay horses, about 1100 weight each. Liberal reward for information or return. F. J. Catlin.

LOST—MONDAY EVENING, APRIL 16, between Tenth avenue east and First street and Lyceum theater, black feather fan with tortoise trimmings. Finder will be rewarded for returning to 1012 East First street.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—ONE FOLDING BED, ONE velvet rug 12 by 12, one ice chest, all nearly new. 706 West Third street. Call Friday.

FOR SALE—ATLAS OF SUPERIOR, good as new and large wall map of Duluth. 513 Burrows building.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD OF FRESH milch cows. St. Paul & Duluth stock yards, Lake avenue, April 29 for two days. Ernest Miller.

FINE SQUARE PIANO FOR SALE. 5 Twelfth avenue east.

FOR SALE—TWO TEAMS, AT 1127 West Michigan street.

FOR SALE CHEAP—BUREAU, DRESSer, center table, rocking chair, bed and all kinds of household goods, at 306 West Fifth street. Call from 3 to 6:30 p. m.

WANTED—OFFER ON ALL OR PART of 2000 shares stock of Golden Star mine. "Miner," Herald.

FOR SALE—FIRST-CLASS ZENITH range, cheap. 311 Second avenue west.

FOR SALE.

Twenty-two spans of heavy Work Horses and Harness. Apply

Robert Whiteside,
216 W. Superior St., Room 110.

FOR SALE—FOUR CHAMBER SUITES, $12.50 to $15. Call at office, 10 East Superior street, upstairs.

FOR SALE—A WELL ESTABLISHED good paying grocery business in one of the best towns in St. Louis county. Will take about $5000. Business will pay 50 per cent on investment. Terms cash. Address A 54, Herald.

FOR SALE—A HIGH GRADE GENTS' wheel in A1 condition, cheap; also a three burner gas plate and oven. S. A. Craft 322 West Third street.

HORSE, HARNESS AND BLANKET, $100. 320 West Third street.

FOR SALE—SIX HORSES. 20 WEST First street, R. W. Ramsey.

HORSES! HORSES!

Barrett & Zimmerman, Minnesota Transfer, Minn., have from 300 to 500 head of horses always on hand, consisting of drafters, farm horses, drivers and general purpose horses, mules and Western horses. Auction every Wednesday. Private sales daily.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD OF FRESH milch cows just received; will trade for fat cattle. 229 Fourth avenue east. I. L. Levine.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE BEST-PAYing job printing offices in West Superior. For particulars, address box 156, West Superior, Wis.

WATCH REPAIRING.

A SPECIALTY. M. HENRICKSEN, expert watchmaker, 334 W. Sup. St.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST WORK at Vanderberg's, 214 West Superior St.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD

FINANCIAL.

MONEY TO LOAN IN SMALL amounts. Private party. No publicity. D 94, Herald.

MONEY LOANED ON PIANOS, FURNIture, horses and all kinds of personal property, 316 Palladio building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAmonds, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., 324 W. Sup. street. Established 1893.

MONEY LOANED ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN. ANY AMOUNT. We buy Consolidated stock. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

APPLICATION FOR MORTGAGE LOANS wanted. J. Q. A. Crosby, 210 Palladio.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 73, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 8:00. Next meeting April 30, 1900. Work, First degree. S. O. Sterrett, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting May 14, 1900. Work, Second degree. Robert Graham, W. M.; H. A. Hall, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 30, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evening of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting May 2, 1900. Work, M. M. P. M. & M. E. M. degree. Henry D. Gee, H. P.; W. G. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8:00 p. m. Next conclave May 1, 1900. Work, election of officers. J. T. Armstead, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheaux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO. 105. Meets every Thursday in Hunter block, third floor, West Superior street. F. W. Dryer, M. W.; W. J. Stephens, recorder; John C. Walker, financier, residence 810 East Seventh street; H. S. Mills, receiver.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp No. 2206. Meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. F. A. Noble, V. C.; P. H. Levy, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. H. P. Curren, Com.; B. K. Walker, R. K.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, NO. 35, K. P.—Meets Tuesday, April 24, at 8 p. m. at Castle hall, 118 West Superior street. J. B. Gibson, C. C.; H. W. Krause, K. R. S.

I. O. O. F.

ZENITH CITY LODGE NO. 160, I. O. O. F.—Meets Tuesday evening, April 24, 8 p. m. Work, First degree, in Columbia hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. Felix Lambert, N. G.; W. H. Leonard, secretary.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS, Court Eastern Star No. 86. Meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m., at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. E. O. Olund, Chief Ranger.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, 328 ST. CROIX AVENUE. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

HOUSE-MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

Cheap Excursion.

On May 1, I will run a cheap excursion to all points in Western Canada, where you can get 160 acres of the choicest farming lands free. For particulars, apply to

J. H. M. PARKER,
Canadian Government Agent,
Room 316 Palladio Building,
Duluth, Minn.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

7:45 a.m.	Lv..... Duluth ..... Ar	3:35 p.m.
8:20 a.m.	Ar..... Proctor Lv	3:05 p.m.
10:07 a.m.	Ar..Iron Junction..Lv	1:18 p.m.
10:15 a.m.	Ar..... Wolf Lv	1:10 p.m.
10:30 a.m.	Ar..... Virginia Lv	12:55 p.m.
10:24 a.m.	Ar..... Eveleth Lv	1:02 p.m.
10:48 a.m.	Ar..... Sparta Lv	12:39 p.m.
11:12 a.m.	Ar..... Biwabik Lv	12:17 p.m.
10:35 a.m.	Ar..... Mt. Iron Lv	12:35 p.m.
10:50 a.m.	Ar..... Hibbing Lv	12:35 p.m.

Daily except Sunday. J. B. HANSON, General Passenger Agent.

DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

3:15 p.m.	Lv..... Duluth ..... Ar	12:00 m.
7:15 p.m.	Ar..... Virginia Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:40 p.m.	Ar..... Eveleth Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:50 p.m.	Ar..... Ely Lv	7:19 a.m.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

Leave Duluth.		Arrive Duluth
†1 45 pm	ST. PAUL	†1 40 pm
*11 15 pm	... AND MINNEAPOLIS ...	*7 00 am

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.

*7 55 am	Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana and Coast Points, Swan River, Hibbing and Int Points	*6 45 pm
†3 05 pm		†11 50 am

Sleeper for 12:15 p. m. Train after 9 p. m. Train can be occupied at any time J. G. MOONEY, Nor. Pass. Agent.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth.	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**8:25 am	St. Paul, Mpls.	**9:05 pm
*4:30 pm	...Twilight Limited...	*9:55 pm
*5:10 pm	Chicago Milwaukee,	*10:30 am
*5:10 pm	Appleton,	*10:30 am
*5:10 pm	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*10:30 am
*5:10 pm	FAST MAIL	*10:30 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

ST. PAUL & DULUTH R. R.
Union Depot. *Daily. †Ex. Sunday.

Lv.	TRAINS FOR	Ar.
†9 00 am	ST. PAUL AND	†1 40 pm
*11 55 pm	MINNEAPOLIS	*7 00 pm

DULUTH, SOUTH SHORE & ATLANTIC RAILWAY,
and Spalding Hotel Block—Union Depot.

Leave	**Ex. Saturday. *Ex. Sunday.	Arrive
**6 00 p. m.	BOSTON LIMITED	**9 25 a. m.
* 6 [illegible] a. m.	EXPRESS	* 7 [illegible] p. m.

Boy's Dept. TAKE ELEVATOR. Second Floor.

Boys, Play Ball!

Free! Free!!

The following suitable and practical gifts are given away free with purchases in our BOYS' DEPARTMENT—

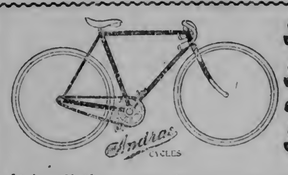
Balls and Bats,
Catcher's Mitts,
Catcher's Masks,
Jack Knives,
—The kind with the Chain.

We are showing this Spring the best stock of

Boys' Clothing...

ever shown in any store in the Northwest.

M. S. BURROWS.



SAINTS, SINNERS OR SHRINERS..

It is all the same to us: we recommend the **ANDRAE** bicycles to all alike because we known they will last more years, and give better satisfaction than any other bicycle made. Call at the center of Duluth's cycling world and we will be pleased to show you our line of wheels.

We handle the
ANDRAE ..... $30, $40, $50 and $60
SNELL ..... $35, $40 and $50
ARLINGTON $25

The most reliable and complete line of Sundries in the city.
We rent wheels and do repairing.

BOHM & LING, 321 West First Street.

Northwestern Benevolent Society,

Lonsdale Building, Duluth, Minn.

Claims paid to members over $270,000.

Insures Against Accident, Sickness and Death.

Agents Wanted in Wisconsin and Minnesota.

Men's Shoes.

This department is growing like a boy's snowball rolled along on a damp day.

Up-to-date shapes in all standard shades. Prices range from

$1.50 to $5

Outing days will soon be here. You may have to walk home. WE CAN FIX YOU IN SHOES.

C. W. ERICSON,
CLOTHIER.

What Do We Do?

First-class moving, storing and packing of household goods and pianos. Move in padded and covered vans. Employ competent and experienced workmen. Make a specialty of moving safes and machinery. Estimates free. Try us and see, for satisfaction we guarantee.

The People's Moving and Storage Co.,
HERMAN RUMPEL, Mgr.
Office—210 West Superior Street. Phone 601 Zenith Duluth.

Buy Wall Paper, Wall Mouldings and Stuffs of

H. A. HALL & CO.
DECORATORS,
Telephone 534. 16 East Superior St

REDUCED TO ASHES

The Town of Hull In Quebec Completely Destroyed By Fire.

SPREAD TO OTTAWA

Two Hundred Houses In the Canadian Capital Are In Flames.

Montreal, April 26.—A special from Ottawa says that a terrible fire has broken out in Hull, Quebec, across the river from Ottawa. The fire started in a mill, and the flames blew across the Ottawa river, and the Victoria and Burrows wharves caught. In Hull 100 houses are already burned, and more are burning.

The buildings of the Eddy company, manufacturers of paper and matches, in Ottawa are in flames.

A special train with two fire engines has left here for Ottawa. Telegraphic communication with Ottawa has failed. The last report said it was feared the lumber mills and that part of Ottawa known as the flats would be burned.

Dispatches received here say that about 1 o'clock the fire jumped the Ottawa river, after reducing Hull to ashes, taking possession of Victoria island, on which are situated the Carbine works, the Hull Lumber company's mills, the Street Electric and Incandescent Electric company's power houses and numerous smaller concerns. The fire spread rapidly on both sides of the river, there being no lack of inflammable material. The Grey nuns' convent and the central fire station at Hull have been burned.

The Hull mills and 500 houses are on fire in the western portion of Ottawa. It is said that the supreme court at the corner of parliament hill is on fire, as are the Canadian Pacific sheds. The Canadian Pacific station is in danger.

Hull is reported to be almost destroyed and the fire has secured such a hold in Ottawa that hundreds of men have been called out. It is feared that the fire can only be checked by the use of dynamite.

The loss will reach hundreds of thousands of dollars. The militia have been ordered to be ready at a moment's notice.

ON THE OTTAWA SIDE.

St. Paul, April 26.—A Winnipeg special to the Dispatch says: The fire that started at Hull, Ont., at 11 a. m., is still unsubdued. A high wind is blowing and the fire is spreading. It has blazed a path about a mile and a half in length. Brompson's wharf, on the Ottawa side of the river, is on fire. Homeless people in Hull are in the cathedral praying. The The fire on the Ottawa side threatens to devastate the milling district. The Eddy mills, Booth's mills, Mackay's mills and scores of others are on fire, and the safety of Ottawa is threatened. Buildings are being blown up by dynamite to check the spread of the fire. Members of parliament are packing their trunks ready to escape.

LEARNED SOMETHING IN DULUTH.

Chicago Whisky Drummer Gets the Frozen Face.

A drummer representing a big Chicago whisky house struck Duluth three days ago. He believes in what he sells, and has been locked up twice during his short stay, forfeiting bail under assumed names. Last night, feeling that life was more tedious than a twice told tale, he visited a place where there was plenty of vaudeville. According to the story he told the police today a little spirituelle soubrette entered the stage from the left center and he became sentimental. She was passing fair and her hair would have looked natural except for the dark shadows at the roots. She sang, or rather it is claimed that she sang, "I'd Leave My Happy Home For You," and, according to the booze drummer, she looked right at him while she was singing it. He applauded long and looked lovingly.

After her act the soubrette sat beside her admirer and he was joyful. He intimated that he had a large bunch of money he would like to gaite. The fair songstress and some of her lady friends in the "profesh" developed an almost unquenchable thirst. The whisky man's spirits began to rise as he realized that there was something else to do in Duluth beside run up a big expense account, and forfeit money for the clerk of the municipal court to count over. He was happy, though he did worry when a petite French danseuse from the north of Ireland, called him a "jene sais pas quoi. Signior." Finally the songstress said that she would allow the Chicago man to accompany her part way home if he would spend $5 more, and he separated himself from the requisite three. Out on the street he became desperate and called Mr. Shakespeare to his aid:

"Lady," he cried, "by yonder blessed moon——"

"Come off you chump; that's an electric light," said the fair one in chilly early morning accents, "you've been drinking."

"Well, didn't you help me spend my money, and didn't you promise to leave your happy home for me?" demanded the whisky drummer.

"That's all right. It was business and I was getting a percentage," was the unsympathetic reply, and this morning when the drummer appeared at police headquarters to have the songstress arrested there was a dearth of happiness about his appearance. He was still more sorrowful when he learned that he had no case against the girl.

COTTAGE FURNITURE.

The furnishing of the summer cottage will soon command attention from those housewives fortunate enough to have country as well as city homes, and the new designs in Swedish rush furniture, therefore, call for special mention, says an exchange. The cool, forest green that is particularly appropriate to the summer season, and the picturesque window seats and the round low-backed reading chairs, with a basket on either side for fancy work or book, are likely to be found in many a cottage a few months hence.

Cretonne and chintz hold first place just now for furniture covering, and the designs are large floral effects, such as peonies and roses, and one blossom is sometimes large enough to cover the entire back of a chair. For light drapery Korah silk is used considerably. This is an Oriental fabric, the center a brilliant plain color and the border white with floral decoration.

Benares brass lamps represent the latest idea in the lamp line. These have a lantern-like top, with high carved pedestal, giving the effect of much pedestal and little lamp, but are artistic and show beautiful designs in carving.

Swinging divans, for nooks and Oriental corners, are gaining in popularity every day. They are suspended by heavy brass chains, and a new idea in ornamentation is to stick the fluffy bit of a cow's tail in each chain. Cow's tails are also fastened in the cords that hold back Oriental curtains. Sometimes they are dyed blue or red, although the white ones are thought to be very choice.

In a few of the new draperies silver and gold threads are woven in the designs, producing a metallic effect that some housekeepers admire and others pronounce stagey.

Fish nets have been employed for drapery purposes to some extent for several years, but of late there has been such a demand for them that the fishermen hereabouts have disposed of all their old stock. Some energetic manufacturers, therefore, have undertaken to meet the demand with new nets.

SENSE OF HUMOR.

It sometimes seems as though there were not enough credit given to the saving power of a sense of humor. One notes this deficiency more frequently among statesmen—or politicians, says an exchange. When a man of good, yet ordinary ability is exalted to high place, he will almost certainly, unless he have a more or less keen sense of humor, take himself with very great seriousness. If he do not assume a sort of personal infallibility, he is likely to resent criticism, and even to be impatient at the suggestions of others. We all know public men of this type—men who magnify, not their office, but themselves. They clothe themselves with an official and artificial dignity, affect a stilted and solemn way of talking, often wear a peculiar garb, and generally act as though they felt that the fate of empires depended on their every movement. Fearful as they always are of being made ridiculous. They have not the wit to discern the ridiculous. If they had, they would understand themselves better, and have a more exact knowledge of their own limitations. But this serious defect is confined to no class. It is found in literary men, actors, preachers and markedly among society people. Those who embrace queer religious notions, daily with occultism, run after fads and profess a too intense devotion to any mere passing fashion, no matter what it may be, are almost invariably people in whom the sense of humor is either wholly or partly wanting. So the grace spoken of makes decidedly for sanity in this world. It ought to be cultivated—for there are few things more useful.

PROJECTILE AIR.

Physicians in South Africa now have another theory for explaining away the charges made by both Briton and Boer that the other is using explosive bullets, says the New York Sun. The extensive aceration often found in bullet wounds is now said to be due to the air which the bullet drives before it into the wound. The existence of this phenomenon can be proved easily. If a round bullet be dropped into a glass of water from the height of a few feet it will be seen that when the bullet touches the bottom a large bubble of air will become detached and rise to the surface. In this case the bubble will usually be from ten to twenty times the size of the bullet.

Now, a Mauser bullet traveling at high speed is said to carry before it a bubble of compressed air of large dimensions. Experiments made by a surgeon who fired a pistol ball into a glass of water showed the bubble to be one hundred times the size of the ball. From the appearance of the wounds from these experiments it is concluded that the mass of air driven by a Mauser bullet explodes in the body of the wounded man with sufficient force to cause extensive laceration. This destructive air bubble is well known to surgeons under the name of projectile air.

The Herald is the best advertising medium in the Northwest. Its circulation is not confined to any particular class. It reaches all classes. Thousands of people scan its pages every day. If your ad is there it will be read. You cannot afford to advertise in inferior mediums when superior ones are at your disposal.

The Modern Fisherman

Good Fishing Tackle is necessary to catch fish. A bad rod, an ill-fitting line, a broken reel, poor bait—any or all of these may conspire to injure one's sport. The best and the only safe plan, is to get the BEST. We sell Fishing Tackle of every kind. We are headquarters for fishers as well as shooters. See us when you want the BEST in FISHING TACKLE, BICYCLES, GUNS, etc. J. W. NELSON, 5 East Superior street.

$28, $35, $45.

FURNITURE MOVING STORAGE.
Office 410 West Superior street.
DULUTH FUEL AND TRANSFER CO.

USE THIS COUPON.

Herald Readers Secure a Special Rate.

Arrangements have been made which will enable the readers of The Herald to get private readings of the palm from McIvor - Tyndall, the noted palmist, at less than one-half his regular charge.

McIvor - Tyndall's stay in this city is drawing to a close, and those who wish the advantage of this special arrangement should present this coupon at the Hotel Spalding tomorrow.

Herald Palmistry Coupon.

This coupon presented to McIvor Tyndall, at Room 146, Hotel Spalding, **FRIDAY, April 27.** Will entitle the holder to a full $5.00 reading (without chart or book), for $2.60.
Hours from 10 a. m. to 6 p. m.
Good for this Date Only.

If you will call in the morning you will avoid the afternoon rush.

Freimuth's

Great Introductory Basement Sale of Crockery, China, Glassware, Hardware and House-Furnishing Goods. Sale commences at 8 a. m., on FRIDAY—TOMORROW. Money saving chances by the hundreds, but be in time at FREIMUTH'S—in the basement.

To introduce this new and gigantic House Furnishing Department to the many who have been waiting for this, we have prepared some Bargain Chances away out of the ordinary, and as we said above, your Money-Saving Chances will be many if you attend this Sale.

100 beautiful decorated Vase Lamps, center draft burner and lift-out oil pot, with 10-inch globe, stands 25 inches high, would be cheap at $4.00, our special price only— **$2.48**

50 Hall Lamps, like cut, assorted globes, worth $1.25, this sale only, complete, only— **95 cts.**

15 doz glass hand Lamps, complete with burner, chimney and wick, one day only and only one to each customer— **15c**

7 doz. Glass Water Pitchers 2-qt size, assorted shapes and patterns, choice for this sale only— **10c**

10 dozen Combinets with cover and ball handle—special low price only— **89c**

40 dozen decorated Cuspidors, assorted colors and decorations, sold everywhere at 15c, special one day only **10c**

25 doz plain Bowls and Pitchers, worth 75 cents a pair—special for this sale only— **50c pair**

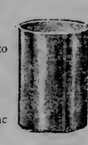
25 dozen Sugars and Creams, nice thin china with raised gold decorations and assorted tints, worth 40c, special opening price, per pair— only— **25c**

100 dozen decorated Cups and Saucers, assorted colors, shapes and decorations, none worth less than $2.00 per dozen, take your choice at —per pair— **10c**

25 100-piece English Porcelain Dinner Sets, neat undergraze decorations and latest shapes, choice of two colors to select from, cheap at $8.00, special for one day only—complete— **$4.98**

Special Notice.

Don't forget to visit our Cut Glass and Art Departments. Rich cut glass and Bric-a-Brac in an endless variety. The lowest possible prices.



200 doz plain or gold band thin blown Water Tumblers, regular value 60c a doz, for one day only per doz— **45c**
Limit 2 dozen to a customer.

25 dozen 8-inch Glass Berry Bowls, imitation cut glass, assorted shapes and designs, choice— **10c**

Just opened 2 gross fancy Jardinieres, elegant new shapes and designs, 8-in. size, worth 65c, for our opening sale— **39c**

Extra heavy pressed and retinned Dish Pans—

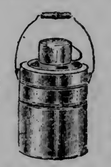
10 qt.	14 qt.	17 qt.	21 qt.
19c	25c	29c	35c

500 plain Dish Pans; special—only— **12c**

Heavy pressed and retinned Bread Raisers, like cut—
No. 1— 55c
No. 2— 65c
No. 3— 75c

A full line of Japanned and Brass Bird Cages. Also Parrot and Squirrel Cages at Bottom Prices.

Dinner Pails— 100 Dinner Pails, like cut—special, only— **15c**



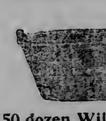
25 large size Dippers—like cut—each— **5c**

Tea Kettles— 10 dozen extra heavy Tea Kettles with copper bottom and copper rim, 8½ inch size—only— **45c**

Visit our Hardward Dept. for Bicycle Sundries. 25 Bicycle Saddles—A good one only— **65c.** A Good pair of Tires. Special— **$3.50**

Chamber Pails. 200 Japanned Chamber Pails, like cut—special only— **18c**

1 gross Painted Cuspidors. Special only **8c**



50 dozen Willow Clothes Baskets— Medium—45 cents Large—65 cents Extra Large 85c

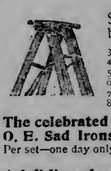
300 No. 8 Copper Bottom Wash Boilers like cut. Special one day only **79c each**

10 dozen wood frame Clothes Wringers. Special for this sale **$1.19**

100 doz. Wash Boards— **12c**

Galvanized Iron Metal Pails—

10 qt.	12 qt.	14 qt.
15c	18c	23c



The celebrated B. O. E. Sad Irons— Per set—one day only— **$1.25**

A full line of ready mixed House and Floor Paints—per gallon— 98c

Step Ladders, made of best Norway pine—
3 feet— 35c
4 feet— 45c
5 feet— 55c
6 feet— 65c
7 feet— 75c
8 feet— 85c

Brushes. We have a complete line of Brushes of all descriptions—House Paint, Whitewash, Kalsomine, Varnish, Scrub, Window Brushes, Etc. 10 dozen Shoe Brushes, like cut. Special— **9c**

GRANITE STEEL WARE. None better. Every piece guaranteed perfect. No "seconds" enter this store.

Tea and Coffee Pots
No. 1, 23c—
No. 2, 25c—
No. 3, 29c—
No. 4, 33c—
No. 5, 35c—
No. 6, 39c—

Coffee Boilers
No. 7, 53c
No. 8, 59c
No. 9, 75c

Tea kettles
No. 7, 55c
No. 8, 59c
No. 9, 65c

Dish Pans. 10-qt. 35c; 14-qt. 45c; 17-qt. 49c; 21-qt. 59c

Wash Basins A good size special, **Only 12c**

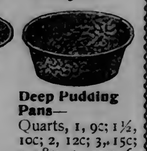
Rice or Oat Meal Boilers—
No. 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 45c 49c 55c 65c 75c

Stew Pans. No. 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28 — 15c 18c 23c 25c 29c 35c

Preserving Kettles— No. 18, 15c; 20, 18c; 22, 21c; 24, 25c; 26, 29c; 28, 35c; 30, 45c.

Water Dippers— Large size— 23c Small size— 18c

9-inch Pie Plates only 7 cents....

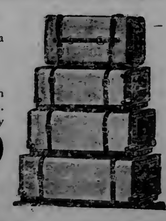


Deep Pudding Pans— Quarts, 1, 9c; 1½, 10c; 2, 12c; 3, 15c; 4, 18c; 5, 23c; 6, 25c.

Trunks and Traveling Bags, Baby Carriages and Go-Carts—All new.

Fresh Goods—Latest Styles and Lowest Prices.

OUR LINE OF TRUNKS IS COMPLETE—AND AS A sample of our prices we offer a 28-inch Trunk, zinc covered, iron bound, square top, with tray and hat box. For this sale only **$2.29** All others in proportion.



Canvas Telescopes with heavy leather bound corners. Special prices—

Inches	Price
16—	49c
18—	59c
20—	69c
22—	79c
24—	89c
26—	98c

Don't fail to visit our Baby Carriage and Go-Cart Department.

We have a complete new line, latest ideas, and our prices are not equaled in Duluth—quality, style and finish considered.

FROM $1.98 UP

We are preparing many special values for Saturday trading.

Freimuth's

Read our announcement tomorrow of Saturday's offerings.

TWELVE PAGES--SECTION ONE--Pages 1 to 6

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

EIGHTEENTH YEAR. FRIDAY, APRIL 27, 1900. LAST EDITION. TWO CENTS.

14 MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

Main List Sunday

Boys' Clothing..... Department.

Store open Saturday night till 11 o'clock. The BIG DULUTH Store open Saturday night till 11 o'clock.

The entire rear of our store is devoted exclusively to apparel for boys and it is certainly a most interesting place for parents and their boys who wish to purchase at moderate prices Clothing, Sweaters, Shirt Waists, Blouses and Shoes. We aim to sell such merchandise as will render unqualified satisfaction rather than consider abnormally low prices to use as baits to attract trade to our store. Quality considered, you will find our prices cheapest in the end, and should anything prove dissatisfactory we stand ready at any time to refund the purchase price promptly and without argument.

Boys' Clothing That Pleases.

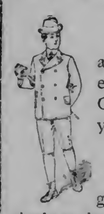
To find any mother or boy who could not be sui from our superb Clothing Stock would indeed be a no ty. It is the best that can be made, better than can be bought elsewhere, and as we said before the prices are moderate.

At $4.95—Boys' Middy Suits.

Of excellent fabrics, such as serges, cheviots, etc. Neatly trimmed with black soutache, seams all taped to prevent pulling. Color fully guaranteed. Sizes 3 to 10 yrs.

At $4.95--Boys' Sailor Suits.

For ages 3 to 10. Blue and brown serges, trimmed with black, white and red soutache braiding. Blouse cut loose, regular sailor style



At $4.95--Boys' double-breasted Suits.

A grand assortment to choose from. They are plain and fancy effects and cannot be equalled for quality, style or workmanship. Other suits as high as $12. Sizes 7 to 17 years.

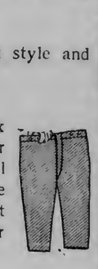
At $10--Young Men's Suits.

Of black clay worsteds, blue and black serges and gray cheviots, in plaids, checks and stripes. Coats either single or double-breasted and are made with those stylish broad shoulders. Trousers are cut after the correct fashion. A merchant tailor could not duplicate one of these suits for twice our price. Sizes 15 to 19 years. $18.00 is the highest priced suit we have for young men.

Top Coats.

For little fellows and young men, made in the latest style and of the most fashionable fabrics.

Trousers, 50c, 75c, $1 to $3.50.



For boys 3 to 17 years, we have as complete a stock of knee trousers as is possible to gather together, any color that you want in reliable materials. Our trousers are all well made--examine them closely, the work will please you. Corduroy Knee Trousers, $1. The very best quality that is made—it does not pay to have cheaper ones—brown and tan are the colors.

Young Men's Trousers.

Every pair tailored to perfection and will fit, that we guarantee. All the correct fabrics.

Sweaters.

Fine Worsted Sweaters for infants, $1.50—stripes and solid colors, buttoned at shoulder and collar. Sizes 2 to 6 years. Pure worsted sweaters for boys, 10 to 18 years—solid colors and stripes—$1.50.

Blouses and Shirt Waists.

A complete line of the celebrated Mothers' Friend Shirt Waists, all the new patterns in Percales, Scotch Madras and Cheviots. Some are made with detachable collars, 75c, $1, $1.25. White Mull Blouses, $1, $1.25 to $3. Percale Blouses, all neat patterns—50 cents.

Boys' Hats.

In our Hat Department we have all that's new and correct in headwear for boys. Derbys, Soft Hats, Yacht and Golf Caps and Cloth Hats.

Boys' Shoes.

Have your Boys' Shoes been giving poor satisfaction—wearing out in a few days? Then come here for your shoes. If our shoes don't wear well, bring them back and get a new pair, or get your money back. **For Saturday—**

200 pairs of Boys' Buff Shoes, sizes 13 to 5½—shoe store price $1.25, our price **95c**

100 pairs of Boys' Heavier School Shoes, sizes 13 to 5½—shoe store price $1.50, our price **98c**

48 pairs of Boys' Fine Shoes, sizes 13 to 5½—shoe store price $1.75, our price **$1.25**

500 pairs of Children's Spring Heel Shoes, sizes 4 to 12, shoe store price 75c, our price **48c**

Base Balls and Bats, Catchers' Mitts, Catchers' Masks, Pocket Knives and Express Wagons given away in our Boys' and Children's Clothing Department.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters. The BIG DULUTH 125 and 127 West Superior St.

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best DENTAL WORK at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Block. Telephone 755, Call 4. **D. H. DAY, Dentist.**

CANTY ON FILIPINOS

Judge Gives the Result of His Inquiries In the Philippines.

THE WAR NOT ENDED

Take 300,000 Men Ten Years to Restore Order In the Islands.

Minneapolis, April 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Lyceum theater was crowded last night with people anxious to hear Judge Thomas Canty give his views on the Philippine question and tell what he learned during his recent visit to the islands. The judge went there partly on pleasure and partly on business, having been engaged by the state prison board to make arrangements for a supply of hemp for making binding twine. Judge Canty was introduced by Mayor Gray and was warmly greeted. He opened with the remark that he was not an imperialist, but had long been a most ardent expansionist. He had always believed our destiny was on this continent. Several years ago he visited Central America and found the people anxious for annexation to the United States. But since we acquired the Philippines they want nothing to do with us, as they believe we are bent on conquest and would hunt them down and make them slaves. All of these people are now united against us to a man, and would die in the last ditch before they would come under our government. The judge then discussed the Philippines, saying:

In the Philippines we have stirred up a hornet's nest of the most gigantic preparations. It is my humble opinion that under our management it will take 300,000 men for ten years, and thereafter a permanent standing army of 100,000 men to restore and maintain order in the islands. Prior to arriving in Manila, I was led to believe that the war was about over. I called on Gen. Otis and was assured that such was the fact. But I soon learned that the insurgents were prowling around within three miles of Manilla. They had been driven off a hundred times, but returned immediately, and were hovering around every army outpost in the outskirts of the city. We have possession of a strip of land about one-half mile wide and along the railroad extending northward from Manilla, and of another such strip along the water-main that supplies the city with water, and we have a few other outposts some distance from the city, but all the intervening space is occupied by the insurgents. Our soldiers occupy many of the towns and cities, both on the coast and in the interior, but we control absolutely nothing but the ground upon which the soldiers stand and the surrounding space within range of the rifles in their hands. It is not prudent for less than a dozen of our soldiers to form an outpost or an escort anywheres; in some localities it is not prudent for less than 100 to do so, and in others not less than several hundred. In most localities it is not safe for a soldier to go out after dark from the barracks to the well for a pail of water, unless he is accompanied by a guard of several other soldiers to keep him from being boloed by some lurking assassin. A bolo is a sharp, tapering dirk, about six or eight inches long. For several nights, about the time of Gen. Lawton's funeral, the provost guard—the soldier-police force in Manila—was doubled and all the soldiers in the city slept on their arms. The natives, supposing that nearly all the soldiers in the city would parade at the funeral and leave most of the city unguarded, had planned an uprising to take place at the time the funeral was in progress. Another uprising was planned for Feb. 25 or 26 last, and the same precautions were taken at that time. Of course no intimation of anything of this kind is ever published in the Manilla papers, or ever leaks through the censored news that is sent out to the rest of the world. March 1, I sat at a table in a restaurant at Cavite and overheard a conversation between two army officers at the same table. One stated, as a surprising piece of news, that on the day before a party of twelve officers rode around Manilla bay, from Cavite to Manilla, a distance of twenty miles. It was the first time that any such small party had ventured to do so. The other officer answered that they might try that once too often, as the insurgents were very thick in that locality.

Many of the ports in the southern islands are well garrisoned with American soldiers, but in many places the civilians are obliged to sleep on the ships at night in order to be safe from the bolos of the natives.

I arrived in Manilla on Feb. 8. Shortly afterward I went out on the railroad a few miles to a station and found a garrison of soldiers at the depot and soldiers' tents up and down along the railroad track. I started off to take a stroll, as I wanted to see the country. Before going two blocks from the depot I saw ahead of me four or five soldiers with their backs toward me and their guns in their hands. They were looking off across the rice fields and watching for something, and some of them had their guns raised in about the attitude that a man holds his gun when he is hunting for prairie chickens and is expecting some of them to fly up in front of him. They halted me and told me I could not go any further. I asked why. "Niggers out there," said they. "I thought the insurrectors were all driven out of there," I answered. "Driven hell—driven a hundred times. That don't do no good; they come back every time. Say, captain, did you ever go up agin the game of 'now you see it and now you don't see it?'" I answered that I had heard of that game. "Well," said he, "we are going up agin that game all the time."

A few days afterward I went from Manilla up to Dagupan, 120 miles, to the end of the railroad. A large number of native refugees were traveling back and forth on the railroad in the "nigger" train, which was run immediately ahead of the train on which the white people traveled. This order of running was for the greater safety of the latter train. About one-third of the people on the train were soldiers accompanying the train as a guard. Every station was an army post and there was a cordon of soldiers all along the track, but beyond the range of their rifles, the insurgents held sway and were always prowling around. One of the guard called my attention to a bullet embedded in the car in which I was riding and stated that it was a fresh hole. We thought we heard some shooting as we passed along just a short time prior. The next day the insurgents tore up the track at one point, threw the train off the track and had a skirmish with the guard. This happened about a couple of times a week. Everywhere I went I found myself hemmed in by the outpost a short distance from the garrison. Even where the army posts are but a few miles apart in all directions, and the country is level and a large part is open rice fields, it is necessary to send an escort with every wagon and every messenger. Otherwise a nest of guerrillas will always be run into. When a body of our soldiers pass through hostile territory, the insurrectos close in behind them like water behind the keel of a ship and beyond a few fresh graves no trace is left of the American raid.

In my conversations with our officers and soldiers, I often asked them what could be done to prevent the insurrectos from keeping the Americans in this constant state of siege. I got such answers as these: "You tell us and we will end this monkey business in short order." "Exterminate all the niggers." "Get up a regular wolf 'round-up' and kill all the niggers you gather in?" "What will you do with the insurrectos?" I asked. "There will not be any," was the answer. "They will all be amigos; none of them will have a gun or uniform when you round them up." Our soldiers often chase 600 or 800 insurrectos into a town or city, then surround the town, go through it with a fine tooth comb and find no guns or anything, but amigos dressed in the common white suit of the native civilian.

I found two very strong desires in the average soldier, and the desire to get home and the desire to kill "niggers" because they won't fight.

The Manilla papers were constantly stating that there was nothing left of the war but a few thieves and ladrones. But in these same papers were daily accounts of suh a large number of encounters and skirmishes with these ladrones all over the island, that one was lead to believe that the whole population had become thieves. While visiting a number of the small cities and towns outside Manilla, I noticed that, as a general rule, the best and most costly dwelling houses were vacant, except as they might be occupied by the soldiers, while the bamboo and mat huts of the poor were occupied by many women and children. I asked the soldiers what became of the wealthy people who owned these houses. "Oh, they have gone to the mountains." From these and other circumstances I soon learned that many of the wealthy natives were very active in encouraging this guerrilla warfare.

Some of the Tagalogs and halfbreeds in Manilla told me that it is exceedingly difficult to maintain discipline in such a numerous, scattered and irregular army as they now have, or to control all the scattered bands. They get us to help them by assisting to locate, surround and destroy the thieves and ladrones. In this way, we often do police duty for the insurgents.

This brings me to the question of who is managing the contest for the Filipinos. Aguinaldo is a rampant, hot-headed fighter, and it seems quite clear that he has not the generalship or the shrewdness to run the present kind of a campaign. Until his armies were scattered he was ostensibly the head of the movement. It would seem that it takes more brains and statesmanship than he ever possessed to organize and manage the bands engaged in the present warfare. The men who are now managing the Filipino campaign are some of the educated and some of the wealthy natives and half-castes residing in Manilla and other cities. The half-castes are both Spanish-Filipino and Chinese-Filipino. When Aguinaldo's armies were scattered these leaders put him to bed and have since been keeping him out of the way. Some of them have been holding official positions under Gen. Otis, especially as mayors of cities and towns. Many of these natives have been giving Otis advice every day, while conferring with the insurgents every night. We are also employing a considerable number of natives as detectives and secret service men, and they too do good service for the insurgent cause by hunting down ladrones. But whenever one of the native mayors or detectives does any real service for the military government, going to show that he is a traitor to the insurgent cause, he invariably runs up against a bolo in the dark. Then you can understand how difficult it is for the military government to locate

(Continued on Page 5.)

GEN. GRANT'S BIRTHDAY.

Governor Roosevelt Delivered the Oration at Galena.

Galena, Ill., April 27.—Gen. U. S. Grant's birthday was observed here today. The event has been celebrated annually for ten years, with some speaker of national reputation as orator of the day, but the celebration was on a much more elaborate scale than heretofore attempted. Governor Theodore Roosevelt, of New York, delivered the principal oration. Special trains were run by the railroads and the announcement that the famous fighting governor of the Empire state was to be present brought thousands of people into the quaint little city that was the home of Gen. Grant. Nearly every business block and hundreds of private residences were fairly ablaze with flags and bunting, the decorations along the line of march leading from the Illinois Central depot to Turner hall, where Governor Roosevelt was to speak, being especially elaborate.

The special train bearing Governor Roosevelt, Mrs. Nellie Grant Sartoris, her son, Capt. Sartoris; her daughter, Vivian Sartoris, and other distinguished visitors arrived from Chicago shortly before 2 o'clock. Streets leading to the depot were packed almost from curb to curb long before the train arrived, and as Governor Roosevelt and the other visitors were escorted by members of the reception committee to carriages in waiting a perfect storm of cheers arose, Governor Roosevelt responding by smilingly lifting his hat.

The drive took on the nature of an ovation for Governor Roosevelt. From the moment he stepped into his carriage at the depot until he alighted and entered Turner hall, the cheering was almost unceasing, and it was several minutes after the governor entered the building that the applause died away.

After a few introductory remarks by President Spare, Rev. Dr. Spensley, of Albany, N. Y., delivered the invocation.

Governor Roosevelt was introduced amidst tremendous applause

NEW POSTMASTER.

Washington, April 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—Jacob Thienes has been appointed postmaster at North Prairie, Morrison county, vice V. S. Pelowsky, resigned.

PLACE FOR WARREN

The Discredited General Is Made Governor of Griqui-land West.

LETS HIM DOWN EASY

Saved From a Probable Recall By the Efforts of Milner.

London, April 27, 2 p. m.—The following dispatch has been received at the war office from Lord Roberts:

"Bloemfontein, April 26.—At the request of the high commissioner, Warren has been appointed military governor of Griqualand West while that part of the country is in a disturbed condition."

This curious dispatch constitutes all the war news received up to this hour. The country is eagerly awaiting to hear whether Gen. French succeeded in cutting off the retreating Boers, but of his progress there is no word. The military critics of the afternoon newspapers differ as to the chances of another Paardeberg, but they agree in considering the situation in the Free State as being eminently satisfactory. They argue that even if Gen. French is unable to intercept the main Boer forces, he may score considerable success in a series of rear guard actions or the isolation of struggling bodies.

Lord Roberts' peculiar reference to Sir Alfred Milner over Warren's appointment lends itself to the inference that the commander-in-chief of the British forces in South Africa scarcely approves of it, and that the previous report that Warren has been recalled, was correct, but that he was saved from coming home by the action of the British high commissioner.

According to a special dispatch from Lorenzo Marques, the latest authentic estimates of the Boer forces place them at 30,000, of which 13,000 are at Kronstad, 6000 at Fourteen Streams, 6000 in Natal, 700 about Mafeking and 1000 at Pretoria, while 250 have been ordered north to intercept Gen. Carrington's force.

The work of intrenching Pretoria is proceeding.

A dispatch from Lord Roberts from Bloemfontein gives Gen. Hamilton's report of casualties. Among those slightly wounded is Col. W. B. Otter of Canada.

Gen. Hamilton reports that the Canadians and Marshall's horse did particularly good service.

HAMILTON DRIVES BOERS.

Forces Them to Vacate Position at Israel's Poort.

London, April 27.—The war office publishes the following dispatch from Lord Roberts, dated Bloemfontein, April 26:

"Gen. Ian Hamilton yesterday drove the enemy off a strong position at Israels Poort by a well conceived turning movement, which was admirably carried out by Gen. Ridley, commander of the Second mounted infantry brigade, and Gen. Smith-Dorrien, commanding the Eighteenth brigade. The troops are today advancing towards Thaba Nchu. Our losses were slight, only one yet reported—Maj. Marshall, Grahamstown mounted rifles—severely wounded in the shoulder."

Israels Poort, which is not marked on the maps, lies between Samuel Poort and Thaba Nchu. It appears that Gen. Prabant, in the fight at Wepener with the Boers, had a narrow escape. Gen. Pole-Carew's advance was much hampered by the tardy arrival of artillery, which prevented him from capturing Leeuw Kop before darkness set in, and enabled the Boers to secure their retreat.

The report that the Boers had reoccupied Boshof proves to be untrue. Lord Metheun is still there, and Gen. Hunter's division from Natal, which was supposed to be going to Bloemfontein, is arriving at Kimberley. This is evidence that some important operations are afoot in that district. It is understood that the reason the Boers did not destroy the Bloemfontein waterworks is that there are many Boers among the shareholders. The Boers are showing more activity in Natal. They are placing some heavy guns four miles north of Elandslaagte.

LANDAUER BANKRUPT.

A Milwaukee Capitalist Is Forced to the Wall.

Milwaukee, April 27.—Adolph Landauer today filed a petition in bankruptcy in the United States court. Liabilities are stated to be $391,945.31 and assets $289,944.95. The amount claimed as exempt is $20,000. Of the liabilities the petition states that $254,355.77 should be paid by other parties.

Atlanta, Ga., April 27.—George W. Parrot was appointed receiver for the Southern Agricultural works in this city on April 20 by Judge Newman, of the United States district court, on the application of several local creditors. The liabilities were said to be about $200,000, with assets probably covering this amount. The petitioners alleged that the business was not profitable and asked that the affairs of the company be wound up. The receiver was instructed to investigate the financial basis of the company and decide whether the assets should be converted into cash. His report has not yet been made.

WHERE IS CARTER?

Peoria, Ill., April 27.—Two months ago Robert Carter came from Kentucky to visit friends at Athens, and in a few days disappeared and has not been seen or heard of since. It is believed he was murdered, robbed and his body thrown into an abandoned mine. He had about $50 on his person at the time of his disappearance and was that day seen in company with some tough characters. A posse has been organized and is now searching some of the abandoned shafts for his body.

MOTHER ANNUNCIATA DEAD.

South Bend, Ind., April 27.—Mother Annunciata, mother general of the Sisters of the Order of the Holy Cross, the headquarters of which for the United States is St. Mary's academy, of this city, died today from heart disease. The funeral will be held at St. Mary's on Tuesday. Her family name was Margaret McShaffery. She was born in 1843 and educated in Philadelphia. She received the habit of the order in 1860 and took the final vows five years later. In 1886 she became mother general of the order.

DAMAGE IS ENORMOUS

Loss By Hull and Ottawa Fires About Seventeen Million Dollars.

SEVERAL LIVES LOST

Flames Rage All Night and Nearly Four Thousand Buildings Burned.

Montreal, April 27.—A special to the Star from Ottawa says: The greatest fire in the history of Canada was that which visited Hull and the western district of Ottawa yesterday. The loss is roughly estimated at from $15,000,000 to $17,000,000. Over 3000 families have been rendered homeless. There is no means of arriving at absolutely reliable conclusions in these reports as yet, but the numbers cannot well be below these figures.

The major part of Hull, with its immense industrial establishments and the homes of their operatives, was swept clean, as well as Victoria and Dalhousie wards in Ottawa. The valuable lumber piles are now smouldering, and the loss on this score alone cannot be less than $3,000,000.

The sensational stories of the origin of the conflagration have no foundation in fact. The fire broke out in the center of Hull early in the forenoon, but that is a common occurrence there and attracted little attention. Before noon it had devastated a great part of Hull and spread toward the river, fanned by a strong wind, ultimately destroying five of E. B. Eddy's mills.

Before 1 o'clock it had leaped to the Ottawa river and had swept across to Ottawa, carrying everything in front of it. Nothing more grand could be imagined as a spectacle. Considered as to its consequences, no greater calamity has visited Canada in years. There was a belt of flame fully four miles in length and at least half a mile wide. Dark clouds of smoke streamed southwestward from the burning district all day, and yet the sun shone clear and bright, changing the inky blackness to amber, and away up in the sky to the appearance of a summer cloud, while beneath it was a long line of flame, fierce and irrepressible.

All night long the city was lit up by the glare. The Dominion government is among the heavy losers, the Chaudiere bridge having toppled into the river from the warping effects of the heat.

Fireman John Watkins, of No. 1 station, was smothered in a house in Queen street west.

Mrs. Cook, an invalid, was suffocated in her bed on Queen street west before help could reach her.

A man unknown was found dead on the Canadian Pacific railway track in Rochesterville.

John Navan, a builder, was taken to St. Luke's hospital badly burned and hurt.

James Merrifield, of Queen street west, was taken to the hospital seriously injured by a falling building.

There was some narrow escapes, Dr. Milashan, public school inspector, was engaged in trying to save the Wellington street school and was superintending the removal of the furniture. He remained in the building too long and was rescued just as the building collapsed.

Half a dozen churches and schools have been burned; the Eddy company's paper and pulp mills and match factory and E. B. Eddy's residence have been destroyed; Bronson & Weston's mill, the Hull Lumber company's mill, one of Booth's mills and the McKay company's premises, one of the powerhouses of the Ottawa Electric company, the Hull waterworks, the Hull court house and jail, the postoffice, the convent and about 100 dwellings and shops in Hull have been destroyed. Indeed, practically nothing of Hull is left but a church and a few houses beyond it. The only lumber mills standing in Hull are the Gilmore & Huston mills at the extreme east end. The steel suspension bridge which connected the city of Ottawa with Hull was also destroyed.

On the Ottawa side many fine residences were included in the fire area, including that of J. S. Booth, which alone was estimated at $100,00. The residence of his son-in-law, A. F. Fleck, close beside, and Hon. George Foster's residence in the same locality were burned. Levi Carmel, manager for Mr. Bronson, and Mr. Parr, of the Parr mills, had two beautiful houses, out of which they were not able to take anything so quickly did the flames extend. The Canadian Pacific railway station in Chandler flats burned quickly.

Hundreds of persons slept in the open air alst night in the streets of Hull and Ottawa, although houses were freely thrown open to the homeless. Many were accommodated in the town hall, the Salvation Army barracks and other places.

Ottawa, Ont., April 27.—At 5 a. m. the fire which has raged here and at Hull since 11 a. m. yesterday was under control. The total number of buildings destroyed will probable aggregate 2500, entailing a loss of from $15,000,000 to $17,000,000, and between 12,000 and 15,000 men, women and children are homeless, and four lives were lost.

Toronto, Ont., April 27.—Dispatches from Ottawa summarize the situation at Ottawa and Hull as follows:

Ottawa, buildings destroyed, 200; Hull, buildings destroyed, 1800. Total loss, both cities, estimated, $20,000,000. Total insurance, both cities, estimated, $12,000,000. Lives lost so far known, four.

Some of the losses are: Booth Lumber company, $3,000,000; Eddy company, $3,000,000; McKay Milling company, $5,000,000; Hull Lumber company, $70,000; Electric Light company, $25,000; Dominion Carbine works, $150,000.

SCOTS EXCITED.

London, April 27.—There is considerable excitement in Edinburgh insurance circles on account of the Ottawa fire, as all the companies are heavily involved.

AID FOR SUFFERERS.

Chicago, April 27.—Mayor Harrison today opened subscriptions for the Ottawa, Ont., fire sufferers. The list was headed by Mrs. Cyrus H. McCormick and grew rapidly during the day.

Montreal, April 27.—The Bank of Montreal has telegraphed $10,000 to the Ottawa fire sufferers.

MUST PAY AT ONCE

Uncle Sam's Last Demand on Turkey Next to an Ultimatum.

THE PORTE UNMOVED

Is Evidently Not Disposed to Change Its Policy of Parrying.

Constantinople, Thursday, April 26.—The American note handed to the Turkish minister of foreign affairs, Tewfik Pasha, on Tuesday, is couched in peremptory terms, demanding immediate payment for the indemnity several times promised to Minister Straus by the sultan.

> The note does not fix a time limit for an answer, but its tenor is not far from the character of an ultimatum.

It has produced a great impression upon the Porte, which, however, shows no disposition to modify the attitude hitherto maintained, namely, repudiating the responsibility and seeking to diminish the importance of the matter. It is presumed that the Porte's reply will be in this sense, and hence it is feared the United States government will be obliged to take steps to enforce its demands.

Turkey's decision to send an officer to America to study naval construction is interpreted to be another sop. It is the revival of an old project to buy a cruiser in the United states, in the price of which the indemnity shall be included, so that the Porte will be able to say it has not paid the indemnity. The American government has already categorically refused such a compromise, which would mean prolonged negotiations and the dragging out of the matter indefinitely, to which the United States will not listen. As regards the indemnity, it is in the nature of a debt of honor. If the Porte wants to buy a cruiser, that is a matter in no way connected with the indemnity.

The Porte's reply to the last collective note on the subject of duties has not been made, and the embassies are exchanging views in regard to the terms on which to consent to an increase of duty. It is thought that before the beginning of negotiations the embassies will invite the Porte to abolish ransoms and measures in violation of treaties.

Twenty arrests were made yesterday of Mussulmans alleged to be sympathizers with the young Turkish party.

HANNA MAY RUN IT.

Dick Thinks the Senator May Manage McKinley's Campaign.

Cleveland, April 27.—Gen. Charles F. Dick, in an interview here, is quoted as saying that he felt certain that Senator Hanna would again accept the chairmanship of the national committee and would direct McKinley's campaign for re-election.

Asked as to what he thought of Admiral Dewey's candidacy, Gen. Dick laughingly said:

"Well, I don't think very much about it. The Republicans and Democrats at Washington do not even consider Admiral Dewey's candidacy seriously."

Senator Hanna and Gen. Dick left here early today for Pittsburg, where they will attend a banquet tonight, after which they will start for Washington.

THE WARDNER INQUIRY.

Merriam's Aid Says That He Heard No Complaints.

Washington, April 27.—The cross-examination of Bartlett Sinclair was concluded at the Couer d'Alene investigation before the house military committee today.

Nothing new was developed. Capt. J. B. Bennett, an aid on the staff of Gen. Merriam, was then placed upon the stand. He described his journey with Gen. Merriam from Denver to Wardner, and said he was present at the interview on the train between Gen. Merriam and Governor Steunenberg while they were en route on April 30, the day after the Bunker Hill mine was blown up. In response to Gen. Merriam's question as to whether it was still necessary to bring troops, Governor Steunenberg had emphatically responded in the affirmative.

Under Gen. Merriam's direction he had censored all telegrams filed at the telegraph office relating to the movement of troops and the military situation there. He examined all press dispatches at Wardner. In only one case had he occasion to object to any thing filed. He had seen no rough treatment of the prisoners and heard no harsh language. He heard no complaints from the prisoners. About 300 of them were in box cars until the new prison was completed. He had heard no complaints from women against soldiers.

WELCOME THE QUEEN.

Victoria Is Hailed With Rejoicing on Her Return.

London, April 27.—Thousands of persons witnessed the landing of the queen at Hollyhead, where she arrived yesterday on her return from Ireland. The royal special trains started southward at 11 o'clock, amidst an enthusiastic demonstation. On the arrival of her majesty at Chester the mayor and corporation of that place presented her with an address.

MINE RESUMES.

Springfield, Ill., April 27.—The coal mine at Carlinville, which has been closed owing to a strike of the mine manager and examiner, has resumed operations. Mine Examiner Rudoph Rasb returning to work. Mine Manager Cunningham was superseded by M. G. Bartels.

ABILENE MYSTERY.

Abilene, Kas., April 27.—The body of John Blagg, a prominent Farmers' Alliance lecturer, was found in the Solomon river, near here today. Whether it is a case of murder or suicide is not known. Blagg was a prosperous farmer.

Complete Real Estate and Rental Directory In these Columns Saturday

Johnson & Moe,

2102-4-6-8 West Superior St.

Store closes at 6:30 p. m. except Mondays and Saturdays

There is Nothing So Impressive as a Fact, And it is a fact that we are doing more business than ever before, serving an ever increasing number of pleased patrons—a fact proving most conclusively that our way of doing business must be right. A pleased customer is our best advertisement, hence we make it a point to please. Our guarantee of "satisfaction or money back" goes with every purchase. **A few of the many good "things" for Saturday's and Monday's big trade.**

A Magnificent Showing in Our Beautiful

CLOAK DEPARTMENT.

The Lightest and Brightest in the City.

Ladies' Tailor-made Suits, in brown, navy, gray and black, jackets silk lined and button-trimmed, nobby up-to-date style, worth $10; for this sale—

$7.50

Ladies' Tailored Suits, Jackets made in the Eton style from summer weight golf cloth, in light and dark grays, very nobby garments at $15; for this sale—

$12.50

Ladies' Tailored Suits, in Venetian Cloth, some plain and some heavy applique trimmings on both jackets and skirts, beautiful garments, at—

$10, $12.50, $16.50, $19

Great Sale on Ladies' New Spring Jackets

LADIES' FINE TAILOR-MADE JACKETS—In Brown, Black and Tan, silk lined, handsomely tailored, regular price $12.50; for this sale..... (We mean it.) **$9.98**

Ladies' Tailor-made Jackets, very nobby garments in Tan Covert Cloth, velvet collar, silk lined, box front, regular price $6.50; for this sale we say..... **$5.50**

A saving of just $1.00

Ladies' fine Jackets, in Tan Covert; our leader at $4.98; note sale price..... **$3.98**

Children's Spring Jackets—

Made in Red, Blue and Green, all wool Ladies' cloth, braid trimmed—our leader at $1.85; note the sale price, each—

$1.10

Better ones at—

$1.98, $2.25, $2.50 up

Hundreds of styles to select from.

BOYS' CLOTHING.

A new lot of Little Men's Vestee Suits just opened up. The styles are fine, and no mistake. In addition to extra value at the prices, we include

A GOOD CAP FREE

with each suit at $1.50 or over.

We have a strong line of black and blue Cheviots and Serges. Prices—

$1.50, $2.50, $3, $4 and $5

LITTLE MEN'S FANCY VESTS—A large consignment expected daily. Wait for them. They will be swell—

75c, $1, $1.50, $2.00, $2.50

BOYS' SHIRTS—10 dozen Colored Laundered Shirts, with cuffs and two collars to match; our low price **49c**

Boys' Silk Front and Bedford Cord, soft laundered Shirts, fast colors, each **49c**

10 dozen Band Bow Ties, worth 25c; special **15c**

SHOE DEPARTMENT.

Women's Mannish Shoes, in fine black kid, regular price $2.50; special for this sale..... **$2.13**

Women's kid button and lace Shoes, all sizes, actual value $2.00; special **$1.69**

Girls' spring heel Shoes, in button, look like $1.50 Shoes; special, a pair **$1.99**

Sizes 2½ to 6.

Women's Oxfords, $1.25 value; special **98c**

Better ones at $1.50 and up to $2.50.

MEN'S TAN COLORED SHOES—Ours are right from all points of view. Every pair well worth the price—

$2.50, $3.00, $4.00

GROCERY DEPARTMENT.

Specials for Saturday and Monday, April 28th and 30th

Strictly Fresh Eggs, per doz.....12c
Choice Dairy Butter, per lb.....13c
Fresh Separator Creamery Butter, per lb 22c
Coffee in bulk, as good as package goods, per lb 10c
Choice Japan Tea, regular price 40c, for this sale 32c
Fancy Broken Rice, per lb 3½c
Peas, per can 5c
Corn, per can 7c
Tomatoes, per can 8c
California Prunes, per lb 5c
Peanuts, per lb 8c
Hickory Nuts, per lb....3c or 2 for 5c
Corn Starch, 3 packages 10c
2 lbs Gloss Starch 15c
Bluing, per bottle 5c
Household Ammonia, per bottle.... 5c
Brick and Swiss Cheese, per lb....12½c
Strictly Pure Buckwheat Flour, per lb 3c
Sour Pickles, per doz 1c
Dill pickles, per doz 5c
Sweet Pickles, per doz 7c
Sauer Kraut, per lb 3c
Sweet Mixed Pickles, per qt 15c

JOHNSON & MOE. JOHNSON & MOE.

West Duluth

There will probably be no action in regard to increasing the West Duluth fire engine appropriation taken at the next meeting of the council, the matter not having as yet been brought to the fire department committee's attention by the fire commissioners.

It is understood, however, that the members of the committee are of the opinion that it would be poor policy to fail to man the steamer properly, and that if an additional sum is found necessary it will be provided. This was stated by Alderman Krumseig of the committee today. However, the sum already provided by the council was intended to last only until the next appointment, in November, and that he did not understand why it was not sufficient.

R. E. CARLIN DEAD.

R. E. Carlin died last night after a short illness of three days. Mr. Carlin was 29 years of age, and a machinist by trade, being employed at the Northwestern Supply company. He was a charter member of St. James' court, C. O. F., No. 614, and the funeral will be held under the auspices of that society. The remains will be shipped to Oconto, Wis., this evening, over the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic. A brother and a sister of the deceased arrived here this morning. The remains are now at Durkan's morgue.

MANAGER LASH HERE.

Manager Lash visited the car works yesterday with O. H. Simonds and looked over the work in progress there. The tracks have been placed in repair. Contractor Ramsted has a large force of men employed in tearing out the old boiler foundations preparatory to putting in new ones.

The force of men at work cleaning up and putting the plant in shape is to be kept up to the highest practicable number, and the work pushed through as rapidly as possible.

NOTICE.

Pearl hive No. 4, L. O. T. M., will hold their next regular review at Great Eastern hall May 7.

By request of Commander.
MRS. ROSE WELLS.

NOT YET SIGNED.

Mayor Hugo had not signed the resolution appropriating $3000 to man the West Duluth steamer today, holding the matter open for investigation in view of the objection made that the amount allowed is too small.

The fire commissioners at their meeting this evening will take up the matter and will undoubtedly ask an additional appropriation, and with this action as a ground, Mayor Hugo is not unlikely to veto the resolution.

It is estimated that $240 per month is needed, besides an allowance for beds and bedding, amounting to $175, and the commissioners will probably ask that this be the allowance made.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Nygren left for Fergus Falls last night to visit Mr. Nygren's father.

The public reading room is open again. Miss May Ralph is going to Minneapolis to reside soon.

Catcher Hartman, the latest acquisition of the Duluth baseball team, arrived yesterday from San Francisco. He played all winter with that city's team of the Pacific Coast league.

Mrs. W. T. Brotherton and son have returned from Minneapolis, whether Mrs. Brotherton was called by the illness of her grandmother, Mrs. Carlin. Mrs. Carlin passed away while Mrs. Brotherton was there.

John De Mars has gone to Virginia to take a place in a sawmill there.

Pearl hive, No. 4, L. O. T. M., will give its annual ball June 4 in Great Eastern hall.

Robert McKeever left today on a Western trip.

The Phillips hotel will be closed Saturday for an indefinite period, Mrs. Enright relinquishing it and no tenant having been secured by the lessee so far as is known here.

MARINE NEWS.

Direct Line of Steamers From Chicago to Liverpool Is Projected.

Chicago, April 27—(Special to The Herald.)—The Tribune says: A direct line of steamers from Chicago to Liverpool doubtless will be the outcome of a number of projects now on foot. From present indications the ships will be the Welland canal size, capable of carrying 75,000 bushels of wheat on a draught of fourteen feet. The promoters of one proposed line estimate that it would take between eighteen and twenty days to make the trip from Chicago to Liverpool. Careful investigations are being made for the prospects of cargoes. Overtures are also being made for traffic arrangements with one of the steamship lines at Montreal, by which freight could be transferred at that point, saving the lake ships the long voyage across the Atlantic.

BOATS ALL AT WORK.

Chicago, April 27—(Special to The Herald.)—The quickness with which the lake fleets have got into operation excells anything of the kind for many years. Although the ice has been out of the way but a few days, and huge fields of it are still afloat, the boats are all at work. Since midnight ships have been passing Detroit on an average of every fifteen minutes. Navigation was two weeks late in opening compared with 1898, but by May 1 the amount of freight carried will be nearly equal to what was done in April of that year.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Ashland: Cleared—Ore—Utalia. Amazon, Black, Queen City, Comeaut, Marquette. Arrived—Macy, Wilson. Cleared—Wawatam, Angeline, La Salle, Conneaut; Presque Isle, Ashtabula, Conia, Cleveland.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., April 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Spry, Johnson, 3 a. m.; Marquette, 8:20; Venezuela, Wotan, Peshtigo, Nesbota, 102, Manitou, Malta, Minch, Lackawanna, 11:20. Down: La Salle, 9. m.

Up yesterday: Cothlnberry, Cheetah, Siberia, 11:40 a. m.; Preston, Huron, 1 p. m.; Drake, Hallaran, 3; Hudson, Castalia, 5; George Gould, 6; Livingstone, 6:30.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., April 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Hope, 11:15 last night; Selwyn Eddy, 2:30 a. m.; Iron King, Iron Queen, 3:40; Oglebay, 4:20; Wade, 4:50; Mather and whalebacks, 7:40; North Star, 6:30; Senator, 9:10; Stewart and barges, 10:40.

Up yesterday: Sevona, 11:10 a. m.; Northern Queen, noon; Nyanza, 12:10 p. m.; Centurion, 1; Nicol, 1:40; McWilliams, 3; Fairbairn and whalebacks, 4; Mahoning, 4:50; Northern Wave, 7:5o; Linden, 7:40.

CLAIM THEY DID NOT STRIKE.

The men who were reported as striking for higher wages at the St. Paul & Duluth dock say that they did not strike. They merely asked for certain concessions, and they were chased off the dock. They say also that they did not ask for $2.50 per day, but for a day's wage set upon which to work. They asked either for a regular day's pay at $2.25 per day and 25 cents for overtime, or, if they were employed merely from hour to hour they wanted 25 cents per hour and 35 cents for overtime. Some of the old men have gone back to work.

GRAIN RATE DROPS.

The height of the ore traffic, if it is going to help the grain rate as expected, cannot come too quickly. The rate is off again today, and tonnage was offered at 3½ cents. Shippers, however, have retreated with their offers to the 3¼ cents basis, and that is the best they were willing to offer today.

HER MAIDEN TRIP.

The large new steamer Admiral left this noon with the first cargo of iron ore loaded this season at the Missabe dock. This is her maiden trip. The first ore cargo loaded this season was by the Palmer, which took a cargo of ore from the Eastern Minnesota dock yesterday.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Hunter, Ashland, pass and mdse; City of Marquette, Hancock, pass and mdse; Dixon, Port Arthur, pass and mdse; H. H. Brown, Tom Adams, Robert Rhodes, Lake Erie, coal; Algonquin, Kingston, light for grain.

Departed—Rosedale, Algonquin, Kingston, grain; Caledonia, Polynesia, Buffalo, grain; Hunter, Ashland, pass and mdse; City of Marquette, Hancock, pass and mdse; Admiral, Lake Erie, ore.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: Furst Bismarck from Hamburg.

Liverpool—Arrived: Steamers Rhynland, from Philadelphia; Cambroman, from Portland.

Hamburg—Arrived: Pennsylvania, from New York, via Plymouth and Cherbourg.

London—Arrived: Menominee, from New York.

STRIKE GROWS.

Detroit, Mich., April 27.—Today the strike of the job pressmen, feeders and assistants assumed large proportions. Pressmen's union No. 2 decided to support the junior union, and its members were ordered out on a sympathetic strike. The shops which are holding out against the union are tied up more effectually than before. Half a dozen offices have signed the scale and recognized the union.

MAYHEW ACQUITTED.

St. Paul, April 27.—A Burlington, Iowa, special to the Dispatch says: Mayhew, on trial for the murder of Lennie Fields with a penknife, was found not guilty at 2 o'clock this morning. The charge was changed to manslaughter under the evidence. The jury was out six hours.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHŒA. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE BEST-PAYing job printing offices in West Superior. For particulars, address box 156, West Superior, Wis.

WATCH REPAIRING.

A SPECIALTY. M. HENRICKSEN, expert watchmaker, 334 W. Sup. St.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST WORK at Vanderberg's, 214 West Superior St.

LOST.

LOST—A $5 BILL. IF THE LADY WHO was seen to pick it up will return it to Dr. Swaine, 709 Palladio building, he will fully describe it, and reward her for her honesty.

STRAYED—TUESDAY, APRIL 24TH, from my barn, 19 West First street, span of bay horses, about 1100 weight each. Liberal reward for information or return. F. J. Catlin.

LOST—MONDAY EVENING, APRIL 16, between Tenth avenue east and First street and Lyceum theater, black feather fan with tortoise trimmings. Finder will be rewarded for returning to 1012 East First street.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. SCHIFFMAN. TOP FLOOR BURrows b'ldg. Best work. Moderate prices.

PROFESSIONAL.

HAIR, MOLES AND WARTS REmoved, Germicide guaranteed for dandruff and falling hair. Corns removed without pain. Mme. Boyd, 216 W. Sup. St.

PERSONAL.

LADIES' FREE HARMLESS MONTHLY Regulator cannot fail. Mrs. B. Rowan, Milwaukee, Wis.

TEAMS WANTED.

WANTED—SEVERAL TEAMS TO HAUL ties. Call for A. Joly, 614 West First street.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

TO RENT.

2 Large Brick Stores

Two stories and basement, East Superior street near Fourth avenue. $40.00 a month each.

A. R. Macfarlane & Co.
112 Exchange Bldg., Duluth.

Forty Acres of Fine Garden Ground in West Duluth, near street cars, For Rent.

R. B. KNOX & CO.,
1 Exchange Building.

TWO REAL ESTATE BARGAINS—

$1250 Will buy an eight (8) room house in good condition, with corner lot (50x75) five blocks from Postoffice. Terms less than one-third cash. This house alone is worth $2000.

$275 Will buy lot (50x140) on Ninth street, near lake avenue.

A. W. TAUSSIG & CO.
412 Providence Bldg.

$3500 For 50-ft lot near Eleventh avenue west; double frontage, Superior and Michigan streets; two houses, monthly rent $40; will make business property. This is cheap; dropped from $11,000.

D. W. SCOTT, *10 Messaba Building.*

Real Estate and Loans

Stocks bought and sold; also deal in Commercial Paper. Rental Agency for resident and non-resident property-owners.

Thos. P. Brown,
No. 716 Torrey building.

Established 1886. **J. C. Mishler,** Established 1886.

$2500 For No. 318, Nineteenth avenue west; good 8-room house; cement cellar; spring in cellar; pump in kitchen; electric light; large barn. Lot 50x80 feet. This is good property; improvements cost more than price asked.

$2250 For No. 1901 West Fourth street; 8-room house; small barn; water in house. Lot 40x150 feet; suitable for two families.

For Rent!

Fine store room, Fourth Street and First Avenue West. Water furnished, rent reasonable.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.,
103 HERALD BLDG.

HOUSE AND FULL LOT, MARTIN'S Division, cheap. This house is near the new sawmill site. Crosby & Martindale, 106 Providence building.

FOR SALE—160 ACRES FARMING land, 2½ miles from thriving town of Nebagamon, Wis.; 10 acres cleared; house; plenty hardwood and good water. C 38, Herald.

MEDICAL.

GONOVA Is a French treatment for male and female—for the private cure of GONORRHŒA, Gleet, Unnatural Discharges, Inflammations, Irritations and Ulcerations of the mucous membranes. An internal remedy with injection combined, warranted a cure worst cases in one week. $5.00 per package or two for $9.00. Beware substitutions. Sent anywhere on receipt of price and guaranteed by THE KLOD DRUG COMPANY, Elgin, Ill. Retail and wholesale by S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, druggists, Duluth; Nygren's Drug Store, West Duluth, Minn.

PLUMBING, HEATING AND GAS FITTING

THOMPSON-WAUGH COMPANY, 230 West First street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ANYONE HAVING A PIANO THEY want stored, can place their instrument with a reliable party who will give best of care for use of same. No children in family. Address E. B., care Herald.

STENOGRAPHY OR TYPEWRITING AT 313 Lyceum building. 'Phone 687. Prompt service

CLOTHES CLEANED.

J. F. MILLER—CLOTHES CLEANED, dyed and repaired on short notice. Goods called for free of charge. 110 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn. Telephone 570.

TO EXCHANGE.

WANT TO TRADE—COMBINATION tandem for ladies' single wheels. Address "Tandem," care Herald.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—TO BUY, A SMALL SIZE second hand safe. Christie & Collier.

THE U. S. OLD CLOTHING BUYERS arrived. I will pay the greatest, highest and most respectable prices for old clothing and carpets. Address Old Clothing Buyer, care Duluth Evening Herald.

Second Handed Logging Horses

Barrett & Zimmerman, Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul, will buy your second-handed Logging Horses.

CONSOLIDATED IRON MINES STOCK. A. R. Macfarlane & Co.

INSTRUMENT REPAIRING.

REPAIRING OF VIOLINS, MANDOlins, banjos and guitars, etc. Also fixtures for all instruments. A. Haakonsen, 102½ West Superior street.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR CANDY store; must be bright and good worker. D 93, Herald.

WANTED—A GOOD COOK IN FAMILY of two. Good wages. Call at 201 First National bank building.

WANTED—FIRST CLASS SHIRT MAKers, also girl for button holes. D. M. Morrison, shirt maker, 631 West First street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 121 West Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1705 Jefferson street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL work; good wages. See Dr. H. C. Watson, Bethel, Lake avenue.

WANTED—A DISH WASHER, AT once, St. James. Also an experienced dining room girl, St. James hotel.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL AT once. 202 Long block.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1513 Jefferson street.

A GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; family of three; best wages. Apply Mrs. A. H. Comstock, 111 East First street.

WANTED—GOOD COOK AT ONCE; small family; highest wages. 405 East Third street.

WANTED—YOUNG NURSE GIRL, MRS. W. E. Van Houten, 430 East Fourth street.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework, $18 per month. 328 Thirteenth avenue east.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; must be good cook; $20 per month; no washing. 1116 East First street.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework and cooking. Call mornings, 40 East Main street, corner Fifty-third avenue west, West Duluth.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 101 East Fourth street.

WANTED—TWO GIRLS, ONE FOR general housework and one for dining room. Appy at 21 East Third street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Inquire at 1424 East First street.

WANTED—COOK AT 220 WEST THIRD street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR KITCHEN work. 627 West Superior street.

WANTED—GOOD COOK IN PRIVATE family; good wages. Two girls kept. Apply 501 West Second street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; family of four. Mrs. Johnston, 121 West Fourth street.

WANTED—TWO DINING ROOM GIRLS. Palmer house, 108 West First street.

WANTED — STENOGRAPHER AND typewriter, who can translate German. Good position to competent person. Apply J. D. Zein, 411 West Michigan street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; two in family; wages $15. 2020 East Superior street.

WANTED—A GOOD SERVANT GIRL at 210 West Third street. Must be a good cook.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED COOK. Apply 1901 East Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 315 East Second street.

WANTED—TWO GIRLS AT ONCE. 1306 East Second street.

STENOGRAPHERS

Assisted to positions without charge. Call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCKOFF, SEAMENS & BENEDICT, 323 West Superior street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—AN INTELLIGENT AND energetic canvasser to present an article that will sell at sight. Enquire at 12 West Superior street.

WANTED—A BARBER AT BOARD OF Trade.

WANTED—BOY TO DRIVE DELIVERY wagon. Call before 9 a. m., J. H. Edwards, 12 and 14 Second avenue west.

FOUR FIRST-CLASS COAT MAKERS; positively the highest prices paid in the state for best work. Mies.

WANTED—BLACKSMITH AT STREET railway shops, Twenty-sixth avenue west and Superior street. Highest wages and steady work.

SIX COAT MAKERS AND PANTS MAkers. N. J. Thorpe, Cloquet, Minn.

WANTED—SIX CARPENTERS. BEST wages and steady work all summer for good men. James Quinn, Virginia, Minn.

WANTED—COAT-MAKER. JANZIG, Hunter block.

WANTED—FOUR COAT MAKERS AND two pants makers. J. S. Lane.

Business Men

supplied with competent stenographers and accountants free of charge. Apply to W. C. McCarter, Business University. 'Phone 719.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED—SITUATION BY BLACKsmith of 25 years' experience, in town or county. Address T 67, Herald.

WANTED—A PLACE TO WORK MORNings and evenings, by a young reliable man. T 62, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION BY YOUNG man 18 years of age, where he can work for his board and go to business college. Address D 92, Herald.

DRESSMAKER OF LONG EXPERIence desires sewing in family. Perfect fit guaranteed; the best of reference given. 22 East Second street.

WANTED — BY MARRIED LADY, place in hotel or boarding house to work for husband's board. Address A 55, Herald.

WANTED—A POSITION AS DINING room girl. Have had experience. Prefer to go to Hibbing. Address Anna Tomek, Willow River, Pine county, Minn.

WANTED—SITUATION BY A YOUNG man 23 years of age, a place as a gardener, six years' experience in Denmark. Will do small jobs fixing up gardens and lawns. 118 Twenty-first avenue west.

WANTED — HOUSECLEANING, OR stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 25 First avenue east. Work guaranteed.

CARPET CLEANING.

CARPETS CLEANED, REFITTED AND relaid. Window shades made to order. O. H. Stenbers, 21 East Superior street.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—205 TENTH AVENUE east, eight room house, strictly modern, $28 per month. Crosby & Martindale, 106 Providence building. Telephone 24.

FOR RENT—ONE HOUSE, ASHTABUla terrace. Enquire R. T. Lewis, 503 Lonsdale.

FOR RENT—4-ROOM HOUSE, REAR OF 121 East Fifth street. Apply to O. N. Lundberg, 225 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—1120 EAST THIRD STREET R. M. Newport & Son, 302 Lonsdale building.

FOR RENT—BEAUTIFUL NINE ROOM house, $45; four room basement flat, $12. 205 Lyceum.

AFTER MAY 1, CHEAP, 315 WEST Fourth street. Inquire 802 Torrey bldg.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Crosby & Martindale, 106 Providence building.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FURNISHED ROOMS. WILL ALLOW light housekeeping. 322 West Third street.

FOR RENT—A FURNISHED ROOM, modern conveniences, $5 per month. 308 West Mesaba avenue.

FOUR ROOMS DOWN STAIRS. 123 Sixth avenue west.

FOR RENT—TWO NICELY FURnished front rooms; prefers to rent without board. However, will board desirable parties. No. 221 East Third street.

FOR RENT—TWO LARGE FRONT rooms. Call 525 East Seventh street.

FOR RENT—LARGE ROOM WITH Alcove, and one single room; unfurnished if preferred. Modern. Gentlemen preferred. T 69, Herald.

FOR RENT—TWO ROOMS $4, AND four rooms $6. Inquire 708 East Second street.

FOUR ROOMS, UNFURNISHED, SUITable for light housekeeping. Apply 15 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

EIGHT ROOM MODERN FLAT. Ingalls' flats, 216 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT—5-ROOM FLAT. 11 EAST Fourth street.

FOR RENT—5-ROOM MODERN FLAT. Volk, Palladio building.

FURNISHED 5-ROOM FLAT FROM May 1 to September 1. Call between 7 and 8 p. m., 521 Fourth avenue east.

FOR RENT—FLATS IN MUNGER TERrace. Newport & Son, 302 Lonsdale building.

FOR RENT—STORES.

FOR RENT—MAY 1, ONE HALF STORE 12 by 100 feet, at 505 West Superior street, third door from corner Fifth avenue west. Inquire at 313 West Superior street.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—FURNISHED HOUSE OR flat. H. W. Richardson, weather bureau.

WANTED—FURNISHED ROOM FOR man and wife, modern conveniences. D 89, Herald.

HOUSE OR FLAT OF FOUR OR FIVE rooms; centrally located. Address B 36, Herald.

OFFERED—ROOMS AND BOARD.

WANTED—A COUPLE TO ROOM AND board; central location. S 30, Herald.

LARGE FRONT ROOM WITH BOARD. 120 Sixth avenue west.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE — PLYMOUTH ROCK chickens, also eggs for hatching, 50 cents per setting. Charles Crapser, 931 East First street.

WANTED—OFFER ON ALL OR PART of 2000 shares stock of Golden Crescent mine. "Miner." Herald.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, BUREAU, DRESSer, double bed, rocking chair, center table and all kinds of household goods, at 306 West Fifth street. Call from 5 to 6:30 p. m.

FOR SALE—ONE FOLDING BED, ONE velvet rug 12 by 12, one ice chest, all nearly new. 706 West Third street. Call Friday.

FOR SALE—ATLAS OF SUPERIOR, good as new and large wall map of Duluth. 513 Burrows building.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD OF FRESH milch cows, St. Paul & Duluth stock yards, Lake avenue. April 29 for two days. Ernest Miller.

FINE SQUARE PIANO FOR SALE. 5 Twelfth avenue east.

FOR SALE—TWO TEAMS, AT 1125 West Michigan street.

FOR SALE CHEAP—BUREAU, DRESSer, center table, rocking chair, bed and all kinds of household goods, at 306 West Fifth street. Call from 5 to 6:30 p. m.

WANTED—OFFER ON ALL OR PART of 2000 shares stock of Golden Star mine. "Miner." Herald.

FOR SALE—FIRST-CLASS ZENITH range, cheap. 311 Second avenue west.

FOR SALE.

Twenty-two spans of heavy Work Horses and Harness. Apply

Robert Whiteside,
216 W. Superior St., Room 110.

FOR SALE—FOUR CHAMBER SUITES, $12.50 to $15. Call at office, 10 East Superior street, upstairs.

FOR SALE—A WELL ESTABLISHED good paying grocery business in one of the best towns in St. Louis county. Will take about $5000. Business will pay 50 per cent on investment. Terms cash. Address A 54, Herald.

FOR SALE—A HIGH GRADE GENTS' wheel in A1 condition, cheap; also a three burner gas plate and oven. S. A. Craft 322 West Third street.

FOR SALE—SIX HORSES. 20 WEST First street, R. W. Ramsey.

HORSES! HORSES!

Barrett & Zimmerman, Minnesota Transfer, Minn., have from 300 to 500 head of horses always on hand, consisting of drafters, farm horses, drivers and general purpose horses, mules and Western horses. Auction every Wednesday. Private sales daily.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD OF FRESH milch cows just received; will trade for fat cattle. 829 Fourth avenue east. I. L. Levine.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD

FINANCIAL.

MONEY TO LOAN IN SMALL amounts. Private party. No publicity. D 94, Herald.

MONEY LOANED ON PIANOS, FURNiture, horses and all kinds of personal property. 316 Palladio building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAmonds, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., 324 W. Sup. street. Established 1893.

MONEY LOANED ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. We buy Consolidated stock. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

APPLICATION FOR MORTGAGE LOANS wanted. J. Q. A. Crosby, 210 Palladio.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 3:00. Next meeting April 30, 1900. Work, First degree. S. O. Sterrett, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting May 14, 1900. Work Second degree. Robert Graham, W. M.; H. A. Hall, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evening of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting May 2, 1900. Work, M. M. P. M. & M. E. M. degree. Henry D. Gee, H. P.; W. G. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8:00 p. m. Next conclave May 1, 1900. Work, election of officers. J. T. Armstead, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheaux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO. 105. Meets every Thursday in Hunter block, third floor, West Superior street. F. W. Dryer, M. W.; W. J. Stephens, recorder; John C. Walker, financier, residence 810 East Seventh street; H. S. Mills, receiver.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp No. 2206. Meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. F. A. Noble, V. C.; P. H. Levy, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights adways welcome. H. P. Curren, Com.; B. K. Walker, R. K.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, NO. 35, K. P.—Meets Tuesday, May 1, at 8 p. m. at Castle hall, 118 West Superior street. District convention, J. B. Gibson, C. C.; B. F. Neff, R. S.

I. O. O. F.

ZENITH CITY LODGE NO. 160, I. O. O. F.—Meets Tuesday evening, May 1, 8 p. m. Work, Second Degree, in Columbia hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. Felix Lambert, N. G.; W. H. Leonard, secretary.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS, Court Eastern Star No. 56, Meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m., at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. E. O. Olund, Chief Ranger.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, 328 ST. CROIX AVENUE. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

HOUSE-MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

Cheap Excursion.

On May 1, I will run a cheap excursion to all points in Western Canada, where you can get 160 acres of the choicest farming lands free. For particulars, apply to

J. H. M. PARKER.
Canadian Government Agent.
Room 316 Palladio Building.
Duluth, Minn.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

7:45 a.m.	Lv..... Duluth .....Ar	3:35 p.m.
8:29 a.m.	Ar..... Proctor Lv	3:05 p.m.
10:07 a.m.	Ar..Iron Junction..Lv	1:18 p.m.
10:15 a.m.	Ar..... Wolf Lv	1:10 p.m.
10:30 a.m.	Ar..... Virginia Lv	12:55 p.m.
10:24 a.m.	Ar..... Eveleth Lv	1:02 p.m.
10:18 a.m.	Ar..... Sparta Lv	12:23 p.m.
11:12 a.m.	Ar..... Biwabik Lv	12:47 p.m.
10:35 a.m.	Ar.... Mt. Iron Lv	12:35 p.m.
10:50 a.m.	Ar.... Hibbing Lv	12:25 p.m.

Daily except Sunday. J. R. HANSON, General Passenger Agent.

DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

3:35 p.m.	Lv..... Duluth .....Ar	12:00 m.
7:35 p.m.	Ar..... Virginia Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:40 p.m.	Ar..... Eveleth Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:50 p.m.	Ar..... Ely Lv	7:19 a.m.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

Leave	Duluth.	Arrive
†2 45 pm	ST. PAUL	†1 40 pm
*11 15 pm	... AND MINNEAPOLIS ...	*9 00 am

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.

*7 55 am	Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana and Coast Points.	*6 45 pm
†3 05 pm	Swan River, Hibbing and Int Points	†11 50 am

Sleeper for 11:45 p. m. Train can be occupied at any time after 9:00 p. m. J. G. MOONEY, Asst. Pass. Agent.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth.	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**8:35 am	St. Paul, Mpls.	**3:05 pm
*4:30 pm	...Twilight Limited...	*9:59 pm
*5:10 pm	Chicago Milwaukee,	*10:30 am
*5:10 pm	Appleton,	*10:30 am
*5:10 pm	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*10:30 am
*5:10 pm	..... FAST MAIL.....	*10:30 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

ST. PAUL & DULUTH R. R.

Union Depot. *Daily. †Ex. Sunday.

Lv.	TRAINS FOR	Ar.
†9 00 am	ST. PAUL AND	†6 45 am
" *1 55 pm	MINNEAPOLIS	" †1 40 pm
" *11 15 pm		" *7 00 pm

DULUTH, SOUTH SHORE & ATLANTIC RAILWAY.

426 Spalding Hotel Block—Union Depot.

Leave	**Ex. Saturday. *Ex. Sunday.	Arrive
*6 20 p. m.	BOSTON LIMITED	*9 30 a. m.
* 6 a.m.	EXPRESS	*7 30 p. m.

ADVANCE IN WHEAT

Market Started Out Firm and Ruled Strong During the Session.

THE CABLES STEADY

Argentine Shipments Light and Large Decrease In Visible Expected.

Duluth Board of Trade, April 27.—The wheat market was stronger this morning, the news being of a bullish character. The cables showed wheat at Liverpool firm in the face of weakness yesterday in the American markets. The Argentine shipments were less than expected, showing decrease of 1,000,000 bus from the previous week. It was also figured that the next visible statement will show a large decrease. The market continued strong and steady throughout the session, closing 5c higher than yesterday here and 5c higher at Chicago for the May option. July closed 5c higher here and 3@5c at Chicago.

Trading in futures was fairly active on Duluth board. May wheat opened 1c up at 66½c and held between 66¾c and 66⅝c higher at Chicago up to noon. It sold up to 66⅝c at 1 o'clock and closed at those figures, 5c higher than yesterday. July started ⅝c up at 67¼c, sold at 67⅝c at 12:50, touched 67¾@c at 1:05, and advanced to 68c at 12:20. It closed at 68c, being 5c higher than yesterday. Cash sales were 75,000 bus, at the May price, ½c over May to the mills. It is estimated Duluth wheat stocks will show a decrease of 1,126,000 bus this week. Corn advanced ½c. Oats barley and rye were unchanged. Cash and May to-day showed no change. September flax rose 3c and October flax advanced 1c. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 68½c; to arrive, 68½c; May, 68¾c; July, 70c. No. 1 northern, cash, 66⅞c; to arrive, 67⅝c; May, 67⅝c; July, 69c. No. 2 northern, 64@65c. No. 3 spring, 61@62c. Oats, 23@23½c. Barley, 29@32c. Flax, cash, $1.72; May, $1.72; September, $1.27; October, $1.16. Corn, 37½c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 88; corn, 2. Receipts—Wheat, 70,784 bus; corn, 5,016 bus; rye, 16 bus; barley, 3,774 bus; flax, 25 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 239,000 bus.

Established 1862.

Weare Commission Company, Chicago.

Grain, Provisions, Stocks and Bonds.

Private wires to all Exchanges. 'Phone 713. GEO. RUPLEY, Manager.
We make a specialty of Boston Copper Stocks. Duluth Office—319 Board of Trade.

Arthur R. Jones & Co.,

324 West Superior Street. (St. Louis Hotel.)

Members of Chicago Board of Trade.

Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions and Cotton.

Leased Wires to New York, Chicago and Boston.

A. R. Macfarlane & Co.,

Bankers and Brokers.

112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

Local Stocks, etc.—	Par.	Per Share—Asked.	Bid.
First National Bank	100	153	138
Am. Exchange Bank	100	120	113
First Nat. Bank, Superior	100	100	95
Nor. Trust Co., Superior	100	...	10
L. W. Leithead Drug Co.	100	85	80

L. S. Consol. Iron Mines on Application.

Brotherton Iron Mine Co.	25	2½	2½
People's Telephone Co.	100	85	...
Duluth Print. & Pub. Co.	50	...	150
Globe Elevator Co.	100	100	...
Consol. Elev. Co., 1st pfd.	100	...	100
Consol Elev. Co., 2nd pfd.	100	...	90
Consol. Elev. Co. com.	100	60	28
County orders			Par

United States bonds bought and sold.

We also deal in REAL ESTATE, COMMERCIAL PAPER, MORTGAGE LOANS and act as agents for non-resident property owners and investors. Correspondence invited.

Ship Your Grain to McCarthy Bros. & Co.

Grain Commission Merchants,

Duluth and Minneapolis.

WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES:

First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

LAND SCRIPS, PINE LANDS, STOCKS.

H. W. COFFIN,

Chamber of Commerce.

brandeed horses were in good demand, and made quite an item in the aggregate outlet. Quotations:

Drafters, choice	$100@140
Drafters, common to good	90@100
Farm horses, choice	80@115
Farm horses, common to good	60@ 75
Mules	75@110

WHEAT MOVEMENT.

	Receipts. Bushels.	Shipments. Bushels.
New York	46,475	55,875
Philadelphia	...	6,400
Baltimore	33,712	21,600
Toledo	2,500	24,000
Detroit	696	3,161
St. Louis	8,000	26,000
Boston	61,141	...
Chicago	17,759	31,320
Milwaukee	9,840	1,500
Minneapolis	111,280	23,240
Kansas City	27,200	17,250
Duluth	70,384	239,000

AMERICAN MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	66⅝B	65⅞-⅞	65½-⅝	75-⅛
High	66⅞	66⅛	66¼	75⅝
Low	66⅝	65⅝	65⅝	75-⅛
Close	66⅞	66⅛	66⅜-06⅜	75⅝
July—				
Open	67⅛B	65½	67⅛-⅛	72½-⅝
High	68	66	67⅜	72⅝
Low	67⅝	65½	67⅛-⅛	72¼
Close	68	65⅞	67¼-⅜B	72½

CHICAGO OATS CORN, AND PORK.

	Oats. July.	Corn. July.	Pork. July.
Open	23½-⅝	40⅝-¾	57⅝	$12.80
High	23⅝	41⅛	12.92
Low	23¼	40½-⅝	12.77
Close	23¼	40⅝-¾	12.87

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, April 27.—Wheat quiet, unchanged to ¼d higher. May 5s 9¾d; July, 5s 8¼d. Corn, steady, ¼@¾d higher. May, is 2½d; July, 4s 3d; September, 4s 1¾d.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

New York, April 27.—The opening of the stock market was rather quiet at small gains. The disposition seemed to be to await the developments in Sugar. That stock opened with sales of 8300 shares at ½ below to ⅝ above last night's price. The demand continued large at the opening, raising the price an additional half. Pennsylvania was lifted 2¼ on a purchase of 2000 shares at the opening. As prices ascended, offerings became more liberal and undermined the strength of the market. Sugar fell back 2⅝ points, and Baltimore & Ohio and Federal Steel 1 point. While concessions were general, the market showed some resisting power on a scale down and stiffened somewhat before 11 o'clock. There were many large blocks of stock exchanged at the opening, but the transactions became smaller later. The market again took an abrupt course downward in sympathy with Sugar, which touched 113⅝. Heavy purchases of the Tobacco stocks advanced them 2 points and steadied the list. Chicago Terminal stocks were active and 1½@2½ higher. The market seemed entirely dominated by manipulation in the specialties. Sugar was supported and recovered to 117 and New York Central rose 2. Bonds brought better prices on a good demand.

The price of Sugar fell rapidly in the last hour without any effective support to check the decline. The market generally was heavy but not very active. Pennsylvania fell 2⅝ from the top; Baltimore & Ohio nearly a point and New York Central 1½. Sugar, after falling to 113 rallied over a point, but was poorly maintained. The closing was dull and easy at losses generally of a point or upwards.

Name of Stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Sugar	118	119⅝	113	113¼
Am. Steel Wire com	41⅞	43	41	41⅝
Tobacco	103	104¾	103	103⅝
Atchison com	27⅜	27⅝	27	27⅝
Atchison pfd	71⅝	71⅝	70⅝	71
Brooklyn Transit	73¼	74	73¼	74
C., M. & St. P.	121	121	120	120¾
C., B. & Q.	127½	127½	125⅝	125⅞
C. & N. W.	163	163	160	160
Federal Steel com.	43¾	44	42½	42½
Federal Steel pfd	71	71¾	70⅝	71
Great Western	87⅝	87⅝	87	87⅛
L. & N.	87⅝	88	87½	87⅝
Manhattan	90	90⅞	89¼	89⅝
Missouri Pacific	39⅜	39⅝	37⅞	38
N. P. common	70⅜	70⅝	70	70⅛
N. P. preferred	76⅜	76⅝	76	76⅛
Peoples Gas	106⅜	106⅝	104¾	104⅝
Rock Island	108¾	108⅞	108¼	108⅝
Southern Pacific	37⅞	37⅞	37	37⅛
T. C. I.	85¼	85¼	81	81
Leather preferred	71¼	72	71½	72
Union Pacific pfd.	77⅜	77⅝	77	77⅝
Union Pacific com.	37⅝	38	36⅞	37⅛
Western Union	92¼	92½	92	92⅛
Leather common	14¾	15	14¾	14⅞
Great Northern	252½	252½	250	250
Illinois Central	115¾	115¾	114¾	114¾
Money	2½@2½	2½	2	2½

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, April 27.—The cotton market opened steady with prices unchanged to 5 points higher on firm cables from Liverpool, together with a flurry of foreign and local buying of the general list. Inasmuch as after English cables were lower, the feeling of confidence in bull circles gave way to distrust later in the forenoon. With the change in sentiment, business dwindled to a small room trade and prices dropped into a narrow rut. Wall street sold the summer months and bought the December and January options on the early rise.

Spot cotton closed firm. Middlings, 11 1-16c; sales, none. Futures closed firm: April, $8.17; May, $8.18; June, $8.18; July, $8.15; August, $8.2; September, $8.18; October, $8.22; November, $8.07; December, $8.07; January, $8.08; February, $8.09; March, $8.12.

ON THE CHICAGO BOARD.

Wheat Firm---Corn Strong---Oats Weak---Provisions Easier.

Chicago, April 27.—Liverpool was firm in the face of the weakness at the close, but yesterday and Argentine shipments were less than expected, two items of influence in the firmness with which the wheat market began today's session. The opening was ½@¾c over yesterday, May at 65¾@65⅞c, July 66@66⅜c. Commission houses were credited with fair buying, but the trade was not large, being principally in the way of changing. May following the opening, sold at 65¾@65⅞c and at 65¾c. July advanced to 67⅛c, sold to 67⅜c and then recovered to 67¾@68c. Local receipts were 75 cars, two of contract grade. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 207 cars, against 202 last week and 206 a year ago. Argentine shipments were more than 1,000,000 bus under those of the previous week. A large visible decrease is expected.

A cable reporting Argentine arrivals from the interior lessening, had a strengthening effect later, as did a French cable saying there were dry winds in that country, causing apprehension regarding the crop. The market closed strong. May touching 66⅞c and closing 1c over yesterday at 65¾@66c. July ascended to 67⅜c and closed 1@1¼c improved at 67½@68c.

The corn market was strong and fairly active early, helped by firm cables and bull reports. May opened 1@1¼c up at 39½@39¾c, sold to 39½@39¾c and recovered to 39⅝@39¾c. July opened ¼@¾ higher at 36½@36¾c and rallied early to 40c. Local receipts were 202 cars.

The close was firm, May ½@¾c higher at 39⅝@39¾c and July ¼@¾c up at 40@c. Trade was active.

The oats market was weak and trade quiet. Offerings were liberal and there was no particular demand early. Receipts were 126 cars. May opened a shade down at 23¼c and sold off to 22¾c. July a shade lower at 23¾@23¾c, declining to 23¼c.

Provisions were easier on a weak hog market and liberal receipts of hogs. The demand was slow and trade light. July pork opened 2½@5 down at $12.80@12.82½; July lard unchanged at $7.25@7.25½, easing to $7.20 and July ribs opened 2½@5c depressed at $7.02½@7.05.

Close: Wheat, April, 65¾c; May, 65⅞@66c; July, 67¼@68c; September, 68¾c. Corn, April, 38¾c; May, 39⅝@39¾c; July, 40⅝c; September, 41½c. Oats, April, 23¾c; May, 23¾c; July, 23¼c; September, 22½@23c. Pork, April $12.72½; May, $12.75@12.80; July, $12.87½. Lard, April, $7.22½; May, $7.32½; July, $7.07½. September, $7.15. Ribs, April, $7.07½; May, $7.07½; July, $7.00@7.02½; September, $7.05. Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 67½@68c; No. 3 red, 67@68c; No. 2 hard winter, 65½c; No. 3 hard winter, 62@65c; No. 1 northern spring, 65¾@66c; No. 2 northern spring, 65@65½c. No. 3 spring, 62@63½c. Corn, No. 2, 39½c; No. 3, 39½c. Oats, No. 2, 23½c; No. 3, 23c. Flax, cash Northwestern, $1.73; Southwestern, $1.70; May, $1.73; September, $1.23½; October, $1.16. Rye, 53½c. Barley, 30@45c. Timothy $2.45. Clover, $7.00.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, April 27.—Close: Wheat, May, 75¾c; July, 74½c; September, 74⅜c. Corn, May, 45½c; July, 46¾c; September, 46½c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, April 27.—Close, wheat in store—No. 1 northern, April, 65½c; May, 64½c; July, 65¾c; September, 65-20½c. On track—No. 1 hard, 66½c; No. 1 northern, 66½c; No. 2 northern, 64½c.

MINNEAPOLIS HORSE MARKET.

Minneapolis Tribune: Paul Barron & Zimmerman report: While a large volume of horses arrived on the market 84 in chunks and general purpose horses proved mostly so. The accumulation of horses was not of any large degree. The tone of trade is encouraging with no essential change in prices. The more common class of horses including Western

A CHANGE RUMORED

Northern Pacific May Retire From Ownership of Fond du Lac Line.

HAS HALF INTEREST

Report That St. Paul & Duluth Will Then Resume Short Line Service.

Some time ago Capt. Ray T. Lewis and George C. Howe, of this city, made an appraisal of the right-of-way of the St. Paul & Duluth railroad tracks between Garfield avenue and Fond du Lac. At the time it was announced that it was being made there was considerable speculation as to the meaning of it and the theory was advanced that it was a step in the direction of the absorption of the St. Paul & Duluth by the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul. This idea gained very little credence, however.

It is now reported that on May 1 or June 1 the Northern Pacific will relinquish its interest in that piece of track an dthat the St. Paul & Duluth railroad will resume short line train service to Fond du Lac and New Duluth. There has been no official announcement of this, but it has been heard in several quarters. At the time the service was abandoned one reason given was that the Northern Pacific was half owner, but would not join in keeping up the service or in keeping the track in repair. The appraisal was made in order to pave the way for the retirement of the Northern Pacific from the ownership.

A number of matters connected with the joint ownership of railroad tracks between Duluth and Carlton have come up lately and it is more than likely that the adjustment of some of these between the two roads gave rise to the story which has emanated from New York to the effect that the Northern Pacific railroad has bought the St. Paul & Duluth railroad. The comment generally heard from people who have heard the report as to purchase is that it is just about time that somebody sold the St. Paul & Duluth railroad. All admit, however, that it would be a pretty good stroke for the Northern Pacific to get the St. Paul & Duluth.

New York, April 27.—The Evening Post says: There semes to be some ground for stating that negotiations, likely to be successful, are pending, involving the control of the St. Paul & Duluth by the Northern Pacific. President McKinley of the Northern Pacific declined today to make any statement in regard to the matter, either in denial or confirmation. Col. Lamont, vice president of the Northern Pacific, is known to have been in conference today with prominent interests in the St. Paul & Duluth, but it could not be learned whether the transfer of the line was brought up or not.

A GREAT LOSS.

Fire caused a loss of about $40,000 in the log railways of G. W. Potter, on the bank of Lake Superior, at Silver Creek, last night. No word has reached Duluth as to the cause of the fire, but it caught yesterday afternoon and consumed half of the logs there before it was put out by the fire tug Joe Dudley of the Stevens line, which was dispatched to the scene last night.

Silver Creek is eight miles beyond Two Harbors, and when the word of the fire first reached Two Harbors the Duluth & Iron Range tug went up to see what it could do. Not being a fire tug, however, it was unable to cope with the fire, and word was sent to Capt. D. E. Stevens to send a fire tug at once. He sent the tug Dudley at 8 o'clock last night, and in a short time it was there and had a stream on the blaze, which is near the lake and was easily reached. It did not take very long for the tug to put out the fire, but by that time half of the logs, which in all amounted to 5,000,000 or 10,000,000 feet, were destroyed.

The logs were piled there ready to be rafted to Duluth this spring and summer. They belonged to G. W. Potter, of Chippewa Falls, Wis., who was formerly in partnership with W. F. Wheelihan, of Needah, Wis. Mr. Potter bought out his partner's interest in their timber holdings in Lake county a year ago, and has been logging since on his own account.

It is supposed that the logs caught from one of the numerous forest fires that have been running through this section.

East End Bargains.

Seven modern residence..... $500
Fine lot in Endion, sharp..... $300
Cottage in Endion, 50-foot lot..... $1800

LITTLE & NOLTE.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup St. Funeedany printing, see R. P. Co. New hats, see them, at Swenson's. Sailors' and children's hats at Miss Swenson's.

The Pantorium, open all night. Phone 653.

For sale—Carload fresh milch cows. Stock yards, Lake avenue viaduct, April 26 and 26. Ernst Miller.

There will be rehearsals for the Cecilian concert at the Y. M. C. A. tomorrow at 2 o'clock sharp, and at the Lyceum (stage entrance) on Wednesday evening at 7:30.

The constitutionality of the child labor law was argued before Judge Edson in the municipal court this morning in connection with the case against Mme. De Verne, a clairvoyant, charged with employing a boy under 16 years of age during school hours. The case was continued till Monday afternoon.

There will be a meeting of the Federated Trades' assembly in the Kalamazoo block this evening, at which many items of important business are scheduled to come up.

Second citizenship papers have been granted by the district court to William Gustafson and Gust Lauti, of Russia, Joseph Vissenoux, of Great Britain, and Louis Tomlin, of Germany.

Marriage licenses have been issued to William A. Lyon, of Wayne county, Mich., and Minnie Grimson, of Bay county, Mich.; Henry Duches, of St. Louis county, and Sarah Tolen, of Escanaba, Mich., and to John B. Mathison and Martha J. Johnson, both of St. Louis county.

LISTS OF JURORS.

The grand and petit jurors for the March term of district court have been served with summonses, notifying them to appear and perform one of the duties of citizenship. The grand jurors are summoned for next Wednesday and the petit jurors are called for the following Monday. The list follows:

Grand jurors—H. C. Crawford, James F. Keen, W. A. Edwards, Lewis L. Forrest, Richard A. Webster, Frank J. Cullen, Marvin C. McLaren, W. H. Kilton, Alec McDonald, Jr., Fred A. Brown, James McCahill, P. A. Jorahp, John N. Ehle, Guy Canfield, R. S. Lerch, Charles Seaman, Duluth; Daniel E. Shea, Virginia; William A. Thayer, New Duluth; A. Gill, George C. Smith, Mountain Iron; Charles Nelson, Soudan, John B. Smerker, Spartaa.

Petit jurors—Archibald Robertson, Henry Johnson, Charles T. Seymour, P. L. Johnson, Louis Frost, A. Snyder, Charles Schiller, Elvin W. Bunker, Hugh R. Burgo, Sanford F. McLeod, Corvin W. Higgins, Nathan W. Burris, A. Stoltz, Thomas Cameron, David H. Costello, Thomas H. Allen, Robert Louden, J. Frank Burrows, W. W. Davis, F. L. Carey, Martin Madson, Ernest A. Schulze, Dan Keefe, Eli O. James, Freeman Knox, Alfred H. Wigdahl, Richard Flynn, Nick B. Witt, H. B. Knudson, R. D. Annis, Duluth; William N. Bowser, New Duluth; Martin Martinson, town of Duluth; Samuel Owens, W. H. Congdon, Jr., Tower; Malcolm McLeod, Harvey E. Poole, Eveleth; L. T. Hankenson, Independence.

A Card of Thanks.

We desire to express our sincere appreciation of the kindness of friends to us in our bereavement, and to thank all who showed their sympathy by rendering their assistance and performing so many acts of courtesy.

J. P. McDONALD AND FAMILY.

PERSONALS.

The finest fast trains between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Omaha, both by day and night, run via the North-Western Line.

F. B. Griffith, of Buffalo, N. Y., is visiting his daughter, Mrs. T. M. Walsh, of 26 West Third street.

M. O. Hall is in the city visiting his family. His headquarters is now in St. Louis, Mo.

Miss Lillie Abrahamson has returned after an extended visit with friends in Louisville, Cincinnati and Chicago.

Mrs. Joseph D. Sather and daughter, Marie, have returned from Grand Forks.

Alderman Nolf returned from Iowa this morning.

Douglas Gearhart has returned from Minneapolis.

Mrs. George C. Howe has gone to Chicago.

A. J. Thomas, of Ely, was in the city yesterday.

Gen. C. C. Andrews, of St. Paul, was in the city last evening.

W. K. Field, of St. Paul, is in the city today.

J. O. P. Wheelwright, of Minneapolis, is at the Spalding.

S. A. Harris, of Minneapolis, was in the city last evening.

Hon. D. M. Guiin, of Grand Rapids, was at the Spalding last evening.

William Sanders, the Stillwater lumberman, was at the Spalding last evening.

W. W. Ingalson, of St. Paul, general freight agent of the St. Paul & Duluth railroad, was in the city this morning.

Roland T. Hartley, of Minneapolis, was at the Spalding last evening.

F. V. Bitner, of Pueblo, Col., is at the Spalding.

W. P. Cook, of Oconto, Wis., is at the St. Louis.

D. W. Powell, of Marquette, Mich., of the contracting firm of Powell & Mitchell was at the St. Louis this morning.

Mrs. E. P. Wingate, of Kalamazoo, is a guest at the St. Louis.

J. T. Ingersoll, of St. Paul, was in the city this morning.

A. A. Goodrich, of Minneapolis, is in the city.

E. L. Warren, of Walker, deputy United States marshal, was at the St. Louis last evening.

Mrs. J. H. Pearce, of Virginia, was at the St. Louis last evening.

Won the Trophy.

The members of Zenith City lodge, No. 186, I. O. O. F., are happy over winning the trophy which the different Odd Fellow lodges compete for. The trophy has been held for two years by Duluth lodge. At the 1st session Zenith lodge put a team at work in the third degree, in competition with Duluth lodge and succeed in getting the trophy by 1.57 points. The score stood: Zenith lodge, 88.58; Duluth, 86.91. Messrs. Stewart, Holman and Handy, of Terminal lodge in Superior, were the judges.

W. H. Leonard, secretary of Zenith lodge, has been elected lodge representative to the yearly session of the grand lodge, which meets in St. Paul on June 13 and 14.

THE GOLF SEASON.

The golf season is well under way and this weather is taking the members of the North Land club who are interested in the game out there every day. The grounds are in fine shape and the game promises to have many more devotees this year than last. Some of the Duluth players are becoming very proficient and there is considerable good-natured rivalry. A number of matches have already been played and there will be many more. Yesterday afternoon E. D. Towne and G. G. Hartley played a championship medal match, and Mr. Hartley won, the score being: Stroke—Hartley, 86; Towne, 81; holes halved, 4; Hartley, 3 up. It is expected that a number of championship medal matches will be arranged between Mr. Hartley and others until it is finally settled who the club champion is. Some members have been practicing in the south this winter and are in good shape.

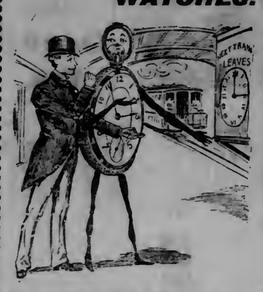
EYES TESTED FREE and Glasses Fitted.

GEIST & ERD, Opticians, 121 W. Superior Street.

An Aged Lady Dies.

Mrs. A. E. Dongres died this morning at the home of her daughter, Mrs. L. Hunt, 414 First avenue east. The deceased was 58 years of age and has lived in Duluth for the past six years. She has been failing for some time past. The remains will be taken to Davenport, Iowa, for burial, leaving here at 8:50 tomorrow morning.

WATCHES! WATCHES!



Don't Quarrel with your old and worn out WATCH...

Come and buy a new high grade PROVIDENCE, a perfect beauty, 12-size, new model, in GOLD, SILVER or GOLD-FILLED. Come and see them—it will surprise you to see what low prices we have on them. The best time-keeper in the watch market. Warranted perfect.

PROVIDENCE JEWELRY STORE...

M. Henrickson,

Watchmaker.

334 W. Superior St.

A TORNADO.

St. Louis, April 27.—A special to the Post Dispatch from Dallas, Tex., says a tornado passed through the southern part of Johnson and the northern part of Hill counties about noon today, doing terrible destruction.

The town of Blum, in Hill county, about seventy-five miles southwest of Dallas, was partially destroyed and several persons fatally injured.

A daughter of Dr. Barks had a scantling driven through her body and she is dying. An 8-year-old daughter of D. P. Hunt had both legs broken and is injured internally. She is not expected to recover. Lacey Robertson's wife was caught in their falling house and crushed so badly she will probably die.

The school house was wrecked and two pupils, names not learned, badly hurt. About a dozen dwellings and the Baptist church were destroyed in addition to the school building.

Much other damage was done, but details have not yet been received.

COOPER'S PARK SCHEME.

Resolution Is Favorably Reported to the Senate.

Washington, April 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—Senator Quarles today favorably reported Senator Davis' joint resolution to create a committee to ascertain whether it is desirable to create a national park within the lands known as the reservations of the Mississippi, Chippewa Leech Lake, Winnibegoshish and Cass Lake Indians in Minnesota. These lands comprise an area of about 839,000 acres.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

THE SENATE.

At 3:50 p. m. the senate voted on the Scott case and Senator Scott was declared entitled to his seat, 52 to 3.

Mr. Money called up a bill to amend an act to provide for the collection of abandoned property and the prevention of frauds in insurrectionary districts within the United States. At the conclusion of Mr. Money's speech the bill was laid aside.

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It is supposed that the logs caught from one of the numerous forest fires that have been running through this section.

USE THIS COUPON.

Herald Readers Secure a Special Rate.

Arrangements have been made which will enable the readers of The Herald to get private readings of the palm from Melvor - Tyndall, the noted palmist, at less than one-half his regular charge.

Melvor - Tyndall's stay in this city is drawing to a close, and those who wish the advantage of this special arrangement should present this coupon at the Hotel Spalding tomorrow.

Herald Palmistry Coupon.

This coupon presented to Melvor Tyndall at Room 116, Hotel Spalding, *Saturday, April 28.* Will entitle the holder to a full $5.00 reading (without chart or books, for $2.00.

Hours from 9:30 a. m. to 5 p. m.

Good for this Date Only.

If you will call in the morning you will avoid the afternoon rush.

LUMBER, SASH, DOORS, MOULDINGS MAPLE FLOORING HARDWOOD, SCREENS. SCOTT-GRAFF LUMBER CO. 24TH AVE. W. & MICHIGAN ST.

F. D. DAY & CO. F. D. DAY & CO.

OUR HEART CONTEST

Another One or Two of Our Little Girls' Essays--- Subject: "Why F. D. Day & Co. Are the Leading Jewelers of Duluth."

A Credit to Any City.

F. D. Day & Co., have the most beautiful and most neatly arranged store in the city of Duluth. It is not many years ago that this establishment was small, but by always carrying a reliable stock of goods, and fair dealings with the public, and by giving close attention to the wants of their many patrons, their trade has so increased that it was necessary to enlarge their quarters, and by so doing have one of the finest stores in the Northwest, and a store which is a credit to any city, and anything bearing the name F. D. Day & Co., can be strongly relied upon. Your truly,

RUBY SEYMOUR.
906 West First street.

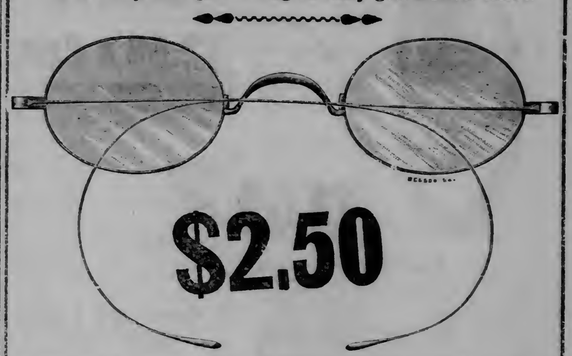
A Sunday Essay

BY LITTLE ANGELA MAGOFFIN.

Do you want to know why F. D. Day & Co., are the leading jewelers in Duluth? That is easily told. First, because it has the prettiest windows of any other jewelry store. Then it has so many looking glasses that everyone likes to go there and look at themselves. The clerks are all so nice and Mr. Day is kind and so nice to the girls. When my sister was married, nearly all her presents came from their store; one of them was a big punch bowl, which she took down South, where everyone thought it was so beautiful. I think every one likes F. D. Day & Co.'s store the best of any in Duluth. ANGELA MAGOFFIN.
(Age, 11 years.)

April 22, 1900.

N. B. Every little girl writing an essay gets a Silver Heart.



$2.50

$2.50 is the special low price we will make Tomorrow on our 14-K Gold-filled Spectacles, spherical lenses. This includes a careful examination of your eyes and proper Glasses fitted. Once a year we make this special price for advertising purposes only. We are the oldest and best established opticians in Duluth.

F. D. DAY & CO.,

315 West Superior St.

Look for the Electric Sign.

$1 PER WEEK... PAYMENTS

Open Monday and Saturday Evenings...

THE GREATEST INDUCEMENT EVER OFFERED IN THE CITY IN THE LINE OF CLOTHING.

Our stock of Ladies' Tailored Suits, Spring Jackets, Silk Waists and Underskirts, Men's and Boys' Suits and Overcoats is complete. We are the only concern in the city that will sell you clothing and let **you pay for it while wearing it.** We also carry a complete line of Furniture and House Furnishing Goods, and can furnish your home from top to bottom. Our prices are as low as any store in the city. Give us a call.

Gately Supply Company,

8 East Superior Street, 3 doors E. of Lake Avenue.

W. W. SEEKINS,

Florist and Confectioner,

Will move May 1st to 115 West Superior street,

Where we are fitting up the finest place in the city.

Tomorrow we will have our usual line of Choice Cut Flowers, Home-made Candies, Ice Cream, Ices, etc. Try a quart of our Ice Cream for your Sunday dinner, packed and delivered any place in the city at *35c per quart.*

329 W. Sup. St. Greenhouses 921 EAST THIRD ST.

DULUTH HARDWARE CO.

113 West Superior Street.

The Celebrated Ohio Steel Range

Still maintains its supremacy over all other Ranges. The bread it bakes is nothing short of prize winners.

Bicycles.

We sell the famous Rambler, Ideal and Chainless Wheels. There are none better and prices range from $17.00 to $60.00.

Garden Hose, Lawn Mowers and all other utensils for your lawn or garden.

ARE YOU GOING TO PAINT?

Let us supply you with your Paints and Oils. We carry everything usually found in a first-class Hardware Store and our prices will be found right in every instance.

We Fit the Hard to Fit.

PHILLIPS

We Sell School Shoes that Wear.

Artistic Shoes for Spring Wear.

Walk-Over Shoes.

Have all the style and appearance of shoes sold elsewhere at $5.00 a pair, made of all leathers, at

$3.50

Ladies' $3 tan and black bike shoes -- **$2.69**

Ladies' French heel bike shoes, a pair-- **$3.00**

$2.69 a Pair.

15 different styles of Ladies' tan and black new style shoes, all sizes. This is a great value.

Misses' School Shoes

Misses' tan and black shoes, neat and dressy, at ---------- **$1.50**

Misses' chocolate and black vici kid shoes, at ---------- **$1.25**

Boys' and Little Gents' Shoes.

Little Gents' satin calf and vici kid shoes, at ---------- **98c**

Little Gents' box calf school shoes ---------- **$1.25**

Boys' school shoes **$1.25 $1.50 $1.75**

Tan or black, at ---------- **$5.00**

100 pairs Men's $3.00 tan, vici and Russia calf shoes. On sale tomorrow at

$2.69

100 pairs Men's $2.50 Russia calf shoes. On sale tomorrow at

$1.98

Tan or black, at ---------- **$5.00**

Millinery...

Saturday will find Nobby Trimmed Hats for the Young Miss at from $2.75 to $5.00—they are cheap for the money but not cheap materials. Trimmed Leghorns for Children at from 85c to $8. Pattern Hats in all styles and prices. Good assortment of Bonnets for the Ladies.

B. Knowlton,

No. 3 West Superior Street.

A GOOD DRESSER

Always attracts attention. By using a little judgment even the moderate-salaried man can dress attractively and look stylish and neat. Drop in and let us give you a few pointers on Spring Suits. Our business is to dress people and dress them perfectly. We do not and will not handle any Clothing that is not made right. The Suits we sell are cut by skilled cutters after the best models and tailored perfectly in every detail. Just as much pains is taken with our $6 00, $8.00, $10.00 Suits as with the higher grades—$16.00, $18.00, $20.00. Just now we show a well assorted line of

SUITS **$10.** SUITS

Each and every one guaranteed to fit and wear well. We have them in natty Blue Serges, Cassimeres and Worsteds, showing over twenty-five different styles. Well dressed men are continually making their exit from our store and they leave but little money with us in exchange for Stylish Clothing.

We sell the Gordon and Stetson Hats, and Packard's Shoes.

B. J. COOK,

321 West Superior Street. Duluth, Minn.

FOR SALE!

House—Second avenue east, 7 rooms, all conveniences---**$2000**
House—East Second street, 9 rooms, good location-------**$4000**
House—Jefferson street, 9 rooms, all conveniences-------**$3700**
House—Lakeside, 6 rooms, 1 block from car line---------**$1200**

HOUSES FOR RENT.

....C. H. GRAVES & CO....

Office: Torrey Building, First Floor, Duluth, Minn.

Charged With Robbery.

Detective Irvine this morning arrested A. Mosstello, charged with robbing two room mates in the lodging over Singer & Wiita's saloon, at 324 Lake avenue south. The men that claim to have been robbed were Matt Roff and Isaac Kaurita, the former lost $2 and the latter $3.50 and a knife. Mosstello denied the charges against him.

There was a quartet of very ordinary drunks and one vag in police court this morning. Lewis Lapraire paid a fine of $12, and Thomas Beehy, Joe Adams, F. Cleary and James Sullivan went up for ten days.

West End Bargains.

Fine cottage, hot water heat, bath, etc.; also small dwelling, both on 50x140-foot lot, only.....**$3000**

LITTLE & NOLTE.

Will Meet Assessors.

County Auditor Halden will have a session with the assessors of the county tomorrow. They will come in then for their books and their instructions, and Mr. Halden will hold a little school on the duties of assessors. There are thirty-eight assessors in the county, not counting deputies. The instructions given the assessors will be in accordance with the letter sent out by State Auditor Dunn mentioned in The Herald last night.

PRESIDENT APPOINTS.

Washington, April 27.—The president today sent the following nominations to the senate: To be secretary of the United States legation at Guatemala, Sidney Everit, of Massachusetts. Navy: To be a captain in the navy, Commander James H. Dayton.

A LONG JOURNEY.

Ely

Long journeys generally mean long absences; and a good picture from home is the very best companion.

Our Photographs give pleasure the world over. They possess the true artistic touch and the superiority of their mechanical development leaves nothing to be desired. **7 E. Superior St.**

BOOM SPRING TRADE

Up-To-Date Novelties in Jewelry.

..Our Watch Bargains..

Bait Your Hook with low prices and then fish in this Jewelry Store. Whatever you catch will exactly represent the price you pay. Nothing in misrepresented — we keep a complete stock of fine Jewelry and Silverware and you get solid value for every cent you spend with us.

Providence Jewelry Store,

M. HENRICKSON. 334 west Superior Street.

MAY GET A RAISE

A Movement on Foot to Advance Police Salaries $5 a Month.

SAYS SHOULD HAVE IT

Mayor Hugo Agrees That Amounts Now Paid Are Too Small.

Duluth policemen are required to do 50 per cent more work than Minneapolis or St. Paul guardians of the peace and receive from 15 to 20 per cent less pay than do the police of the Twin Cities, according to statistics collected by Mayor Hugo. However, it seems probable that the Duluth police will receive a raise in pay. Within the past few days Mayor Hugo, Chief Crandall and several prominent Superior street merchants have taken up a campaign in which pressure will be brought to bear on the council to have a flat rate increase of $5 a month added to the present salaries of the police department. A few weeks ago this was attempted, along with a general raise for all other city officials, but the proposition was turned down by the council. Last Monday night the council passed a resolution giving the firemen a raise of $5 a month, and the friends of the police department claim that while it was deserved, the action is nevertheless an injustice to the police. Both departments were reduced at about the same time with the understanding and promise that as soon as the city regained its feet financially, the former salaries would be restored. Firemen have been receiving from $55 to $65 a month and policemen from $60 to $65. It is claimed that the raise was made in the case of the firemen for the reason that firemen were at a greater expense and had to pay more for uniforms than policemen. It is said about the city hall that less than half the firemen, who outnumber the policemen two to one, are married men, while there are but three single men on the police pay roll. Firemen not married have practically no outside expenses, except board, as lodging is furnished at the fire halls. Thirty-nine out of the forty-two policemen have families to support and with the recent raise in rents, advances in fuel as well as many other necessities of life, many of the policemen that have spent from ten to fifteen of the best years of their lives on the force find themselves face to face with a pretty tough proposition of existence. It is notorious, that after a policeman has spent a certain length of time in the service, it is hard for him to get along in any other position and many of them drift into the saloon business.

It is this condition that has aroused the business men and others who have thoroughly canvassed the situation with Mayor Hugo and others and say that there will be no difficulty in the city raising the $2500 extra money with which to make the increase. It has been suggested that all the dog license fees which the police collect be turned over to the department fund, which would be increased over $1500 a year thereby. Then there will be from twelve to fifteen new saloons this year, which will yield the city about $15,000.

Mayor Hugo, this morning, in discussing the matter, said:

"Yes, I believe the council will see its way clear to raise the salaries of the police department. We have not an overabundance of money and, of course, it is unsafe to anticipate any source of revenue. Notwithstanding that I am heartily in favor of giving the police $5 a month extra and they are worth more. In fact, I have talked the matter over with some of our most prominent business men and they say that the police are entitled to more consideration than many other things now talked of. We may run a little short of money at the end of the year, but I believe it is our duty to allow the police fund from $2000 to $2500 more and then sail close to the wind when it comes to less important matters."

The mayor also referred to the fact that policemen have to purchase a new uniform each year. The overcoat costs $30; the uniform, $35; rain coats, $15; fur overcoats, $60, and winter caps, $2.25, making a total of $142.25. Firemen's uniforms cost in the neighborhood of $125 complete. Policemen are just as liable to get their clothing torn or spoiled as firemen are and have to face all sorts of danger and weather every day in the year.

WANTS SIXTH INTEREST.

Charles A. Moore Begins Suit to Recover Commission.

Charles A. Moore yesterday began a suit in district court against the Cloquet Lumber company and J. H. Heninger, to have the court award him a sixth interest in certain property in this county. He says that in 1892 he and Heninger entered into an agreement with the company by which they were to secure a purchasey for the property, their compensation to be 10 per cent of the cash payment and all above $15,000. They landed J. J. Frey as the purchaser at $20,000, and they got their commission on the cash payment of $5000, and one of the three notes for $5000 each given for the balance, secured by a mortgage. The mortgage was foreclosed, and the company bid the property in.

Moore claims that Heninger, without his knowledge or consent, assigned the note over to the company, and as he owned a half interest in it, he claims that it gives him a sixth interest in the property. He asks the court to find to that effect, and to issue an injunction compelling the company to give him a deed to his interest on such terms as the court deems just. Chester McCusick is his attorney.

Joins Panton & White Force.

A. F. Pfeiffer arrived this morning from Brooklyn, N. Y., to assume the position of advertising and mail order manager for Panton & White. Mr. Pfeiffer comes direct from Loesser & Co., one of the largest department stores in the East, and will be a valuable acquisition to the business interests of this city. He was greatly surprised at the vast number of shoppers at the Glass Block this morning, remarking he had not imagined Duluth was so lively as he found it.

Free Chocolates Tomorrow.

The Hub Clothing store will give to all lady callers at the children's department tomorrow a box of fine chocolates. Manager W. M. Abrahamson has a large stock on hand, and says no lady will be disappointed who favors The Hub with her presence.

Market Basket News

Wilkey's

REMOVED To 211 East Superior Street.

BIG CUT ON ENTIRE LINE.

Great inducements offered in our new location.

Large line of Rruits and Green Vegetables.

50 cases guaranteed fresh Eggs, a doz..11c
500 lbs choice Rio Coffee, guaranteed the best, per lb.....12c
200 lbs choice Java and Mocha, per lb—.....15c, 20c, 25c and 35c
250 lbs choice Teas—lb..25c, 35c, 45c and 60c
200 lbs choice Rice—per lb.....5c to 8c
200 lbs choice Prunes—per lb.....5c to 10c
1500 lbs choice Butter, good.....18c and 20c
Creamery .....22c to 25c

Large line of Canned Goods at reduced prices. Large variety of Fruits.

Apples, per bbl, fancy.....$4.50
Choice Potatoes—per bus.....35c
Onions $1.00
Gasoline—per gallon—(5-gal lots).....15c

MEAT MARKET DEPT.

A full line of Fresh and Smoked Meats.

Fresh Beef Quarters—per lb.....5c
Fresh Pork Shoulders—per lb.....9c
Fresh Pork Loins and Butts.....11c
Fresh Boiling Beef Stew.....4c
Fresh Roasts, from..... 5c to 9c
Fresh Steaks .....10 to 12½c
Sugar Cured Cal. Hams.....8c to 9c
Sugar Cured Bacon—per lb.....10c to 12c
Dry Salt Pork, and bbl Pork.....7c and 8c

All goods guaranteed. Prompt delivery.

Favor us with a call and examine our stock. You will be agreeably surprised that we will save you 10 to 20 per cent on your goods.

To reduce stock before moving, SATURDAY WE WILL SELL GROCERIES at specially low prices!

Butter Choice Dairy ---per lb---------- **21c**
Butter Choice Creamery ---per lb---------- **23c**
Eggs Strictly Fresh ---per doz---------- **11½c**
Corn Meal Yellow Corn meal 49-lb sk. **49c**
Syrup per gallon ---------- **25c**
Molasses per gallon ---------- **25c**
Tomatoes 3 cans for ---------- **22c**
Gloss Starch 3 lbs for ---------- **10c**
Soap A Better Soap ---10 bars for---------- **25c**
Potatoes Per bus ---------- **37c**

HANSEN & WEIK,

208 East Fourth Street.

BON TON BAKERY.

25 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

Candy Department.

Fine home-made Chocolates, per lb..15c
Fine home made Peanut Candy, per lb.....10c
Fine home made mixed Candy, per lb.....10c
A box of Fancy Bon Bons and Chocolates..25c

Bakery Department.

Apple Turnovers, per doz.....25c
Almond and Cocoanu- Macaroons, per doz..10c
Fruit Square, each.....5c
French Kisses, per dozen.....10c
Cream Puffs, per doz.....20c

Ask for a Loaf of our New England Bread.

Henry Folz,

Groceries and Meats.

331-333 West Superior St.

Tomorrow the leading market will have the following special bargains to offer:

Shad Roe, while they last, per lb.....**22c**
Roe Shad, while they last, each.....**49c**
Buck Shad, while they last, each **25c**
Lobsters, per lb **25c**
Extra choice Rib Roasts, any cut, per lb.....**12½c**
100 Mutton Legs, while they last, per lb.....**12½c**
Pot Roasts, per lb.....**8c**
Rib Boiling Beef, sold elsewhere at 5c; our price, per lb.....**3c**
Shoulder Steak, sold elsewhere at 12½c; our price, per lb..**8c**
Saur Kraut, last of the season, per quart.....**6c**

The above prices are very low and should be taken advantage of because every item is a money saver for you.

....DULUTH'S....

NEW GROCERY

WILL OPEN TUESDAY, MAY 1st.

I take pleasure in announcing to my many friends that I will be prepared to serve them on Tuesday next with a complete line of

Staple and Fancy Groceries.

Everything new and fresh.

DENNY O'LEARY, Proprietor of Masonic Temple Grocery, 203-205 East Superior Street. New Phone 199

Prompt delivery will be one of the features of this house.
Special attention will be given to telephone orders.
Will have a complete line of fresh Fruits and Vegetables.

RATHBUN'S CASH GROCERY.

17 East Superior Street.

Tel. 656. Simon Clark, Manager.

Saturday Specialties!

Large and carefully selected assortment of Green Vegetables, at the RIGHT PRICES.

STRAWBERRIES: Owing to the heavy rains in the South are poor in quality, and high in price. Next week will bring much heavier receipts and improved quality.

Creamery Butter, in prints or bulk; the very best quality, per lb—

22 cents.

New made Sweet Dairy Butter, per lb—

18 cents

Fancy Ripe Florida Tomatoes, 2 lbs—

25 cents

Sweet juicy Navel Oranges, per dozen—

25c, 30c, 40c

Minnesota Green Onions, 3 bunches—

5 cents

Wax Beans, per quart—

15 cents

Extra fine Green Asparagus, 2 bunches—

25 cents

Corn, Peas and Tomatoes that are extra fine, 3 cans—

25 cents.

Extra fine large heads Lettuce, 3 for—

10 cents

Our celebrated brand of Java and Mocha Coffee in 3-lb cans shows a steadily increasing sale; 3-lb cans—

85 cents

Sweet Gherkin Pickles, per quart—

15 cents

New Potatoes, per lb—

5 cents

10 Bars Soap—

25 cents

3 lbs Split Peas—

10 cents

3 lbs Rice, partly broken—

10 cents

Water Cress, extra fancy, 3 bunches—

10 cents.

New York Cheese, rich and creamy, per lb

16 cents

RATHBUN'S.

17 East Superior St.

Gronseth & Olsen

Established 1887.

Cash Grocers.

Zenith 'Phone, 292, Duluth 'Phone 292.

401 and 403 East Fourth St

Established, 1887.

SATURDAY AND MONDAY We Offer:

Viking Pride Flour, 98-lb sk--$1.70
Viking Print Creamery, per lb--23c
Extra Fancy Dairy, per lb.....20c
Extra Fancy Dairy in 10 and 21-lb tubs, per lb 18c
Summer Sausage, per lb.....12½c
California Ham, per lb.....9c
Best Medium Ham, per lb.....13c
Best Bacon, per lb 11c
Best Family Pork, per lb 7c
Pure Leaf Lard, 3 lbs for.....25c
Viking Soap, 9 bars for.....25c
Viking King Soap, 8 bars for.....25c
Strained Honey, per lb 13c
Fancy Evaporated Pears, per lb 12c
Prunes, per lb.....5c
Seedless Lemons, 2 doz for.....25c
Viking Pure Cream of Tartar Baking Powder, 1-lb can----40c
Plymouth Pork and Beans, 3-lb can.....9c
Soda Crackers, per lb .....6c to 6½c
Ginger Snaps, per lb.....5½c
Viking Catsup, Pint Bottles, 20c size.....15c
Corn and Tomatoes, 3 cans for.....25c
Gallon Apples, per can 25c
Cooper's Cocoanut, bulk, per lb.....14c
Cooper's Chocolate, per lb.....28c
Our Own J. & M. Coffee 1-lb cans.....25c
Our Own J. & M. Coffee 3-lb cans.....85c
Dew Drop Peas, finest grown, 2 cans..25c
Victor Tomatoes, finest grown, 2 cans.25c
Onions, per peck 25c

A Full Line of Fresh Vegetables.

Mail Orders Promptly and Carefully Filled.

Gronseth & Olsen.

P.L.Johnson

CASH GROCER.

1534-1536 West Superior St.

Telephone 678.

Prices for Saturday and Monday's Trade

Fancy New Made Dairy Butter, per lb—

22 cents

Creamery Butter, extra quality, per lb—

25 cents

Fancy Messina Lemons, per dozen—

15 cents

½-Gallon Bottle English Gherkins Pickles—

25 cents

Home Made Ginger Snaps, per lb—

5 cents

A Full Line of Fresh Vegetables and Fruits. Strawberries in abundance at right prices.

MODEL MEAT DEPT.

Boiling Beef, per lb..... 3c
Pot Roast, per lb.....8c and 9c
Mutton Stew, per lb..... 5c to 7c
Fresh Killed Chickens, per lb..... 15c

Our trade Saturday will be served with the very choicest of Beef fresh killed, Veal and Mutton.

P.L. Johnson.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink

ANHEUSER-BUSCH BEER.

Sold in Duluth a

The Ideal Beer Hall.

SPRING FOOTWEAR!

FOR EVERYBODY.

Our new ***SPRING SHOES*** for Gentlemen, Ladies' Misses, Children and Boys, comprise the newest and latest styles in Black and Tan Footwear. They are pretty and stylish, and comfortable as well. Let us fit you.

SOROSIS—The Shoe for Ladies. A fine and complete stock on hand now, tans as well as blacks. Cloth top and patent leather for dressy wear. Price always ---------- **$3.50**

Ladies' new Spring styles, black and tan, heavy or light soles—

$2.00, $2.50 and $3.00

Ladies' comfortable and stylish lace or button, sold mostly for $1.98. Our price---------- **$1.50**

Misses' and Children's Spring Shoes, in new tan, with extension sole; tan calf skin and kid, very bright and neat. Prices—

Children's---------- $1.50 and $1.75
Misses'---------- $1.75 to $2.00
Misses' black and tan, lace---------- $1.50
Children's Shoes---------- 75c to $1.25
Infant's New Shoes---------- 25c to 60c

Men's Shoes Men's $3.50 Shoes, newest styles, blacks, light tan and ox-blood shades, all sizes and widths---------- **$3.50**

Men's high grade shoes in Stacy, Adams & Co. make. Stylish and most comfortable shoes made. Tan and black. New styles in Bluchers, also Patent Kid Dress Shoes, something new.

Call Early in the Day and Avoid the Afternoon Rush.

A. WIELAND,

123 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

IN MICHIGAN.

Ishpeming Exodus to Cape Nome---Republican Convention at Marquette.

Ishpeming—A party composed of C. L. Johnson, John Arinson, John Johnson, E. Johnson and F. Johnson left for San Francisco. Their mention is to join John Byrnteen, one of the original discoverers of the Cape Nome gold deposits, and make the trip north in his company. In addition to these five it is said that from fifteen to eighteen other Ishpeming men will leave for Cape Nome within thirty days.

Marquette—The Twelfth district Republican congressional convention yesterday afternoon selected the following delegates to the national convention: M. M. Duncan, Sheridan; T. E. Cole, Ironwood. Alternates, Robert H. Shields, Houghton; S. M. Latimer, Newberry.

The delegates are uninstructed but general resolutions were passed endorsing the candidacy of President McKinley.

Houghton—Corrigan, McKinney & Co. have secured the forth forty of the Hope mine. This gives them the lease of both east and south forties and they will resume work at an early date. Parties have been exploring upon the property for nearly a year. The work so far done on the north forty shows that the ore formation extends clear across the forty but no ore of great commercial value has yet been shown up.

At the Hiawatha mine in Iron county everything is being got in readiness to hoist and ship ore as soon as steel is laid on the railroad leading to the mine.

No. 2 shaft of the Norrie mine at Ironwood, after being idle for years, is now being operated by two shafts.

Michigamme—One rock drill was put to work in an upper level this week and several more will be operating before another week has passed. The water has not yet been removed from all the openings but it will not be long now before the bottom will be in sight. The crusher will not be ready for work for some time yet, an unexpected delay in the arrival of the machinery having occurred. Trestles are already up and the skip roads are in shape in a couple of the shafts.

Michigamme presents an unusually lively appearance these days. A number of improvements are being made about the business and residence properties. One new business block has just been finished and two more are going up and will be ready by necessary soon. Much is also being done at the homes of those who own dwellings.

Chemung—The Champion Iron company has been tipping ore from its pockets. Shipments are being made over the South Shore and St. Paul line. The latter company is taking the ore to Gladstone.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Forgers Work Grand Forks---Minot Land Office Does Big Business.

Grand Forks—Clever check artists have forged the name of the Diamond Mill company of this city to several checks. The number is not yet known. They purchased a rubber stamp outfit, purporting to belong to the company. The checks were drawn on the Union National bank and were signed P. L. Whitehead, secretary and treasurer. Four checks have come to this amounting to about $260.

Minot—The United States land office at this place continues to do a good business. From the first day of April to the 25th, 73 filings were made. This beats the record of any other land office in the United States for the same days.

Several parties have been here trying to get a franchise to put in an electric light plant, but the council refused to even consider their propositions. It is understood that local capitalists are figuring on the enterprise. There are others who think the city should own the plant. Between the two factions the city is liable to remain in darkness for many months.

Fargo—It is now asserted that the harmony contract in Ransom county will be broken. When the leaders agreed on the withdrawal of both Harrison and Anans, it was with the understanding that Speer, of Sheldon, for insurance commissioner, it was thought the whole matter was settled.

Dale Sandager, an ex-representative, was erroneously reported present. He is said to be very much dissatisfied with the deal and it is announced that Postmaster Oliver Harrison's former manager, Adjt. John Sandager in a bolt. They refuse to regard the Sheldon conference as either official or final, it is asserted.

Carrington—W. M. Rice, the man who was so terribly burned by the prairie fire at Fareham & Davidson's ranch last Friday, is dead of his injuries.

TRUSTS A BOON

Carnegie Says That They Benefit Both Rich and Poor.

New York, April 27—Andrew Carnegie, in an essay in the May Century, entitled "Popular Illusions About Trusts," advocates great aggregations of capital as of benefit both to rich and poor. He says:

"Every attempt to monopolize the manufacture of any staple article carries within its bosom the seeds of failure. Long before we could legislate with much effect against trusts there would be no necessity for legislation. The past proves this, and the future is to confirm it. There should be nothing but encouragement for these vast aggregations of capital for the manufacture of staple articles.

"As for the result being an increase of price to the consumer beyond a brief period, there need be no fear. On the contrary, the inevitable result of these aggregations is, finally and permanently, to give to the consumer cheaper articles than would have been otherwise possible to obtain, for capital is stimulated by the high profits of the trust, for a season, to embark against it. The result is very soon a capacity of products beyond the wants of consumer, and all the new works erected are of the most improved pattern and capabilced producing cheaper than the old works, the unprofitable trusts are compelled to buy and capitalize at two or three times their cost. There is thus no longer aband to the community from trusts, no cause for fear.

"Competition in all departments of human activity is not to be suppressed. Already the ghosts of numerous departed trusts, which argued at monopolies, have marched across the stage of human affairs, each pointing to its fatal wound, inflicted by that great corrective, competition. The only people who have reason to fear trusts are those who trust them.

"We conclude that this overpowering, irresistible tendency toward aggregation of capital and increase of size in every branch of product cannot be arrested or even greatly impeded, and that instead of attempting to restrict either we should hail every increase as something gained, not for the few rich, but for the millions of poor, seeking for the more economical, more convenient, more healthful and more sanitary, working for good and not for evil.

"Every enlargement is an improvement, step by step, upon what has preceded. It does not tend to make the rich richer, but it does tend to make the poor richer in the possession of better things, and greatly lessens the wide and deplorable gulf between the rich and the poor. Superficial politicians may for a time, deceive the uninformed, but more and more will all this be clearly seen by those who are now led to regard aggregations as injurious."

WOMAN SOLD.

Galveston, Tex., April 27.—A woman known as Maggie Connell was sold at auction within a block of the federal building here Monday night for $40. The police and federal authorities are searching for the parties involved. The woman is said to have been imported from Belgium together with a lot of other Belgian and French women, and was under contract to the man who sold her. United States Immigration Inspector Lewis is working on the case.

CANTY ON FILIPINOS

(Continued From Page 1.)

Aguinaldo, although the chances are 10 to 1 that for several months he has been in the province of Cavite within twenty or thirty miles of Manilla in a densely populated section in which there is a garrison of American soldiers every ten or fifteen miles in every direction.

The great mass of the Filipinos hate and distrust the Americans far more than they ever did the Spaniards; if they were allowed to vote tomorrow on the question of whether they would remain with us or return to the Spaniards, they would probably vote 20 to 1 to return to the rule of Spain. How does it come that they regard us with such intense hatred and have such great distrust for us? The reasons are very obvious.

When we first went to their shores, they had a very good opinion of us. We told them that we had come to assist them in gaining their liberty. We proclaimed this from the housetops and they did everything they could assist us. But when we came to make peace with Spain, we dictated to her that she must transfer to us her claim to the Philippines for $20,000,000. We never consulted the Filipinos about the matter or asked their consent to the transfer. On the contrary we were studiously insolent and noncommittal in our dealings with them about that time. They stood aghast for some time waiting for us to declare ourselves. Then they begged and urged and demanded that we declare ourselves and tell them whether we were buying them as slaves, or whether we intended to give them liberty and self government. But we were as mum as an oyster. If President McKinley and Mark Hanna intended that the Filipinos should have liberty and self government, that was the time to have declared it. Such a declaration long after the treaty was ratified and the war was at its height counted for nothing with the Filipinos except so far as it added to their distrust of us and their contempt for us. Congress and the president had joined in pledging independence to the Cubans, but no pledge of any kind, either of independence or self government in any form, could be obtained by the Filipinos. They regarded this as ominous and significant and had a right to so regard it, they would have been fit subjects for slaves if they had not so regarded it.

If the president wanted the Filipinos so badly and had such pure and noble motives toward them, he could easily have got them and by a little diplomacy could have prevented this war, because at the time of the negotiations for peace they were so anxious to sever their connection with Spain that they would have readily consented to come under our government. If they could only have received the proper guaranty as to liberty and self government. But at that time, the administration was up on stilts so high that it could not see the insignificant Filipino down on the ground, or condescend to confer with them at all. When the time arrived to ratify the treaty, they stood by and beheld the spectacle of our buying them from Spain like so many cattle for $20,000,000. They also beheld the spectacle of our giving Aguinaldo the "double cross," after bringing him from Hong Kong to Manilla in a government vessel, furnishing him arms and ammunition, making common cause with and boasting that we had come to help him gain the Indepenb nce which he and his people so much desired.

It has been persistently stated in our congressional halls by the Filipino agents, also on the floor of the senate, that the Filipinos were not all for us, but that the Tagalogs were fighting us, that they were hemmed in and harrassed by the surrounding tribes who were also making war on them. These statements are merely a part of the vast amount of misrepresentation that has come to us from the Philippines. There is on the north side of Manilla bay a small tribe called the Pampanga people, known as the Macabebees who were always loyal to Spain and who have transferred their allegiance to us. A few scattered mountain tribes have been neutral, all the rest hostile. We not only succeeded in uniting all of these people against us from the start, but we have intensified their hatred and distrust of us with every move we have made since.

Judge Canty said our first bad step was to enforce to the letter the enormous duties, taxes and other imports and exactions which Spain pretended to levy, but which she did not collect. Then our officers and soldiers began to plunder churches and blackmail Filipinos. The Christian portion of the Filipinos despise us because we have set the twin relics of barbarism, slavery and polygamy, upon a pedestal and rewarded the Mohammadan sect generously, while denying it to the Christian Filipinos. Another reason why the Filipinos distrust and oppose us is the neglect of the government to take any steps to redress their grievances against the friars. "It is hard," said Judge Canty, "for an American Catholic to understand the corrupt condition of the Catholic church in the Philippines and for that matter, in nearly all of the Spanish colonies. In my opinion, the Catholic church, as found in the United States, is one of the purest churches in the world. The Catholic church in the Philippines, as administered by the four orders of friars, is one of the most corrupt in the world. The first insurrection against Spain was caused mainly by their oppression, and we may rest assured that they will not be allowed to live in the island, except while surrounded and closely guarded by American soldiers."

Another reason why the Filipinos oppose us to the bitter end is that they believe that when the war is over, we will let the Chinese into the island in large numbers and will try to develop the islands for the purpose of getting our money back. The promises of the Manilla officials that the Chinese shall be excluded do not weigh a feather. We have acted at every step in direct contradiction of our promises and our loudly heralded principles, and the more we promise the less they believe us.

Judge Canty contended that our institutions are not adapted to the work of a despotic government and the only way order could be restored and maintained there would be by using all the weapons and methods that a businesslike despot uses. Then our officeholders there are dishonest. On this point Judge Canty said: "Corruption is rife in Manilla now, and the worst is to come off all the scandal. Volunteer officers and politicians have frequently been convicted of dishonesty and blackmail in the military courts, but the senate protects their reputation and sends them home as honorable men. It is impossible to believe the low state of public sentiment among the American politicians in Manilla in such matters. On one occasion I heard a well young doctor connected with the hospital, brazenly boast at the dinner table that he and his gang were making a rake off of $30,000 per month in supplying the four military hospitals in Manilla. I heard enough of similar scandal to fill a book. The corruption which now exists there is nothing to what will exist when the regular army officers retire and the politicians get full swing.

But after we have spent an enormous amount of blood and treasure in subduing the Filipinos, what will we get in return? The Islands are rich and the soil is productive, but the Filipinos will not work, except to a certain limited extent, and cannot be made work. The men who prevent the development of the Islands to any material extent beyond what they were developed under the Spaniards.

I talked to many well-posted men in Manilla about this phase of the Philippine question. These men were English, German, Spanish and American, and they all admitted that it is absurd to think of developing the islands to any great extent with Filipino labor. "It must," said they, "be done with Chinese labor." I asked them if the Filipinos would not massacre the Chinese laborers as they have done for 200 years, even as many as 24,000 at a time, when the Spanish government permitted large numbers of the Chinese to come in, or allowed them to be smuggled in. The most of the answers were to the effect that we must exterminate the Filipinos, drive them to the mountains or into the sea and let the Chinese come in. Some of the Englishmen answered in about this style: "What difference does it make about 25,000 Chinese or 12,000 Chinese. China cares nothing for them, and will be ready to send half a million more. Do the best you can to protect them, and if you cannot, it will not be your fault, and then go and get some more. You will never get a cent on the dollar of your money back if you do not." This exhibition of carelessness made me think how heartless a man must come in order to be a good and successful imperialist. We will have a most delightful job for the next hundred years trying to keep the Filipinos in the mountains or to exterminate them while we are turning the country over to the Chinese.

Our imperialists tell us that we must hold the Philippines as part of a scheme for getting the trade of the East. In twenty-five years all of continental Asia will belong to Russia. Some fine day when Russia gets ready, she will line up a couple of millions of her Cossacks on the north line of China, they will sweep down through China, swing around through India and wind up at the Isthmus of Suez. Unless something extraordinary happens, this is bound to occur, and our trade with China will be only such as we can arrange for with Russia, through a reciprocity treaty. This may not be a very pleasing picture, but it ought to be a very plain one to a man who studies the present conditions.

I have been asked whether I believe that the Filipinos are capable of self-government. If you mean such self-government as we exercise over ourselves, I would say no. Few nations have proved themselves capable of exercising such a government. Very few of the countries to the south of us are capable of doing so, and yet we have never subjugated them as we are attempting to do with the Filipinos. The Filipinos are capable of governing themselves in their own way. We long since learned that we are not capable of governing the American Indian and were obliged to let him govern himself in his own way. But the Filipinos are much more capable of self government than the most civilized of our American Indians are at the present day.

At the same time, I do not believe that we would be justified in turning over the principal cities of the Filipinos and withdrawing entirely from the Islands. That would be altogether too risky an experiment. We committed a grievous wrong both upon ourselves and upon the Filipinos when we bought them like cattle and undertook to annex them by force. The claim of the administration that it was compelled by the logic of the situation to take the Philippines, is pure buncombe. The Filipinos themselves, and every nation in Europe except England, were protesting most vehemently against our taking these Islands. At that time we had no interests there to protect. Under these circumstances, a way could easily have been found to adjust matters so as to permit us to withdraw and to permit Spain and the Filipinos to fight it out, or settle their quarrel without the interference of the other European nations.

But in making the treaty, we took a tail hold of the bear and will find difficulty in letting go, and now must do the best we can with the very bad mess that Mark Hanna has made for us. Under these circumstances, it seems to me that about the very best adjustment would be to make a settlement with the Filipinos giving them self-government in all of the Islands except three or four of the principal cities where a large amount of foreign wealth is located, the Filipinos to be required to organize the territory occupied by each tribe into a separate state or province, any or all of these states or provinces to confederate or not as they saw fit, we to hold the cities, collect all the foreign duties, and apply the same in payment of our twenty millions until such time as it is demonstrated that the Filipinos can safely be trusted with the government of these cities; that the government of these cities should then be surrendered to them. But we should still keep a sufficient army there to protect all foreign interests for say ten years longer, and if the Filipinos in the meantime had proved their ability to govern themselves and protect life and property, that we should then withdraw entirely from the island, it should be further provided that in the meantime, all controversies between the different states or tribes, or between the residents of the different states, or between any European or American and a native should be tried in a federal court for that purpose. In the meantime we should exercise suzerainty over the whole country and all the foreign relations of the Islands should be in our charge.

McKINLEYS IN WASHINGTON.

Presidential Party Arrives at the Capital From Canton.

Washington, April 27.—President and Mrs. McKinley arrived in Washington at 8 o'clock this morning from Canton. Accompanying them were Capt. and Mrs. Lafayette McWilliams, of Chicago; Dr. Rixey, William S. Hawk, of New York; George Barber, of Canton; Private Secretary Cortelyou and Stenographer Leonard.

THOMAS HARLAND DEAD.

Was Prominent In Devising the Internal Revenue System.

New York, April 27.—Thomas Harland, a well-known lawyer, is dead in this city, aged 70 years. In his younger days his intellect and legal acumen were strong factors in the creation of the American system of internal revenue.

When the internal revenue bureau was founded at Washington in 1862 he was added to its force and speedily proved an invaluable aid to Joseph Lewis, the first commissioner of internal revenue. The patent office borrowed him for a time, during which he devised the American system since in vogue, but was recalled to the revenue department, the special office of deputy commissioner being created in order to utilize fully his services. Later he came to New York and practiced law. His son, Henry Harland, of London, is a well-known writer.

BOLTERS KNOCKED OUT.

But One Democrat on Official Ballot In St. Paul.

St. Paul, April 27.—According to a decision handed down today by the six judges of the Ramsey county district court, there will be only one Democrat on the official ballot at the municipal election next Tuesday. When the Democratic city convention was held, a bolting faction of the party named a city ticket, headed by Judge John W. Willis in the same hall where what is now officially declared to be the genuine Democratic ticket was nominated. Judge Willis resigned from the ticket and Joseph Pottgieser was put in his place by the central committee of that faction. Both committees claimed the right to use the name "Democratic" as a party design and the matter was taken into the courts for settlement. The city clerk had designated both sets of nominees as "Democrats" in making up the official ballot.

The supreme court was asked but refused to intervene, the district court having full jurisdiction, and the latter court decided today that Robert A. Smith is the Democratic candidate for mayor, and that Pottgieser for mayor, and George Bowlin, for alderman, must be placed on the official ballot as "Citizens" candidates, both having filed petitions as candidates.

A DAY OF DISCUSSION.

Many Papers Read at the Ecumenical Conference.

New York, April 27.—Former Governor William J. Northen, of Georgia, led the devotional exercises which opened today's session of the ecumenical conference at Carnegie hall. At 10 o'clock when the meeting was begun, the big hall was crowded and there was no standing room left.

At this meeting, the general topic was "Self Support," by Miss Connors. The following papers were read and given five minutes' discussion by the delegates: "Present Status of Mission Churches," by Dr. W. R. Lambuth, secretary board of missions of the Methodist Episcopal church, South; "Object Lessons in New Fields," by Rev. Dr. H. G. Underwood, of Korea, and "Adjustment in Old Fields," by the Dev. D. S. Spencer, of Japan.

In the afternoon, there were five sectional meetings held. At the Church of the Strangers, the general topic was "Missionary Boards and Societies." The following sub-topics were treated: "The Need and Value of Such Organizations," by the Rev. George Sidebotham; "Their Relation to Denominational Bodies," by the Rev. James M. Buckley, of New York; "Their Relations to Missions and Missionaries—Inter-Denominational Conferences, Deputational Visits," by R. W. Thomasson.

At the Union Avenue Methodist church, the general subject was "Industrial Training," and the following program was carried out: "Industrial Training," by R. H. Pratt, of the Carlisle Indian Training school; "Industrial Training of Natives," by Rev. Dr. James Stewart, of Lovedale, South Africa; Rev. Dr. O. J. Spencer, of Japan, and Watson Grace of the Friends Foreign Missionary association, of England.

"The Training of Missionaries," by Mrs. J. Daly, of Glasgow, was the only paper read at the Central Presbyterian church. Later, at the same church was held a meeting, the general topic for which was "Outgoing Ideas in Curricula." This subject was dwelt upon at length by Frank Norton McMurray, of Columbia university, and the Rev. Dr. Daly, of Glasgow, Scotland.

NEW YORK & OTTAWA RECEIVER.

New York, April 27.—Judge Lacombe, of the United States circuit court, today appointed H. W. Gays receiver of the New York & Ottawa Railway company. Mr. Gays has been the general manager of the road.

"LET ME REST."

The Hon. Thomas Watson Thus Appeals to the Populist Party.

Atlanta, Ga., April 27.—Endorsement by Populist conventions in several Northern states of Hon. Thomas E. Watson, of Georgia, for first place on the ticket, has caused something of a stir in political circles all over the South.

Mr. Watson has stated several times that he was out of politics, but in view of recent rumors connecting him prominently with the Populist nomination, the distinguished Georgian was asked for a final declaration. Today he issued this statement:

"Under no circumstances would I accept any nomination or any office. Please number me among the politically dead and let me henceforth rest in peace."

U. OF C. TEAM.

Berkeley, Cal., April 27.—The track team which will represent the university of California in the East has been finally selected and will leave here today. It is made up as follows: William P. Drum, captain, 100, 200 and 440-yard dashes; Anthony Cadogan, 100, 200 and 440 yards; T. Hamlin, 120, 220-yards hurdles; C. Broughton, 100 yards and broad jump; R. Woolsey, half-mile shot put, high jump and hurdles; C. K. Moser, mile run; A. P. Law, hammer throw and shot putly; J. Hoffman, pole vault, and A. Walsh, mile walk. Ben Bakewell, the university's crack hurdles, will not be able to accompany the team, owing to illness.

SIR JOHN BRIDGE DEAD.

London, April 27.—Sir John Bridge, the former police magistrate of London, is dead. He was born in 1824.

Ayer's Pills

Look at your tongue! If it's coated, your stomach is bad, your liver out of order. Ayer's Pills will clean your tongue, cure your dyspepsia, make your liver right. Easy to take, easy to operate. 25c. All druggists.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Then use BUCKINGHAM'S DYE for the whiskers. 50 CTS. BY DRUGGISTS, OR R. P. HALL & CO., NASHUA, N. H.

ALL INTERSTATE CARS CENTER HERE

SPICER-FANNING CO.,

The Northwest's Greatest Store.

1501-1507 Tower Avenue, West Superior, Wisconsin.

LET ME OFF AT SPICER-FANNING'S.

Stunning Millinery..

We are busy—busy as can be—selling hundreds of beautiful creations of milliners' art. Our scheme of selling high-class Millinery is unique. We price it so that it's easy to possess it.

We know that we are safe in claiming that you'll now find in our new, large, double Millinery Parlors a greater—a better assortment of the season's most modish millinery than you'll see elsewhere. **You'll confirm our statement if you make comparisons—** We also know that though we have the best Millinery talent that money can buy **our other operating expenses are much less than usual.** For this reason, we can, and do, offer you artistic Millinery at much less than others can afford to sell it. (We point with pride to the great number of Duluth's most fastidious dressers who are buying their Millinery here). We know there are reasons for it. Our styles and our values are possible nowhere else. **Comparisons are invited—you'll profit by it if you make them.**

High Art Hats.

Hundreds of beautiful ready-to-wear Hats—some of them imported—some of them from famous American milliners—many of them made up by our own clever trimmers—altogether a matchless assortment—on sale tomorrow at $5 to $18.

Hats to Order.

Maybe you want a hat designed especially to suit your needs. If so, we have the artistic milliners who can please both you and your friends. We'll spare no pains to please you—and considering the high-class work—prices are very reasonable.

The Newest

Coats, Suits, Skirts and Waists

Are shown here simultaneously with their appearance in the best houses of New York, Chicago and Philadelphia. Many of the styles found here are controlled by us for the "head of the lakes." While we succeed in showing styles that are "different" from the elsewhere sort, **we avoid the fantastic** and are careful to select styles that possess those essentials sure to please good dressers. Then too, there is not one style from the lowest to the highest price that is not honestly made. Have a look at these, a visit will surely be pleasing and profitable.

Suits=Special Prices

$11.00

For our Women's $12.50 brown and gray camel's hair suits—jackets made with wide reveres and box front, strap seams, lined with silk Serge, skirt made with fashionable plaited back.

$17.50

For our $22.50 silk-lined black Cheviot suits—single breasted tight-fitting jacket, lined throughout with good quality fancy silk. Such suits are not to be had at $25 elsewhere.

Suits=Special Prices

Our Women's $14 Suits of black Cheviot, tight fitting, single-breasted Jacket—Skirt stylishly made, splendidly lined throughout, no better suits at $15 elsewhere. Saturday reduced to

$12.00

Our $27.50 black camel's hair Suits—extremely swell tight-fitting single-breasted Jacket, lined throughout with handsome taffeta silk—a rich costume, sure to please—special at

$25.00

Jaunty Jackets.

There's a great assortment—not enough of a kind to make our styles common—but there's quite a variety. Some of them are plain—others elaborately trimmed—all of them the greatest money's worth possible anywhere.

$8.50 Only fifteen new and nobby Tan Covert Jackets—short—double-breasted, box front, notched back, machine stitched, wide lapels, silk serge lined—actual value ten dollars, on sale at $8.50. **$8.50**

No Gripe, Pain

Or discomfort, no irritation of the intestines—but gentle, prompt, thorough healthful cleansing, when you take

Hood's Pills

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

Dissolution of Partnership.

By mutual consent the firm of Elder & Brown, blacksmiths, 11 West First street, Duluth, is this day dissolved, Thomas Brown agreeing to pay all debts of the firm. James Elder has opened a new shop at No. 7, two doors east of the old stand, where he will be pleased to have his old friends call.

JAMES ELDER.

April 26, 1900.

Buy the "Best Paint that can be made" of H. A. HALL & CO.

DECORATORS.

Telephone 534. 16 East Superior St.

Duluth Public Library.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS!

Sealed bids will be received by the building and grounds committee of the Duluth Public Library for the erection of a Library Building on the corner of Second street and First avenue west, in accordance with the plans and specifications now to be seen at the office of the architects, Radcliffe & Willoughby, 702 Palladio building, Duluth, Minn.

All bids must be delivered at the architects' office not later than 4 p. m. on Saturday, May 5, 1900 marked "Bid for Library," and addressed to the committee. A certified check for $500 must accompany each bid. The committee reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

W. M. HUBBARD.
Chairman of Committee.
Duluth, Minn., April 25, 1900.

Store open Monday Night till 9:30.

Ladies' Knox Sailors

The peculiar charm of a Knox Sailor cannot be imitated by other makers, even if they use Knox's own block. You cannot tell what that charm is, but it is there; you see it, feel it, but you cannot describe it. Look for the label. None genuine without it.

The Burrows' Great Boys' Store—we believe—is honored by as great retail sales as all the other Boys' Department sales in the city combined.

The Discriminating Men—

Those who dress well, those who appreciate high art clothing are delighted with our incomparable, own make, reform tailored suits and overcoats. Embodying the finest material, embracing the swellest patterns, containing the best workmanship in Raglan overcoats, in top coats, in Melvill straight-out jacket suits, in Military shoulder suits, in double-breasted frock suits, in Prince Albert suits, in sack suits, in English cutaway suits. In reaching the perfection that $60 tailors aim to get, we gloriously succeed in producing the highest results ever attained in men's garments. No other store has them or can get them—60 styles at choice for..... **$20**

The March of Progress Finds Us keeping in the front row, as usual.

Each season shows marked changes in the Clothing business in the matter of styles as well as the general showing of the stocks in the various departments. We have always been in the front as pace-makers, leaders, originators in our business, and have given to the people of Duluth for the past ten years a modern up-to-date Clothing store that has few superiors in this country. Our methods of doing business and our ideas of advertising are often copied by others, but our values are seldom equalled and never surpassed by any. The style, fit and general effect of all our garments are exclusively ours, and never before during our sixteen years' of successful business have we ever attempted to show stocks in every department equal to those that will be so generously displayed for your selections Tomorrow, Saturday.

Suits and Overcoats.

Men's Reliable Spring Suits.

Durable Spring Suits in fancy Cassimeres, Plaid Cassimeres, Black Cheviots and fancy Cheviots, splendid wearing qualities, tailored with Italian cloth and Serge lining, a guaranty in the pocket of every suit, garments that will wear satisfactorily, although the price is very low (quality considered)—Tomorrow, our price, a suit..... **$7.75**

Men's Dressy Spring Suits.

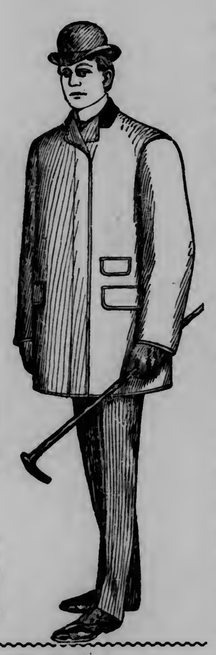
Stylish Spring Suits, a large assortment of fancy Worsteds in latest striped patterns, new fancy tweeds; also Oxford and Brown Cassimeres, stylishly tailored with high grade serge linings, in single or double-breasted sack styles, with single or double-breasted vests, all sizes from 34 to 46, for all sorts and shapes of men; tomorrow our price, a suit... **$12.50**

Men's Top Coats.

A stylish Top Coat, medium, long and short box styles, they are honestly tailored and have velvet collars, plain Italian cloth and good body linings, perfect-fitting, dressy garments in 34 to 42 sizes, good value at $10; but astounding value at our low price quoted for Saturday—for they are coats that wear well and give satisfaction..... **$8.00**

Men's Swell Top Coats.

A grand lot of wonderful values in a line of Coats that comprises many of the season's leaders—high-grade Oxford Gray Overcoats—made with satin shoulder and sleeve linings and body lining, perfectly cut and handsomely tailored, full box back style, made to fetch $16.50 but priced by us at a much lower figure—all sizes for all sorts and shapes of men..... **$12.00**



Men's Finest Suits and Overcoats—Made from the costliest fabrics by the world's best makers—Rogers-Peet, Stein-Bloch Co., and Hart, Schaffner & Marx—including all the rough oxford grays, finest imported Worsteds and Kerseys and latest rough materials the swell merchant tailors boast of, with very best linings—exquisitely tailored ond equal in all respects to tailor-made garments sold at double our prices, are here at ..... **$15 to $30**

We're Working Wonders in Boys' Clothing Selling.

Take Elevator, 2nd floor.

The Boys' Department is our hobby—we take a particular pride in selling Boys' Clothing close. A mother's ambition to dress the boys economically and stylishly can be easily satisfied here tomorrow—even the most expectant people wonder why we show such a tremendous assortment and sell such stylish and good Boys' Clothing so cheap. The values for tomorrow are so important that it would pay even to neglect home duties tomorrow morning in order to be here early for such bargains.

Little Boy Vestee Suits.

Reduced for tomorrow to $2.45. Three-piece suit for little fellows from 3 to 8 years—made of fine Navy Blue Twilled Cheviot. Front of vest handsomely embroidered with Soutache braid—coat front fastened with silk frog and loop—pearl buttons and buckle at bottom of pants. $3.50 would not buy its equal in any other store in the city. Tomorrow..... **$2.45**

$3.95 for Vestee Suit.

Regular $5.00 Suit. Made of Fine English Worsteds in an exceedingly pretty striped pattern—coat front trimmed with fancy pointed military rosettes—double-breasted vest with blue silk shield—trousers finished with satin—Brickton's satin bow and silver buckle. If any other store had its equal you'd pay $6.50. Tomorrow..... **$3.95**

Boys' Sailor Suits.

35 styles for tomorrow. It is impossible for us to describe the combinations and beautiful ideas—it is impossible for us to mention to you the shades—and it would be impossible for you to remember were we to describe the immense array of the beautiful little sailors for boys—3 to 12. We venture to say that you cannot find their equal in any other store—outside of New York or Philadelphia. Price..... **$5.00**

Boys' School Suit.

250 Boys' Knee Pants—school size—7 to 16—they are peaches—they are good lookers—they are finished up to this minute's latest fashions—they have hand finished button holes—hand padded collars. West Mills Skin Dyed Cassimeres. Handsome new spring patterns—new shades—iron cloth lined—all have double seats and knees. Worth $5.00. Our price..... **$3.45**

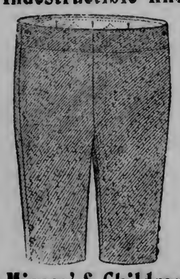
Winsome Little Spring Reefers.

40 Distinct styles for little fellows from 2 to 10 years. We are also selling these with equally as great favor to little girls from 2 to 7 years. Made of Corded Navy and Cadet Serges—some have large sailor collars—others velvet collars—every combination of trimming imaginable. Prices range from..... **$3.50 to $7.50**

Boys' Long Pant Suits.

Do you want stylish Young Men's Suits? We are eclipsing the attempts of the best. Woolens—choice from merchant tailors' cloths, are solid Worsteds in stripes or checks or Mellows' top Worsteds—in Oxford mixtures or real Scotch plaids. They come single or double breasted. Prices..... **$7.50 to $12.00**

Indestructible Knee Pants.....

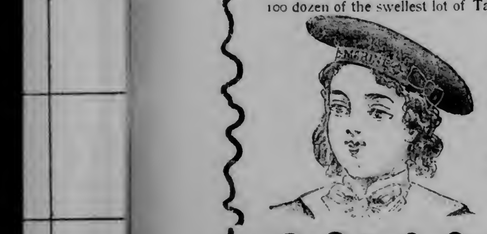


And we mean it—and they're dandy patterns, too—good enough for the millionaire's boy—and just good enough for the man that makes every dollar count. Strictly all-wool Dickey Cassimeres—sizes 4 to 14 years—cause they're so good. Every seam taped—can't rip—elastic waist and suspender buttons—iron cloth. Let your roughest-on-clothes-boy wear one a year, and you'll tell us the best $1.00 pant on earth; tomorrow—

75c

Misses' & Children's Tam O'Shanters

100 dozen of the swellest lot of Tams that have ever been seen in Duluth. Blue, cadet gray, drab, browns and reds, trimmed with fine silk bands—good quality lining, should never be sold for less than 75c; our price only..**50c**



Boys' Golf and Yacht Caps—Every combination and color that you could think of; price—

25c, 50c and $1.00.

Boys, Play Ball!
Free! Free!!

The following suitable and practical gifts are given away free with purchases in our Boys' Department:—

Balls and Bats, Catcher's Mitts, Catcher's Masks, Jack Knives—The kind with the chain.

A Waist Bargain.....

That's good, ain't it? This you'll surely want, it's a cracker and just the thing for school.

50 dozen Mother's Friend Unlaundered Waists—this spring's newest patterns; in the prettiest patterns of stripped and checked Percales you ever looked at—tested in washing and proved shrinkless and fadeless—you never bought a better waist for less than 75c. Tomorrow..... **45c**

Boys' Hosiery—3 pairs for 25c.

Tomorrow we'll offer 100 doz. black Superior Seamless Ribbed Cotton Hose—absolutely stainless. This is the best bargain in Duluth, 10c; 3 pairs for—

25c

Silberstein & Bondy Co. | *Silberstein & Bondy Co.*

Open every Saturday night until 10.

SHOPPING NEWS

Agents for McCall's Patterns.

Things that go towards making your outfit complete.....

Couldn't call them necessities—but very necessary if you wish to keep up with Fashion's fancies—we take just as much interest in this department as in the more important ones—in fact this IS one of our VERY important departments—since we pay much attention to it—the novelties are here as soon as they are out—and we take great pains in getting the correct and popular ones—Jewelry Novelties come first on the list—and very important ever popular Jewelry Novelties are here.

Purses.

Every kind here, from the small Mocha Purse for 10c to the fine Seal Purse for $7.50, and almost any between price. A very popular line is here in Black and Colors. Excellent soft leather, at $1.00.

Finger Purses.

The swell novelty, 25c and more. All the cleverest ideas from the East are ready. Very plain and neat ones for 25c. Much handsomer ones, and very elaborate, at 1.00. More if you wish and less also.

New Chatelaines of Steel, with jeweled tops, 50c.

New French Grey and Gun Metal Purses, with neck chain, 75c.

New Hair Ornaments.

Jeweled Side Combs, beautiful assortment at 35c, 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75, $2.00, $2.25, $2.50, $2.75 and $3.00 a pair. A complete line of Jeweled pompadour Combs, Rhinestones and Turquoise Settings at 75c, $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50. Combs with Rhinestone Settings at 35c, 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $2.75 and $3.00.

A large variety of Black Combs, Jeweled and Plain, at 50c up to $2.75.

Chatelaines.

More popular this spring than ever, made with neck chain or with clasp for belt, in steel, gun metal, nickel, sterling silver, French gray and gold. Some with handsome mountings and jeweled, some plain, with chain, jeweled nickel purse, 50c. With side clasp gold, French gray, silver and gun metal, 75c.

Purse with small chain and ring for girdle, 75c.

The $1.25, $1.50 and $1.75 ones are beautiful ideas in Novelty Purses. Of course, we've got them finer, up to $5.00, but no better for practical purposes, but more elaborate.

Jeweled Bag Tops.

For shopping or opera glasses. New line of them just received, 35c, 50c, 75c and $1.00.

Pulley Belts.

No let up in the craze for them. Fourteen styles are here, in the Ribbon or genuine "Koch" Pulley Belt, at 49c, 65c, 75c and $1.00.

Belt Buckles.

By far the largest showing in the city, 25c up to $5.

Leather Belts.

Plain or Dog Mountings, 25c, 50c and 75c.

Patent Leather, 35c, 50c and 75c.

Dog Collar Belts.

Nickel, gold or oxidized, 75c.

Neckwear for Women.

We will show for the first time tomorrow dozens of new things in Silk and Wash Goods, styles that are confined to us exclusively. Some very important styles come from that well-known house, Fisk, Clark & Flagg, of New York. Many others are imported French creations. The majority are from America.

Ribbon Ties

At 25c, 35c, 50c and up.

Lace Backs

At 50c, 75c and up.

Chiffon Ties

At 50c and up to $5.00.

Stock Collars.

Stock Collars, 25c, 35c, 50c and up.

But what's the use trying to give you a description of them? Come to the store and see how much Neckwear beauty we can offer you for very little.

New Rumchunda Ties.

Bat wings Imperial in new and rich colors, 50c, 75c and $1.00.

Spring Underwear and Hosiery for Women, Misses and Children, in Silk, Cotton and Wool. All sizes and all prices.

Suits and Jackets.

There are very few things that one can save money on more satisfactorily than on Tailor-Made Suits, Jackets or Wraps of any sort—providing one knows how to go about it. Of course one can't save money by buying poor quality or poor workmanship that's the most expensive kind of "economy"—but the women who wear our **Tailor-Made Suits, Jackets and Wraps** is practicing economy in a practical way. She's saving money—in the first place the price is low; but that doesn't count for so much as the quality—quality of the goods and quality of the workmanship. The Silberstein & Bondy's Co.'s tailor-made garments are the "kind that never disappoint"—you—nor us. The variety of our styles is so wonderful—and the range of sizes so complete that a woman can scarcely fail to gratify her fancy. Our business in this department can be said to be wonderful—our garments give the best results of any sold in this community—and yet, we sell cheaply! Our Tailor-Made Suits start at—

$10.00

Jackets from—

$5.75

Millinery....

Ready for tomorrow, madam or miss—and so are the hats—both the trimmed and untrimmed kinds. The display is most entertaining—especially to you who are trying to decide upon just what you want. Dozens of new ideas will be shown for the first time tomorrow—some French and some American. We are selling hundreds of beautiful hats at $10 and $8—and $7 and $5—but we can please your fancy if you feel like spending three times that sum.

Trimmed Hats.

Knox shape Sailors, $2.50. Newest shapes in Tuscan Straws, $1.50 and $2.50.

Fancy Straw Braid Sailors, 85c.

Children's Hats—trimmed and untrimmed—at 35c, 50c and up.

Children's Lawn, Lace or Silk Hats or Bonnets, 25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00, and up.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

THROUGH THE WINDOW.

Bullet Put Through Plate Glass Window on Second Avenue West.

Amid the mad whirl of routine excitement at police headquarters today they are trying to catch a few snatches of time in which to solve a shooting mystery. It occurred on Second avenue west at an early hour this morning, and a bullet from one of the shots fired passed through a plate glass window in the plumbing establishment of Walter E. Wicks at 121 Second avenue. Persons living above the plumbing shop say that early in the morning they heard a shot fired, and others in the neighborhood say that there was more than one. Several hurried to the windows, but the avenue was vacant, and no person could be seen in any direction. The bullet passed through the glass, making a hole about three-quarters of an inch wide and cracking the heavy glass in several directions.

Mr. Wicks says that he is at an utter loss to account for the mysterious shooting. He says he had no trouble with any person and does not believe that the shooting was done with malicious intent. The police are as much in the dark as the proprietor of the plumbing shop.

The County Option Movement.

Rev. T. K. Thorvildson gave a very interesting discourse on the temperance question last night, discussing the county option movement. There was a fair audience at the Norwegian Methodist church, where he spoke. Previous to the lecture the orchestra gave excellent selections. He spoke at West Duluth Wednesday evening, and tonight is to speak at the Norwegian Lutheran church on First avenue east and Third street.

Feat in Telepathy.

Tomorrow morning, at 11 o'clock, Dr. McIvor-Tyndall, with a committee of well-known men, will make an interesting experiment in the phenomena of telepathy. The test of McIvor-Tyndall's remarkable ability in this direction will be to drive a team while blindfolded over a route selected by the committee and find some object which they may select to be secreted. The start will be made from the Hotel Spalding, and everyone who desires to do so can witness the experiment.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, LUCAS COUNTY.—SS.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & CO., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

A. W. GLEASON,
(Seal.) Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Pansies, 5 Dozens For $1.00.
Lindsay's greenhouses, 52nd Ave. E.

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DULUTH EVENING HERALD

FRIDAY, APRIL 27, 1900.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

DEMOCRATS CONFIDENT

They Feel Assured That the Next House Will Be Democratic.

Hanna Will Not Be Manager of McKinley's Campaign This Year.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, April 27.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Democratic leaders in this city not only expect to elect their national ticket this fall, but also feel assured that the next house will be Democratic by a fair working majority. The Democratic congressional committee has opened headquarters in the national capitol, and within a few weeks will have its campaign under full headway. It is estimated by the chairman of this committee that from one-third to one-half of the Democratic districts have selected their representatives to make the race this fall. By the time congress adjourns, which will probably be June 12, at least three-fourths of the Democratic nominations will have been made in the various states of the Union. Upon and after this date the national congressional committee will begin to flood the country with educational literature and will have energetic workers in nearly every congressional district in the country. It is the purpose of the committee to begin the canvass early, believing that it will be better to start the campaign earlier than usual in order to wrest the power from the Republicans in the lower branch of congress in the Fifty-seventh session.

There are very many reasons why the Democratic managers feel so sanguine regarding the outcome next November. The present Republican administration has made many serious blunders since the last congressional election. In the conducting of the war in the Philippines, in controlling the affairs in Cuba, and in passing the much-talked-about Porto Rican tariff bill, the Republicans in the house and senate, and the president, who has favored and conducted all these matters, have laid themselves open to successful assault by the Democrats in this campaign. This much is conceded by many of the shrewdest politicians in the Republican party.

If Mr. Bryan is elected president, it is a certainty that the Republican majority in the present house will be overthrown and gains will be made by the Democrats in the upper branch of congress. Even if Mr. Bryan should be defeated in the present campaign, the members of the Democratic congressional committee feel perfectly satisfied that they will be able to gain control of the house this fall, and will therefore be able to prevent the next Republican administration and Republican senate from passing laws obnoxious to the people.

The chairman of the Republican national congressional campaign committee insists that the claims set up by the Democrats are ridiculous. This gentleman, however, is not the shrewdest politician in this country, by any means, and his views, therefore, are given little consideration by the Democrats, and a good many Republican leaders fear that his conclusions regarding the outcome next fall are anything but correct.

It is hardly possible at this time for the chairman of the Democratic committee to indicate where gains are anticipated. In an off-hand way, however, he looks for gains in the following states east of the Mississippi river: New York, Massachusetts, Maryland, Pennsylvania, West Virginia, Michigan, Ohio, Indiana, Wisconsin, Iowa and Missouri. It is anticipated by the Democratic committee that the Democrats will gain from two to five congressmen in Minnesota, two in South Dakota, three in Kansas, two in Nebraska, perhaps two in Washington state, at least five in California, with a chance of electing two Democrats at the state election in Oregon in June. There are certain districts in the Southern states which, it is anticipated, will elect Democrats in place of Republicans representing districts from that section. If the forecast made by members of the Democratic committee turns out to be true, the majority for the Democrats in the next house will be fully as large as the Republicans have in the lower branch of congress at this session.

* * *

The fact that Senator Hanna has declined to go as a delegate-at-large from Ohio to the Philadelphia national Republican convention bears out the statement I have frequently made in the past that he does not propose to take any active part in behalf of the interests of Maj. McKinley during this campaign. His refusal to attend the Philadelphia convention as a delegate undoubtedly means that he will not accept the chairmanship of the Republican national campaign committee at Philadelphia. His successor cannot be positively named, at this time, but there are only two men really being given consideration by the president for the chairmanship of the committee. These men, it will be recalled, I have named before. They are Representative Dick, of Ohio, and Henry C. Payne, Republican national committeeman from Wisconsin. The rumor was circulated here recently that Col. Perry S. Heath, first assistant postmaster general, may be offered this position at the president's dictation. Investigation in Washington shows that the president has no idea of placing Mr. Heath at the head of the Republican national campaign committee and it is further found that the manager of Maj. McKinley's canvass in 1900 will, as before stated, be either Dick or Payne.

The retirement of Mr. Hanna may or may not be a good thing for President McKinley. There is a possibility that the Ohioan foresees defeat for the Republicans this year and therefore does not care to have his own reputation as a sagacious politician ruined by taking any active part in behalf of the Republican national ticket. On the other hand, Mr. Hanna's connection with trusts and corporations of all kinds may be one reason why he will be dropped from the chairmanship at the request of President McKinley. These are the two views taken by prominent men of all parties in this city, but it will be months hence before the correct version of the retirement of Mr. Hanna is fully known to the public.

* * *

Consul Kennedy writes from Para: The project for the establishment of a new line of steamers between New York and Para has become a law. The governor is authorized to give the new company a subsidy of 70,000 milre in gold annually for a term of twelve years. This amount is equivalent, at present exchange, to about $40,000. The steamers of the company must make twelve round trips the first year and twenty-four round trips yearly thereafter. The steamers must have a capacity to carry at least 1500 tons of cargo, a speed of no less than thirteen knots an hour, and accommodations for fifty first class and sixty third class passengers. The prices of passages in the steamers of the two lines now plying between New York and Para are very high, and the steamers have but few accommodations for passengers, some being cargo boats and taking no passengers at all. Although nearer to the United States than European ports, a passage from Para to New York costs double the amount.

The long-talked-of German steamship line, which is to operate between Para and European ports, will take its first voyage in this month. Last year the government of the state of Para bought several locomotives from the Baldwin locomotive works, of Philadelphia, and now an appropriation of a large sum is to be made for more material for the railroads of this state. The immense transportation of meat in itself—to say nothing of other cargo and passengers' fare—will prove profitable. The government will permit a slaughter house and cattle pen to be erected, and these will prove a vast source of income.

It would be wise for those who desire to look into this matter to send some one to the spot with funds to do business, as these people cannot be reached effectively by cable or long range correspondence. Para is to have an elevated railway. Dr. Francisco Bolenha, an enterprising Brazilian who visists the United States quite frequently, is working to obtain a franchise from the municipality to form a company and build an elevated road here. It is thought the franchise will be granted. Any company interested in this business could purchase the present franchise, and with proper management, it would be profitable. The present company would sell the railway and the electric plant for from 9,000,000 to 10,000,000 milreis. The concession is for a term of fifty years.

Another good opportunity, which up to the present time has been sadly neglected, is the hide industry. Vast quantities of deer, alligator, tiger, snake and every variety of choice hides and skins known to our civilized markets can be obtained here to great advantage; this port is also central for the trade in rare feathers. The number of hauses carrying United States goods is growing. One large store in the leading business street is the "Ceace Pekin" of Jean Coats & Co., where a fine display of bric-a-brac, sewing machines, glassware, lamps, crockery, ice cream freezers and novelties of all kinds, all of American manufacture, can be seen. There is no lack in the demand for American products throughout this consular district. This is conspicuously true of flour and canned goods. Sawmills, sugar mills, machinery and machinery tools, electrical appliances, oils, paints and a large variety of drugs are rapidly gaining favor. Our shoes are also winning popularity. Shiploads of canned goods and other products sent here by Messrs. Swift & Co., of Chicago, are now in this harbor waiting storage room. Libby, McNeill & Libby also have a number of carloads at the port which is yet to be moved from the steamships, and there is a quantity of machinery belonging to the Baldwin Locomotive works of Philadelphia. The premises engaged to hold the goods of Messrs. Swift & Co. are centrally located and occupy nearly a square. This celebrated firm is making preparation for a large exhibition of United States products. Beers, whiskies and wines have been introduced into this market in the past thirty days. It is gratifying to see the attention our manufacturers are paying to this consular district, which, in truth, is the best part of Brazil from a business standpoint. Several firms have opened branch offices, and one—the Pittsburg Milling company—is also introducing a new feature in the trade between Brazil and the United States—direct sales to the consumer. The concessions are of such importance that it would pay our capitalists to send their advance agents here.

The Hamburg-German-American Steamship company wishes to run a new line from Para to Cuba, New York, Lisbon, Germany, and back. The agent of the company is conferring with the governer, and it is asserted that the line will be started as well as another to Montevideo and Buenos Ayres. The latter will make money, because the supply of meat is largely from that source. Then I asked the governor, if he did not think the United States could supply the meat better than the Argentine Republic, he said that he had once had prices from a firm in Texas, but that they were to high. One of our large packing houses could no doubt compete. The governor is also contemplating the work of dredging the harbor, which is filled with a sand bank. This would be a very good investment, as the consession could carry the privilege of collecting a fee from all incoming steamers. The movement of the port is quite large, the number of steamers that came in last year being over a thousand.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

ADDRESS ON SELF-SUPPORT.

Paper By an American Missionary Now In Turkey.

New York, April 27.—At the Ecumenical conference today, a paper on "Self Support," prepared by the Rev. H. N. Barnum, D. D., a missionary of the American board, in Harpoot, Eastern Turkey, was read. In substance it was as follows:

The idea of self support took shape in the Harpoot field sooner than in any other station in Turkey. The practice had been to pay almost all the bills incident to the prosecution of the work inaugurated by the missionaries, in the expectation that the people would voluntarily propose to assume the burden themselves as soon as they should appreciate the value of the blessings brought to their doors. This expectation was not realized. The native Christians supposed that they had fulfilled their obligations when they attended the services opened by the missionary, and sent their children to his schools. The injunction "Freely ye have received, freely give" was supposed to apply to the missionaries and not to themselves. The Americans were rich, the natives were poor and it was a favor to the Americans to give them their presence and lend their moral support.

At the breaking out of the civil war in America in 1861, six years from the beginning of the work here, a muleteer, who was a zealous Protestant in a village where only a few families had separated from the old church, said: "I will give board to a young man if you will send one." This was a new and valuable thought for us, so we suggested it to our friends in the other outstation, and it found ready acceptance. So all the students were soon located with a small salary from us and their board or its equivalent in money from the people. This was the first definite step toward self support in this field, except that when the first pastor was ordained the previous year with great effort one-half of his salary was secured from the people.

This experience led us to adopt self support as a definite policy. Each church organized for work in the village near to it, and the churches together undertook the evangelization of Koordistan as a foreign missionary work. The plan of giving tithes also found great favor. Still we persevered until something like 70 per cent of all the expenses at the central station and sixty outstations, or an aggregate of $9400, was paid by the people. If to this is added the $3865 paid in the different departments of the college it makes a total of $13,263.

Then came the well-known events of November, 1895, massacres and burning of property. For a time we were obliged to assume the entire support of nearly every laborer in this entire field. But the latest available statistics show that 69 per cent of the expense for the support of their own institutions was borne by themselves. The total of the contributions for 1898 for the direct evangelical and educational work outside of the college was $8989. This statement is for the Harpoot station.

The development of self support among unevangelized people can never be completely successful unless the native congregations fully accept the principle that the work is their own and that the missionary society is simply their helper for a brief period. There are several ways of promoting this idea:

1. Let the native church take the form and adopt the policy suited to its environment and the national bent. Real independence is not merely paying the bills; it is moral as well as financial.

2. Let the congregations select their own agents with help from the missionary, and fix their salaries. Self support is absolutely unattainable unless the expenses are within the ability of the people to pay, and unless the pastor and teacher are willing to conform their style of living somewhat to that of the people for whom they labor.

3. Emphasis is given to this idea if th salary is not paid to the treasurer of the congregation and not to the paster or precaher himself, for the aid is to the community and not to himself.

The payment of salaries to religious teachers is something almost unknown in unevangelized lands. Many religious institutions are endowed. Presents are made and money is paid for special services, so nobody in particular is responsible for anything. The priest or mollah gets what he can from his people and it is the concern of nobody whether it is much or little.

A second difficulty is that the native agents are not satisfied with the salaries which their people are ready to pay. The people also are slow to realize that the needs of their preachers and teachers are greater than their own; that they must have books and that as they are to be leaders in civilization as well as in Christianity, they ought to adopt a style of living somewhat in advance of that into which they were born.

A third difficulty is the poverty of almost all who bear the Christian name in this country, especially of Protestants. There are many outside of our congregations who are persuaded of the truth, but who remain outside simply because they are not willing to bear the financial burden which they know will come upon them if they identify themselves withan evangelical congregation.

Our congregations are already practicing great self denial and, as things now are, we cannot reasoably expect more from them.

DULUTH LINE.

St. Paul, April 27.—The state railway commission yesterday granted the request of the Gulf & Manitoba railway to increase its capital stock from $50,000 to $7,000,000. President F. T. Campbell, representing the road, appeared before the commission. The proposed line will be 700 miles in length. Its northern terminus will be Duluth, and from there will run through Little Falls, St. Cloud, Willmar and Jackson, and will take a southery direction through Iowa into Kansas City, Mo., which will be its southern terminus. It is not yet known what connections the road will make to reach the gulf.

PORTER IS ILL.

New York, April 27.—John Addison Porter, formerly private secretary to President McKinley, is reported to be seriously ill in this city. He came here to undergo a surgical operation.

2000 Home Grown Roses—Especially fine. Saturday's price—per dozen 39c
Sale commences at 8 a. m.

SATURDAY AT Freimuth's

Agents for Butterick Patterns.
Mail Orders Promptly Attended to.

This New Store is fast proving itself to be a delightful Mecca for the ladies who, when out buying (or shopping if you'd rather), want to see the newest and latest. Many's the lady who has learned to come here, rest awhile in our ladies' reception room, at the same time taking a bird's eye view of the many attractions shown in the various departments—and all within her easy vision—after which buying seems to be but an added pleasure. Perhaps by reason of her well remembering that which we take care none shall forget, to-wit—our iron-clad guarantee. ALL GOODS NOT SATISFACTORY CAN BE EXCHANGED OR RETURNED. Money is cheerfully refunded at all times.

In Our Coat and Suit Room.

New Dress Skirts— In a superabundance of styles are here ready for Saturday's callers. Among them are DRESS SKIRTS, made from all-wool Storm Serge, in Blacks only, made up with tailored seams; Percaline lined and perfect fitting—Saturday's price..... $3.00

Ladies' Cheviot Serge Skirts— Made up with Box plaited back, strictly tailor-made in every respect..... $4.50

Ladies' Jackets— Made of Covert Cloths, etc., colors, Tans, Blues, Blacks, lined in satin—double-breasted and box front styles, with tight-fitting back; tailored seams..... $6.00

Ladies' Black Pebble Cheviot Jackets— Fly front, satin lined, lapped seams, all sizes, 34 to 42..... $8.00

Ladies' Covert Cloth Jackets— In fly front, the new 19-inch lengths, silk serge, lined, all sizes..... $9.50

Venetian Cloth Suits— In Blues and Browns—Suit silk lined, and a finely tailored Suit in every way..... $10.00

Tailored Suits— Made up in a best grade of Black Cheviot Jacket, jacket in either Eton or fly front style, silk lined, throughout; made in the very latest mode..... $18.00

Oxford Grey Suits— With flare Collars, Jacket in Eton style, with appliqued reveres, all finely silk lined, a beautifully hanging skirt..... $19.50

SEE ALSO our Black Cheviots Suits at..... $19.50
They are special values at that price.

Silk Waists— New lines, newly arrived, in all the most fashionable colorings..... $3.98 AND UP.

French Flannel Waists— Made up in our own Derby style, a handsome assortment at..... $4.75

Wash Shirt Waists— Made up of the sheerest cotton goods—these are signally alone and in front as far as both style and price is concerned—

59c, 75c, $1 and up.

Children's Wash Dresses— All sizes, from 2 to 14 years; prices—

39c up to $5.00

Distinctive and Original Millinery.

Is here in most completely assorted NEWNESS of styles. For Saturday we particularize two big offerings:

About 150 BEAUTIFULLY TRIMMED HATS, frames of fancy braids, trimmed in Lace, Flowers, etc., some worth $5 others $6.00 and still others of higher value; Saturday's price..... $3.48

Another assortment of HANDSOMELY TRIMMED HATS—Real Picture Hats, and direct improvements of many of the successful styles brought from Paris and sold for four to five times as much—these are..... $5.98

Good Shoes for little money on Saturday.....

And the BEST SHOES for your money are here. We have about 100 pairs of LADIES' SHOES, in hand-turned Ox for Ties, in Blacks and Tans, some worth as much as $2.00; all worth more than Saturday's price..... 98c

Misses' Shoes - In Blacks, also Tans, real $1.35 values, all sizes, 11s to 2s—Saturday's price..... 98c

Children's Shoes— With Spring heel, in both Red and Tan colors, laced or buttoned, sizes 5s to 8s, regular $1.00 price..... 75c

Ladies' Shoes — We'll offer some $3.00 values in light Fancy Shoes for Dress Wear; also the heavier solid kinds for street wear will be offered at—per pair..... $1.98

Also some $4.00 kinds in fine Kid Shoes, with patent leather tips, also in mannish shape welts; all sizes..... $2.98

And our famous VOLGA—"The best $3.50 Ladies' Shoes in the world" in the $5.00 quality of most stores, here you'll find complete lines in 14 different styles, at..... $3.50

The Volga

See these "VOLGAS" when in the store on Saturday.

Little Gent's— Solid soles, in a regular $1.25 quality, Blacks and Tans, all sizes, 8 to 13½; Saturday's price..... 98c

LITTLE GENTS' regular $1.65 quality, box calf, all sizes, 8s to 13½s..... $1.25

Our New Jewelry Dep't is a wonder.

To many who hardly supposed so complete a Jewelry Store could be contained in a Dry Goods House, but here it is and it's a busy place, too. "Finest Jewelry at closest of Dry Goods prices" is the KEYNOTE of its success. Saturday's offerings will EMPHASIZE the statement made above. There is a good big assortment of—

Shirt Waist Sets— New gold-plated and enameled in either pin or button style; Saturday's price..... 35c

SOME STERLING SILVER NETHERSOLE BRACELETS—In Plain, Chased or Twisted Shapes, regularly $1.25; Saturday's price..... 68c

STERLING SILVER BERRY SPOONS—With fine chased, gold-lined bowl; Jewelry stores' price $4.75; our Saturday price..... $3.65

QUADRUPLE SILVER-PLATE BAKING DISH—Satin-finish, with beaded edge, never sold at less than $5.00; Saturday's price..... $3.75

When you are looking about for a GOOD CLOCK, one that will be CORRECT, see our new line just opened. Once you hear our prices, you'll buy. We have no fear of that.

Men's Furnishings.

Wilson Brothers' Fancy Shirts, with two pair of link cuffs, in handsome new patterns; Saturday's price..... $1.50

New Silk Neckwear— A beautiful line of the best that have ever been sold at..... 50c

Men's Laundered Percale Shirts, nice line of patterns, with either soft or stiff bosoms, some having two collars and a pair of cuffs to match..... 50c

Men's Medium Weight Shirts and Drawers, in natural color, worth 75c, each..... 50c

Men's Fine Cotton Half Hose, black and colors, high spliced heel and toes, worth 19c; Saturday's price..... 12c

Men's Half Hose in extra good quality, colors tan, black or gray, regular 15c value, for Saturday..... 10c

Ribbons for the Ladies—for the Misses—for the Children—

Black Satin and Gros Grain, in a fine soft and lumlnous grade—

No.	3,	5,	7,	9,	12,	16,
Yard	4c	5c	7c	9c	12c	15c
Per piece 20 yards worth as much as	36c	45c	63c	81c	$1.08	$1.35

Each piece contains ten yards. NO LESS.

Fancy Ribbons— In Polka Dots 4½ inches wide, per yard..... 45c

Liberty Satin Neck Ribbons— Beautiful shades of Royal Navy, Violet, Turquoise, Scarlet, Blue Black, and white, red and white, easily worth 85c; Saturday's price..... 68c

Toilet Goods.

4711—German Perfumes, in all the floral odors, per oz..... 39c
(Sold some places at 65c per oz).

Colgate's Concentrated Floral Extracts, in all the famous odors, regular price 35c; Saturday's price, per oz..... 25c

15c Bottles Tetlow's Borated Talcom Powder..... 10c

25c Bottle Zozodont Tooth Wash..... 19c

50c Bottle Dr. Calder's Tooth Powder..... 17c

50c Bottle Marina Lotion for the face..... 39c

25c box Tetlow's Face Powder..... 15c

50c box Pozzoni's Face Powder..... 39c

12½c Tooth Brushes..... 8c

18c French Bristle Tooth Brushes..... 13c

25c Fine Nail Brushes..... 17c

15c Rubber and Aluminum Dressing Combs..... 10c

30c Shell, Amber and Celluloid Dressing Combs..... 21c

Soap Specials.

Kirk's Royal, Oatmeal, Honey, Glycerine and Rose Toilet Soaps, regular price 10c a cake; all go per cake Saturday..... 5c

Or, a box of 3 cakes..... 13c

1½-lb bars Pure Transparent Glycerine Soap..... 10c

25c Cake Woodbury's Facial Soap..... 15c

Hosiery.

Ladies' Hose, in Blacks, also Tans—colors absolutely fast, very elastic; usual price 12½c—Saturday's price..... 10c
(Or three pairs for 25c.)

Ladies' Hose— In a prime dye of fast Black, extra wide, ribbed tops, very elastic, spliced heel and toe, cheap at 18c; Saturday's price—TWO PAIRS for..... 25c

Ladies' Hose, in a fine Maco Yarn—spliced heel and toe, split soles, or all Black, as you prefer; Hermsdorf dye..... 25c

Ladies' Black and Tan Polka Dot Hose—Velvet finish and an exceptional quality, worth 50c—per pair..... 38c

A NEWLY ARRIVED SHIPMENT OF LADIES' LISLE HOSE—In the newest and prettiest of shades, Cardinal, Scarlet, New Blue, Purple and Black, all the rage Eastward, and will be here, too; Saturday's price..... 50c

Children's Hosiery— In a fine two-thread Black Cotton yarn, double knee and double sole; very elastic; per pair..... 12½c

Boys' strong HEAVY COTTON HOSE in a fast Black dye, and a durable Stocking; has double knees; 25c value for Saturday—at..... 20c

Underwear.

Our line of Ypsilanti Underwear

For Spring and Summer is now complete, full lines of Vests, Tights and Union Suits, in Balbriggan, Lisle and Lisle and Silk mixed, in Flesh, Cream and Black colors, and as you know, our prices are always most reasonable on these goods. SOME SPECIAL VALUES for Saturday's lookers after Underwear—

Ladies' Sleeveless Vests With White and colored silk neck trimmings, richelieu ribbed; good quality, worth 20c—here on sale..... 15c

Ladies' Cream Vests, in high neck and with either long or short sleeves, nicely made and trimmed; pants to match, regular price 25c—Saturday's price..... 19c

Ladies' Fine Grade White Cotton Vests in long or short sleeves, Drawers to match, in a superior grade, in a quality worth 40c per garment; Saturday's price..... 30c

Ladies' White and Ecru Cotton Combination Suits— High neck, short sleeves and a good quality, nicely made, worth 75c..... 50c

Misses' Vests— High neck, with long or short sleeves; Pants to match—35c goods; Saturday's price... 25c

Umbrellas for the Rainy Days to Come.

Mercerized Silkoline Umbrellas— You can't tell them apart from silk; for Saturday..... 98c

26-inch Gloria Silk Umbrellas, on Paragon frame, with Congo handles; for Saturday..... $1.25

Fine Gloria Silk Umbrellas— Handles ornamented in sterling silver in a guaranteed good wearing quality..... $1.50

Fine Umbrellas— "The finest ever happened" hereabouts, made of a most excellent grade of cloth on a 26-inch Paragon frame, with rich Princess handles, ribbon tassel and ornamented with sterling silver (on handle); Saturday's price..... $2.00

Candies. Fresh for Saturday.
One pound boxes filled with Dark Coated Chocolate Creams, Nutted on top—the 40c kind—per box Saturday..... 21c

Freimuth's
Duluth's Greatest Store.

Fresh Candies For Saturday..
500 pounds fresh Clear Cut Mixed Candies, Saturday's price—per pound..... 8c
Also Fresh Buttercups—assorted flavors—per pound..... 15c

Exquisite Creations

Drecoll, the Famous Modeller of Vienna, Describes Some of His Latest Ideas In Costumes.

New Device For Evening Coiffures.

The Use of Lace In Trimming.

Vienna, April 16.—(Special to The Herald.)—There is no gown that incites the creative fancy of the great modistes more than the evening frock. The newest and most artistic conceptions are generally spent on this important costume, which shows off better than any other the individuality of the wearer and the art of the maker.

The first gown depicted today shows some novelties which must recommend themselves to all lovers of the artistic. The long skirt, which fits the figure perfectly above and extends into a slight flare below, is of "champagne" moiree—a beautiful shade of golden yellow, resembling the color of that wine. Black Chantilly net with polka dot of jet beads is fitted to the form of the skirt and finishes with a rich border done in chenille, jet and black spangles. The lace forms a kind of overskirt, reaching almost to the hem of the moiree skirt, the interstices left between the design of the border are filled out with small motifs of gray guipure lace embroidered and spangled with jet. Three narrow bias folds of moiree farm the hem. The tight-fitting bodice foundation is of the same champagne-colored moiree, veiled in front with a slight drapery of the Chantilly net, while the decolletage is defined by an embroidery of black spangles representing the intertwined necks and heads of two birds, from the bills of which are suspended long pendants of finely-cut jet. The eyes of the birds' heads are represented by brilliants. A fall of mousseline de soie, the same shade as the moiree, further embellishes the front of the bodice, and is embroidered with jetted guipure motifs like those on the hem of the skirt. The back of the gown shows a strikingly beautiful conception which is a decided novelty. It consists of a "Princess" tunic, made entirely of black spangles and representing a conventionalized bird's plumage, extending in long slashed points over the Chantilly overskirt and toward the front of the bodice and skirt. The back of the bodice is one solid mass of spangles, ending over the shoulders in bands which hold the short, tight, unlined elbow sleeves of tucked champagne-colored mousseline de soie appliqued with jetted guipure lace. Bracelets of spangled lace finish the sleeves at the elbow and hide the connection between the sleeves and the long gloves of white glace kid. The glittering beauty of this gown is crowned by an equally unique hair ornament in the shape of a wreath of laurel leaves which fits over the curled knot of the coiffure. These leaves are made of gold filigree, shading into various greens and coppery browns, and fastens at the back with a bow set with brilliants. No other jewelry is permissible, as it would clash with the brilliancy of the costume.

Another soiree costume, though not so elaborate as the first described, is very attractive by its graceful form and delicate coloring. It is made of very light mauve crepe de chine over a foundation of rose-colored satin, a color combination which results in a very pleasing aspect to the eye. The skirt of crepe de chine follows the lines of the tight satin underskirt by its additional fullness, being caught into graduating tucks below the hips and ending in a short train. A delicate tracery done in silver thread and silver spangles is embroidered all over the skirt. The tight-fitting satin lining of the bodice is draped losely with crepe de chine in front, while at the back the crepe is drawn tightly to fit the figure. The round decolletage is encircled by a collar of crepe-covered satin and is richly embroidered and spangled with silver. A small drapery of mauve illusion adds greatly to the becoming form of the decolletage. The rounded shoulder line, which is invariably beautiful on any but very angular figures, is here fully disclosed but for two narrow bands of silver spangles which can but add to its fascination, and the short, tight sleeve which covers the upper arm is made of unlined crepe de chine embroidered and spangled to match the decorations on the gown. Long mauve gloves are worn and the coiffure is embellished by small bouquets of natural violets.

Lace in masses of incrustations is still at the height of popularity in spite of the rivalry of crepe and chiffons. Satin, net, silk, fine woolen fabrics and transparencies of every descriptions comprise the foundation materials for lace frills, flowerings, bands, appliques and drapings generally.

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Soiree Gowns Designed by Drecoll of Vienna.

(CH. DRECOLL, Vienna.)

SMART SPRING FROCKS.

A Budget of Filing, Fluffy Things for Women.

New York, April 25.—If spring has been backward this year in the matter of budding trees and flowers, it has been prompt as usual in opening the budget of new silks, muslins, laces, and all manner of filmy, fluffy things to wear, says the Sun. The new hats are here also. They come in tulle, crinoline and

Imparts Energy
Horsford's Acid Phosphate
When vitality and nerve force have become impaired by illness its value is wonderful. Induces refreshing sleep.
Genuine bears name HORSFORD'S on wrapper.

Toque of pale green Neapolitan straw, with white roses and bows of printed green taffeta ribbon. Model by Henri a la Pensee.

chiffon, and also in straw as delicate as any of the three materials mentioned. There is an inclination in Paris to turn the rather broad shapes straight up in front off the face, but this is not by any means a style to be universally followed, as the brim dipping down in front or raised at the side is quite as popular and much more becoming to many faces. Most of the brims are pressed down closely to the head at the back, giving that short, cut-off appearance at the sides which is so essential. It is to be thankfully noted that artistic simplicity in trimming is much in vogue. Crowns of leaves and brims of flowers form the decoration of the daintiest of toques, and one of the very newest millinery items is presented in dyed skeleton leaves lightly stitched over with sequins. These are used in place of the abused quill.

The ubiquitous bolero may be seen in all materials, in all shapes, and trimmed in all imaginable ways, or plain. In short, it seems to be one of the indispensable features of dress for all occasions. The black taffeta bolero, which is for the moment so popular, may be superseded on account of its common use by those best, Foulard and linen will be combined, and a feature of the best foulard gowns is the very large chou, with long ends of mousseline de soie or crepe de chine, coming from the center of the bust. This central chou of mousseline de soie or lace will be used on linen or cambric gowns as well. Crepe de chine in many exquisite shades is to be used extensively, and one graceful frock is in wedgewood blue, set off with insertions of silk-spangled Louis XVI shades. The skirt is slightly gathered, and the bodice tucked and swathed.

The delightful convenient blouse shows no signs of waning popularity, and, on the contrary, grows more dainty, more elaborate, more necessary every season. Soft silk, batiste lace and Venetian satin are materials used for fluffy blouses, while brocades, satins and handsome encrustations of passementerie are employed for those which are more elaborate. One new model blouse is of soft heavenly blue silk tucked, with a waistcoat and appliques of ecru guipure and tucked ecru mousseline. Another of corn-colored taffeta has a collar, epaulets and little cuffs of white linen adorned with appliques of black velvet embroidered over with blue and cream silk cords. Another blouse of palest blue silk has a muslin and lace chemisette and undersleeves. It has also an applique of corn-colored silk, embroidered with white silk cord and black silk thread. An unusually pretty handkerchief blouse is of white silk spotted with black and bordered with rich Oriental colorings, and an effective broad black edge. Two of the most charming details for waists with which fashion has presented women this year are the dainty and feminine muslin undersleeve and the little hemstitched handkerchief revers of tinted muslin, the V left by the revers being filled in with a chemisette of the same muslin set in the narrowest tucks. This tinted muslin is much softer and also more becoming to

Dainty summer frock of yellow foulard, rimmed with insertions and volants of white lace. Girdle and sash of black velvet. Model by Robert.

the face than even lace. It is impossible now to buy these muslin accessories ready made, so the clever and enterprising needlewoman may have a season's enjoyment before they are popularly worn.

Charming costumes for girls from 4 to 16, thoroughly suitable on account of their freshness and simplicity, are made of frieze in pastel shades of pink, blue and green. These are usually made in smart little tailor suits of coat and skirt. The coats for girls should delight a mother's eyes, since they are comfortable, simple and elegant.

Silk waists dotted all over with fine beads sewn on at regular intervals as if they were pin spots, are one of the Parisian fancies, and with these is worn a collar band pointing down below the accustomed neck line in front and closely beaded all over.

Veils with velvet spots have been the reigning fashion for some time, but the novel feature which distinguishes them now is that you can select your plain net, choose the size and number of spots most becoming, and have them put on to order as far apart or as near together as you like. Fancy a pretty woman standing before the mirror arranging the becoming position of the spots on her veil, while the girl behind the counter sews in little threads to mark the places, and you will have a new edition of the vanity of vanities, but the result fully justifies the means.

Neckties made of silk in the form of batwings are one of the many novelties in neckwear, pastel colorings being the choice.

Shirring is very much in evidence on the new thin gowns. Skirts are shirred around the top, sleeves from the shoulder to the elbow, and usually there is a shirred yoke to match.

Crepe de chine was the favorite material for court dresses worn at the queen's dressing room.

Green Egyptian beetles are one of the fads in hat pins.

Gold braid which is the real thing

A Doucet princess frock of pale pink crepe de chine, embroidered and appliqued with a garland of roses. Decollete and unlined sleeves of black netting. Long scarf of black surah. Theatre cloak of rose-colored cloth with incrustations of grey guipure.

Young lady's round straw hat ornamented with two white pigeon wings set among a coquet of tea roses. A band of mousseline of the same shade as the roses encircles the crown. Model by Helena, Rue Aubert.

skirts to wear with light waists it is very desirable.

Belts are either very wide or very narrow, no medium widths being admissible if you would be up-to-date.

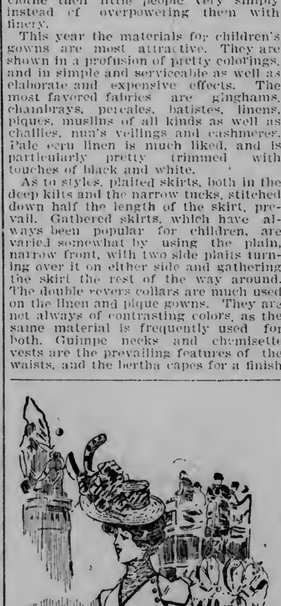
FASHIONS FOR CHILDREN.

Some of the Designs for the Summer Season.

Philadelphia, April 25.—The Times says: Spring and summer are so peculiarly the children's seasons that much of our thoughts are occupied with their amusements and suitable dresses therefor. Children's clothes were never prettier than they are now, and never more varied in style. As a rule children's fashions follow along very much the same lines, although in a more modified form, of the fashions of their elders. They are more conservative and characterized by less sweeping changes, and while essentially picturesque and dainty, the most refined mothers usually clothe their little people very simply instead of overpowering them with finery.

This year the materials for children's gowns are most attractive. They are shown in a profusion of pretty colorings, and in simple and serviceable as well as elaborate and expensive effects. The most favored fabrics are ginghams, chambrays, percales, batistes, linens, piques, muslins of all kinds as well as challies, nun's veilings and cashmeres. Pale ecru linen is much liked, and is particularly pretty trimmed with touches of black and white.

As to styles, plaited skirts, both in the deep kilts and the narrow tucks, stitched down half the length of the skirt, prevail. Gathered skirts, which have always been popular for children, are varied somewhat by using the plain, narrow front, with two side plaits turning over it on either side and gathering the skirt the rest of the way around. The double revers collars are much used on the linen and pique gowns. They are not always of contrasting colors, as the same material is frequently used for both. Guimpe necks and chemisette vests are the prevailing features of the waists, and the bertha capes for a finish



A picturesque capeline by Camille Roger, of white rice straw, trimmed with ruchings of rose-colored mousseline de soie and rosettes of the same material, shaped to represent poppies, and containing the stamens of the poppy blossom.

and sash ends of the new soft ribbons, and narrow velvet and satin ribbons sewn on in rows are elements in the success of the muslin gowns. Tiny little white crochet buttons and little gold ones as well, also appear as trimmings.

Girls from 12 to 16 now have their coat and skirt costume, with which they wear cambric, flannel and silk waists, just like their mammas. Tailor-made suits for little maids usually admit of more trimming than such suits for their elders. Braid is almost always used, and it usually follows an effective if not elaborate pattern. Preference is given to the circular skirt with box-plait in the back, and reefer jacket a little longer than the ordinary reefer, tight-fitting in the back, and with a straight front, made double-breasted and fastened with fancy buttons. The revers are always narrow on these coats, and can be of cloth or velvet of a lighter shade, with rows of machine-stitching, though the pique or duck revers or facings of bright scarlet flannel are to be preferred.

For mothers who like to keep their daughters young, one of the newest things is the kilt skirt for girls of from 12 to 16 years of age. On the frocks that are shown this spring for 16-year-old misses the kilted skirt is so much seen that it may almost be said to be the rage. It is certainly one of the most graceful ways of making any of the light woolen goods and the pretty summer silks that will be so much worn. Other skirts for misses are made with gores and either box or side plaits in the back. The only one that is put into the belt perfectly plain is the circle, which invariably falls in soft folds and has none of the severe lines of the closely fitted skirt. In ginghams and other wash dresses the fullness in the back is usually gathered. The new pique skirts are almost without exception cut circular.

Diphtheria, sore throat, croup. Instant relief, permanent cure. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. At any drug store.

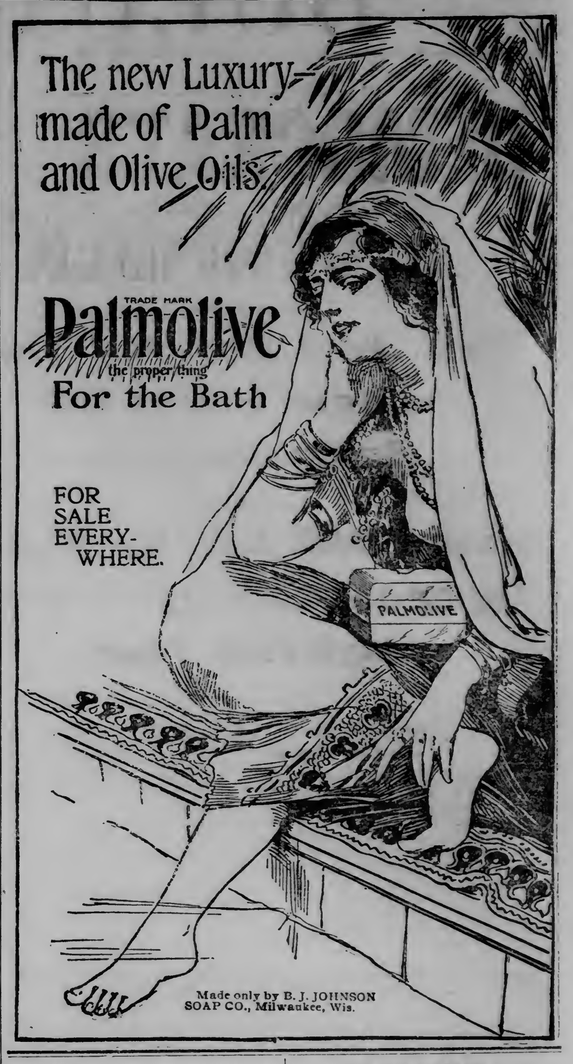
Tailor gown of tan cloth, with decorations consisting of narrow bias of velvet of a darker shade. Collar, vest and jabot of tan mousseline de soie. Model by Guillot.

around the yokes have lost none of their popularity.

Small girls of 5, 6 and 7 are wearing little short puffed sleeves to their wash gowns. Some mothers make guimpes with sleeves to wear with little low-necked dresses, and in the hottest weather remove them, leaving the neck and arms bare. Some of the sleeves are in odd little shapes, fitting in at the armhole and then slanting out like a straight flowing sleeve to the elbow, stopping just above it. One gown with a puffed sleeve has what has the appearance of a cuff longer at the back than the front set into it.

The Mother Hubbard and the various styles of empire still prevail for little girls. A frock without a belt has always been in favor with many mothers. It allows unrestrained freedom of movement to a child at play, and reduces to a minimum the mending required to keep a healthy, active little person neatly dressed.

Embroideries are extensively employed, and laces are much used on the more elaborate summer dresses. Knots



Excursion Rates.

VIA "THE MILWAUKEE."

On April 17, May 1 and May 15, and June 5, the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway will sell tickets to points in Southern, Southwestern and Western states at one fare, plus $2, for the round trip.

No extra charge on the celebrated Pioneer Limited between the Twin Cities, Milwaukee and Chicago.

For particulars as to rates and routes apply to "The Milwaukee" agents or address J. T. CONLEY,
Assistant General Passenger Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the village council of the village of Biwabik, in St. Louis County, Minnesota, will receive bids at the village council hall in said village at eight o'clock in the afternoon, on the fifteenth day of May, 1900, for the sale of the bonds of said village in the sum of six thousand dollars, bearing interest at the rate of six per cent per annum, interest payable semi-annually, with interest coupons attached, said bonds being six in number and maturing, one on each of the following dates, to-wit: July 1st, 1901; July 1st, 1902; July 1st, 1903; July 1st, 1904; July 1st, 1905, and July 1st, 1906, to be issued and sold for the purpose of paying for an electric light plant in and for said village, said bonds to bear date May 1st, 1900.

Dated April 16th, 1900.

J. S. LUTES,
Recorder of said Village.

By order of the Village Council.
Duluth Evening Herald, April-21-28-May-5-1900.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—Default has been made in the payment of the sum of nineteen hundred and four and 35-100 ($1904.35) dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Edward H. Cawkins and Ines A. Cawkins, his wife, mortgagors, to Edwin C. Bissell, mortgagee, bearing date the tenth day of September, 1892, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 13th day of September, 1892, at two o'clock p. m. in Book 113 of mortgages, on page 5; and default has also been made in the payment of taxes, and the undersigned has paid since the execution and delivery of said mortgage for taxes upon the hereinafter described mortgaged premises the sum of one hundred and four and 83-100 dollars ($104.83); and

Whereas, after the execution and delivery of said mortgage, at the county of Cook, in the state of Illinois, said Edwin C. Bissell died leaving a last will and testament, in which he made the undersigned, Emily P. Bissell, executrix thereof, and said will was thereafter duly probated in said county of Cook, state of Illinois, and the said executrix duly qualified as such and letters testamentary were duly issued out of the probate court of said county of Cook to said executrix; and

Whereas, a duly authenticated copy of said letters testamentary was on the 13th day of April, 1900, at 11:55 a. m. duly filed and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, in Book 1 of Miscellaneous, on page 538; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot number five (5), in block number seventy (70), in the village of Oneota, now a part of West Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, subject to the right-of-way over the southerly seventeen feet of said lot, which right-of-way belongs to the successors of the Lake Superior and Mississippi Railroad Company; said lot being situated in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 2nd day of June, 1900, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash to pay said mortgage debt and the said sum of $104.83 paid by the undersigned for taxes upon said property as aforesaid and interest, and the taxes, if any, upon said premises and twenty-five (25) dollars attorneys' fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated April 18th, A. D. 1900.

EMILY P. BISSELL,
As Executrix of the estate of Edwin C. Bissell, deceased, Mortgagee.
CRASSWELLER & CRASSWELLER,
Attorneys for said Executrix.
Duluth Evening Herald, April-20-27-May-4-11-18-25-1900.

JAP ROSE
TRADE-MARK.
SOAP.

A Transparent Glycerin Soap.

Delicately Perfumed. Clear as Crystal.

The perfection in the art of soap making obtained only by long research in the laboratory, designed especially for toilet and bath.

JAS. S. KIRK & CO., Chicago.

WAS ONE OF THE GAY BOYS

Although Nearly Seventy, Millionaire Rufus Wright Was Sporting and Mrs. Lottridge Was Also Very Rapid.

Wright Was Charitable and Scattered His Money About Among His Friends With a Lavish Hand.

Chicago, April 27.—A millionaire more than once, 69 years of age, fond of pretty women, wine and other drinks rather stronger in their action, one of the boys, addicted somewhat at times to rounding things up, Rufus Wright died at the Leland hotel last week from a pistol wound inflicted either by himself or by Mrs. Louisa Lottridge, a handsome woman about his age. If she did shoot her aged admirer, she probably did not intend to do so. At least he died protesting that she did not shoot him and that the whole affair was an accident, and the authorities have decided not to prosecute her in view of his statements.

On Saturday afternoon last Mrs. Lottridge sent a note to Wright to call upon her at the hotel, and he did so. The woman had been on a drunk for several days—her maiden name was Bacchus—and she also had designs, which doctors say should not be mixed with the good old Chicago fusel oil and nitric acid of 1898 sold here under the alluring appellation of rye. Wright had been drinking before he arrived at the hotel, but that didn't prevent him from taking several others and four more at the dashing Mrs. Lottridge.

When Wright called at Mrs. Lottridge's room at the Leland a female friend named Mrs. Ida Koss, of aristocratic Cottage Grove avenue, a thoroughfare addicted to cable cars, saloons and all sorts of residents, was present. She had been assisting at Mrs. Lottridge's good time, and had helped to absorb several large bottles of red fluids, but she knew that three was a crowd. So she went home.

Now Wright and the fair lady knew each other pretty well, so Mrs. Koss didn't introduce them before she went out, not forgetting to close the door. Mrs. Lottridge, being full of the old mixture spoken of, was in an exceedingly playful mood, her temperature being high, her spirits at a premium and her tendency kittenish. Under the occult influence superinduced by spirituous indulgence she ran in a sprightly and uneasy-to-bear-under-those-wing manner to the dressing case and produced a pearl handle revolver from one of its recesses.

Aged Mr. Wright was frightened and said he feared the weapon might explode all of itself, but she reassured him with the assertion that she had been accustomed to the use of firearms for many years. His apprehensions not being allayed by this argument, Wright tried to take the toy from her. She resisted in a way at once coy and athletic, and all at once it did discharge itself, the tiny bullet passing through Mr. Wright's vertebrae at the back of the neck. He was sitting on the sofa at the time, and she was standing in front of him.

Neither thought much of the matter at the time, so Mrs. Lottridge did not call for assistance until the wounded man began to show signs of weariness and exhaustion. Then she rang for a bell-boy. This was two hours after the shooting—a longer time than the woman had ever allowed to pass without ringing for drinks during her stay at the hotel—and when the bellboy came she asked him to get a doctor.

The bellboy got a doctor, and Mr. Wright died.

His friends, when summoned, among them William Herrick, a business partner, promptly averred that Mr. Wright was the victim of a plot, having been led into a trap because of his goodness of heart. He told the police that Mr. Wright said to him soon after he had reached the wounded man's bedside that he had called at the woman's room for the purpose of aiding and helping Wright who was there; that this man, a friend of his, had become entangled with the woman and was afraid of exposure.

When the detectives heard this story they put their tongues between their teeth at the sides of their mouths, causing the cheeks to become protuberances, the being indicative of a deep-seated disbelief in such explanation. Neither were they convinced when they heard that Mr. Wright had said he did not know Mrs. Lottridge before he called upon her on Saturday, and that his errand was purely expostulatory. However, a coroner's jury, composed of men, many of nearly 70 years of age, in a dying condition, could hardly be expected to tell a connected story, although he maintained until the last that the shooting was entirely accidental.

Mrs. Lottridge told all sorts of stories to the police, to whom she was not an entire stranger, but the general tenor of them all was that the millionaire was killed accidentally. She was in an hysterical state for days, and when she was escorted to the place where the inquest was to have been held she was so violent that the combined efforts of two of the largest policemen on the force were not more than was necessary to get her in and out of the cab. Lieut. Derry, of the Harrison street station, was one of the officers, and when he finally handed her in the hospital at the county jail he was practically exhausted, although she is not a large woman by any means.

The case against her will not be pushed. It is very weak and she could hardly be convicted. Besides, Wright's family has all the notoriety it desires. His wife is an invalid, and the shock of her husband's death in such a manner and under such circumstances will hasten her death. One of Wright's daughter's is the wife of P. W. Morgan, head of the manufacturing firm of Morgan & Wright, who make tires for bicycles. It is the most noted firm in that line in the world, and they supply every country on earth where the bicycle is used.

Apart from being gay, Mr. Wright was a most generous man, his charities aggregating, it is said, fully $50,000 per year. Old friends who had been unfortunate in business always found in him a ready lender in time of need, success not having changed him. He preferred old friends to new, and many an old-timer will have to go to work now or trek over the hills to the poorhouse. He was worth from $3,000,000 to $5,000,000, his annual income was very large, and as he did not care to save any of it, he spent money with a lavish hand.

Mrs. Lottridge is 35 years of age, and owing to her extremely heavy indulgence in whisky and cocaine the physicians at the county jail think it probable she will never recover her reason entirely. Since the shooting she has been almost a maniac at times, and has tried to kill herself. She is a native of Hamilton, Ont., having been born there in 1865, her family name being Bacchus.

In 1883 she was maried to John Lottridge, who lived near Hamilton, but shortly after their marriage they removed to Chicago, living on the West Side, not far from Wright's handsome residence. In 1894 she obtained a divorce from Lottridge on the ground of non-support, and although he had no money to give her, she was never without ready cash, and soon became possessed of considerable property in Michigan, only a few miles from Chicago. She owns a handsome yacht, and for two seasons her former husband was its captain, but she discharged him last fall, and then he became the manager of her hotel at Paw Paw lake, near Benton Harbor, Mich. They are quite friendly.

The woman lives at Beachwood Lake, near Benton Harbor, in a very handsome house, where she entertains large parties of Chicago people—all of the male persuasion. Her table is noted for its luxuriousness, and the express company is kept busy delivering wines and other liquids at her back door. Those who have had the good fortune to be a guest at her home say her hospitality is so lavish as to be practically without limit, and the parties there are oftentimes startlingly gay and unconventional.

Men of the highest financial, political and social standing in the West are her favored guests, and it would astonish and mortify the inhabitants of some of the exclusive and aristocratic church and reform circles in this town if the names of her most assiduous friends were to be published in the newspapers.

Mrs. Lottridge is a constant attendant upon the races and bets her money in large amounts upon the horses she fancies, and her judgment is, in the main, very good, for she is almost invariably the winner at the close of the season.

It was ascertained by the police that Mr. Wright and Mrs. Lottridge had been friends for several years, and that when she came to Chicago to have a good time, which she did at least once every year, the old gentleman was a frequent caller at her hotel, never bothering any of the attendants to take his card to her room, for he was able to find it himself without a South African guide. To his more intimate friends he invariably spoke of her as Louise, and took a decided interest in her material welfare.

Whenever she was in need of advice in financial matters he was perfectly willing to advance it, and it was in regard to money that he called on her at the Leland hotel when he met his death. None of the hotel employes saw him going to her room, as he used the private stairway.

The greeting between the two was friendly and cordial, according to Mrs. Koss, who maintains that no reason whatever existed why Mrs. Lottridge should send the life of the gentleman at variance and constant friend. On the contrary, there was every reason why she should not injure him, as he was in sore need of money, having spent all she he ought with her to Chicago and all she could borrow, for when she started to drink it required a whole lot of the long green to keep her going.

Mrs. Koss says she thinks Wright gave her some money before he was shot, although she is not certain, but the police say he gave a friend who came to see him some money for her.

That the poor woman was deeply attached to Wright there is no doubt, for she raves about him all the time and calls his name constantly.

"Now good digestion awaits an appetite and health on both." If it doesn't, try Burdock Blood Bitters.

WILL BE FREE.

Referee Decides That Marion Manola Should Be Given a Divorce.

New York, April 27.—Marion Manola, the actress, will soon be free from her husband, Jack Mason, of the "Wheels Within Wheels" company. Former Judge Thomas Allison, who was appointed as referee to hear the action for an absolute divorce brought by Miss Manola, has filed his report in the office of the county clerk, in which he decides in her favor.

Mrs. Mason met Mason in Boston in the early part of 1898, soon after she had secured a divorce from her first husband, Harry Mould. Several months later she went to London, where she created the role of Maid Marion in "Robin Hood."

Mason again met Miss Manola, in London, where he was playing in "The Henrietta." They renewed their courtship and were married after a few weeks. They returned to New York in the latter part of the same year, and appeared together in several new productions.

They quarreled four years ago and separated. Mason afterward made another trip to England and his name was associated with that of an actress who sailed on the same ship with him.

Mrs. Mason instructed her lawyers to bring a suit for divorce, but for some reason it was not instituted. When Mason returned to New York she again took steps to secure a divorce, and again abandoned her intention.

When Mason began his last engagement here his wife, for the third time, decided to bring suit. This time she retained Howe & Hummel, and the case went on. She named as co-respondent Mrs. Fannie Colgate, of Manchester, Mass., a woman 45 years old, with a large fortune. She also declared her intention of suing Mrs. Colgate for the alienation of Mason's affections.

Mrs. Mason charged her husband with being too intimate with half a dozen other women, one of them a well known actress, another the former wife of a playwright, and a third a serpentine dancer, who has for many years been a feature at New York roof gardens. She, however, did not name any of them in her complaint as co-respondents.

Mrs. Mason belongs to a prominent Michigan family. Her daughter, Adelaide, was recently married to George E. Bissel, a graduate of Columbia university.

EIGHT-HOUR BILL.

Washington, April 27.—The house committee on labor, at a special meeting today, declared a favorable report on the Gardner eight-hour bill, which has created much interest in labor circles and among contractors for government work. The vote was unanimous.

Art then one of the many that has drained the Golden Nectar that maketh thy heart full of strength and gladness? If not, take Rocky Mountain Tea. Ask your druggist.

A BROKER'S BAD BREAK

Two "Papa's Wife" Charmers Outwitted the Early Bird of Washington.

HE SENT HIS PHOTO

To Two Actresses, Who Made Him a Target for Ridicule.

Washington, April 27.—That portion of the capital's Several Hundred which frequents the Metropolitan and other fashionable clubs and delights in bits of risque gossip has been aroused from the ennui of spring fever by the latest adventure of a wealthy broker and real estate dealer.

This man has his habitation in a $300,000 residence on Connecticut avenue, the swellest and most exclusive thoroughfare in town, and in the neighborhood of the British embassy and several legations. In fact, the adventurous local highflyer, who is rated by the Washington Shradstreet as worth more than a million of dollars, could not throw stones from his splendid doorway without bringing grief to the plate glass of army and navy officers or fracturing the conservatory of some of the swagger set.

The gay Lothario referred to is now known at the Metropolitan and two other bon ton clubs, where he holds membership, as "Charles Willing Bird." At Chamberlin's and other resorts, where men of the world congregate to exchange views on the proper length of "rainy day" skirts and topics of a like character, the broker who essays Romeo to many Juliets is now referred to as the "Early Bird," a sobriquet that does not fail to produce broad grins on the countenances of those who are "in" on the very latest.

It all came about in the following manner: This "Charles Willing Bird" has long had the reputation of being a connoisseur where fair faces and shapely figures were concerned. His specialty has been soubrettes and the "peaches" of the chorus, it is said. So far as his identification is concerned, the "Bird," in age and figure, reminds one of the somewhat celebrated Col. Thomas Prevaricator Ochlitree.

"Charles Willing Bird's" latest escapade—and he is said to have had enough of them to entertain the late lamented Caliph Haroun Alraschid for several moons—is literally the talk of the town, entre nous. In the select circles, where the "high ball" has many innings o' nights, it figures prominently along with the tales that Anthony Comstock would never allow to get into print.

Unblushing rumor avers that the "Charles Willing Bird" episode has invaded the sanctity of the boudoir and has been snickered at by many demure and charming creatures who are not supposed to hear of such affairs.

The story goes, and it is well vouched for and backed by enough evidence to convict a saint, that when Anna Held's company recently appeared at the Columbia theater in "Papa's Wife" this frisky and effervescent "Charles Willing Bird," in search of the picturesque in hosiery and the wearers thereof, went to the playhouse, and soon after the rising of the curtain became madly infatuated with two members of the company, who answer the specifications as to contour and avoirdupois.

The "Early Bird" thereupon began to use all of the arts known to those of his ardnous pursuit to attract the attention of the duo in question, but without making any impression.

"Charles Willing Bird" then became desperate. To want and not to have was overmaddening. He rubbed his gray besprinkled cranium and did the very hardest bunch of thinking he had done for many weeks. Finally he hit upon an idea, one that he believed to be quite clever and original; he wrote the following note:

Dear Misses Flight and Bright:

If you would like to meet a pleasant gentleman, with plenty of ginger in him, who has dead loads of cash, and is only too willing to ignite it in large quantities for the delectation of your dear sweet, pretty, lovable and entirely charming selves, say the word.

I am smitten with you, my charmers, and if you will return an answer as to where and when by the bearer, you will find that there is in store for you a high old time with your own and always devoted CHARLES WILLING BIRD.

When the Misses Flight and Bright received the warm epistle from the "Early Bird," which was brought to them in their dressing room by a messenger boy, they laughed; and it is said that the vivacious Miss Bright kicked the missive high in the air. They also made a few remarks about "chumps" and similar things.

But the fact that the girls did not enthuse over his advances did not discourage the "Willing Bird." He persistently appeared in a front orchestra chair at every performpance of "Papa's Wife" and ogled the fair femininity and shifted uneasily in his seat.

Finally he decided to try another coup d'etat. He procured one of his best photographs, wrote "Charles Willing Bird" on the back of it, and, employing another Mercury, sent this behind the scenes. By this time the Misses Flight and Bright determined that they would have some fun with the sporty bird who was so anxiously searching for a crematory at which to dispose of certain of his "long green."

They answered his tearful prayer at last, and agreed to meet him on F street, whence they would accumulate a large quantity of the season's most expensive dainties.

The "Willing Bird" thereupon swelled to imposing proportions, like a pouter pigeon, and regaled himself with visions of a banquet with both Bacchus and Cupid at the feast. He felt himself already victor and was as lively as a 2-year-old.

He met the pretty actress as agreed, and the trio repaired to the Losekam, a fashionable restaurant, on F street. The larder of this institution was depleted with marvelous rapidity, and there immediately followed a great drouth such as had never been known at the famous eatery and drinkery.

In fact, the fair creatures who had been pursued with such passionate avidity by the grayhaired "Bird" seemed to have nothing to eat or drink since they came out of New York. The conflagration in which the "cash" of the wily "Willing Bird" participated was such a glaring success that it looked at one time as though the Washington fire department would have to be called out. But the embers speedily died out, and with them the ardent hopes of the broker.

With a chilly smile, the Misses Flight and Bright left the discomfited "Bird," remarking that he was a good old Samaritan, and ought to save up his pennies and start a bread fund. They admitted that they had a very jolly time, and advised the old "Bird" to seek his nest and take precautions against cranial swelling and indigestion. Not even an osculatory "thank you" did the "Early Bird' get for his trouble and expenditure.

And now for the most cruel part of it all. When the trio departed from Losekam's, one of the pretty girls maliciously pinned the photo of "Charles Willing Bird" with the "high old time" letter attached, to the diningroom wall. When they reached the street, the "Early Bird' wondered what made his companions so hilarious, but finally attributed it to the extra dry and other liquids.

The photograph and the "lovely dovey" epistle remained pinned to the wall at Losekam's for several days, that all who came might read. At length the "Early Bird" got wind of the fact that his picture and letter were exposed in a public place. He repaired thereto post haste and offered much gold that they be returned to his keeping.

He was informed, however, that he was too late; that the photo and the "won't you come and play in my yard" letter had figured in a mysterious disappearance. The keeper of the simoleons at Losekam's, who is really sympathetic, wept genuine briny globules with the chagrined "Early Bird," who, it is said, was almost willing to give a first mortgage on his Connecticut avenue palace in order to secure the compromising billet doux.

"Bird" tore madly about town in reckless despair, but that of which he was in search could not be found.

There is a rumor in the vicinity of Chamberlin's hostelry, however, to the effect that among the curios and trophies of laces and lingerie, which are occasionally displayed as exhibits when passion flowers are cold, and are treasured by a well known local collector, are to be found the exhibits in the "Bird" case.

Many sports and speculators claim to have seen them, and one of them remarked that despite the familiar ornithological proverb, in this instance the "Early Bird" make a think at securing the worm, notwithstanding the fact that he had counted upon a dainty morsel with plenty of Tabasco.

Skin Diseases

When the excretory organs fail to carry off the waste material from the system, there is an abnormal accumulation of effete matter which poisons and clogs the blood, and it becomes **sour** and **acid.**

This poison is carried through the general circulation to all parts of the body, and upon reaching the skin surface there is a redness and eruption, and by certain peculiarities we recognize Eczema, Tetter, Acne, Salt Rheum, Psoriasis, Erysipelas and many other skin troubles, more or less severe. While the skin is the seat of irritation, the real disease is in the blood. Medicated lotions and powders may allay the itching and burning, but never cure, no matter how long and faithfully continued, and the condition is often aggravated and skin permanently injured by their use.

The disease is more than skin deep; the entire circulation is poisoned.

The many preparations of arsenic, mercury, potash, etc., not only do not cure skin diseases, but soon ruin the digestion and break down the constitution.

S. S. S., nature's own remedy, made of roots, herbs and barks, of great purifying and tonical properties, quickly and effectually cures blood and skin troubles, because it goes direct to the root of the disease and stimulates and restores normal, healthy action to the different organs, cleanses and enriches the blood, and thus relieves the system of all poisonous secretions. S. S. S. cures permanently because it leaves none of the original poison to referment in the blood and cause a fresh attack.

SSS

Healthy blood is necessary to preserve that clear, smooth skin and beautiful complexion so much desired by all. S. S. S. can be relied upon with certainty to keep the blood in perfect order. It has been curing blood and skin diseases for half a century; no other medicine can show such a record.

S. S. S. contains no poisonous minerals—is purely vegetable and harmless.

Our medical department is in charge of physicians of large experience in treating blood and skin diseases, who will take pleasure in aiding by their advice and direction all who desire it. Write fully and freely about your case; your letters are held in strictest confidence. We make no charge whatever for this service. Our book on Blood and Skin Diseases will be sent free upon application.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC COMPANY, ATLANTA, GA.

CUBA COMPANY.

New York, April 27.—At a meeting of the subscribers to the Cuba company yesterday the entire capital stock of $8,000,000 was taken up. Arrangements were made to secure $2,500,000 cash for immediate use. The following board of directors was elected: Sir William C. Van Horne, president; William C. Whitney, Thomas F. Ryan, P. A. B. Widener, Gen. Samuel Thomas, George G. Haven, Edward Berwind and George M. Dodge. The shares of the company are $50,000 each.

NO REDUCTION IN PIG.

Opinion of Butler of the Bessemer Pig Association.

New York, April 27.—J. G. Butler, one of the presidents of the Bessemer Pig Iron association, visited this city yesterday and had a long talk with Judge Gary, president of the Federal Steel company, in which the present situation in the steel and iron market was discussed. At the conclusion of the talk, Mr. Gary had the following to say:

"J. G. Butler, president of the Bessemer Pig Iron association for the Mahoning, Shenango Valley, Cleveland and Pittsburg districts, states that he has already received assurances from the various steel makers who purchase pig iron that they will require the total output for 1900 not already sold, and he therefore feels justified in saying the present prices of pig iron will be maintained. He says the total productive capacity not already sold will be about 600,000 tons, and one concern alone has agreed to take about 300,000 tons of this quantity."

PARK COMMISSION.

House Committee Approves Minnesota Park Commission Bill.

Washington, April 27—The house committee on Indian affairs yesterday directed a favorable report on the bill providing for the granting of a commission to consider the establishment of a national reserve or park on the Leech Lake, Winnibegoshish or Cass Lake Indian reservations in Minnesota, comprising about 830,000 acres. The commission was fixed at three members from each branch of congress, and an appropriation of $50,000 was allowed.

PREPARING FOR CHANGE.

Meiklejohn Issues Orders to the Army In Cuba.

Washington, April 27.—Acting Secretary of War Meiklejohn, having assured himself that the treasury department concurs in his view that the military government in Porto Rico terminates and the civil government begins May 1, yesterday issued orders for the military authorities to turn over the offices to the civil authorities. They are advised that if the pending resolution becomes a law in time they are to continue in office until further notice, though they must report after May 1 to the secretary of the treasury. If the resolution does not become a law, then the military officers must assist the civil authorities with advice until the transfer is accomplished.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

The silent eloquence of QUALITY is the most effective trade pushers of Blatz Milwaukee Bottled Beer.

ROHL BROS., Dealers to the Family Trade.
203 W. Michigan Street. .....Telephone 484.

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Room 1, No. 5 W. Sup. St., Duluth, Minn.
Regular Graduate. Diploma in Office.

Leading Specialist for the cure of *Chronic, Nervous and Private Diseases.*

Cancer, Piles, Fistula, Stricture, Hydrocele, Varicocele, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranteed in 10 to 30 days.

Syphilis, Gonorrhea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the mouth or throat, Unhealthy discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by remedies unknown to other physicians.

YOUNG MEN

Suffering from the effects of youthful follies or indiscretions, or any trouble with Weakness, Nervous Debility, Loss of Memory, Despondency, Aversion to Society, Kidney Troubles, or any diseases of the Genito-Urinary organs, can here find safe and speedy cure. Charges reasonable, especially to the poor. Cure guaranteed.

MIDDLE-AGED MEN.

There are many troubled with too frequent evacuations of the bladder, often accompanied by a slight smarting or burning sensation, and weakness of the system in a manner the patient cannot account for. On examining the urinary deposits, a ropy sediment will often be found, and sometimes particles of albumen will appear and the color be found of a thin milkish hue, again changing to a dark, turbid appearance. There are many men who die of this difficulty, ignorant of the cause, which is the second stage of seminal weakness. The doctor will guarantee a perfect cure in all such cases, and healthy restoration of the genito-urinary organs. Write for question list.

LADIES—Married or single are guaranteed SAFE AND SURE RELIEF for all troubles peculiar to their sex, no matter from what cause. Office private; no exposure. Consultation free.

If in trouble call or write. Delays are dangerous. Medicines sent anywhere by mail or express. Charges moderate. Office hours 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 12 m.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—Default has been made in the payment of the sum of two thousand one hundred and eighty-one and 79-100 ($2181.79) dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Laura A. McIntyre (single) mortgagor, to Edwin C. Bissell, mortgagee, bearing date the fifth day of September, 1893, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the ninth day of September, 1893, at 8:30 o'clock a. m., in Book 92 of mortgages, on page 302; and default has also been made in the payment of taxes and the undersigned has paid since the execution and delivery of said mortgage for taxes upon the hereinafter described mortgaged premises the sum of eighty and 08-100 dollars ($80.08); Whereas, after the execution and delivery of said mortgage, at the county of Cook, in the state of Illinois, said Edwin C. Bissell died leaving a last will and testament, in which he made the undersigned, Emily P. Bissell, executrix thereof, and said will was thereafter duly probated in said county of Cook, state of Illinois, and the said executrix duly qualified as such and letters testamentary were duly issued out of the probate court of said county of Cook to said executrix; and

Whereas, a duly authenticated copy of said letters testamentary was on the 18th day of April, 1900, at 11:35 a. m. duly filed and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, in Book I of Miscellaneous, on page 558; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot three (3), block twenty-eight (28), First Division of West Duluth, Minnesota, according to the recorded plat thereof, in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 2nd day of June, 1900, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said mortgage debt and the said sum of $80.08 paid for taxes upon said property as aforesaid, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises and twenty-five (25) dollars, attorneys' fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated April 18th, A. D. 1900.

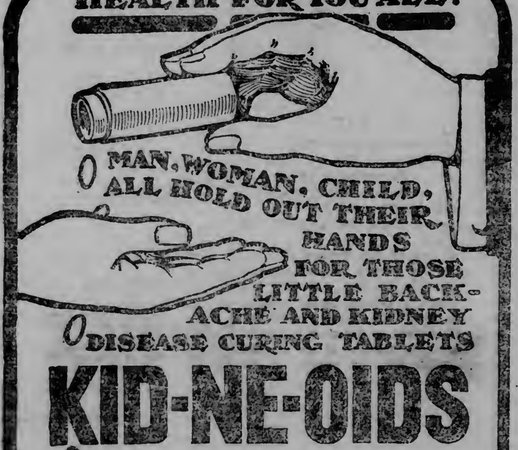
EMILY P. BISSELL,
As Executrix of the estate of Edwin C. Bissell, deceased, Mortgagee.
CRASSWELLER & CRASSWELLER,
Attorneys for said Executrix.
Duluth Evening Herald, April-20-27-May-4-11-18-25-1900.

WHY STILL MORE?

The use of Van Houten's Cocoa as a daily beverage in family life is continually increasing. Why? The explanation is simple enough. Because the highest Medical Authorities recommend it more and more, and because experience teaches that Van Houten's Cocoa ought to be chosen before all other drinks. It is refreshing and strengthening, without the pernicious after-effects peculiar to Tea and Coffee. It is a good nourisher and flesh-former. In addition, Van Houten's Cocoa is not expensive, as a 1-lb. tin will furnish from 100 to 120 cups. You cannot take too much of this healthy, easily digestible drink; and, even after the fullest use, the flavor never palls on the taste, but comes both fresh and refreshing.

HAVE YOU TRIED VAN HOUTEN'S EATING CHOCOLATE?

HEALTH FOR YOU ALL.



MAN, WOMAN, CHILD, ALL HOLD OUT THEIR HANDS FOR THOSE LITTLE BACK-ACHE AND KIDNEY DISEASE CURING TABLETS

KID-NE-OIDS

All the human race find the kidneys the most frequent cause of the weaknesses and sufferings of life. Kid-ne-oids is not alone a remedy for the strong man who feels the approach of Bright's disease, but it is a stimulator and regulator that makes the kidneys healthy at the start and keeps them healthy all along. For the first attack of backache (the usual signal that the kidneys give when they are in trouble) try Kid-ne-oids.

Kid-ne-oids are never sold in less quantities than a box for 50 cents. They are little yellow tablets, easy to take and quick in working results.

Morrow's Liverlax cures constipation, biliousness and costiveness. Sells for 25 cents a box at all drug stores.

Kid-ne-oids and Liverlax, manufactured by JOHN MORROW & CO., CHEMISTS, SPRINGFIELD, OHIO.

Mrs. H. Goodale, 914 Fourth street, North Minneapolis, Minn., says: "I have been suffering for two years with backache and stomach trouble caused by kidney disease. I had a dull aching pain in the small of my back almost constantly. My stomach troubled me a great deal and I felt weak and nervous. I commenced to take Morrow's Kid-ne-oids and now I am glad to say that I have been entirely relieved of my annoying and alarming troubles.

At all drug stores and S. F. Boyce's.

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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

Herald's Circulation High-Water Mark...

17,148.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), April 27.—The barometer continues high in the lake region, and relatively low in districts lying between the Mississippi river and Rocky mountains. Light to copious showers have fallen over the Red River and Upper Missouri valleys, Oklahoma, Louisiana and Tennessee. Slightly warmer weather prevails in South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas, Illinois and Southern Michigan. The weather in the lake region continues fair, with mild temperature and rather variable winds. Thunderstorms occurred last night at Minnedosa, Omaha, Shreveport and Memphis.

Minimum temperatures last night:

Battleford	40	Marquette	42
Bismarck	48	Memphis	62
Calgary	34	Miles City	44
Chicago	46	Milwaukee	46
Davenport	50	Minnedosa	44
Denver	40	Moorhead	48
Detroit	50	North Platte	54
Dodge City	56	Oklahoma	60
Duluth	40	Port Arthur	36
Edmonton	34	Qu' Appelle	39
Escanaba	55	Rapid City	48
Green Bay	46	Shreveport	62
Havre	36	St. Louis	54
Helena	40	St. Paul	54
Huron	52	Sault Ste. Marie	36
Kamloops	42	Swift Current	40
Kansas City	60	Williston	42
La Crosse	54	Winnipeg	44
Lander	38		

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Generally fair tonight and Saturday; fresh easterly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON, Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, April 27.—Forecast until 8 a. m. tomorrow: Wisconsin—Fair tonight and probably Saturday: Minnesota—Generally fair tonight and Saturday. Upper lakes—Gentle to fresh easterly winds; fair weather.

A War On Noises Started In Chicago.

It is proposed in Chicago to abolish by city ordinance all unpleasant, jarring sounds there. Every one who lives in a city and is annoyed by the many useless noises will wish the Chicago ordinance success in its undertaking. Next to the smoke nuisance, the noise nuisance is the most abominable of all nuisances, and a determined war on both of them will at least have the effect of checking their growth. Chicago has reached the conclusion that unnecessary noise can be suppressed without encroaching on private rights. It is undoubtedly correct in its conclusion. Business of every description can be transacted more satisfactorily without the accompaniment of ear-splitting noises. It is proposed to abolish all bells and steam whistles. There is no more need for them in the busy thoroughfares of a city than for the blowing of a dinner horn in a first-class hostelry. the bell ringers and the whistle blowers must be taught to perform their duties without the application of exerciating noise. It can be done here as well as in other cities in this country and in Europe, where the use of bells and steam whistles was interdicted long ago, and where one would as soon blow a whistle or ring a bell inside a private parlor as within the city limits. The noise nuisance can be suppressed just as the smoke nuisance can—by the exercise of a necessary amount of energy. Both are distasteful to the great majority of city people and the municipality undertaking their abolition may in advance rest assured of hearty support. It is an advance step and the doing away with a barbaric custom. After the nuisance is suppressed people will ask themselves how they could have put up with it so long.

Why Is Congress In Such Haste?

The Denver Post well says that it is incomprehensible to the average mind why there should be such great anxiety displayed in congress to pass a measure authorizing the government to construct a maritime canal along the Nicaraguan route, and this before the commission appointed by congress to investigate and select the most practicable route has completed its work and made its report. Why should that report be anticipated? Congress sent that commission, composed of men eminently qualified for the work, to Central America for the purpose of making a thorough and scientific research and to report on the most practicable route for the canal. Why should that commission, now in the field, be completely ignored and have its work discredited by such precipitate action of congress? It is discourteous to the commission and it is unfair to the people who have to pay the expenses of construction, and who will naturally prefer that the commission should be heard before any selection is made. The people have no choice; they do not care which route is finally selected so long as it is the best and most practicable. They have a right to expect of congress that it will take the same view of the matter and not attempt to anticipate the report of the investigating commission by confining the government to one particular route before it is known whether that is the most feasible. In a work of such stupendous magnitude all private interests should be ignored. Only the interests of the whole nation deserve consideration. But the people's interests do not seem to cut much figure with many of their representatives at Washington.

NEED CONSULAR REFORMS.

The consular service is an important factor in the extension of American trade in foreign markets, and this fact is becoming more generally recognized. The result is a demand for a reform in the consular service by the appointment of men specially fitted for the important duties that consuls are called upon to perform, and the consequent denial of the claims of the spoilsmen who look upon consular offices as legitimate rewards for the political workers, regardless of their qualifications. At the recent Trans-Mississippi congress, George B. Harrison, of Missouri, delivered an address on this subject. He favors a non-partisan consular service, and he said that frequent changes in our foreign representatives make impossible accuracy, uniformity and regularity in the conduct of our consular business. He condemned the fee system, the practice of allowing consuls to engage in other business and the appointment of foreigners to consular positions.

A correspondent of the New York Evening Post, at Singapore, writes that the reorganization of our consular service on a sound and wholesome basis would be of incalculable advantage and profit. "While we have some efficient men in the service," he says, "men of high character and ability, I hear tales of others which are enough to make any honest man ashamed of his country. I hear complaints of incompetency, dishonesty and drunkenness. What else can be expected so long as foreign consular service is made a reward for political service, regardless of the individual qualifications?"

In the current number of the Atlantic Monthly, George F. Parker has a second article on the consular service of this country, and he follows up his previous discussion of the present weaknesses of the service with many pertinent and valuable suggestions for its reorganization. He touches the needs for new methods of appointment, for classification, for fixed tenure of service, for proper pay and the abolishment of consular fees and certificates, for due training both before and during service. These and other suggestions made from his position as an experienced observer appeal sharply to the common sense of all as well as to the necessities of the case. Mr. Parker does not urge a system of life tenure for consuls. He thinks that before vice consuls are accepted or become eligible for promotion, they should go into actual service for one year. After that, limit their terms to six additional years in the various grades through which they may pass, leaving neither the president nor the department any power to reappoint. During this term the official should return home for two visits, of at least three months each, not for his own pleasure, but in the performance of his official duties. Under the direction both of the department and his immediate superior, the consul general, he would go into all the domestic districts having industries akin to those with which he was called upon to deal in his group. His usefulness at his post would be greatly increased, while he would maintain the closest touch with his own country. In like manner, he should be required to visit the principal places of his group or district each year, for the purpose of studying with care its manufacturing, commercial and agricultural interests, so that he might report them, when necessary, in no chance or haphazard way. Acquiring, in this way, a knowledge of the industries of two countries, the consul, at the end of his term, would return home in order to retire, to engage in business or public life, fitted to teach others, by speech and writing, what he had learned, for their advantage and for his own. He might be preferred again for consular service—after a retirement of some years—or for the diplomatic service, or for home offices.

Proposed legislation relating to the consular service has been framed and should be enacted at the present session of congress, but it is not likely that it will be passed, although there is no valid reason for delay in the matter.

THE DIFFERENCE.

Under the above caption the Syracuse, N. Y., Herald discusses an address delivered before the Booksellers' league in New York by Thomas J. Vivian on "Making of a Great Newspaper." The Herald says:

"In one regard Mr. Vivian does not convey to the average reader an adequate and intelligible idea of the driving, dynamic energy exerted in the publication of a daily newspaper of the first class. He selects a morning paper for his illustration, instead of an evening paper. With all due respect to our morning contemporaries, it must be said that they are surpassed in drive and push and vim and hustle by their afternoon competitors. We are speaking, of course, of newspapers of equal rank, and do not wish to institute a comparison between morning journals and inferior afternoon contemporaries. The reason why the afternoon paper is produced under a higher pressure of mental and mechanical activity than the morning paper is known to every trained journalist.

"From early in the morning until the time for printing the last edition there is not the slightest relaxation in the establishment of the afternoon paper. Everything is running at full blast, so to speak, until the last edition is ready for the press. Every department is active and alert until the paper is 'made up,' stereotyped and turned over to the pressman. It is by this system of keeping abreast of the news to the very last minute that the afternoon journal is able to present a complete record of the day that is, rather than of the day that was. In the preparation of the morning paper, on the other hand, there is a lull, a slackening of activity in the three or four hours before the printing of the last edition. Except on extraordinary occasions, the volume of news reaching the morning newspaper very materially diminishes by 10 or 11 p. m., and the greater part of its working force is then in a position to 'take it easy,' to pick up the odds and ends of the day's work, or, persaps, to retire for the night. The work of the afternoon journalist is not over until his paper has gone to press; but most of his morning competitors cease their labors long before the first paper is printed.

"The morning paper is an excellent institution in its way, but as an exhibition of tireless and highly organized American energy it can not hold its own with its afternoon rival."

The Minneapolis Journal a few days ago published a supplement of special merit. It was entitled "Commercial Minneapolis at the Dawn of the Twentieth Century" and consisted of seventy-two pages of beautifully illustrated reading matter with a handsome cover in colors artistically designed. It was crowded with facts and figures relative to the growth and development of Minneapolis from the very beginning to the present day. The Journal deserves high praise for its enterprise.

A wail comes up from California on account of the recent enormous increase in the number of Japanese immigrants arriving. The golden state is always in some sort of trouble. It wants protection for all its products against foreign competition and protection for its citizens against the same. The Chinese exclusion act was passed for her especial benefit, and a tariff on fruits is maintained for the same purpose. And yet she is not happy.

When farmers attempt to combine to raise the price of wheat sympathy goes out from the rest of the world for the people who must buy bread. When trusts and tariffs combine to raise the price of other necessaries to the consumer, not so much is said about it.

The sultan of Turkey appears to have set out to travel the same road that was traveled by Spain in her dealings with the United States in connection with Cuba. If he pursues it far enough it may lead him to the same finish.

Joe Sibley, who was much talked of at the Democratic national convention of 1896 as a running mate for Bryan, since joining the Republicans, has become a "cheap blatherskite," in the estimation of the Albany Argus.

If, says the Topeka State Journal, the president is looking for prominent men and good lawyers for service in Porto Rico, what's the matter with Grover Cleveland and W. D. Bynum?

The sultan of Sulu may not be as big a man as the sultan of Turkey, but the sultan of Sulu knows how to work the present administration to a finish, says the Omaha World-Herald.

The British people are criticising their generals severely and no one protests. But when American newspapers criticised Otis, some of the Hanna henchmen shouted "Traitor."

The newspaper publishers must keep up the agitation against the paper trust. The removal of the tariff on paper and wood pulp would cause a sudden drop in prices.

The Atlanta Constitution suggests that President McKinley make another tour and unspeak all his utterances concerning the meaning of the flag.

Claude Duval has been nominated for congress in Kansas. If he goes to Washington, the treasury department will no doubt double its guard.

A secret order is being organized for the purpose of boosting the price of wheat to $1. It will be all right if it can find another Joe Leiter.

The man who expects Louisiana to go Republican next fall is now getting his prediction ready for the opening of the campaign.

Gen. Buller's chances of eating a Christmas dinner at Pretoria this year seem to be poor since Roberts criticised his generalship.

The New York World is beginning to show tendencies toward the Bryan band wagon.

Marriages by telegraph are becoming frequent. Will there soon be divorce by telegraph?

How many people believe that the British army will ever reach Pretoria?

POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Chicago News: After passing its natural limits ambition is boundless.

The minister is a patron and the policeman is a peeler.

When two men argue each usually thinks the other is a fool.

The man who never made a failure is unable to appreciate success.

If you would find out how poor a man is try to borrow money of him.

Women are not of a warlike nature, yet they frequently storm piano-fortes.

A German philosopher says the beauty of a hot sausage is more than skin deep.

If a man has money he can get into society; if he has brains he can keep out of it.

Blessed is the man who lives for the purpose of making life less a burden to others.

If the average man ever thinks of his wife as an angel it is because her feathers come so high.

An old bachelor says that only the married soldiers are acquainted with war in all its horrors.

Love at first sight is all right, but what a girl wants is a man who will love her every time he sees her.

Nice Point Overlooked.

St. Louis Republic: The Boers overlooked a nice point in etiquette when they failed to fire shells loaded with Easter lilies into Mafeking. The world has not yet ceased to admire their forethought in sending Christmas shells loaded with plum pudding into Ladysmith.

Arguments Do Not Fit Facts.

Brooklyn Eagle: From the variety of people who are being captured by the English one must imagine that the Boer army is largely composed of the hated Uitlanders. This does not exactly gibe with the British contention that the alien in the Transvaal is an abused and disgruntled person.

Pension Pace of the Senate.

New York Herald: It is the boast of United States senators that they belong to the most deliberate body of lawmakers in the world, and the way in which measures affecting the welfare of the whole country are held up for weeks, months and even years in the senat gives warrant to the boast. Yet the senate has just put through eighty-three private pension bills in forty-five minutes—a record probably never equaled by any other legislators. Two pensions a minute leaves mighty little time for deliberation.

Stock Yards Tact.

Chicago Chronicle: Really it was crowding the mourners a little to invite the duke of Arcos to join us in making merry on the anniversary of the battle of Manilla. The invitation should not have been sent, and it was undoubtedly sent through oversight. Still it is not strange that the duke is somewhat ruffled, though he would have shown more diplomacy by smothering his resentment instead of making it public. He could have ignored the invitation altogether, or he might even have accepted it, as distinguished Britons occasionally join in celebrating the Fourth of July, an anniversary which is hardly calculated to excite British enthusiasm. As it is the incident should be regarded as closed. There was no intention of insulting the duke, who will undoubtedly take that view of it upon calmer reflection.

POINTED PLEASANTRIES.

Philadelphia Times: Strong bock beer is supposed to be the real thing. Using the goat as a symbol intimates it is not meant for a kid.

-:—:-

Chicago Record: Milliner—This hat will last you several seasons, Miss Flyhigh.

Miss Flyhigh—Oh, I don't want that kind of a hat; show me one that won't be fit to be seen in about four weeks.

-:—:-

Washington Star: "Don't you think that our relations to the Porto Ricans ought to be closer?"

"Certainly," said Senator Sorghum. "What we want to do is to get as close to 'em as possible and give 'em a good squeeze."

-:—:-

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "I never have to buy any kindling wood."

"Why not?"

"Because my wife and our two daughters insist upon sharpening their own lead pencils."

-:—:-

Chicago News: "Jonas Junius employs two lawyers constantly."

"Why two?"

"He gets business advice from one and then he consults the other about how much he ought to pay of the first one's bills."

-:—:-

Philadelphia Press: "No," said the up-to-date king, "I mean to do away with some of this flummery."

"But, your majesty," protested the arbiter elegantiarum, "you must have pages to hold your train. Tell me, is that not more dignified than to have the royal train sweeping along the floor?"

"Well, I can draw my own conclusion."

-:—:-

Boston Transcript: Hicks—She threatened all sorts of things, and finally he got desperate and exclaimed, "Do your worst."

Wicks—And what did she do?

Hicks—Very coolly, she began to play the piano.

Wicks—I see; she took him at his word.

-:—:-

Brooklyn Life: "What do they mean by a 'hypothetical question?'"

"Why, it's one of those questions they ask you when you're trying to keep off a jury."

-:—:-

Chicago Tribune: "What does she say?" asked the crafty politician, who had referred the committee to his wife for information as to his intentions.

"She refuses to talk," replied the spokesman of the committee.

"Then it wasn't my wife you met, gentlemen," he rejoined, with great positiveness, "it was somebody else."

-:—:-

TWO OF A KIND.

There was a young lady in Lynn,
Who bent down and picked up a pin;
But alas! in the act
Her glasses got cracked,
And the oculist's two dollars in.

There was a young lady in Guam,
Who was noted for being so calm;
But her mother said: "Nan,
Will you marry this man?"
And that maiden just shouted: "YES, MA'AM!"

—Somerville Journal.

Just a Minute Girl.

When he went courting her she'd say:
"In just a minute!"
And then she'd stay
Upstairs and cramp
Her hair and pin it,
And fuss and primp,
And jet
Him fret
While half an hour passed,
And come at last,
All radiant and gay,
And smile
As if she'd kept him waiting while
Ten seconds only passed away.

Since she is his she cries:
"In just a minute!"
While, downstairs, he, with many sighs,
Waits while she tries
To hook her waist or pin it,
And so
The moments go!
The car they thought to catch, too,
comes and goes,
And still she fools with frills and furbelows!
If earth's best treasure were laid out
Where she, by being there in time
could win it,
Still she would stand before her glass
and shout:
"In just a minute!"

On that great day
When earth shall pass away;
When the graves all open, and we shall
stand
To be judged—both the wicked and the
just,
The exalted and the low—
When Gabriel, faithful to his trust,
Shall take up his trumpet and blow
In it,
They will hear, up in the sky,
Some one who is missing cry:
"Just a minute!"
—Chicago Times-Herald.

Possible Good From Evil.

St. Louis Republic: If Senator Clark's investigation results in a constitutional amendment for the election of senators by popular vote, the $150,000 will not have been wasted.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Senor Corea, the Nicaraguan minister at Washington, has made an emphatic denial of the story that Nicaragua has any hostile designs on Costa Rica, especially that the David expedition was in any sense a government enterprise. Because of the reiteration in the news dispatches of rumors to that effect the minister had a long conference with Secretary Hay yesterday and disposed of these stories finally and completely.

Emperor William has empowered the Prussian minister of education, Dr. Studt, to forbid hereafter the use of Latin in all university and faculty decrees, assigning as a reason the importance of a "more general use of the German tongue." An order to this effect has just been issued.

Anti-Jewish riots continue at Konitz, Baiderburg, Prochlau, Vandersburg, Czorsk and Wiell, in Germany. At Baidenburg a synagogue has been wrecked. A number of policemen have been summoned from Bromberg and Dantzig to re-establish order.

Professor Maximilian Schueller, of Berlin, claims to have discovered the cancer baccilius.

Gray Hairs Can be Deferred

Premature gray hairs usually are the effects of carelessness. If the scalp is kept free of dandruff and properly nourished and strengthened, gray hairs would be unusual before the age of forty or forty-five. There is no remedy in existence that will restore color to gray hairs; but the

Seven Sutherland Sisters'

Hair Grower and Scalp Cleaner, if applied according to directions contained in each package, will positively defer gray hairs until nature compels their appearance. There are today thousands of American men and women who have revived the dying energies of their hair through the faithful use of these simple and natural remedies.

Sold by leading dealers.

BETRAYED BY GATES

Cook County Republican Office Holders Had Steel and Wire Tips.

WERE BADLY BITTEN

They Plunged and Waited for Profits But They Never Came.

Chicago, April 27.—The Cook county Republican machine officeholders have been betrayed by John W. Gates, and are today a wrecked and broken lot. They bought American Steel and Wire at 91 on a tip from Gates and waited for it to cross the 100 line. It dropped to 76 before they could wake up, and now they sit desolate in their offices. Gates, a man they have heretofore loved, has been the cause of their undoing, and now they hate him with an intensity beyond expression, except with an ax or a bundle of Spanish inquisition instruments.

A list of the Cook county Republicans who were "tipped off" to buy Steel and Wire and their estimated losses would read about as follows:

William Lorimer, congressman	$100,000
T. N. Jamieson, politician	20,000
D. H. Kochersperger, former county treasurer	10,000
D. D. Healy, superintendent public service	5,000
Joseph Bidwell, state railroad commissioner	5,000
John A. Cooke, circuit court clerk	5,000
William J. Cooke, superintendent West parks	2,500
James L. Monaghan, county comptroller	2,500
James C. Irwin, president county board	2,000
Joseph Carolan, county commissioner	1,500
Minor Cook county employes	1,500
Total	$158,500

All these gentlemen heard directly or indirectly that there would be great upward activity in Steel and Wire, and from congressman down to the humblest county officials they scurried to the bucketshops to invest whatever they could scrape together. Their trust and confidence in Gates had been inspired by a thoughtful act on the part of the Steel and Wire magnate some time ago, when he let out vague hints about gas trust and Chicago Street Railway stock, and made the fortunes of several people in the Rookery building. Lorimer shortly after this luck started to build a fine mansion and Jamieson built a row of flats. Later Lorimer was hit for about $90,000 in another transaction, but he did not stop work on the house. Nor did he lose faith in Gates. He hung upon the utterances of that magician as though listening to inspired prophecies, and when Gates whispered the news of the upward tendency of Steel and Wire, Lorimer began to throw his loose change into the bucketshop in the Rookery and let the news get out among his friends.

From Lorimer and Jamieson, Daniel D. Healy heard of it, and they say he told President Irwin of the county board. Irwin told Monaghan and Monaghan told Kochersperger, and then Johnny Cooke heard of it, and told Billy Cooke of the West Park board about it, and so it got to Joe Bidwell. He told Eddie Dwyer, and Dwyer couldn't keep such a rich thing from Joe Carolan, and so it filtered down to the elevator boys and Mark Solomon. "Buy Wire and Steel" flew from lip to lip through the county offices and there were few who did not act on the suggestion. For fourteen days the Republican officeholders of Cook county hugged themselves and leered at each other as they looked over the stock reports each morning.

"Splendid investment," Jamieson would remark, moistening his thin lips.

"Splendid investment," the others would echo, looking wise.

When the crash came it created the same impression that would be caused by throwing exploding giant crackers into a canary bird cage. On the very day they began to look for that upward movement the wires began to hum with the accounts of the awful assaults that were being made on Steel and Wire. The stock began to go down as though pounded with a trip hammer. To $5 it dropped with a celerity that brought vertigo to the Cook county Republicans who were "in the know," and without giving them a chance to recover breath it continued on down to 84, to 82, to 80, to 78, and finally to 76.

By this time everybody had been frozen out except Jamieson. He still held on, waiting for a chance to break even. Lorimer lost $100,000, it is said, and had the little fortune Gates had made for him wiped out of existence. The trips to Paris, and the orange groves in Florida they had intended buying, faded out of sight, and they were left without a single solacing reflection.

With one impulse they all turned to cursing Gates, that wily financier who has more to occupy his mind than building fortunes for Chicago folks. In New York he is probably buying stacks of chips every night in the Waldorf-Astoria game with the money of Jim Monaghan, a thing to make the gods weep, and is ordering copious draughts of wine with money torn from Lorimer. They had followed him as pack mules follow the bell mare, and when he left them astray in the wilderness they knew not which way to turn.

Little sympathy is felt for them here. Speculation is a gamble, not a charity, and John W. Gates is not famed for his benefactions.

TAWNEY'S RAISE PASSES.

Postoffice Appropriation Bill With His Amendment Adopted.

Washington, April 27.—The house yesterday passed the postoffice appropriation bill. The attempt to strike out the $96,000 for special mail facilities from New York to New Orleans and from Kansas City to Newton, Kan., met the fate it has ever since the appropriation was placed in the bill in 1883. No one demanded a separate vote upon the the amendment striking out the pneumatic tube provision, and the house by a large majority stood by the amendment to give extra compensation to letter carriers for work in excess of forty-eight hours a week.

The bill to increase the salary of the director of the census to $7500 and the salaries of supervisors of census by 2 per cent of the amount received by their enumerators was passed.

In the senate yesterday the following bills were passed: Appropriating $180,000 for the erection of a public building at Grand Forks, N. D.; amending the act to prevent forest fires on the public domain and providing penalty for persons convicted of starting such fires; joint resolution for change in location of aids to navigation on Simmons reef and Lansing shoal, in Lake Michigan.

Senator Burrows introduced a bill yesterday authorizing the president to "select from the retired list of the army an officer who is above the rank of brigadier general who may have distinguished himself during the war with Spain in command of a section of the army, and to appoint him to be major general on the retired list." The bill is in the interest of Gen. Shafter.

"I had a running, itching sore on my leg. Suffered tortures. Doan's Ointment took away the burning and itching instantly, and quickly effected permanent cure." C. W. Lenhart, Bowling Green, Ohio.

The Hub

ONE PRICE

Free to the Lady Callers In our Children's Dept. —A box of assorted hand made Chocolates.

Our Boys' Dept.

Is strong in the assortment, quality and values offered. This department is well lighted and easily reached. No elevators. We give you every aid to pleasant buying.

Boys' Short Pants Suits.

Ages 3 to 16 years—in All-Wool Cheviots, Cassimeres and other standard fabrics. Spring effects—guaranteed workmanship. The greatest bargains in Duluth today. Two and three piece suits—

$1.48, $2.48, $2.65 $2.85, $3.48, $4.00

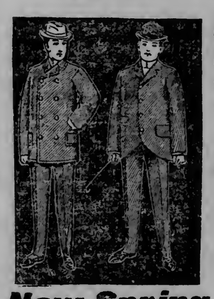
Odd Knee Pants.

We carry the largest line in Duluth. We can almost match any coat if the pants are worn out. Our great leader is **50c**

Swell Neckwear.

Ties, Puffs, Imperials and English Squares, which sold before Easter for 75c and $1.00. Tomorrow—

50c.



Boys' Long Pant Suits for Boys 12 to 20 years of age.

Single or double-breasted styles, in Cassimeres, Cheviots, Worsteds and Serges. Choice weaves and colors—

$4, $5, $6, $8.

FREE TO THE BOYS IN OUR BOYS' DEPT.

Base Balls, Pencil Boxes, Bats, Express Wagons, Catchers' Mitts, Jack Knives.

New Spring Hats.....

Thousands of Derby and Fedora Hats—all shades for spring—brown black, java, otter, pearl, covert, steel, mocho. Our special

"THE HUB"

$3.00

As good as any $5.00 hat made.

If Your Feet Had Brains

there would be little need of our spending money to advertise our

RALSTON..... SHOE!

Made from carefully selected stock by expert workmen; perfect fit—faultless style, flawless workmanship; in all the new lasts and leather.

The Hub

ONE PRICE

W. M. ABRAHAMSON.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER.
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.

TUESDAY, MAY 1.

—The Great White Czar of all Fun Shows—
Third and best edition of that rapid, roaring and rollicking—
—FARCE—

WHO IS WHO

Introducing those comic fellows Pusey and St. John and an excellent company of 25 high-class artists. Catchiest and brightest specialties. The newest things in musical farce. Elaborate Scenery—beautiful costumes. Prices—25c, 50c and 75c.

Genevieve Clark Wilson,
SOPRANO.
At the Lyceum, Friday Evening, May 4th.
Concert of the Cecilian Choral Society.
Parquet and Dress Circle—$1.00. Family Circle and Balcony—50c.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.

FRIDAY NIGHT, APRIL 27.

Chas. H. Yale's Forever

..Devil's Auction..

All the elements of an up-to-date pantomime. Modernized. Elaborated. Surrounded with a mammoth investure of scenic splendor, glittering costumes, immense paraphernalia, mystifying tricks, gorgeous transformations, and all the wondrous effects of a GREAT SPECTACLE. Prices: Dress Circle, $1.00; Parquet, 75c; Family Circle and Balcony, 50c.

PARLOR THEATER.
Wm. J. Wells, Manager 19 Second Avenue West.
OPEN EVERY NIGHT.
De Armo's Vaudevilles.
All Bright Lights. Big Program of Novelties
Matinee every Saturday 2:30 p. m.

Mail Orders Promptly Filled.

NEMO IMPUNE LACESSIT

PANTON & WHITE

THE BIG Glass Block STORE

DULUTH, MINN.

Fresh Cut Flowers.

Carnations, American Beauties, Bridesmaids, Meters, Daisies, Pansies, Smilax, etc., etc.

STORE OPEN TILL 10 P. M.

THEN AND NOW!

When, years ago, The Glass Block threw open its doors, in a modest way, it was with the determination to build up the largest business at the Head of the Lakes. How well we've succeeded—there are mountains of evidence to show. Our enormous growth in the few years further shows how close we keep in touch with your wants. Every year we have gone a step further up the mercantile ladder, and the stocks we are showing today will convince everyone we are still on the up grade. The crowds who daily throng The Big Store prove it—we ask for no better proof.

THOSE SEASONABLE BARGAINS FOR SATURDAY!

CLOAK ROOM.

It will be of great interest to you in a great many ways to pay our Cloak Dept. a visit on Saturday, and watch the special values we will offer all day.

WOMEN'S SUITS. In Covert cloth, regular $10 value, on sale at—

$8.50

Women's Navy Blue and Tan Covert cloth Suit, Eton Jacket, regular $12.50 value, on sale at—

$8.98

Women's Navy Blue and Black Serge Suits, all silk lined, newest style, $18.00 value on sale at.....

$12.50

WOMEN'S ETON JACKETS—In Tan, Blue and Black, silk revers, double-breasted effect, worth $12.50, on sale at.....

$7.50

WOMEN'S JACKETS—Silk lined in Tan, Blue, Brown, Gray and Black, in all the new effects; price

$3.98, $4.98 and $6.50

500 Children's Jackets, in Box Coats, and Reefer styles, some beautifully trimmed—others plain tailored, price—

$1.25, $1.49, $1.98, $2.50, $3.50, $4.98 and $7.50.

Size 2 yrs to 20 years old.

Waists on Sale Saturday

50 dozen Women's colored Wash Waists, the kind small stores worry and ask you 98c for, our price Saturday.....

49c

25 dozen pretty colored Wash Waists, in Tucked and Embroidered front good value at $1, sale price.....

89c

50 dozen White Lawn and Colored Waists, in all the new Wash Fabrics, price—

98c, $1.25 and $1.49

Muslin Underwear and Corset Bargains Saturday.

100 dozen good Muslin Gowns, well made, not skimpy or stingy, like other stores sort of sale Saturday at—

49c and 59c

—Worth twice as much.

25 doz Women's good Muslin Drawers, tucked and trimmed, Cambric shaped yoke band, price—

25c, 35c and 49c

50 dozen Madras and Nurses' Aprons in White Lawn, on sale at—

25c, 35c and 49c

CHILDREN'S AND MISSES' DRAWERS—In all sizes well made, with several tucks, regular 25c kind on sale at.....

15c

GIRLS' COLORED WASH DRESSES—In size 1 year to 6 years old, daintily trimmed, on sale at—

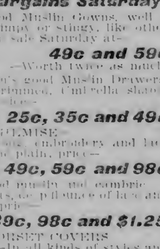
39c, 49c and 59c

CORSETS—50 dozen Summer Corsets in white, new kind, sizes 18 to 26, on sale at.....

19c

Boys' Clothing Dept.

You can't do better than come here tomorrow and go through our Boys' Clothing department. We sell the boys' things as carefully as we do the garments for their mothers; reliable styleish clothes that delights the lad and the parents—at the smallest possible price for the best clothing made.



Boys' pretty 3-piece VESTEE SUITS—daintily trimmed; price.....

$1.98 and $2.49

BOYS' VESTEE SUITS—With pretty fancy Vest, white pearl buttons on coat and vest; regular $5.00 suit; price.....

$2.98

BOYS' DARK TWEED SCHOOL SUITS—Cut double-breasted, price

$1.49, $1.98 and $2.25

50 dozen Boys' 3c Knee Pants, on sale Saturday at.....

25c

50 dozen Boys' Colored Waists and Blouses, worth 25c, on sale at.....

25c

Silk Offerings for Saturday.

BLACK PEAU DE SOIE—The soft finish kind other stores, especially the "Greatest Store on Earth" ask $1.00 as a special offering; our price, a yard.....

89c

BLACK SATIN DUCHESSE—Fine all-silk fabrics, qualities away above, and prices away below other stores, especially the "Greatest Store on Earth," who ask $1.98, $1.39 and $1.00 for qualities no better than our—

$1.50, $1.25, $1.00 and 69c a yard

BLACK TAFFETAS—The "sweep well" kinds, other stores ask for inferior qualities, especially the "Greatest Store on Earth," $1.25, $1.10, $1.00 and 98c; our price for superior qualities—

$1, 89c and 65c per yard

PLAIN COLORED TAFFETAS—Over 50 shades, including all the new leading pastel colors, the best quality, others stores get $1.00, especially the "Greatest Store on Earth." The price of silk has advanced, yet we still sell at the old prices, a yard.....

85c

Black Dress Goods.

"LADIES' SERGE"—40 to 50 inches wide. See our display in Dress Goods aisle of Ladies' Cash Serges for refined trade; not the coarse kind sold elsewhere; our assortment of this line is larger than all other stores in Duluth; prices—

$2.50, $1.85, $1.65, $1.50 and $1.25 a yard

"BLACK CHEVIOT"—50 inches wide, sponged and shrunk, ready for wear. The "Greatest Store on Earth" asks $1.00 for same quality, we sell same goods at, a yard.....

79c

BLACK FRENCH SERGE—Black silk finished Henriettas, Black Brilliantines, Black Crepons, 46 inches wide. The "Greatest Store on Earth" asks as a special offering 85c; our regular price, a yard.....

75c

Colored Dress Goods.

A line of Dress Patterns in 6-yard lengths as sold by some stores at $2.25 as a misleading special, we offer as our regular price, per yard 39c, or 6 yards for.....

$2.34

54-INCH BANNOCKBURN TWEEDS—Strictly all-wool, exactly the same as sold by regular stores ask $1.50, our regular price.....

$1.25

54-INCH COVERT VENETIANS—A swell fabric for tailored gowns, or rainy day skirts; the same fabric the "Greatest Store on Earth" sold for $1.75, our regular price.....

$1.50

54-INCH IMPORTED COVERT VENETIAN—A beautiful fabric, heavy-weight, high priced stores ask $2.00; our regular price.....

$2.25

GOLF CLOTHS—Plaid back fabrics, reversible plaids for rainy day skirts, golf capes, a large variety to make your choice from, at—

$3.50, $2.00 and $1.50 a yd

Wash Goods.

IRISH DIMITIES—The only genuine Irish made Dimity in Duluth. Beware of imitations, over 50 styles to choose from; price, a yard.....

25c

We offer tomorrow fine Imported Zephyr Ginghams, others ask 25c; our regular price, yard.....

19c

EGYPTIAN TISSUES—The small stores ask for this fine sheer Wash Fabric 25c; we are satisfied with a fair profit and ask your, a yard.....

25c

36-INCH PERCALES—Some of the "Greatest Stores on Earth" ask as a special 9c; our special price, a yard.....

7c

BLACK SATEEN—For a quality, biga-priced stores ask as a great special offering 10c; our price, a yard.....

7c

COVERT CLOTH—A splendid fabric for bicycle wear; high-priced stores ask 15c; our regular price.....

12½c

A GREAT SPECIAL OFFERING—Of pretty Dimities, Simpson's 3c Percales, Simpson's Black and White Prints, Shirting Prints; Saturday choice, yard.....

5c

Shoe Dept.

BIG SALE SATURDAY.

Boys', Youths' and Little Gents' GOOD WEAR SHOES of all kinds, all sizes, all styles and all prices.

BARGAIN NO. 1—A mixed lot of Boys' narrow toe, tan and black calf lace Shoes, in sizes from 2½ to 6; every pair worth from $1.75 to $2.25; for Saturday, the price is.....

98c

BARGAIN NO. 2—Little Gents' spring heel, calf, lace Shoes, narrow toes, sizes 9 to 12½, former price $1.50, $1.75 and some $2; for Saturday.....

91c

BARGAIN NO. 3—Youths' Shoes, sizes 12 to 2. We have them in tan and black calf, box calf, Vici Kid and Velour calf; they are not old stock, but new designs and best quality; to introduce we will sell Saturday only, per.....

$1.48

FACTS WORTH REMEMBERING: Our School Shoes for Boys', Youths' Misses and Children are the best quality, wear better, have more style and cost important of all are less expensive than any other lines of like character sold in Duluth or surroundings.

Gents' and Boys' Furnishing Goods.

AT 29c—Men's Unlaundered White Shirts, best at 39c; Saturday.....

29c

AT HALF PRICE—Men's White Laundered Shirts, sizes 14, 14½, 15½ and 17 only, $1.00 Shirts; HALF PRICE Saturday.....

50c

AT 15c—Men's Lisle Finish Seamless Half Hose, black and tan, best at 29c; Saturday.....

15c

AT 3c—Men's and Boys' Celluloid or Rubber Collars, worth 10c to 25c; Saturday.....

3c

AT 7½c—Men's Celluloid or Rubber Cuffs, excess stock of 15c Cuffs; Saturday.....

7½c

AT 25c—Complete line of Neckwear, shapes for Men and Boys; Saturday.....

25c

AT 50c—Large assortment of Neckwear for Men, best makers' specialties; Saturday.....

50c

AT $1.00—Men's Light-weight fancy French Flannel Negligee Shirts, summer wool; Saturday.....

$1.00

AT 75c, $1.00, $1.50—Men's and Boys' all-wool Sweaters, plain and striped all-overs; Saturday, at—

75c, $1.00, $1.50

AT 25c—Boys' and Youths' natural gray Gauze Undershirts and Drawers, Saturday.....

25c

AT 25c—Men's Summer Underwear, mixed lot, values up to 45c; Saturday.....

25c

Hosiery and Underwear.

AT 39c—Ladies' Ingrain Black Lisle Thread Hose, spilt sole, double sole, high spliced heel, 50c

39c

AT 59c—Ladies' Sea Island Cotton Hose, in black; none better, even at $1.00; double sole, high spliced heel; Saturday.....

59c

AT 25c—Ladies' Real Maco Cotton Hose —our own importation, best at 35c—Black and Tan, double sole, high spliced heel; Saturday.....

25c

AT 15c—Children's and Misses' extracted Polka Dot Hose, white dots on black, tan and navy ground; broken line of 25c Hose; Saturday.....

15c

AT 25c—Boys' 2x1 rib "Iron Clad" Hose, best black a hose with a reinforced toe, 6 to 10 inches, Saturday.....

25c

AT 50c—Ladies' best Combed Egyptian Cotton Jersey Vests and Pants, medium spring weight; best to be sold at 75c; Saturday.....

50c

AT 75c—Ladies' fine "Harvard" Union Suits, in white maco cotton, high neck, long sleeves, ankle length, unmatchable; Saturday.....

75c

AT 25c—Children's Summer Vests and Pants, fine rib, long sleeve Vests, knee pants, in white or ecru; Saturday.....

25c

AT 19c and 25c—Children's Gauze Underwear, for summer, long sleeve Vests, knee or ankle Pants, regular price up to 25c; 18 to 24; Saturday.....

19c

26 to 34; Saturday.....

25c

Ladies' Gloves For Saturday.....

FOWNES'S LA TOSCA—a pair.....

$2.00

Pique sewn, in tan shades and street colors.

FOWNES' EUGENIE, in all tints for evening wear —per pair.....

$1.75

TREFOUSSE PIQUE—a pair.....

$2.00

FOWNES'S DAGMAR—2-clasp, Paris stitching, a pair.....

$1.50

LA TOUR PIQUE—a pair.....

$1.25

MARLBOROUGH—a pair.....

$1.00

LADIES' WHITE KID GLOVES—A pair—

$1.00, $1.50 and $2.00

FANCHON SUEDE, in black and colors.

REYNIER SUEDE, in black and colors.

REYNIER GLACE, in all colors.

Ladies' 2-clasp Kid Gloves, Ladies' 2-clasp Chamois Gloves, a pair.....

69c

Ladies' 2-clasp Chamois Gloves, a pair.....

89c

Ireland Bros. Suede Gloves, a pair.....

$1.00

Umbrellas and Parasols

Saturday we shall open on Bargain Counter No. 2, our season's stock of Umbrellas and fancy Parasols, comprising in number over 500 of the cheapest and best selected goods ever shown to the Duluth public, which we shall sell so much below the prices ordinarily asked for these goods, that it will be a grand surprise.

Fancy Parasols—Ladies', from—

75c to $9.50 each

Children's Parasols, from—

13c to $2.75 each

Umbrellas from—

49c to $12.50 each

If you will examine them you cannot fail to get what will please you in price, style and quality.

Ribbon Department.

Wide double-faced Satin Ribbon, cord edge; complete line of colors; a yard.....

45c

Wide Taffeta Ribbon, for neckwear, soft finish, 50c quality; a yard.....

35c

Narrow Fancy Ribbon for Children's wear, good bright colors; a yard.....

10c

Wide Fancy Ribbon, in all the new 1900 effects and colors—a yard—

25c, 39c, 48c, 59c

Cleaning up of a lot of Odds and Ends of Fancy Ribbon that sold up to 50c a yard, at, a yard.....

19c

Handkerchief Dept.

Ladies' all pure Linen hemstitched and scalloped edges, at.....

25c

Ladies' Embroidered and Scalloped Edges, in new cut out designs, each—

35c and 45c

Better qualities in Ladies' all-linen Handkerchiefs embroidered and hemstitched, each—

59c and 75c

SPECIAL—Large lot of Ladies' Stock Collars and Collars with bow attached, at each.....

25c

Millinery Department.

The enormous business we have been doing this month has taxed the utmost capacity of our workrooms, and has compelled us to keep our staff of trimmers working evenings. For Saturday we will show another lot of new conceits in our Pattern room. Prices to suit all. In our general Sales Room we have Ladies' Trimmed Hats; trimmed in Chiffon, Flowers, Lace and Tips, at—

$2.25, $2.75, $3.00, $3.50 $4.50 and $5.75

—All worth double.

CHILDREN'S TRIMMED HATS—In fancy straws and Leghorns, trimmed with Chiffon, Ribbon and Flowers, at—

98c and upwards.

Patent Medicines.

Cuticura Resolvent—$1.00 bottle.....

68c

Trommer's Malt Extracts—$1.00 bottle.....

75c

Fellow's Syrup Hypophosphates, $1.50 bottle.....

$1.10

Ward's Liniment—$1.00 bottle.....

69c

Packer's Scrofula Remedy $1.00 bottle.....

72c

Coca Wine—$1.00 bottle.....

69c

Cuticura Salve—50c box.....

39c

Cod Liver Oil—(pure Norwegian) $1 bottles.....

59c

Shoop's Remedies—$1.00 sizes.....

75c

Warner's Sodium Phosphates—50c bottle.....

37c

Palm-Christi Ointment—25c size.....

37c

Quinine Pills, a fresh supply, 25c box.....

10c

Liver Pills—25c bottle.....

10c

Harlem Oil.....

5c

Witch Hazel, double distilled, full pint bottles, regular 25c size.....

15c

Spectacles.

A good reliable Spectacle, fitted with perfect lenses, any strength—per pair.....

25c

Eye Glasses—Gold filled, warranted to wear for ten years, neat construction, fit guaranteed, worth $2.00; for.....

$1.25

Reading Glasses—All sizes, shell, amber or steel rims; prices about ½ the regular—

39c to $1.50

Crockery Dept.

SPECIAL—100 Decorated German China Cuspidores, worth 50c—one to a customer, at—each.....

29c

TEA POTS—Decorated Japanese Tea Pots six cups size, worth 35c, at —each.....

18c

CHINA CUPS AND SAUCERS—White China Tea Cups and Saucers; Saturday—per pair.....

10c

WATER BOTTLES—1-quart Crystal Glass Water Bottles; Saturday.....

10c

DECANTERS—Cut glaze crystal Glass Wine Decanters, at—each.....

10c

SALTS AND PEPPERS—Crystal Glass Salts and Peppers, with Sterling Tops, at—each.....

10c

HAVILAND CHINA—Haviland China Decorated Tea Plates, and Tea Cups and Saucers at—each.....

25c

Hardware Dept.

SPECIALS FOR SATURDAY.

10c Dover Egg Beaters, each.....

5c

10c Tinned Iron Lemon Squeezers, each.....

5c

Asbestos Stove Mats, at each.....

2c

10c House Hammers, at each.....

5c

Columbia Can Openers, at each.....

5c

PARING KNIVES—We carry about 25 styles of these useful little Kitchen articles. Our Harrington Paring Knife is strictly high grade and made by the largest manufacturer of high grade shoe knives in the United States. To introduce them we sell two a customer Saturday, at each.....

5c

CHAMBER PAILS—10-quart Galvanized Iron Chamber Pails, at—each.....

21c

DISH PANS—12-quart Granite Dish Pans at—each.....

43c

WRINGERS—Novelty Clothes Wringers, with 10-inch rolls; Saturday.....

$1.98

CLOTHES LINES—50-foot Sisal Clothes Lines Saturday, at—each.....

5c

BIRD SEED—Any kind of Bird Seed, Saturday—per lb.....

5c

PROMOTER M'INTYRE

United States Investor Tells Something of His Financial Machinations.

IN RECEIVER'S HANDS

That Is Condition of Most of His Ventures at Present Time.

The machinations of Thomas A. McIntyre, who was the organizer of the flour milling trust, so-called, are of much interest to the people of the head of the lakes. Through his scheming they have seen their mills idle for many months, where they were formerly giving employment to many men. One of the mills is about to be started up by the receivers, and hope is held out that the others may be running before a great while, but where formerly they ran a part of the winter at least, they have this winter been shut down. The Duluth Imeprial mill, which kept a large force of men in employment, has not been running since last fall, and no one knows when it will run again. In the opinion of most Duluth people the blighting hand of Thomas A. McIntyre is responsible for this, and they cannot say and think too many harsh things of him. They will, therefore, be much interested in the following account in the United States Investor, one of the standard financial papers, of his doings in the industrial and financial world, and it gives a view of him that will be an endorsement of the opinion they hold of him:

"A year ago Thomas A. McIntyre was a director in the following companies:

American Pegamold Co.
Atlantic Storage Co.
Baltic Realty Co.
Brooklyn Wharf and Warehouse Co.
Brooklyn Wharf Transfer Co.
Corn Exchange bank.
Cuban and Pan-American Express Co.
Hecker-Jones-Jewell Milling Co.
International Elevating Co.
International Express Co.
J. C. Watson Co.
Lykens Valley R. R. & Coal Co.
N. Y. Produce Exchange Safe Dep. and Storage Co.
Peoria & Bureau Valley R. R.
Produce Exchange Trust Co.
Royal Insurance Co.
State Trust Co.
U. S. Flour Milling Co.
U. S. Glucose Co.
Wilmington Street Ry.

"Quite a formidable list, which, however, is, or will soon be, in need of correction. The American Pegamoid company, that mystery which opened up with such sumptuous quarters in the Bowling Green building at 11 Broadway, has since dropped out of prominence; given up its richly appointed quarters, and been taken under the wing of John A. McCall, and is to be found in small quarters in the New York Life building. It has never been a success, and is voted a financial failure.

"The Brooklyn Wharf and Warehous, company, a scheme organized and promoted by Mr. McIntyre, is now in the hands of receivers, with a big floating debt staring it in the face, a scaling of its bonds to the extent of at least $5,000,000 necessary, a scaling of its interest, and a heavy assessment of its stockholders a foregone conclusion. Speaking of overcapitalization, this company furnishes one of the most flagrant examples, but so much the better for Mr. McIntyre; his commissions were all the larger. But how about the bondholders who relied upon his glowing prospectus, containing the figures of Yalden, Brooks & Walker, the chartered accountants, who prepared the statement of earnings, forecast the future, and figured out an annual accumulation of surplus for stock dividending, a surplus which was never realized, of $510,760?

"Then there is the Corn Exchange bank, in which Mr. McIntyre was a director, but from whose board he was dropped on Jan. 16. Mr. McIntyre was a member of its advisory board, and, in the words of President Nash, was a gentleman in whom he (Nash) had 'implicit faith.' Think of such a sanguine, visionary promoter as Mr. McIntyre passing upon the loans of a bank and upon its commercial paper! But it is said Mr. McIntyre made Mr. Nash and consequently Mr. Nash had 'implicit faith' in Mr. McIntyre. With the recent collapse of so many of Mr. McIntyre's schemes, however, Mr. Nash's confidence seems now to have been shaken since he concluded it best for his institution to accept Mr. McIntyre's resignation.

"The Hecker-Jones-Jewell was another of Mr. McIntyre's enterprises. This was floated in 1892 with a capital stock of $5,000,000, and a bond issue of $2,500,000. Into this company Mr. McIntyre succeeded in getting many of his friends on the floor of the produce exchange, and he is credited with having made a handsome rake-off in floating it. Up to within six or eight months of its being merged into the United States Flour Milling company the preferred paid 8 per cent regularly. Suddenly dividends were discontinued, it is alleged, in order to render responsive the minds of the stockholders to a proposition to join in another scheme (the United States Flour Milling company), thus affording Mr. McIntyre further opportunity for a promoter's profit. Now some hard things are being said of Mr. McIntyre in connection with the Hecker-Jones-Jewell deal, which company, as our readers know, is also in the hands of receivers, it being even alleged that there was really no good excuse for stopping dividends, since they were as much earned as previously, but that, as has been intimated in the foregoing, they were discontinued for a purpose.

"The Produce Exchange Trust company, whose disgraceful collapse occurred on Dec. 18 last, was another of Mr. McIntyre's undertakings which came to grief. The story of its troubles and its short career are already familial to our readers. How Turner A. Beal, a tool of Mr. McIntyre's, conducted its affairs is well known, as is also the manner in which Mr. McIntyre used it to promote his numerous schemes.

"The Pacific Coast Biscuit company is another of Mr. McIntyre's creations. This is a heavily overcapitalized company, whose securities have as yet little or no standing in financial circles. It has, moreover, not succeeded in its purpose to purchase certain Eastern plants, for which it issued stock to acquire. An analysis of the company has appeared in a previous issue of the Investor.

"Now comes what may, perhaps, be regarded as the worst of Mr. McIntyre's promotions, the United States Flour Milling company, which its victims have even gone so far as to term a 'swindle.' Into this company was merged the Hecker-Jones-Jewell company and numerous other smaller mills; but, as is well known, the scheme was a complete failure, and came to an untimely end on Feb. 26, when it was turned over to the tender mercies of the courts. The history of its brief and disgraceful career is also familiar to our readers, and need not be recounted here. On Sept. 15 last the pool formed by Mr. McIntyre to put up the stock collapsed, after having run up the price of the common to 50, and the preferred to 78½. On this deal Mr. McIntyre is alleged to have sold out at a profit of $125,000, leaving a host of victims to 'hold the bag.' In selling his friends the bonds of the United States Flour Milling company, Mr. McIntyre is accused of intent to defraud, and in the case of Joseph R. Megrue, who has sued him for false representations, some interesting facts are likely to develop. Replying to the charges which Mr. Megrue makes in his complaint again McIntyre & Wardwell, the latter swear that Mr. Wardwell is no longer a member of the firm of McIntyre & Wardwell. This is interesting.

"The Hecker-Jones-Jewell security holders are fighting the United States Flour Milling reorganization from all directions, and it looks very much as though its rehabilitation would never be carried out. In this connection the affidavit of one of the largest stockholders of the Hecker-Jones-Jewell (Mrs. Ora M. Jewell) in her suit to force the trust to restore to her the shares she deposited, is of interest in connection with the subject of this article. It reads as follows:

"'Deponent further charges said Thomas A. McIntyre with being the evil genius in this whole affair, from beginning to end. He it was who conceived the scheme and who interested others into it.

"'Deponent is informed, and believes, that said McIntyre interested himself in the plan for the purpose of abstracting from the company to be formed the promoter's proceeds, without regard to the original holders of the stock and bonds, and the new purchasers thereof. That said McIntyre tried to induce various mills to go into the scheme, according to the agreement of Aug. 22, viz., the Washburn-Pillsbury and the Washburn-Crosby mills, the greater mills in the business, and failing to induce them to go into it, that he determined, nevertheless, to push through the scheme, and not to lose his ill-gotten profits.

"'That said McIntyre was one of the parties behind the circular, or prospectus of May 13, 1899; * * * That said prospectus contains misstatements, misrepresentations and evasions, and that said McIntyre became the treasurer of the new company, and has finally succeeded in wrecking it, and that said McIntyre is now seeking, through a reorganization agreement, to perpetuate his influence and methods, and that finally, if the relief prayed for by this plaintiff is not granted, the reorganization agreement may become operative and plaintiff's securities still further removed from her control.'"

SPRING Clothing FOR MEN.

Loudly might we proclaim the merit of our Spring Clothing for men. Strong adjectives might be used to emphasize their price lowness. We prefer the moderate tone, the believable story—the carefully stated fact. You can believe facts, you'll never find an untruth in our ads.

Spring Suits—Blue Serges..... $10 to $20

Fancy Worsteds—Checks and Stripes..... $8.50 to $26.50

Coverts—..... $10 to $25

MEN'S SPRING HATS.

In all the popular shades and shapes. If the inside of your head be right, we can fit the outside. Remember we are headquarters for the Stetson and Gordon Hats—

MEN'S FINE FURNISHINGS.

New Spring Styles and Patterns Neckwear, Fancy Shirts, Dress and Street Gloves—Everything new.

Floan, Leverons and Co.

225-227 W. SUPERIOR ST.

CLOTHIERS, HATTERS AND FURNISHERS

Just received another large consignment of

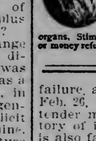
Baby Carriages and Go-Carts.

Better Than Ever.

PRICES RIGHT.

P. NELSON & CO., 2017-2019 W. Superior Street.

VIM VIGOR VITALITY FOR MEN



Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette-smoking. Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night-Losses, Spermatorrhoea Insomnia, Pains in Back, Evil Desires, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Semen, Varicocele, or Constipation, Stops Quickness of Discharge, Stops Nervousness, Twitching of Eyelids. Effects are immediate, every function. Don't get despondent, a cure is at hand, organs. Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. 50c a box, 6 for $2.50 by mail. 50 CENTS. Impart vigor and potency to Restores small, undeveloped organs. A written guarantee, to cure or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. Address, Bishop Remedy Co., San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

FEDERAL COURT JURORS.

Those Who Will Serve at Term in Duluth Next Month.

The following is the list of grand and petit jurors summoned to attend the session of the United States circuit and district court which convenes at Duluth May 8:

Grand—John F. Calhoun, Minneapolis; J. C. Carlson, Rush City; A. Martinson, Ruthton; W. K. Walker, Morris; John Luckenheimer, St. Paul; August eBederbick, Racine; Harry T. Black, St. Paul; F. A. Holzheimer, Benson; P. H. Friend, Austin; George C. Knoche, Minneapolis; Robert Pratt, North Minneapolis; Allan J. Veries, St. Paul; Joseph E. Reynolds, Mankato; Henry Currier, West Concord; J. Emil Peterson, Mankato; Thomas Warrock, Albert Lea; A. H. Ames, Northfield; Peter Broberg, New London; George Russell, Cottonwood; T. McCarthy, Winnebago; David Archibald, Bay Lake; Lemuel Denny, Orion; Willard Chilton, Cordova.

Petit—T. F. White, Credit River; James Gillespie, Minneapolis; F. H. Russell, Eyota; John McMillan, St. Peter; Samuel Cooper, Jackson; O. H. Case, Fountain; M. B. Hutchinson, Jackson; Ole Emrickson, Blooming Prairie; C. W. Wowo, Lindstrom; F. Graham, Little Falls; J. H. Catlin, Cottonwood; Frank H. Higgins, Dodge Center; Thomas W. Brown, Berlin; Mark Hargreaves, Hokah; Robert Archibald, Deerwood; Thomas F. Baldwin, Marshall; J. L. Derby, Herman; John F. Rollins, Minneapolis; D. C. Horton, Benson; S. P. Bonn, Worden; R. R. Freeman, Walnut grove; Howard N. Bell, Redwood Falls; Bayer Nelson, Acton; Nazaire Morin, Little Falls; Nelson Norbles, Sumter; J. M. Pavlan, St. Paul; J. C. Williams, Minneapolis; J. P. Proctor, Verndale; Philip L. Huguet, Minneapolis; H. H. Reed, Pipestone; E. W. Doe, Willow River; Frederick Lund, St. Paul; Peter Moe, Deerfield; Frank Dahl, Chisago City; Charles B. Richardson, Marshall; John A. Hunter, Tracy; Peter C. Nelson, Parker's Prairie; James G. Kennedy, St. Paul; Paul Olson, Parker's Prairie; Fred Gleason, Austin; James G. Donnelly, Jr., St. Paul; Carl Luhman, Howard; John Torrey, Albert Lea; F. S. Purdy, Russell; Charles Picha, St. Paul; S. H. Adam, Cottonwood; Nicholas Offerman, Faribault; W. F. Duffy, Shakopee; Axel O. Nelson, Cosmos; J. Albert Hagstrom, Minneapolis.

We pray thee, heed him not who askest thee to take something said to be the same as the Rocky Mountain Tea made by the Madison Medicine company. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

IF COFFEE POISONS YOU,

ruins your digestion, makes you nervous and sallow complexioned, keeps you awake nights and acts against your system generally, try Grain-O, the new food drink. It is made of pure selected grain and is healthful, nourishing and appetising. It has none of the bad effects of coffee yet it is just as pleasant to the taste and when properly prepared can't be told from the finest coffees. Costs about ¼ as much. It is a healthful table drink for the children and adults. Ask your grocer for Grain-O. 15c and 25c.

FAMOUS INDUCEMENTS.

Our spring Footwear is all in and a more complete line could not be selected for your wants and the prices and styles will surely induce you to buy.

Don't Fail to See Our Saturday Bargains.

Do you Wear the "Kulture" Shoe?

The best $3.50 Shoe made—the LATEST style lasts and for comfort and durability they have no equal.

Ladies' regular $3.50 Mannish Shoes, four different styles; price **$2.98**

Ladies' fine Vici Kid Lace Shoes, either black or tan leather; price **$2.48**

Ladies' $1.25 Vici one-strap Slippers, common sense or opera toe; our price **98c**

Regular $2.75 Ladies' Kid Shoes, black or tan leather; our price... **$1.98**

MISSES' SHOES.

120 pairs Misses' $1.50 Tan Lace Shoes, new styles and shapes; our price ---------- **98c**

70 pairs Misses' $2.00 Tan Goat Lace or Button Shoes; special price---------- **$1.29**

Misses' $1.60 Kid Lace Shoes, heavy sole; special price---------- **$1.25**

Children's 75c Kid Button Shoes, sizes 2½ to 5; sale price---------- **49c**

Boys' Dark Tan Lace Shoes, cheap at $2.00; our price---------- **$1.48**

Little Gents' lace shoes, either black or tan, price---**98c**

Men's satin calf $2 shoes, lace or congress, price---**$1.48**

Men's $2.50 tan shoes, cloth top, new last, price---**$1.69**

Men's Russia calf or tan—vici, light or dark shades, all the late style toes, only- **$2.48**

The Men's "Famous" $3.50 Shoe gives you the same styles, comfort and wear that you get in a $5 Shoe.

Save money and buy the "Famous."

The Famous Shoe Store,

111 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

BUILD CUT OFF.

Eastern Minnesota Railway Lets Contract For Shortening Ore Road.

The Eastern Minnesota has awarded a contract to A. Guthrie & Co., of St. Paul, to build a line from Stony Brook, on the Fosston line, to connect with its Hibbing-Virginia extension. Work will begin soon. The new line will be about fifty miles in length, and it will parallel the Missabe road from Mountain Iron to Stony Brook. The new line will begin a mile west of Stony Brook on the Fosston branch and run north to the Hibbing-Virginia line, striking it about five miles west of the Missabe road. The line will cut off a haul of about thirty miles on the ore handled by the company, and besides it will relieve the Fosston line of considerable traffic and ease matters so that grain may come more freely. It will not be used this year, however, as it will probably not be completed in time.

TAKES BRODIE PROPERTY.

John T. Jones and Associates Acquire a Large Iron Tract.

John T. Jones and his associates have purchased the Brodie iron property on the Mesaba range, on the line of the Eastern Minnesota, between Hibbing and Mountain Iron. The option will expire tomorrow, and the details of closing the deal are in progress. The consideration is $150,000. There are 160 acres, and it is located in sections 17 and 20-58-19. A drill has located a body of ore 100 feet deep on the property, described as a good grade of coarse Bessemer. It is supposed that P. L. Kimberly, of Sharon, Pa., is interested in the deal. The fee is owned principally by Duluth people. Robert Whiteside owns a quarter, L. M. Benjamin owns three-eighths and the Rouchleau-Ray interests and W. B. Ardouin are also represented in the fee.

TO PLAY CRAGGENCROFT.

The Y. M. C. A. Ball Team to Have a Game.

Duluth amateur baseball teams open the season in earnest tomorrow. The Y. M. C. A. team will play Craggencroft at Oneota park and the Central High school plays the Nelson Dewey high school at Superior at the driving park at West Superior. A large number of rooters will go over to West Superior with the high school men and a big crowd is expected at Oneota park. In a practice game a few weeks ago the Y. M. C. A. defeated the Craggencroft team in a loosely played game, and tomorrow both teams promise better things.

Last Saturday Craggencroft defeated the Nelson Dewey high school by a score of 14 to 12 in eleven innings, and the high school men, with McCumber or Cummings in the box expect to win by an easier score.

On Sunday afternoon the Duluth team and a second team composed of extra men from Manager Wade's aggregation and a few promising amateurs, will play a practice game at Oneota park.

GUARANTY COUPON

THE Velvet Grip CUSHION BUTTON HOSE SUPPORTER is Guaranteed to the dealer and user against imperfection. Look for the Name on every loop.

THIS COUPON—on Yellow Paper—is on every pair

IT HOLDS

The Velvet Grip

CUSHION BUTTON

HOSE SUPPORTER

No Stitching in the Elastic.

NEVER SLIPS OR TEARS

Of Your Dealer, or Sample Pair, by Mail, 25c.

GEORGE FROST CO., Makers, Boston, Mass., U.S.A.

LOOK For the NAME ON EVERY LOOP.

A BAD MIX-UP.

That Would Be Result If Statute of Limitations Affects State.

The question of whether the statute of limitations runs against the state on real estate taxes is not a new one in this county, though it has never been decided by the courts. When the forfeited tax sale was held last year, or rather some time before it, County Auditor Halden had from a leading firm of local attorneys an opinion to the effect that the statute does affect the state as well as individuals, and that the state had no right to taxes back of six years. This was taken into account by Mr. Halden at the time of the sale.

Some doubt has been expressed by local attorneys, however, as to whether the supreme court will hold this way in the case that has gone up to it from Scott county involving the question. They say that the supreme court has always leaned toward the public side of tax questions, and if there was any doubt between the property owner and the state the latter got the benefit of that doubt. The case of the state is different from an ordinary judgment, they say. When an owner of property fails to pay his taxes judgment is taken against him, and at the tax sale his property is offered for sale under that judgment. If no one else buys it in the state does. Then tax title investors often take assignments of the state's title. The judgment might lapse, these attorneys say, if no sale was held, but they do not see how a title can lapse by limitation of statute, and the state has a tax title to the property.

If the supreme court holds that the statute applies it will mix things up most awfully, according to County Auditor Halden. The courts have decided that it is necessary to take but one judgment, and that when a man fails to pay his taxes year after year, judgment can be taken the first year, and the subsequent delinquencies attach to that judgment. For instance, a man begins his delinquencies in 1892 and does not pay his taxes for five years. All taxes attach to the first judgment, secured in 1892, so there is really only one judgment. Then the supreme court decides that that judgment of 1892 is void because the statute of limitations has run. What then becomes of the subsequent taxes as they are all in that judgment?

The state could probably take a new judgment for the taxes that had not lapsed, but these two decisions, assuming that the supreme court is going to hold with the district court on the question of limitations, do not seem to hitch.

It would mean also that it would be necessary for the state to hold forfeited tax sales every year, because each year there would be a year's taxes lapsing that could only be saved by such a sale.

AMUSEMENTS.

"FAUST."

"Faust" was admirably performed before an audience of splendid proportions at the Lyceum last evening, Erroll Dunbar taking Lewis Morrison's famous part adequately. The play with all its sumptuous fury has lost but little of its attractiveness with the change of cast. Once witnessing this incomparable study cannot exhaust the splendor of the work, but like a grand historical painting which has fed upon not only genius, art and temperament, but research and the fuel of life, Goethe's great drama is a never ending source of keen mental enjoyment and enthusiasm. Especially is this true of the Brocken scene. Little phantoms of detail trick out the enormous creation like dew drops and are so fleeting that not a single study of the picture could absorb them all.

Nothing invidious implied, but Mr. Dunbar plays the devil very naturally. He even carried his swarthy realism so far that he fell from the dizzy heights of the Brocken scene just before the curtain rang up for the fourth act, was stunned and painfully though not seriously injured. The settings were insecure and Mephisto, climbing up the heights was suddenly precipitated to the stage below and struck on the head by a heavy piece of scenery, delaying the play about ten minutes. Faust was well taken by George S. Trimble. He is handsome, graceful, intelligent, and beautifully sincere in his acting. His voice is musical and resonant, and his picture of Margarite at the last is exquisitely tender and forceful.

Miss Genevieve Kane's extremely enjoyable work in the part of Marguerite, made the character unusually pleasing. Her style was delightfully natural, innocent, and sympathetic in the first scenes and intense and impassioned in the last. Her individual endowments make her an agreeable successor of Florence Brooks. (Mrs. Lewis Morrison), in the role of Marguerite. Miss Brooks appeared on last night's cast, the exemplification of amiability and simplicity, with little else. It is a woman to speak a few bloodless lines as Lina.

William Ewing in the part of Valentine, adds a fiery character, which lasts but a few moments of bold impressionism, but leaves a glow upon the tone of a telling scene. The others in the cast were acceptable.

"THE DEVIL'S AUCTION."

Tonight, Charles H. Yale's "Forever Devil's Auction" will be seen at the Lyceum. Among the many new specialties secured for this season may be mentioned the wonderful Brothers Deltorelli. These clever people have never been seen outside of New York city since their arrival in this country, and in them Manager Yale has secured an absolute novelty. Others that deserve special mention are Les Freres Lorelli, James A. Kiernan, Mayme Mayo, Amalia Maverofter, Gisela Basseggio and numerous others, besides the clever new specialty ballets entitled "The Ballet Fantastique," "The Feast of the Dragons," and "Le Danse de Sousa," the latter illustrating in typical costume "King Cotton," "El Capitan," "Britain in the Boer War," "The Stars and Stripes Forever," and other successes of the March King.

"WHO IS WHO."

No more original or comical idea in a farce comedy vein was ever created than the German Singing society in "Who Is Who." The laughable concert is the seventh at the Lyceum, Tuesday next. All the up-to-the-minute coon songs and rag-time ditties are rendered in the German language, the singers holding books labelled "First Base," "Second Base," "Third Base," "Short Stop," etc.; and St. John directs the efforts of this comical Saengerfest with all the seriousness of the old German school. Encore after encore invariably results, and the ludicrous make-up of the singers, taken with their serious mien, is the cause of roars of laughter.

Contains Some Oddities.

Ex-Mayor Dietrich, of Superior, who was the candidate for the Republican nomination for mayor and failed to get it, has filed his statement of expenses as required by law. It contains several items that are rather odd and will be of interest, especially one for "liquid refreshments" and the one referring to contributions to charities. The statement is as follows:

To Evening Telegram for printing announcements, message to council, affidavits, delegation slips and cards	$14
To divers persons for printing, estimate	25
Livery and transportation, estimated	50
To Marx & Co., for cigars	28
To divers persons and firms, for cigars, estimated	50
To liquid refreshments, contributed by divers persons, estimated	50
To meals at hotels and restaurants	15
To subscriptions to charities and other matters, pro bono publico which appear to be incidental to campaigns, estimated	75
To incidental expenditures	10
Total	$446

"Cure the cough and save the life." Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup cures coughs and colds, down to the very verge of consumption.

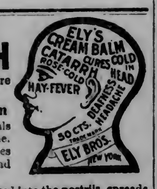
Nasal CATARRH

In all its stages there should be cleanliness.

Ely's Cream Balm cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly.

Cream Balm is placed into the nostrils, spreads over the membrane and is absorbed. Relief is immediate and a cure follows. It is not drying—does not produce sneezing. Large Size, 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size, 10 cents by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.



WILL ROOT EVIL OUT

Supt. Gates of Vermilion Indian School Will Get After Whisky Sellers.

INFLUENCE IS BAD

Drunken Indians Around the Reservation School Becoming Too Common.

On Wednesday Deputy United States Marshal Paul Sharvy took Wallace Pool, of Tower, before United States Commissioner George Westcott of Ely, charged with having sold whisky to an Indian. He was held in bonds to appear at the May term of the United States court at Duluth. The law requires that the man arrested in such a case shall have his hearing before the nearest commissioner, and this led to his being taken to Ely instead of being brought to Duluth.

This case was brought to the attention of the United States authorities by George Gates, superintendent of the Indian school, on the Vermilion reservation. There is much trouble up there with drunken Indians, and Mr. Gates proposes to root out the evil and compel the enforcement of the law, if possible. There are from 85 to 100 Indian children attending school there, and to have drunken Indians around the reservation and appearing before the children is not an educating nor an elevating influence. The law is very strict as to selling liquor to Indians, and yet there is probably no law that is held in so little respect in the Indian country. This seems to be especially true up there, and it is quite a common thing for the Indians, as soon as they get a little money, to get whisky and fill up on it. Mr. Gates is determined to break up the practice, and he will have the active co-operation of the United States authorities, for they are heartily in sympathy with him.

The prosecutions in these cases will be different from the ordinary Indian whisky cases, for there will be a different motive back of it. Most of the cases which come before the court, or a large number of them at least, are brought upon information received from the Indians themselves. They want a chance to get to Duluth at the expense of the government, and they lay information before the authorities. The man charged with the offence is brought to Duluth, and the Indian witnesses are brought down here also. About half the time the Indian tells an entirely different story when he gets to Duluth than he told on the reservation to the authorities. While here, too, he often manages to get something to drink, and frequently these Indians in attendance at court are drunk about half the time.

BASEBALL.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Cleveland—Cleveland, 5; Indianapolis, 4.

At Kansas City—Milwaukee, 8; Kansas City, 1.

At Chicago—Chicago, 9; Minneapolis, 8.

At Buffalo—Buffalo, 3; Detroit, 2.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Pittsburg—Cincinnati, 12; Pittsburg, 11.

At St. Louis—Chicago, 11; St. Louis, 8.

At New York—New York, 10; Boston, 10.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 11; Brooklyn, 7.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Per Ct.
Indianapolis	6	4	2	.667
Chicago	6	4	2	.667
Milwaukee	5	3	2	.600
Kansas City	7	4	3	.571
Buffalo	6	3	3	.500
Cleveland	6	3	3	.500
Detroit	6	2	4	.333
Minneapolis	8	2	6	.250

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Per Ct.
Philadelphia	7	5	2	.714
St. Louis	6	4	2	.667
Cincinnati	7	4	3	.571
Brooklyn	6	3	3	.500
New York	6	3	3	.500
Pittsburg	7	3	4	.429
Chicago	6	2	4	.333
Boston	7	2	5	.286

PAGE IN TEARS

A Chicago Man Prosecuted By a Young Woman Was Upset.

Chicago, April 27.—The tears of Levi Page come too easily. That is one of the reasons he sits in the prisoners' place in Judge Gary's court room, with a bailiff to the right of him and two lawyers to the left. The lawyers are doing their best to keep the melancholy Page from the precincts of the penitentiary. Page is 62 years old and he does not want to go. May Mennis, 25 and pretty, and who has not cried since the trial began, is the complainant. She charges Page with having sworn to false statements about her and of having persuaded her that she was his wife. When Page hears evidence like that he cries. When May Mennis hears it she frowns and looks at the prisoner as if she would be thankful for the privilege of a private interview with no weapons barred.

Assistant State's Attorney McEwen, broad shouldered and square jawed looks at Page's exhibition of grief and then turns loose with a carefully selected assortment of stabs of the rapier pattern. For McEwen does not believe that Page is wrung with anguish as often as he pretends. He has said Page has an eye for effect and he scorns him accordingly.

The case has filled the courtroom. From under Easter hats and disreputable redoras a couple of hundred pairs of eyes watch the show. Through it all Page weeps and weeps.

"Were you ever in Milwaukee?" he was asked.

"No," he said, and then he cried.

"Were you ever in Milwaukee?" was put to May Mennis.

"You can bet all you've got I was there. That's where Mr. Page and I were married."

The "Mr." was put in with a sarcastic inflection. After she had come to Chicago with Page she established him in her dressmaking shop in Cottage Grove avenue and while she fitted and sewed he remained discreetly in the rear rooms and swept the floors and gave the milkman his tickets and ran down to the corner for meat. He was manager of the culinary department of the household. She was the head of the business end. The arrangement annoyed Mr. McEwen. He asked the jury if they would do that sort of work. They looked properly shocked.

"It wasn't such a horrible deal he got," said May Mennis. "I made all the money. He spent it."

"I spent $6 a month of my own," Page said.

"Squandered it all in the support of yourself and your wife?"

"Every cent," said Page, and in the remembrance of his enormous expenditure he wept.

He said he had been a soldier, but he got no marks for it in his examination. Mr. McEwen thought he had lingered near the ammounition wagon while the thin red line was doing business. He insinuated that if Page had ever looked near the ammunition wagon while the was working there with a sponge and cloth.

"A soldier would not shed so many tears, and I never heard of one who fought battles with grocery boys and peddlers. He was, indeed, a bloodthirsty soldier."

Page said he had secured the information upon which he had talked about May Mennis from Fred Weare, who had gone with the soldiers to chase the nimble Filipino, and who had written to Mrs. Hilliard, a neighbor, who had told him. It made Mr. McEwen dizzy to follow the maze. Miss Mennis thought the testimony against her was a farce and she laughed at some of it. Page saw nothing that would tempt mirth in any of it, and he had his hair-trigger tears ready all the time. Bailiffs whose stars are years old and who have seen most of the tearful cases tried in the criminal court, said they never witnessed such tears as those shed by Page. One of them said they were "regular April showers."

Witnesses who told of having seen Page industriously scrubbing the front steps and taking in the paper were interrupted by the man they told about, who laid his handkerchief on his eyes and wept. Judge Gary shifted from one position to another. The clerks wrote hard. May Mennis threw snap—comments to her friends, and all the time Page wept.

At 12:30 Mr. McEwen stopped in the middle of a sentence, which was anything but soothing to the prisoner, and asked if any objection would be made to adjournment. There was none. Court broke up.

As he was led to the jail for dinner Page cried.

STACK & CO.

Rely on This That whatever prices are made to you elsewhere, we will always go one better --We lead them all in bargain giving. Saturday's values are extraordinary. The Fair was a busy store all week; hundreds of shrewd buyers have taken advantage of the gigantic sale of Dress Goods and Silks. However we have hundreds of choice Dress Patterns left for Saturday's shopping, and with the new arrivals of Thursday and Friday we have a complete stock of new up-to-date Dress Goods and Silks, all marked in plain figures in a fearless manner, defying competition. We would advise you to come early. First come, FIRST SERVICE, first selection.

Granite Cloths.
28-inch Granite Cloths, 12 choice patterns to select from, positively worth 40c a yard, at..... **25c**

Corded Novelty.
Corded Novelty, 38 inches wide, comes in four patterns only, actually worth 45c a yard, at..... **25c**

Suitings.
Gray and Tan Suitings, 36 inches wide, a serviceable fabric, worth 30c a yard, at **19c**

Wool Cashmeres.
German Wool Cashmeres, 36 inches wide, all colors, an exceptionally good value for 35c a yard, at..... **22½c**

Wool Novelty.
Raised Figure Wool Novelty in brown, black, blue and red grounds, a showy and heavy fabric, worth 65c a yard, at **48c**

Serges.
40-inch Serges, perfect in weave and finish, in six colors, worth 39c a yard, at **25c**

Clay Serge.
Black Clay Serge, Black Jacquards, in the large and small esqurial figures and scroll designs, worth from 35c to 45c a yard, at..... **25c**

Wool Serges.
46-inch Imported Wool Serges, all colors, considered a bargain at 68c; **49c**

Black Dress Goods.

Crepons.
Priestley's Raised Figured Crepons, silk finish, 46 inches wide, guaranteed not to loose its luster, no matter how long a service it may have, worth $1.48 a yard, at..... **98c**

Henriettas.
Imported Silk Warp Henriettas, 50 inches wide, an excellent wearing fabric, the goods must be seen to be appreciated. our regular $1.60 quality, at..... **$1.18**

SILKS.
EXTRAORDINARY VALUES AT EXTREMELY LOW PRICES.

Satin Duchesse.
Black Satin Duchesse, all pure silk, heavy weight, soft finish, brilliant and full of luster, the new finish; sale price **75c**

Black Taffeta.
Black Taffeta, all pure silk, very heavy and extra fine, pure dyed silk, the bright, sparkling crispy kind, at only **75c**

Peau de Soie.
Black Peau De Soie, sublime quality and bright black, the kind that wears well, warranted pure silk, good heavy weight, regular $1.48 value, at **$1.00**

China Silks.
CHINA SILKS, all colors, worth 39c, at **25c**

Taffeta Silks.
TAFFETA SILKS— All colors, worth 75c, at **48c**

STACK & CO.

Domet Flannel.
10 pieces plain Domet Flannel, heavy quality, extra long nap, worth 5c per yard.... **4c**

Cotton Covert.
15 pieces Cotton Covert, in Blue, Gray and Brown mixed, suitable for ladies' Skirts, 30-in wide, a yard.. **12½c**

Special.
5000 yards Lonsdale and Fruit of Loom Muslin yard wide, sells regularly at 10c per yard—Saturday's sale..... **8c**

Bed Spreads.
3 dozen Bed Spreads—superior quality, made of three ply yarn—both warp and filling, full size—hemmed, and ready for use **50c**

5 dozen Bed Spreads—Marseilles and Crochet pattern—extra heavy—full double bed size—cheap at 98c; Saturday..... **69c**

Another lot of Spreads, Marseilles and crochet, full size, extra heavy—some worth up to $1.50 each special..... **98c**

Lace Curtains.
Nottingham Lace Curtains—6 yards to pair; good value at 63c—per pair **48c**

Nottingham Lace Curtains, full length, made of fine quality of net, with overlock edge, on Saturday's price..... **59c**

Nottingham Curtains—An extra good one, with heavy border, of scroll work, full 3 yards long, worth $1.00 per pair..... **89c**

Ruffled Muslin Curtains, 3 yards each, nice quality of muslin, in striped effects, worth $1.50 per pair—also fine Nottingham Curtains in white or ecru—your choice—per pair..... **98c**

Lace Curtains, 3½ yards long, 60 inches wide, new patterns, button-hole edge, point d'Esprit center, heavy border—worth $2.50..... **$1.98**

Lace Curtains—Fine Nottingham, in dainty patterns, see this one—we are offering at—per pair..... **$2.25**

Dress Shirting Percales
50 pieces of pretty striped and figured Percales; one yard wide—suitable for dress and shirt waists; the 25c quality..... **12½c**

Bleached Sheeting.
2¼ yard wide Sheeting good heavy standard quality—soft finish, worth 20c per yard; this sale's special price. **15c**

Phenomenal Lace Curtain values for Saturday.

Ruffled Net Curtains at Manufacturers' Prices.

Ruffled Dotted Swiss Curtains, with lace edge, worth $4 per pair..... **$2.50**

Plain Net Curtains, with ruffled border and lace edge, worth $4.50 per pair **$3.50**

Swiss Curtains, in wide fancy stripes, worth $4.50 per pair..... **$2.75**

STACK & CO.

Housefurnishings.

Clothes Lines, white braided, 50 feet **5c**

Galvanized Wash Boilers, No. 8..... **55c**

Bright Wire Soap Dishes **2½c**

Laundry Soap, 12 bars Stack's Happy Home, for.... **25c**

Sad Irons, best on earth, for Saturday, per set..... **98c**

1-gallon Glass Oil Cans, with tin jackets..... **10c**

Ready Mixed Paints, ¾-pint cans, all colors, can..... **9c**

5-arm Clothes Dryer, a very useful article **8c**

Tin Folding Lunch Boxes, very best made **10c**

Hardwood Tops, nicely painted, complete with strings, each **1c**

Housefurnishings.

Hand Lamp, complete with No. 2 burner and chimney... **15c**

Thin blown Table Tumblers, full size, each..... **2½c**

Glass Rose Bowls, imitation cut, 8-inch size, the 50c bowls..... **19c**

Another lot gold band China Cups and Saucers, pair..... **10c**

Imported Semi-Porcelain Dinner Sets, in white, the new 1900 shape; this can also be had in open stock, 100-piece sets; this sale **$7.48**

Natural Shells, your choice of sizes, two for..... **5c**

White stone Beer Steins, imported, each **19c**

White Opal Lamp Shade, 7-in size **10c**

Housefurnishings.

4-pint Nickel Plated Tea and Coffee Pots..... **35c**

Granite Bread Pans, 10-inch size **15c**

Blue and White Granite Tea Pots, 5-pint size..... **35c**

Genuine Dover Egg Beaters **5c**

Silvered Wire Plate Handles **3½c**

Moulding or Picture Hooks, in brass, dozen..... **3c**

Silvered Picture Wire, package **3c**

Clothes Pins at Half Price, 6 dozen for **5c**

Long-handled Feather Dusters, for pictures and ceilings..... **9c**

Our price on GO-CARTS are positively the lowest in the city.

STACK & CO.

Notions and Small Wares.

Arm Bands, in pink white and blue, worth 5c a pair, at **2c**

2 gross Misses' Hose Supporters, worth 12½c per pair, at **5c**

Crepe Paper, about 100 rolls in all-shades (somewhat soiled), regular price 10c per roll..... **5c**

6 dozen Ladies' Pocket Books worth 35c each, at..... **25c**

36 dozen fancy Hat Pins, worth from 10c to 25c each; your choice at **5c**

Nethersole Bracelets in sterling silver, from $2.50 to..... **48c**

Pearl Beauty Pins, worth 5c and 10c each; our price, 2 for... **5c**

100 Boxes of Envelopes, regular 5c packages, 4 for..... **10c**

25c packages of Playing Cards—the Rover; Saturday's price, per pack **15c**

(Limit, two packs to a customer).

Scissors and Shears, worth 15c, 19c and 25c each; choice at..... **10c**

2 gross Turkish Bath Soap, 5c bars, special Saturday, three for **10c**

Wire Hair Brushes, worth 19c each, at..... **10c**

Bristle Hair Brushes, worth 63c and 85c each, at..... **48c**

Belt Holders, regular price 5c each, at..... **2c**

Finishing Braid in 4-yard bunches, worth 7c each, at..... **3c**

Underwear Dept.

Misses' and Boys' Spring-weight Underwear, in all sizes, ribbed goods, with brushed back; 2 cases for tomorrow, at—

25c, 19c, 15c and 10c

40 dozen Ladies' Swiss ribbed Vests, worth 15c a garment, at..... **10c**

25 dozen Vests for Children, in light and medium weight, 12½c value, at..... **5c**

Hosiery Specials—

40 dozen Ladies' fine Black Cotton Hose, double sole, high spliced heel, worth 19c a pair; two pairs for..... **25c**

Misses' Hose for Saturday—

We offer 100 dozen Black Cotton Hose, regular value 15c; three pairs for..... **25c**

"The Flying Dutchman" Route to St. Louis.

April 29 the C., M. & St. P. will open its "Flying Dutchman" route with through sleeping car service from the Twin Cities to St. Louis via La Crosse, Rock Island, Peoria and Springfield.

Leave Minneapolis 7:50 a. m., St. Paul 8:30 a. m., arrive St. Louis 7 o'clock next morning.

Route is via C., M. & St. P., Twin Cities to Rock Island; Rock Island & Peoria railway, Rock Island to Peoria, and Chicago & Alton railway, Peoria to St. Louis.

The line from St. Paul to Rock Island is along the Mississippi, affording one of the most beautiful daylight rides in America.

FOURTEEN PAGES--SECTION ONE--Pages 1 to 8

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

EIGHTEENTH YEAR. SATURDAY, APRIL 28, 1900. LAST EDITION. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

Your Credit is Good at French & Bassett's

Our credit system is open to all and enables one to make a home comfortable and enjoyable by paying a little each month. The prices here are lower than those prevailing in any other Duluth store and there is no extra charge for the use of our credit system. We want your trade and will do all in our power to serve you faithfully.

OUR TERMS:

$25.00 worth of goods	$5.00 a month
$35.00 worth of goods	$6.00 a month
$50.00 worth of goods	$7.00 a month
$60.00 worth of goods	$8.00 a month
$75.00 worth of goods	$9.00 a month
$100.00 worth of goods	$10.00 a month

Special and Liberal Terms on Larger Amounts.

French & Bassett,
Complete House Furnishers.

STRYKER, MANLEY & BUCK, REAL ESTATE AND LOANS.
GOOD BARGAINS IN HOUSES AND LOTS.
Can sell you a home for much less than you can build a house. Buy a home on monthly payments instead of paying rent.
Bargain in ten acre tract, all under cultivation, good 8-room house, well, cistern, barn, 1 mile from center of city
TORREY BUILDING. STRYKER, MANLEY & BUCK.

5% Money for good resident loans.
JOHN A. STEPHENSON, 104 PROVIDENCE BUILDING.

Don't Buy Outside lots until you see what we have to offer in WOODLAND. 25 lots, 50x132, near the car line. Easy payments.
MOORE & STARK, Exchange Building.

A Gentle Reminder Don't forget about our Cameras
We have lots of them, the best makes—Kodaks, Pocas, Vives, Cyclones, etc., in all sorts of styles and sizes and at all sorts of prices. We will not be undersold. A ten dollar Camera will preserve the beauty and pleasure of a hundred dollar trip.
C. D. TROTT,
3 W. Superior St. Optician.

TICKETS To and from all European Points, via—
WHITE STAR LINE.
FOR SALE BY PULFORD, HOW & COMPANY,
Room B, Trust Company Building.

For Sale on Lake Ave. North,
Four Choice Residences.
G. G. DICKERMAN & CO., Trust Co. Bldg.

Northern Security Company
DULUTH & WEST DULUTH
HANSEN SMITH, President.
REAL ESTATE, FIRE INSURANCE, STOCKS, BONDS AND INVESTMENTS.
OFFICES: Banking Rooms, First Floor Palladio Bldg. West Duluth Bank Building. See us before negotiating securities.

Our New Telephone Number is 336.
Same as on the old line. Ring us up and we will send for your orders.
Peachey & Lounsberry, Prompt Printers,
15 Second Avenue West.

What Kind of Printing? Why, all Kinds of JOB PRINTING?
No. We don't mean Rubber Stamp printing, but done on a printing press with all the latest styles of type. PRINTING
CONSOLIDATED STAMP AND PRINTING CO.
7 Phenix Block.

We Carry a Full Line of Sportsmen's Articles...
We can fit you out with everything you need at prices that cannot be duplicated in Duluth. A special line of all kinds of Fishing Tackle. We also do general bicycle repairing of all kinds.
We sell the celebrated Remington, La Clede and Famous Bicycles at prices from $28.00 to $45.00. Bicycle Supplies of Every Description.
OUR BICYCLE LIVERY—Brand new wheels to rent at reasonable prices. TELEPHONE 970. ERSPAMER BROS., 104 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

BOERS AT PASSES

Large Bodies Are Gathered at Van Reenens and Olivershoek.

CAN MASS READILY

Can at Once Assemble Against the British at Any Point.

London, April 28, 2:05 p. m.—The British forces in the Orange Free State are still, presumably, following the Boers northward, but at this hour there is no word from the most interesting field of operations. A dispatch from Ladysmith under today's date says there are only small parties of Boers in Tintwa pass, but that some hundreds are guarding Van Reenens and Olivershock passes. Commandants DeBeer and Vanrieskerk are in charge and their forces have been so disposed that the whole body can be massed at any pass the British may attempt to force.

A dispatch from De Wets Dorp dated Friday, April 27, says residents of that place claim the strength of the Boer force which recently avacuated the place was 6000 men with six guns, under German officers.

The St. James Gazette this afternoon, dealing with the problem of the treatment of the Free State farmers, suggests a revival of Gen. Weyler's Cuban concentrado system, "minus the horrible dishonesty of its execution."

FRENCH AT THABA NCHU.

He Joins With Hamilton and Smith-Dorrien There.

London, April 28.—The war office has issued the following from Lord Roberts, dated Bloemfontein, Friday, April 27, 6 p. m.: Gen. French reached Thaba Nchu this morning with cavalry. He met Gen. Ian Hamilton and Gen. Smith-Dorrien's brigade there. The enemy were still holding the eastern outlet of the town, whereFrom Gen. French and Gen. Hamilton were proceeding to turn them out. Gen. Rundle's division was eight miles south of Thaba Nchu last evening.

Additional casualties thus far reported: Ian Hamilton's mounted infantry, Lieuts. Barry and Hill wounded, of Marshall's horse, the former severely, the latter slightly. A patrol from Bethulie came across a body of the enemy on Smithfield road, April 25. Private King of the Prince Albert Guards was killed and two of the Royal Scots service corps were taken prisoners. The yeomanry cavalry, under Gen. Brabanson, after reconnoitering as far as Wepener, returned to De Wets Dorp this morning.

The Daily Chronicle has the following from Vaal Bank, dated Wednesday, April 25: For two days the Boers have been fighting a series of rear guard actions. Crossing the Modder here and hotly pursued by Gen. Alderson, they got into the kopjes southeast of the crossing, and narrowly missed being captured by Gen Rundle, who was coming from that direction, but on sighting his advance, they turned eastward and slipped away between Gen. Adderson and Gen. Rundle.

A prisoner just captured asserts that President Steyn was present during Monday's fight at Standfontein, east of Leeuw kop. He has shaved his beard so that he was not easily recognized.

The Ladysmith correspondent of the Daily Telegraph says: The Boers are preparing to spend the winter in Natal. They are bringing their stock from the high veldt into Natal for winter grazing, and they are demanding that the Kaffirs pay the hut tax to them instead of the Natal government. They also declare that unless the Kaffirs work for them they (the Kaffirs) must remove south of Sundays river.

The Ladysmith correspondent of the Standard says: The strength of the Boers in the Biggarsberg district is believed to be between 5000 and 8000. They are commanded by Gen. Lucas Meyer and are well supplied with artillery.

CORRESPONDENTS AT SEA.

Send Conflicting Accounts of What Roberts Is Doing.

New York, April 28.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says: The rigorous censorship has excluded press news from the Free State for twenty-four hours. The war correspondents, owing to the extensive deployment of five divisions and two cavalry brigades, have, with one or two exceptions, returned to headquarters at Bloemfontein and their conjectures respecting the directions of the lines of the Boer retreat and British operations have not been in accord.

Gen. Roberts, in a midnight dispatch, gives a brief summary of the situation as he understood it at 3 o'clock Friday afternoon, but left several points in doubt. Gen. Hamilton, with the mounted infantry and one brigade of the Ninth division, had reached Thaba Nchu, where Gen. French joined him with his cavalry brigades yesterday morning. Rundle's division being a few miles south. The Boers were still holding the eastern outlet of the town and French and Hamilton were preparing to turn them out. Both Hamilton and French had made fine forced marches, but it was not clear whether the main body of the Boers had retired to Thaba Nchu from De Wets Dorp or had gone across the country toward Constantia to effect a junction with Olivier's force retreating from Wepener. The former theory was more probable, but even in that case it was uncertain whether the Boers had remained in force or had left a rear guard in the town.

Gen. Roberts reported that Gen. Brabason, with the yeomanry cavalry, had gone as far as Wepener and returned to De Wets Dorp, where Chermside's division was still halting. Pole-Carew's division was either at De Wets Dorp or was marching toward Thaba Nchu. There was nothing from Wepener and no other official news except a few casualties and a report of an outpost affair near Bethulie.

Gen. Roberts' operations are now conducted on so large a scale that the public here is dazed by them and requires some definite result, like another Paardeberg, in order to be convinced that he is making progress. The experts regard his maneuvers as masterly. It is now plain that after the two reverses at Sannas Post and Reddersburg he decided upon a course of inaction in order to draw as large a body of Boers as possible into the southeastern district of the Free State, knowing that when he was ready he could deploy five corps against them and hoping that he could cut off the retreat of several commandoes. His maneuvers were almost too successful, since the Boers retreated from Wepener and De Wets Dorp before French could intercept them. A portion of the Boer force has been found at Thaba Nchu, and in the course of twenty-four hours it will be known whether there is any chance of capturing it.

When Thaba Nchu is cleared of the enemy, Gen. Roberts can continue his turning movement, either direct by the north to Winburg, or by a wider circuit through Ladybrand, and in this way he can empty the Boer position at Brandfort. The effect of his operations can hardly fail to be demoralizing to the Dutch, who are unable to forecast the direction of his maneuvers and powerless to offer an effective resistance to them.

The cross-examination of Mr. Wyndham was continued in the house of commons yesterday on delicate questions relating to the campaign. He did not give the name of the subaltern responsible for the loss of the convoy and guns at Sanna's Post, but pleaded ignorance. The question was clearly inspired by a suspicion that some important personage, like the duke of Teck, was implicated, and that both Gen. Roberts and the war office were seeking to protect him. The duke of Teck was in another section of the theater of war and his brother has also been reported in another quarter. London clubs in war time are whispering galleries of gossip and calumny and the names of the brothers of the duchess of York have been freely mentioned in connection with the stupid blunder made at Sanna's Post, but there is no authority for those irresponsible charges.

Mr. Wyndham was also drawn into an explanation of the causes of the suppression of Gen. Roberts' comments on Gens. Buller and Warren for several weeks and it was an artificial one. The delay could not have been caused by an exchange of messages with Gen. Roberts and the time required for printing and considering the report. The relief of Ladysmith depended upon the immediate advance of Buller's army and the war office exercised wise discretion in holding back the reports and comments.

BLOODY SWAZILAND.

Queen Gives the Chiefs Permission to Continue Killing.

Lourenzo Marques, April 28.—Swaziland runners report that the recent visit to the queen of Swaziland by Sir Ellis Ashmead-Bartlett has not checked the killing. The Swaziland queen has placed the former king's brother on the throne, a boy of 18. She argues that as she will have to answer for the death of Sebugau, she may as well continue killing, and she has given the chiefs permission to kill whom they please throughout the whole of Swaziland.

TEXAS FLOOD.

Tremendous Rains Cause Loss of Life and Great Damage.

Galveston, April 28.—Many streets here are flooded from curb to curb today owing to the tremendous rains last night. A hail storm yesterday afternoon and last night shattered many windows, wrecking greenhouses and photograph skylights, caused runaways and killed many birds. The whole state is watersoaked, the spring precipitation being the greatest on record.

Waco, Texas, April 28.—An electric storm, accompanied by rain in torrents, fell here yesterday, swelling the two creeks flowing through the city and doing great damage to property. The bodies of two Known and one unknown dead have been recovered and three other persons are known to have perished. The dead are: Mrs. Nancy Caudle, Miss Emma Caudle, her daughter, unknown negro.

The business streets were converted into rivers. Such a flood was never before seen here. The rain resembled a succession of cloudbursts.

The Brazos river is over ten feet above the danger mark and is still rising. The property loss in Waco will be fully $50,000.

REBELS HAVE CARTAGENA.

Place Where Most of Colombia's Customs Are Collected.

Washington, April 28.—The state department has received confirmation of the press report that Cartagena has fallen into the hands of the insurgents. The information comes from an indirect but reliable source. The taking of the town is regarded as a matter of the greatest importance, for Cartagena is the principal seaport of Colombia and collects most of the customs revenues of the country. Consequently its capture will greatly strengthen the revolutionists.

It is probable that the navy department will dispatch one of the smaller gunboats now cruising in the West Indies to the seat of trouble in order to insure American interests against loss. It is not possible to communicate with the American minister at Bogota, the capital of Colombia, owing to the breaking of telegraphic communication from the coast to the interior.

The Colombia legation has received information tending to confirm its suspicions that Nicaragua was at the bottom of this last movement. It is asserted that revolutionists fitted out a Nicaragua gunboat named the Rayo, flying the Nicaragua flag, which is now at Maracaibo, Venezuela, prepared to operate against Colombia.

SUPREME COURT DECISIONS.

St. Paul, April 28.—The supreme court handed down the following decisions yesterday: Joseph C. Helm, plaintiff, J. N. Whitely, claimant-appellant, vs. Smith-Fee company, respondents. Order reversed. Start, C. J. Evan B. McCord, appellant, vs. Robert J. Knowlton et al, respondents. Judgment reversed. Lewis, J. Charles W. Thompson, respondent, vs. Great Northern Railway company, appellant. Order affirmed. Start, C. J. H. J. Bloomendate, respondent, vs. H. F. Albrecht, appellant. Judgment affirmed. Lewis, J. James B. Fitzgerald, respondent, vs. William H. King, as surviving partner of Staples & King, appellant. Evidence examined and found to sustain the decision. Lewis, J. Minnie S. Gribble, respondent, vs. John Wagener, appellant. Judgment reversed. Start, C. J.

TREATY RATIFIED.

Washington, April 28.—The senate in executive session yesterday ratified the treaty with Spain extending for six months the time in which Spanish residents in the Philippines may decide whether they will remain subjects of Spain or become citizens of the Philippines. Senator Davis explained briefly the provisions of the treaty and it was accepted without debate.

THE PORTE IS SILENT

No Answer to This Country's Demand For Payment of Claims.

IT MUST BE JOLTED

Display of Force Is Probably Needed to Make Turkey Yield.

Constantinople, Friday, April 27.—The United States legation has not yet received the porte's answer to the note handed to Tewfik Pasha, the Turkish foreign minister, by the American charge d'affaires regarding the indemnity claims. The impression is gaining ground that the reply will be in the negative or even that no reply will be made. The latter alternative, however, seems to be unlikely.

> The general opinion is that, without a display of force, the porte certainly will not pay the claims, because it wishes to show the Moslem world that it only yields to force.

It is not considered that a simple rupture of diplomatic relations will render the porte easier to deal with, but a rupture of formal relations is not thought necessary, as the sending of a warship to a Mediterranean port would suffice to obtain a settlement of the matter in less than twenty-four hours.

The same proposition for a settlement of the indemnity question by an order for a warship in the price of which the indemnity should be included was formerly made to France and Italy, but M. Constans and Senor Panja rejected the proposal.

The newspaper criticisms and comments upon the attitude of Turkey in this affair are causing great irritation at the yidiz kiosk.

AGAINST AMERICAN ORDERS.

Fraternal Societies In Canada Want Them Excluded.

Toronto, Ont., April 28.—A crusade is being waged here against American fraternal societies doing business in Canada. The Canadian Fraternal association, representing 300,000 members and insurance to the extent of over $1,000,000,000, met today and will consider the question. They desire to prevent their American competitors from doing business in Canada, and will ask the Canadian government to embody their views in legislation.

TWO CREMATED

Two Women Are Burned to Death at Junction City, Wis.

Milwaukee, April 28.—An Evening Wisconsin special from Junction City says: Mrs. Marie Hook and Sadie Hill, a granddaughter of Mrs. Hook, were burned to a crisp today. It is supposed that Sadie was burning brush in the yard and her clothes caught fire and, in attempting to extinguish the flames, Mrs. Hook's clothes also caught fire. It is not known just how the accident occurred, as both were found dead by Mrs. John Hook when she came home.

CONGER URGES.

Minister Making Renewed Demands on China to Protect Americans.

New York, April 28.—A special to the Herald from Washington says: Minister Conger has informed the state department that he is making renewed demands upon the Tsung Li Yamen for protection to Americans in China.

The department's advices are to the effect that the hostility of the Chinese to missionaries has now extended to all foreigners, and Minister Conger's late representations deal with the protection of American salesmen who are traveling in the empire. Commander Burwell, commanding the gunboat Wheeling, which is at Taku, has reported his presence there to Minister Conger, and will co-operate with the latter in protecting American interests.

It is the expectation of the administration that Rear Admiral Remey will place a sufficient force under Rear Admiral Kempff's command adequately to protect American interests in China.

WILDMAN'S ERRAND HOME.

Reported That He May Be McKinley's Running Mate.

New York, April 28.—A dispatch from Hong Kong says:

"It is reported here that Rounsville Wildman, the American consul general, is leaving for the United States on a political mission. M. Wildman, it is said, has been asked by Republican leaders in the West to become a candidate for vice president."

HIS TITLE CLEAR.

Frankfort, Ky., April 28—Attorney Gen. Breckinridge today enjoys the distinction of being the only state officer in Kentucky whose title is not in litigation. Judge Clifton J. Pratt, the republican contestee, as anticipated several days ago, quit the contest and on his failure to file a supersedeas bond prior to last night, the undisputed title passed to Breckinridge.

THE CASE OF CHILE

A Statement of Its Position In the Chile-Peru Controversy.

DISPUTE OVER VOTE

History of Negotiations Over Plebiscite In the Disputed Provinces.

Washington, April 28.—Regarding the present tension between Chili and Peru over the future control of the provinces of Tacna and Arica, the following authoritative statement of Chili's side of the case has been made: The Chilian government is in no way responsible for the hitch in providing for the final disposition of the provinces in question. The treaty between Chili and Peru made at the termination of war between these two countries, besides setting forth that at the end of ten years the future control of Tacna and Arica should be decided by a plebiscite, or popular vote, of the inhabitants of the provinces named, also provided that the conditions under which the plebiscite was to be taken should be taken by a protocol appointed for that purpose.

That the popular vote did not ensue and that the decision of the people of the provinces was not obtained at the end of the allotted period is accounted for primarily by the fact that at that time, 1894, Peru was in a state of revolution and negotiations were temporarily precluded.

Later, efforts to provide rules of election for the plebescite were a dismal failure. The Peruvian government held that only native-born inhabitants of the two provinces were entitled to vote; while Chili, believing the disposition of Tacna and Arica to be of like interest and importance to both native and foreign-born, desired the vote to include every resident of the provinces. The two countries were unable to settle upon a satisfactory adjustment of this point, and thus the plebiscite, which was to dispose of the provinces one way or the other, was not taken.

Another phase of the matter lies in the question of the payment of $10,000,000, the sum to be paid over by the country in whose favor the popular vote decided as a compromise to the other subjects of the province. After repeated efforts and failures in endeavoring to establish a settlement, in 1898 the vice president of Peru, formerly a resident Chilian, was sent to Chili to negotiate, but though various methods of coming to an agreement were offered by the Chilian minister of foreign affairs, all were rejected. Finally, the Chilian executive expressed his willingness that in case Peru was awarded the provinces, $1,000,000 should be paid down and the remainder in yearly installments during a stated period; also agreeing that the dispute as to the taking of the plebiscite should be settled by outside arbitration, Peru to name the arbitrator. These provisions, while having the sanction of the executive branch of the government, were, when submitted to the Chilian legislature, neither accepted nor rejected, but the debate ended in the framing of a resolution advising that further negotiations with Peru in the matter be prosecuted, thus intimating that too great concessions would be involved in this agreement.

There is still another view of the situation, and one which explains the anxiety particularly of the Peruvians to acquire possession of the provinces. Bolivia, adjoining Peru and Chili on the east, is connected with the sea coast by a railway running through the southern extremity of Peru. Should Tacna and Arica eventually remain with Chili, railroad communication would undoubtedly be established through these provinces from Bolivia to the sea, diverting the Bolivian trade to this shorter and more direct route to the coast, and causing Peru's revenue from customs dutles to suffer a very material decrease.

ONE LEG GONE.

Pat Ronnan Fell Under Iron Range Train---Unknown Man Killed.

Two Harbors, Minn., April 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—A laborer named Pat Ronnan, while stealing a ride on a Duluth & Iron Range ore train, had one of his legs cut off near Allen Junction this morning. He was going to Biwabik in search of work and by mistake got on a train going to Tower. In attempting to get off he fell under the cars with the result above mentioned. He is from Duluth and will be taken to St. Mary's hospital at that place.

The northbound freight leaving Duluth at 10 o'clock last night, struck and killed an unknown man near Lakewood. His body was brought here.

PENSIONS GRANTED.

Washington, April 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—The following pensions have been granted: Increase—John Huff, Grand Rapids, $8. Widows—Anna Hope, Rockford, $8; Margaret J. Pearce, Duluth, $8.

BARBERS RESTIVE.

Peoria, Ill., April 28.—The barbers of this city have demanded an increase in wages of their bosses and have been refused. The union is very strong here, and the leaders say that unless the demand is granted a strike will be declared.

NO RELIEF.

Pittsburg, April 28.—The jury in the divorce case of James King Clark, son of the late J. Clark, millionaire and philanthropist, against Ester Bartlett Clarke, of Washington, D. C., disagreed after being out twenty-four hours, and at noon was discharged.

PORTER OUT OF DANGER.

New York, April 28.—George F. Betts, brother-in-law of John Addison Porter, gave out the following statement last night: John Addison Porter has been operated upon and the operation was entirely successful. We do not care to give the name of the hospital or name of the doctors. But you can say that Mr. Porter is out of danger.

CANNOT BE GRANTED

Duluth's Request For a Bigger Postoffice Force Must Be Delayed.

THERE IS NO MONEY

And Nothing Can Be Done Until Appropriation Bill Is Passed.

From The Herald WashingtonBureau.

Washington, April 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—The officials of the postoffice department are receiving many visits and hundreds of requests from various big cities for an increase in salary, allowances and increases in the carrier forces. The department is unable to grant any of the requests made until the pending postoffice appropriation bill becames a law. The measure will not pass the senate and be approved by the president until about June 1. Philadelphia, San Francisco, Duluth and cities in this class are knocking at the doors of the postoffice department for a bigger force to better the mail facilities in these cities. Postmaster General Smith and his assistants are compelled to turn a deaf ear to all until they know whether congress is to be liberal or niggardly. That the service in cities of the class mentioned above should be bettered is, however, conceded on all sides. It now remains for congress to settle this question for the next fiscal year at least.

* * *

Conferees representing the senate and house are in a peck of trouble over the clause regarding the settlement of the Porto Rico franchise question. Representative Cooper, head of the house conferees, is unable to agree with Senator Foraker, who is the leader of the senate conference committee. It is well known both are Republicans. Cooper is not favorable to Foraker's contention, and a big row is imminent. It was expected that the question would be settled this week. Foraker, however, is out of town and the delay in disposing of the question is unsatisfactory to Cooper. The latter does not believe the powers that will control Porto Rico should be permitted to dispose of these franchises to United States corporations to the detriment of the natives of the island.

* * *

Consul General Gummere of Tangier transmits a letter from Messrs. Borgeaud, Reutemann & Co., merchant and shipping agents of Tangier, who are anxious for direct communication between New York and Tangier. It appears that the Anchor Line Steamship company has informed this firm that if a sufficient quantity of freight can be assured, it will open direct transportation to Tangier. The letter reads:

"Hon. S. R. Gummere: Sir—As we have for a number of years imported American petroleum, lard, cotton-seed oil, Virginia tobacco and flour, which we are now compelled to receive via Belgium, Germany, England or Gibraltar, we have a very great interest in establishing a direct steamship connection between New York and Tangier. Petroleum is imported here via Gibraltar in boxes containing two tins, each of four gallons capacity. The entire consumption of petroleum for Tangier alone is from 1000 to 1200 boxes per month. The present consumption of lard is only 100 to 120 buckets of 28 lbs. net per month, but as the European population increases the market for this article will grow. It is not used by the natives. Cotton-seed oil is at present imported via Hamburg and Liverpool; also in small quantities via Genoa. The consumption depends upon the harvest olive oil in the country, and amour 50 or 100 barrels per month. V tobacco is a miner article, and sumption is limited at preser 6000 pounds per month.

"We are agents of a touching all the Mor Tangier to Mogador, difficult for us to crease the imp into other Mo honor to be Ctates bu with these fa Ameri can or (as, for inst ships sail- ir ad the Medi- take this mat- and make ar- monthly connection rk ad Tangier. The eamships in this port are ever more than $15. Yours re

B. AUD, REUTEMANN & CO."

* * *

Consul Donaldson sends from Managua a report by Consular Agent Manning of Matagalpa, which reads:

The disease which has attacked the coffee trees of this district, known as "Stilbum flavidum" by some whose knowledge of botany and plant diseases makes their opinions valuable, was first noticed here and recognized as a disease in 1893 or early in 1894, although the spot had been seen on the trees before that. It semed to make its appearance first on the slopes of the hills most exposed to the north wind, and therefore most liable to heavy night fogs, and its effects are more noticeable under these conditions; yet, it will be also seen in most sheltered spots.

Soil seems to have nothing particularly to do with the disease, as it is found on the most barren and most fertile soils indiscriminately. Its cause is yet unknown, although a gentleman who has given the question considerable study is of the opinion, based on observation of the habits of a small mosquito, that the fungus may be the spontaneous growth from the exertions of this insect. He claims that wherever the disease first makes its appearance these small gnats may be found in great numbers.

The disease is a fungus which attacks the leaf of the coffee tree, spreading with great rapidity. The leaves dry up and fall to the ground. The tree then throws out new leaves, which are in turn attacked with the same result. While very few trees have absolutely died from the disease, they have lost their usefulness entirely, as they bear no fruit. No effort of any value has been put forth up to the present to eradicate this disease. There is a club known as the Club de les Extranjeres, com-

(Continued on Page 6.)

DEFECTIVE PAGE

THE IRISH ARE COLD

They Do Not Respond to English Efforts to Be Chummy.

DOES SHELDON'S ACT

Dr. Parker Runs a Paper---Critics Condemn Edward Vroom's Work.

London, April 28.—(Copyrighted, 1900, by the Associated Press.)—Though the queen has returned to England and her remarkable visit to Ireland is now a matter of history, the latest fad shows no signs of abatement. Royalty's presence in Erin failed to make Irishmen flauntingly English, but, curiously enough, made Englishmen annoyingly Irish. Of this phase, which began by the universal wearing of the shamrock, there have been several striking examples this week. The lower house of the York convocation, composed of sedate clergy and laymen of the Church of England's northern diocese, has adopted resolutions to put St. Patrick upon the pages of prayer books, from which he was unaccountably missing. St. Andrew is there, but Erin's patron saint was omitted when the reformers re-edited the liturgy.

On a par with this action is the agitation in England over Irishmen's right to wear kilts. Upon this momentous question, Hon. William Gibson, son of Baron Ashbourne, lord chancellor of Ireland, has been lecturing to large audiences in London, dressed in the picturesque, abbreviated garb generally associated with Scotchmen. He makes an impassioned plea for the divine right of Hibernians to wear kilts. Mr. Gibson is a learned young man who married a French woman and consistently resides in England.

Now there is talk of making the new Irish Guards brigade masquerade in kilts, though the reports which have come from South Africa telling of the suffering of the bare-legged Highlanders, and of the sorrows which are attached to this out-of-date uniform, are recent enough to banish the suggestion into the long list of foolish absurdities. It is probable that the war office will take this view.

In consonance with the queen's personal wishes, as many as possible of the new Guards regiment will be mustered for the usual birthday trooping of colors and review in London on May 23. This canonizing and kilting would be merely humorous could the impartial onlooker forget the misery, poverty and stagnation of industries that prevail throughout Southern and Western Ireland, but in view of the conditions that exist in that portion of the British isles, the so-called shamrock craze in England can scarcely be considered anything but another instance on the part of a majority of England's people of their complete failure to grasp the nature of Ireland's needs, however well meant and generous may be these outward, skin-deep, signs of friendship.

The effects of Sir Alfred Milner's proclamation requiring ladies to stay in England instead of going out to the Cape are beginning to be apparent in society. Lady Henry Bentinck and many others returning to London. Lady Randolph Churchill was not expected to return with the hospital ship Maine.

Alfred Milner has not increased his social popularity by his frank utterances. Most society women prefer the bother and expense of cancelling their arrangements rather than to face the criticisms attached to a trip so much decried by the high commissioner, but they like the author of their troubles more and more now that it is stated that Lord Roberts, who approved Sir Alfred Milner's proclamation, cabled to his wife and daughter advising them not to go to the Cape too late, however, to effect his purpose.

According to the stories reaching London, Lord Roberts' great kindness and sympathy have been finding many outlets. During the wait at Bloemfontein he has visited every man in the hospital, carrying with him many little comforts. Going up to one of the wounded, he asked, cheerily: "Can I do anything for you?" receiving the reply: "Yes; I'd like you to keep my name out of the casualty list." This man's name did not appear, and his anxiety that his relatives should not be alarmed was appeased. Another, a dying officer, Lord Roberts comforted by promising to watch over the future of his only child. With such incidents current, it is scarcely surprising that the nation adores its little general, and as a whole abstains from criticisms of anythign he may do. If Gen. Buller had waited inactive as long as Lord Roberts has at Bloemfontein, the storm of public criticism and impatience would well nigh have forced his recall.

Dr. Parker, London's well-known preacher, repeated this week Rev. Charles Sheldon's Topeka Capital experiment. The paper put in his hands was Pearson's Illustrated Weekly News. The Kansas pastor seems rather to have taken the wind out of Dr. Parker's sails, and the latter's effort is attracting comparatively little comment or attention. Dr. Parker recently celebrated the seventieth anniversary of his birth, upon which occasion he was the recipient of many gifts.

The appearance of the new half penny morning newspaper in London, though much heralded, caused little or no stir after the first issue was sold. The entrance of such an energetic man as Cyril Pearson into the field of daily journalism was naturally looked forward to with general public interest, but the Express proved so similar to the Daily Mail that expectations were somewhat disappointed. One noticeable difference is that the Express prints news on the first page, an American plan in vogue with no other London morning paper, all of them devoting the first page to advertisements. So inured, however, is London becoming to American methods that a paper which had not a ghost of a chance of succeeding five years ago may now become a successful and popular medium.

This week has been disastrous for new theatrical productions. Edward Vroom's "Marsac of Gascon," at the Drury Lane theater, has been mercilessly scored by the critics, who also object to Mr. Vroom's American accent. The press has also been unanimous in condemning an "American Beauty," which was produced at the Shaftesbury theater Wednesday and of which so much was expected.

The crusade against a certain class of plays continues. S. Smith, member of parliament for Flintshire, has given notice of his intention to offer a resolution in the house of commons, May 15, calling attention to the depraving character of some of the plays performed in London theaters. In the meanwhile, Zaza flourishes at the Garrick theater. Charles Frohman has renewed his tenancy of the theater, so that the run of the play may be continued. He is also organizing a company for Australia.

AFTER GATES.

Summons Out For Gates' and Lambert's Arrest For Misrepresentation.

New York, April 28.—Developments in the affairs of the American Steel and Wire company likely to cause a sensation were made known yesterday. Summonses are now in the hands of the law firm of Lamb & Voss for Chairman John W. Gates, of the company's board of directors, and John Lambert, the president, both of whom left this city for Chicago last Wednesday, and it is the intention of the authorities to take further legal proceedings which will include efforts to get extradition papers if Messrs. Gates and Lambert show no intention of coming back to this city.

Magistrate Secler, who granted the summonses at a private hearing, has issued them in blank so that the attorneys can fill in the dates at which they may be made returnable. The first complainant in the case was Washington Seligman, of the firm of Seligman & Van Antwerp. There is a second complainant whose name has been withheld.

The summonses against Messrs. Gates and Lambert were issued on application under section 611 of the penal code of this state, headed, "Misconduct of officers and employes of corporations." It reads in part as follows:

"A director, officer, agent or employe of any corporation or joint stock association who knowingly concurs in making or publishing any written report, exhibit or statement of its affairs or pecuniary condition, containing any material statement not true is guilty of a misdemeanor."

Some time ago it was stated that the American Steel and Wire company, on account of the prosperous condition of the company's business, intended to retire $5,000,000 of preferred stock, out of $40,000,000 at par. On account of this statement, Washington Seligman and the other client of Ward & Voss bought Steel and Wire referred stock. When Mr. Gates shut down the company's factories, he was quoted as saying that the affairs of the company were in bad shape, that only 30 per cent of its products were contracted for. Then the stock began to fall. Mr. Gates is quoted as saying on the same day that the price of steel rails would fall to $22 in a week, which it by no means did, and the men who made the complaint claim the statement was unjustifiable.

GIVES STRENGTH TO THE STOMACH, PURITY TO THE BLOOD, LIFE TO THE LUNGS.

LEADERS DIVIDED

McKinley and Hanna Said to Be Not Working In Harmony.

HANNA WILL RETIRE

From Management of Campaign Because McKinley Wants Him to Quit.

Washington, April 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—Recent and important developments in the national capital indicate that the administration leaders of the past are divided on political as well as legislative matters. It is apparent that President McKinley and Senator Hanna have not been working together in perfect harmony for the past few weeks. While the Ohio seator has given support to administration measures in the senate up to this time, it is known that he has done so in order to prevent friction in the party ranks, and to keep from the public the fact that Mr. McKinley and himself are much wider apart politically than they have been since their early acquaintance in Ohio and in national political affairs.

I have frequently stated that Mr. Hanna would not be the next chairman of the Republican national campaign committee. This assertion has often been disputed by the McKinleyites and Hannaites. The disagreement between the president and Mr. Hanna is now practically an open secret, and there is a possibility that the public will be made fully aware of all the facts regarding the dissolution of their partnership before the present national presidential campaign closes in November.

Mr. Hanna will not be chairman of the next Republican national committee. Maj. McKinley is not anxious to have him serve in this capacity. Mr. Hanna, as I have frequently stated in the past, is more than anxious to relieve himself of the responsibility of conducting another campaign for the present occupant of the White House.

The difference between these two men, as stated before, is so wide it can not be possible for them to come together this year. Mr. Hanna, shrewd politician that he is, may never make his reasons public for declining to act further in the interest of the man he is said to have made president of the United States. Maj. McKinley is also another clever politician. He will probably decide that it will be unwise for him to make public the reasons for the failure of Mr. Hanna and himself to continue their political operations together in the future.

The dissolution of this partnership is, of course, unexpected by those who have known the strained relations that have existed between these two distinguished gentlemen within the past few months. Maj. McKinley is of the opinion, it is said, that his campaign will be much safer in the hands of another chairman than Hanna this year, and he will, therefore, request either Representative Dick of Ohio or National Committeeman Payne of Wisconsin to take charge of his campaign. So far as Mr. Hanna is concerned, it is said that this action on the part of the president will be highly satisfactory to him. He is anxious, at least the excuse is so made for him, to get out of active politics. That he will have an opportunity to do so is not doubted when the delegates at the Philadelphia convention elect Mr. Hanna's successor as chairman of the Republican national presidential campaign committee.

* * *

T. H. Moore, president of the State and Interstate Good Roads and Public Improvement association, of St. Louis, Mo., has sent an article upon the different phases of the road subject, in which he says that the president, in his last message to congress, directs the attention the subject of good roads as follows:

"There is a widespread interest in the improvement of our public highways at the present time, and the department of agriculture is co-operating with the people in each locality in making the best possible roads from local material."

These are the first words in recent years contained in a presidential message upon one of the most important of all public questions. They should stimulate congress to appropriate necessary funds for the office of public road inquiries, or the establishment of a national highway bureau that may widely circulate literature, send experts into all states and territories to instruct students in the agricultural colleges, build sample roads as object lessons and make possible a uniform system of road laws. We find that thirty-one states have created labor bureaus or bureaus of industrial statistics, agricultural and kindred departments, but not more than a half dozen states have highway commissions which have competent jurisdiction over road affairs. Those states, viz., New Jersey, Massachusetts, California, Connecticut, Rhode Island and New York, have made great progress in road improvement.

The subject of building and maintaining better highways in all the states of the Union is a question of public policy, and as such should be forced into public notice and discussion equally with all the other great economic questions that are discussed by the people and decided at the ballot box. While it has a moral side it is not a moral question that can be left for its solution to each individual. It must be treated as a policy affecting the whole people, the material welfare of the Union, and one upon which the future advancement and welfare of the republic depends; and as such it becomes a issue of as great importance as the tariff, the money, or the expansion questions, to be eventually settled at the ballot box, where the sovereign citizen settles all questions that affect his interest and require taxation to consummate.

True, it may be said that each state adopts its own road laws, and the question is settled by the voters now; but it is not made an issue in any state. It has practically been treated as a settled question.

As a means of interstate communication it should become in some way a question of federal importance, and be forced beyond the point of discussion in occasional public improvement conventions, newspaper and magazine articles, and carried before the people in such a manner that all classes may be aroused to its importance as an economic problem that is burdening them now with taxation that is fruitless of results and that is greatly retarding the progress of their country.

Early in 1899 the Interstate Good Roads and Public Improvement association inaugurated an interstate campaign never before equaled in this country. The officers of this association visited the leading cities of the states of Minnesota, Wisconsin, Iowa, Illinois, Missouri, Tennessee, Arkansas and Texas, and originated thirty-eight district and state conventions, constructed thirty-four sample roads of macadam, gravel and sand, as object lessons, under the direction of E. G. Harrison, expert of the office of public road inquiries, United States department of agriculture, assisted by leading manufacturers of road machinery; traveled 105,000 miles on railroads, distributed over 1,000,000 pieces of literature, and expended over $6000 to defray necessary expenses.

That this agitation, organization and education will do good there can be no doubt. Nearly all of these localities are continuing to organize. Such plans of education should be directed by the government. A similar campaign should be speedily made in all states, followed up by thorough organization, the distribution of literature and the construction of sample roads as object lessons.

One hundred thousand dollars annually appropriated for the next five years for this purpose will be none too much. It will require liberal funds to give beneficial and lasting results. The people of many states are now spending annually from $3,600,000 to $5,000,000 presumably for road improvement. A large portion of this vast outlay is uselessly frittered away through defective methods of distribution.

The road question is resolving itself into a plain problem of competition. The state or nation that does not build modern ways of communication can not successfully compete in the markets of the world. It is the duty of congress; it has the power to appropriate money for educational purposes.

The office of public road inquiries was created as an educational institution. If it is liberally supported it will become a great national school of road education. This doubtless will prove the most effective channel at present for the government to extend its aid and influence to improve the highways throughout all states and territories.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

Dangers from the Cold and Blustery Spring.

From New York Herald.

"The present fall of temperature over a large area of country, and the probability of its continuance for some time, is very likely to affect the public health by the increase of all such troubles as commence with the "ordinary cold." In this connection we cannot lose sight of the fact that grip is still prevailing, and although it has been on the wane, there is a threat in the present cold wave of a revival of the former malignancy of the scourge.

We can hardly congratulate ourselves that the danger from pneumonia is likely to be less with the incoming and inclement spring than it was in the months gone by. It goes without the saying, then, that we cannot take too many precautions."

Dr. Humphreys' Specific "Seventy-seven" ("77") restores the checked circulation (indicated by a sudden chill), the first sign of taking cold; starts the blood coursing through the veins and so "breaks up" the cold. Manual of all diseases, especially about children, sent free.

For sale by all druggists, or sent on receipt of price, 25 cents and $1. Humphreys' Homeopathic Medicine company, corner William and John streets, New York.

TIME TO TAKE PE-RU-NA FOR

SPRING CATARRH,
SPRING COLDS,
GRIP WEAKNESS,
CATARRHAL TIRED FEELING,
CATARRHAL BLOOD IMPURITIES,
CATARRHAL NERVOUSNESS,
CATARRHAL DYSPEPSIA,
CHRONIC CATARRH.
SPRING AIDS PERUNA.

The winter climate has deranged, more or less, the mucous membranes of your whole body; has produced a catarrhal condition, not only of your head, throat and lungs, but quite likely your stomach and digestive organs, also. Your appetite is changeable. Your food digests poorly. Your blood is out of order. You have that "tired feeling." All this is due to the catarrhal condition of the mucous membrane. Systemic catarrh, Dr. Hartman calls it.

It is time to take Peruna, therefore. It is time to take a thorough course of Peruna. Peruna will strike at the cause of all your troubles by removing the catarrhal conditions. This makes Peruna at once the greatest of all spring tonics, the best of all blood purifiers, the surest of all nerve invigorators. One bottle of Peruna will do more in clearing away the fogs of April ailments than all the other medicines in the world.

J. R. Stuart, Eastland, Texas, writes: "I have purchased one bottle of Peruna, and it was used by myself and wife as a spring medicine. I consider it the best dollar's worth I ever bought."

Lena L. Stoll, Adrian, Mich., says: "I used Peruna for five years as a spring medicine."

We have thousands of testimonials from all parts of the United States on this subject. Write for a book of them. Sent free by The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio.

HYOMEI

YOU BREATHE

IT CURES

CATARRH, BRONCHITIS, CONSUMPTION.

IT IS GUARANTEED.

Ten minutes Four Times a Day will cure Catarrh, Bronchitis and Asthma.

Ten Minutes Every Hour will cure Consumption and Pneumonia.

Five Minutes at any Time will cure a Cough.

HYOMEI is the only Germicide which can be inhaled. It can be used while at work, in the church, at the Theater, or in street cars. Contains no poisonous compounds or dangerous chemicals.

Sold by all druggists or sent by mail.

Complete Outfit, $1.00. Trial Outfits, 25c.

Send for five days' treatment free.

THE R. T. BOOTH CO., Ithaca, N. Y.

NO EXCLUSION ORDER.

Germany Has Not Forbidden Imports of Our Meats.

Washington, April 28.—It was possible yesterday afternoon to obtain from an authentic source a full contradiction of the published statement that our meats have been excluded by Germany in the following terms:

"With reference to the dispatch dated Berlin, April 26, and published this morning, showing that Prince Von Hohenlohe has forbidden the North German Lloyds Steamship company, under article 26 of the subvention contract, to make further importations of and to land in German, Dutch or Belgian ports fresh meats, dairy products or cereals, it was observed by the German ambassador today that no German steamship company trading with the United States receives any subsidy, and that consequently there is no such subvention contract regarding German trade with the United States. In view of this fact it may be denied that any such order has been issued excluding meat and dairy products from the United States from entrance into Germany."

CARTER IN PRISON.

Leavenworth, Kan., April 28.—Oberlin M. Carter, late captain U. S. A., arrived at the federal prison here last evening under guard of Lieut. Thomas Harker. Fifteenth infantry, a corporal and three soldiers. He was immediately dressed in the prison garb of gray and assigned to a cell. While the late army officer begins the monotonous grind of prison life it will be as a prison bookkeeper.

ADJOURN TO REST.

Appleton, Wis., April 28.—Last evening the Eighth district Republican congressional convention adjourned to May 2, after devoting the whole day to efforts to unite the Miner and Hatton factions on a compromise candidate.

BASEBALL.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Milwaukee—Milwaukee, 6; Chicago, 2.

At Minneapolis—Kansas City, 8; Minneapolis, 7.

At Cleveland—Cleveland, 8; Indianapolis, 6.

At Buffalo—Detroit, 12; Buffalo, 4.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Pittsburg—Cincinnati, 19; Pittsburg 5.

At Philadelphia—Brooklyn, 9; Philadelphia, 4.

At New York—New York, 8; Boston, 4.

At Chicago—Chicago, 6; St. Louis, 5.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Per Ct.
Milwaukee	6	4	2	.667
Kansas City	8	5	3	.625
Indianapolis	7	4	3	.571
Chicago	7	4	3	.571
Cleveland	7	4	3	.571
Buffalo	7	3	4	.429
Detroit	7	3	4	.429
Minneapolis	9	2	7	.222

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Per Ct.
Philadelphia	8	5	3	.625
Cincinnati	8	5	3	.625
St. Louis	7	4	3	.571
Brooklyn	7	4	3	.571
New York	7	4	3	.571
Chicago	7	3	4	.429
Pittsburg	8	3	5	.375
Boston	8	2	6	.250

DEATH ENDS QUARREL.

Coloma, Wis., April 28.—Levi Myhill and wife were found shot dead in the road about seven miles west of here yesterday afternoon. The shooting was done by the husband, who fired four shots. Family trouble was the cause of the deed.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

The Superior & St. Croix Falls Railway company has filed articles of organization with the Wisconsin secretary of state, its purpose being to construct a railway from Superior to St. Croix Falls, a distance of 100 miles through Douglass, Burnett and Polk counties. The capital stock is $250,000, and the incorporators are R. I. Tipton, W. D. Dwyer, F. A. Ross, James R. Hile and L. J. Hunt.

The Winnipeg authorities are thoroughly alarmed over the discovery of so many cases of suspected smallpox in Winnipeg. Every precaution is being taken for preventing the spread of the disease. There are now fifteen cases under surveillance, all traceable to the same source, Tourist Finnyson from Japan, who died at the general hospital two weeks ago. Among the quarantined patients yesterday was O. H. Hatcher, representative there of the Deering Harvester company.

The investigation at Chicago of Dr. H. O. Jennings, publishing agent of the Western branch of the Methodist book concern, resulted in his acquittal yesterday. At the end of three days' investigation, the book committee voted by 4 to 1 that the charges were too trivial to carry further and that they should be dropped.

While lighting a fire in a 20-acre wood lot on their farm near Lawton, Mich., yesterday afternoon, Mr. and Mrs. William Brace were hemmed in by the flames. Mrs. Brace was burned to death and her husband was so severely burned that his recovery is doubtful.

Edward Blair, a former employe for years in the office of the treasurer and county clerk, in Chicago, was arrested last night charged with manipulating tax receipts and tax records which may involve losses to the county and property owners aggregating thousands of dollars.

Louis Klopsch, publisher of the Christian Herald, of New York, left London yesterday for Berlin to investigate the famine and distribute the American relief. Previous to his departure Mr. Klopsch and the Rev. Dr. T. Dewitt Talmage attended at the Mansion house with Lord Mayor Newton, who expressed the most keen appreciation of the American charity.

The house broke all records yesterday by passing ninety-one private pension bills. Among them was one to pension at the rate of $40 a month the widow of the late Col. John M. Stotzenberg, of the First Nebraska, who was killed in the Philippin s.

SPRING

Clothing

FOR MEN.

Loudly might we proclaim the merit of our Spring Clothing for men. Strong adjectives might be used to emphasize their price lowness. We prefer the moderate tone, the believable story—the carefully stated fact. You can believe facts, you'll never find an untruth in our ads.

Spring Suits—Blue Serges	$10 to $20
Fancy Worsteds—Checks and Stripes	$8.50 to $26.50
Top Coats, Oxford Vicunas and Tan Coverts	$10 to $25

MEN'S SPRING HATS.

In all the popular shades and shapes. If the inside of your head be right, we can fit the outside. Remember we are headquarters for the Stetson and Gordon Hats—

MEN'S FINE FURNISHINGS.

New Spring Styles and Patterns, Neckwear, Fancy Shirts, Dress and Street Gloves—Everything new.

Floan, Leveroos and Co.

225-227 W. SUPERIOR ST.

CLOTHIERS, HATTERS AND FURNISHERS

DECLINE IN WHEAT

Market Started Out Steady, Made a Gain But Fell Back.

POOR CROP OUTLOOK

In Michigan, Indiana and Ohio ---Rain Needed In North Dakota.

Duluth Board of Trade, April 28.—The wheat market started out steady today, the strength being due to the reports that North Dakota and Manitoba are in need of rain and the crop prospects in Michigan, Indiana and Ohio are poor. The cables did not respond to the advance in the American markets yesterday.

The market made an advance on the opening prices, but the strength did not last, and a decline set in. The close was ½c lower than yesterday here and 1¼@1⅝c lower at Chicago for the May option. July closed ½@⅝c lower both here and at Chicago.

Trading was dull on the Duluth board. May wheat opened unchanged at 67⅝c, advanced to 67⅞ at 9:32, and sold off to 66⅝c at 10:30. It closed at those figures, ⅛c lower than yesterday. July wheat opened unchanged at 65c, sold at 65⅛c at 9:35, and declined to 65¾c at 11. It closed at 65¾@65⅞c, a net loss of ⅛@⅜c for the day. Cash sales were 15,000 bus at the May price. Corn declined ⅝c. Oats, rye and barley were unchanged. Cash and May flax were unchanged, September flax rose 1c, and October flax advanced 1½c.

Following were the closing prices:

What—No. 1 hard cash, 68½c; to arrive, 68½c; May, 68¼c; July, 65¾c; September, 68¼c. No. 1 northern, cash, 66⅝c; to arrive, 66⅝c; May, 66¼c; July 65¾@66c; September, 67½@67¾c. No. 2 northern, 64@65c. No. 3 spring, 63¾c. Oats, 24½@24¾c. Rye, 52c. Barley, 36@44c. Flax, cash, $1.72; May, $1.72; September, $1.25. October, $1.31½. Corn, 37¾c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 18; corn, 12; oats, —; rye, 2. Receipts—Wheat, 104,211; corn, 11,700; oats, 25,515; barley, 3,445; flax, 1373. Shipments—Wheat, 195,067; flax, 1975.

Ship Your Grain to

McCarthy Bros. & Co.

Grain Commission Merchants.

Duluth and Minneapolis.

WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES:

First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

ON THE CHICAGO BOARD.

Wheat and Provisions Steady---Corn Firm---Oats Easier.

Chicago, April 28.—The wheat market opened steady today, May a shade lower at 67⅝c and July ⅛c up at 67⅜@67⅝c. Cables were not responsive to the strength here yesterday and the firmness was the principally to reports that North Dakota and Manitoba needed rain and the poor outlook in Michigan, Indiana and Ohio. Trade was light May advanced to 66⅞@67c but sold back to 67⅛c; July sold off to 67⅜@67½c. Receipts here were 23 cars, 1 of contract grade. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 322 cars, against 227 last week and 358 a year ago.

The market was dull and trading mostly local to the end. There was selling on a small scale by scattered longs, a bit of export business reported and changing of May for July. The close was heavy and at the bottom, May, 1⅛@⅜c down, at 67⅛c, and July ⅝@⅞c lower, at 65¾c.

Corn was firm and there was a fair trade. Receipts were light, 80 cars. It was believed that two of the leading bulls would pay for most of the cash corn on delivery day. May opened 1⅜@⅝c up at 38⅝@38¾c and sold at 39⅛@39⅜c, improving ¼@⅜c, easing to 39⅛c. May was the steadier early.

There was little support to the market after and the close was dull and easy. May ⅛c down, at 39@39⅛c, and July ⅛c reduced, at 40⅛c.

The oats market was active and easier. There was heavy liquidation of May and also selling of July on the favorable crop outlook. May opened a shade down at 22⅝@22¾c and sold to 22⅝c; July began the session unchanged at 23½c and declined to 23@23⅛c. Receipts were 180 cars.

The provisions market was quiet and steady, helped by a firm hog market. July pork opened 2½c lower at $12.85, touched $12.80, and eased to $12.82½; July lard unchanged at $7.37½, easing to $7.32½, and July ribs made 5c lower at $7.10, selling down to $7.02½.

Close: Wheat—April 65½c; May, 65⅝c; July, 65¾c; September, 68¼@68⅜c. Corn—April, 38½c; May, 39@39⅛c; July, 40⅛c; September, 41@41½c. Oats—April, 22½c; May, 22¾c; July, 23½c; September, 22½c. Pork—April and May, $12.77½; July, $12.77½. Lard—April and May, $7.20; July, $7.27½. September, $7.22½@7.25. Ribs—April and May, $6.95; July, $6.97½@7.00; September, $6.95@6.97½. Cash: Wheat—No. 2 red, 70@71c; No. 3 red, 67@68c; No. 2 hard winter, 66c; No. 3 hard winter, 62½@64c; No. 1 northern spring, 67@68c; No 2 northern spring, 66@66c. No. 3 spring, 62@64c. Corn—No. 2, 39c. No. 2 yellow, 39c. Oats—No. 2, 23½c; No. 3, 23c. Flax—Northwestern and Southwestern, $1.73. May, $1.72; September, $1.24½@1.25. October, $1.31. Rye, 52@53½c. Barley, 35@44c. Timothy, $2.45. Clover, $7.00.

AMERICAN MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	65⅞	65¾-⅞	65¾-66	73⅝-¾
High	66	65¾-⅞	66-⅛	73¾-74
Low	65⅝	65¾-⅞	65¾	73⅝-¾
Close	65⅞	65¾-⅞	65⅞-⅞	73⅝
July—				
Open	65⅛	65⅛	65¾-⅞	73⅝
High	65⅜	66	66¼	73¾
Low	65¼	65⅝-¾	65⅝	73⅝
Close	65¼-⅜	65⅝-¾	65⅝	73¾-⅞

11 a. m. close.

CHICAGO OATS CORN, AND PORK.

	Oats. July.	Corn. July.	Pork. July.
Open	23½	39¼	$12.85
High	23¾	39⅝	12.87½
Low	23½	39¼	12.77½
Close	23⅝	39⅜	12.77½

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman's report: All classes of horses had an active demand. The large number of heavy horses and extra fine drivers in supply added greatly to the inducement for buyers to purchase. Western horses and mules were well represented and sold at comparatively low prices. The several thousand head of Western branded horses to arrive on the market in the near future will undoubtedly create

Established 1862.

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Grain, Provisions, Stocks and Bonds.

Private wires to all Exchanges. 'Phone 713. GEO. RUPLEY, Manager.
We make a specialty of Boston Copper Stocks. Duluth Office—319 Board of Trade.

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324 West Superior Street. (St. Louis Hotel.)

Members of Chicago Board of Trade.

Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions and Cotton.

Leased Wires to New York, Chicago and Boston.

the largest sale of horses in the history of the market. Quotations:

Drafters, choice	$110@145
Drafters, common to good	80@100
Farm horses, choice	90@115
Farm horses, common to good	60@ 80
Mules	75@115
Western horses	15@ 35

WHEAT MOVEMENT.

	Receipts. Bushels.	Shipments. Bushels.
New York	72,850	15,383
Philadelphia	5,412	675
Baltimore	36,297	80,000
Toledo	2,100	2,200
Detroit	7,000	11,582
St. Louis	17,000	8,000
Boston	24,916	
Chicago	32,400	20,291
Milwaukee	24,500	800
Minneapolis	219,200	92,570
Kansas City	20,250	20,500
Duluth	104,211	195,067

GOSSIP.

Received over the private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 236 Chamber of Commerce, and 107 Board of Trade.

Puts, May wheat, 63¾c bid.
Calls, May wheat, 64-⅛c asked.
Puts, July wheat, 63⅝-⅞c asked.
Calls, July wheat, 65¾c asked.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, April 28.—Wheat—May, 73¾@74c; July, 72¾@73c; September, 74½c. Corn—May, 45⅝@46c; July, 40½@40⅝c; September, 46½@46⅝c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, April 27.—Closed: Wheat, in store, No. 1 northern, April, 65c; May, 65¾@65⅞c; July, 65⅝@65¾c; September, 65¼c. On track, No. 1 hard 66½@65⅞c; No. 1 northern, 65c; No. 2 northern, 63½c.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, April 28.—Wheat closed quiet, 3d higher and irregular. May opened at 5s 10½d; July, 5s 9d. Corn closed steady, unchanged to ¼d higher; May, 4s 2¾d; July, 4s 1½d; September, 4s 1¾d.

LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, April 28.—Cattle receipts, 2000; steady; hogs receipts today, 16,000; Monday, 35,000; left over, 1500; 5c higher; mixed and butchers, $5.35@5.60; good mixed to heavy, $5.45@5.65; rough heavy, $5.30@5.50; light, $5.27½@5.50; bulk of sales, $5.45@5.55. Receipts, 2500; steady; sheep, $4.75@5.60; lambs, $5.50@7.25. Official receipts and shipments for yesterday: Receipts, cattle, 1958; hogs, 23,966; sheep, 6053. Shipments, cattle, 2175; hogs, 6069; sheep, 2570.

THE PRODUCE MARKET.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders, in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. Thus figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.

Creamery, extra		20	@ 22
Creamery, choice		18	@ 20
Dairies, fancy		17	@ 18½
Dairy, fair		13	@ 15
Packing stock		12	@ 13

EGGS.

Country, strictly fresh		11½	@ 12

MAPLE SUGAR.

Vermont, per lb		12	
Ohio, per lb		11	
Maple syrup, per gal		1 10	

CHEESE.

Twins, flat, full cream, new		11	@ 12
Full cream, Young America		12	
Swiss cheese, old		12	@ 14
Brick cheese, No. 1		13	@ 14
Limberger, full cream, choice		13	
Primost		9	@ 6½

HONEY.

Fancy white clover		15	@ 16
Fancy white clover in jars,			
strained, per lb		12½	@ 13
Golden rod		13	@ 14
Dark honey		12	@ 13
Buckwheat, dark		12	@ 13

PEAS AND BEANS

Fancy navy, per bus		2 40	@ 2 50
Medium, hand-picked, bus		2 00	@ 2 15
Brown beans, fancy, bus		1 90	@ 2 10
Green and yellow peas, per bus		1 40	

FRUITS.

Apples, per bbl		4 00	@ 5 50
Seedlings, California oranges		2 75	@ 3 00
California navels		2 75	@ 3 00
California lemons		3 25	@ 3 50
Messina lemons, per box		2 00	@ 2 50
Bananas		2 00	@ 2 25
Cocoanuts, per doz		50	@ 60
Dates, per lb		05	@ 06
Dates, Fard, per box		1 25	@ 1 35
Cranberries		11 00	
Strawberries, Louisiana, pints		2 25	@ 2 40

LIVE POULTRY.

Hens, old		10	@ 11½
Old roosters		7	@ 8
Turkeys, fancy		10	@ 11
Turkeys, common		10	
Ducks		9	@ 10
Geese		9	@ 10

NUTS.

Hickory nuts, large, per bus		1 50	
Filberts, per lb		13	@ 14
Chestnuts, per lb		12	@ 13
Soft shell walnuts, per lb		14	
Soft shell almonds, per lb		17	
Brazils, per lb		8	@ 9
Pecans, per lb		10	@ 11
Peanuts, roasted, per lb		7	@ 8
Raw peanuts, per lb		5½	@ 6

POPCORN.

Rice corn, shelled		3½	@ 4
Choice, per lb		3	@ 3½

CIDER.

N. Y. sweet cider, per keg		2 75	@ 3 00
Fruit juices, per keg		3 50	@ 3 75

VEGETABLES

Sweet Potatoes, Jersey, bus		1 90	@ 2 00
Hot house Cucumbers		1 50	@ 1 75
Sweet Potatoes, per bbl		3 50	
Potatoes, per bus		30	@ 35
Beets, per bus		50	@ 1 00
Radishes		25	@ 75
Onions, green, doz bunches		25	@ 60
Carrots, per bus		50	@ 65
Rutabagas, per bus		35	@ 40
Oyster plant, per doz		25	@ 30
Horse radish, per lb		8	
Parsley, per doz		35	@ 40
Cauliflower, per doz		2 40	@ 2 50
Lettuce, per bus		1 00	@ 1 25
Mint, per doz		50	@ 50
Cabbage, new California crates, per 100 lbs		3 00	@ 3 50
Celery, dozen bunches		50	@ 1 10
Hubbard squash		1 25	
Parsnips, per bus		50	@ 1 00

MEATS.

Mutton		9	
Lamb		11	
Veal, good		9	
Beef, dressed		5½	@ 7
Hogs		7¼	
Veal, fancy		10	

BRAN AND SHORTS, CAR LOTS.

Bran, 100 lbs, sacks inc		15	00
Bran, 200 lbs, sacks inc		14	50
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc		15	00
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc		14	50

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, April 28.—Butter, firm; creameries, 13½@15c; dairies, 12½@15c. Eggs, steady; fresh, 10½c. Dressed poultry, firm; turkeys, 9@10c; chickens, 8½@9c.

Apportionment of Increase.

The $4000 voted by the council last Monday night for increasing the pay of the firemen will apply to linemen, pipemen and truckmen only. These have been divided into three classes. Those in the service for their first year will receive $55 a month, in the second year $60 a month, and after the second year $65 a month. This gives all the old men an increase in pay, but the new members of the department and the officers are not advanced.

The annual inspection of the department will be made in the near future. The council will be invited to fix a convenient date for the ceremony.

New Restaurant at West End.

Mrs. J. L. Henderson will open a first class restaurant at 1815 West Superior street, Tuesday, May 1, and solicits a share of West End patronage.

A. R. Macfarlane & Co.,

Bankers and Brokers.

112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

Local Stocks, etc.—	Par.	Asked.	Bid.
First National Bank	100	155	139
Am. Exchange Bank	100	120	115
First Nat. Bank, Superior	100	100	95
U. S. Consol. Iron Mines on Application.			
Brotherton Iron Mine Co.	25	3½	2½
Great Lakes Towing Co...	100	...	60
American Ship Bldg. Co...	100	122	...
Spalding Hotel Co.	100	12	...
Globe Elevator Co.	100	100	...
Consol. Elev. Co., 1st pfd..	100	...	100
Consol Elev. Co., 2nd pfd.	100	...	90
Consol. Elev. Co.,com.	100	60	26
County orders			Par
United States bonds bought and sold.			

We also deal in REAL ESTATE, COMMERCIAL PAPER, MORTGAGE LOANS and act as agents for non-resident property owners and investors. Correspondence invited.

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Government Bonds of all issues bought, sold or taken in exchange for other securities. Quotations furnished by wire at our expense

List of current offerings of Municipal Railroad and other Investment Securities furnished upon application.

Accounts of Banks, Bankers, and Individuals Solicited.

WANT SALARIES

Lake County Officers Bring Action to Collect Amounts Allowed Them.

Lake county is having quite a time over its salaries. The amounts paid county officers are not exorbitant, and recently the county board raised some of the salaries. The county auditor, John Olson, has refused to pay the advance, and the result is two suits, one brought by Judge of Probate Hannon and the other by G. S. Lowe, superintendent of schools for Lake county. The matter of the salary of the judge of probate was taken under advisement by Judge Dibell some time ago and is not yet decided. This morning the question of whether the board had a right to raise the salary of the superintendent of schools came up before him on the mandamus suit of G. S. Lowe to compel the county auditor to issue the warrant for the increase. The salary used to be $200 per year, and the board took the liberty of adding $50 to it and making it $250. County Auditor Olson claims the board had no right to make these raises.

The following cases in addition to this were disposed of in special term this morning: F. C. Brown, as trustee, against Jennie W. Burkhart, judgment in foreclosure; Elizabeth Hayes against Lillian L. Logan and W. B. Logan, judgment for plaintiff; Henry Grochau against H. S. Coulton, judgment for plaintiff; George A. Elder against the Mesaba Land company and others, order confirming report of referee's sale; in the matter of the assignment of O. W. Salmon, order granting him 15 as the limit of time for filing claims; International Trust company against the American Loan and Trust company and others, order discharging attachment from certain lands by agreement; F. W. Heimick against B. D. Brown, as assignee, judgment for plaintiff.

MARINE NEWS.

Usual Drop In Corn Rate From Lake Erie to Chicago.

Chicago, April 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—Grain rates dropped off to 2¼ cents on corn to Lake Erie today. The conditions are the same as in past years at the beginning of the season, when rates dropped to 1 cent a bushel after the departure of the winter fleet. But now everything hangs on iron ore.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., April 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Uganda, Glidden, Dundee, 1:30 a. m.; Stafford and consorts, 4:15; Lynn, Carrington, Bradley and consorts, 8; Langell and barges, 8:40; Samuel Marshall and barges, 9; Street and consorts, 10.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., April 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Victory, Constitution, Sevona, Nyanza, 7:30 last night; the two Parkers, 8:30; Centurion, Wereis, Mahoney, Erin, Danforth, 10; Pendleton, Nicol, Marvin, Manda, 11:30, Berlin, 12:20 a. m.; V. H. Ketchum, 3:50; Selwyn Eddy, Vulcan, 4:30; Northern Wave, McWilliams, Mills, Exile, Crossthwaite, 8; Iron Age, 8:40; Fairbairn and whalebacks, 9:30; Fischer and barges 3 and 4, Ogilvay, Kalkaska, Fryer, Oakleaf, 11. Down: Angelina, Presque Isle, 8 last night; Wawatam, 10; Carnegie, 7 a. m.; Palmer, Bangor, Oliver, 8:30.

GRAIN RATE UNCHANGED.

The grain rate to Buffalo continues unchanged today, with the shippers offering 3¼ cents for tonnage and the vesselmen asking a quarter of a cent more. As before, the tendency is toward the lower rate, and one charter of a vessel to arrive has been made at 3¼ cents.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Coralia, Lake Erie, light for ore; Lagonda, Huron, Lake Erie, coal; Boston, Buffalo, mdse; Bon Voyage, Hancock, pass and mdse; Rees, Buffalo, Buffalo, light for grain.

Departed—A. D. Thomson, 107, Rockefeller, 133, Rees, Buffalo, grain; Hanna, Coralia, Merida, Lake Erie, ore.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: St. Louis, from Southampton.

Hamburg—Arrived: Columbia, from New York.

Havre—Arrived: Lagascogne, from New York.

Read the want page and you may find something to interest you.

WEAKNESS IN STOCKS

The Market Was Sluggish and Irregular With Prices Generally Lower.

CLOSING WAS DULL

The Metal Stocks Were Again Subjected to a General Attack.

New York, April 28.—Opening prices for stocks showed small changes. Sugar was quoted on the running sales at the opening at half below up to a parity with last night and quickly rallied over a point from the lowest. American Tobacco declined a sharp fraction and Continental Tobacco advanced. The metal stocks were subjected to a general attack. Steel and Wire and National Steel being the chief sufferers, and losing 3 points. The others were off 1@2 points. In the general list lower prices prevailed but variations were narrow and business small. Norfolk & Western preferred rose 1½ and Sugar rallied to 113½. Sugar was carried up to 113⅝ and the market hardened in sympathy. Steel and Wire and National Steel recovered a point or over. The market sold off on the bank statement and became sluggish and uncertain. The closing was dull and irregular and generally lower than last night.

Name of Stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Am. Sugar Trust	113½	117½	113	116¾
Am. Steel Wire,com	41	41	38¾	38¾
Am. Tobacco	104½	106⅝	104¼	104⅝
Atchison, com	27	27	26¾	26¾
Atchison, pfd.	70¾	71	70½	70½
Brook. Rap. Tran.	75¾	75¾	74⅜	74⅜
C. M. & St. P.	117½	119¾	119¾	119¾
C., B. & Q.	126	126½	125¾	125¾
Fed. Steel, com.	42½	42⅞	40⅜	41
Fed. Steel, pfd.	70⅛	70⅝	69⅝	69⅝
Great Western	134	134	133⅜	133⅜
L. & N.	92¾	92⅝	92⅛	92⅛
Manhattan	93¼	93¾	93½	93½
Mo. Pacific	57¾	57¾	56⅞	57⅛
Nor. Pacific, com.	58¾	58⅞	58½	58⅝
Nor. Pacific, pfd.	75½	75⅝	75¼	75⅜
People's Gas	104⅛	105	104¼	104½
Rock Island	109	109	108½	108⅝
So. Pacific	37⅜	37⅞	36⅞	36⅞
Penn. R. R. C.	84	84¼	83½	83½
U. S. Leather, pfd.	71½	71¾	71½	71½
Union Pacific, pfd.	75⅝	75⅝	75⅛	75⅛
Union Pacific, com.	56⅞	56⅞	56¼	56¼
Leather, com.	13½	13⅝	13⅜	13⅜
Money	2	2	2	2

THE BANK STATEMENT.

New York, April 28.—The weekly bank statement shows the following changes: Surplus reserves, increased $2,179,925
Loans, increased 5,075,700
Specie, increase 1,623,300
Legal tenders, increase 2,008,500
Deposits, increased 9,453,100
Circulation, decrease 261,900

The banks now hold $17,074,275 in excess of the requirements of the 25 per cent rule.

LONDON CONSOLS.

London, April 28.—Consols for money, 100⅝; for the account, 100 13-16.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, April 28.—The cotton market opened steady, with prices 1 to 4 points higher. Bullish cables and foreign buying orders, together with light receipts added to the firm undertone of the market. Wall street was a conspicuous buyer of July and August on the bulge.

Cotton spot closed quiet; middling uplands, 9 13-16c; middling gulf, 10 1-16c; sales, 27 bales. Futures closed steady: April, $8.57; May, $8.62; July, $8.49; August, $8.33; September, $8.54; October, $8.25; November and December, $8.19; January, $8.12; February, $8.13; March, $8.16.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, April 28.—Money on call steady, at 2 per cent; closing offered at 2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 4@4½ per cent; sterling exchange firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.85@4.85½ for demand, and at $4.82½@4.82¾ for 60 days; posted rates, $4.85@4.85½, and $4.88@4.89; commercial bills, $4.82¾@4.84¼; silver certificates, 59@60c; bar silver, 59¾c; Mexican dollars, 47½c. State bonds, inactive; government bonds, steady; refunding 2s, when issued, 102½; 2s registered, 99¾; 3s registered, 108¾; coupon, 109½; new 4s, registered, 135⅜; coupon, 137½; old 4s registered, 115⅜; coupon, 117; 5s registered, 112; coupon, 113¼.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

The following were the closing prices of copper shares reported by George Rupley, 310 Board of Trade.

Boston, April 28.—Close: Adventure, 4½@5; Allouez, 13½@2; Anaconda, 46½@47½; Arcadian, 22@23; Arnold, 6½@7; Amalgamated, 82⅞@83¼; Atlantic, 25@26¼; Bingham, 10¾ bid; Bonanza, 11@12; Boston and Montana, 312@313; Boston Consolidated, 66; Butte and Boston, 26@27; Calumet and Hecla, 690@732; Centennial, 19@20½; Cochita, 11@12; Copper Range, 72 bid; Dominion, 44⅞@46; Elm River, 5½@6; Franklin, 15½@16; Humboldt, asked; Isabella, 14@2; Isle Royale, 25@26½; Mass, 2@2¼; Michigan, 15@16; Old Colony, 2½@4; Old Dominion, 29@½; Osceola, 68¼@70; Oil, 18@19; Parrott, 45@45½; Phoenix, 35@36½; Quincy, 158; Rhode Island, 4½@5; Santa Fe Copper, 15@15⅝; Tamarack, 185@190; Tecumseh, 3 bid; Tri-Mountain, 9@9¼; Union Land, 2@3; Utah, 30½@32½; Victoria, 2@4; Winona, 4@5½; Wolverine, 40¾@42; Wyandotte, 1½@2; Zinc, 14@15.

DECIDE TO STRIKE.

Twin City Wood Workers Will Enforce Their Demands.

Minneapolis, April 28.—The Wood Workers, unions of Minneapolis and St. Paul, unanimously voted last night to strike on May 1 if their demands are not conceded by the employers. There are 800 woodworkers in this city and 300 in St. Paul. There are fifteen factories, including sash and door, bar fixtures and show case concerns. Four of the small factories have agreed to the terms of the men.

WISCONSIN FOREST FIRES.

Raging in the Eastern Part of Jackson County.

St. Paul, April 28.—A Black River Falls, Wis., special to the Dispatch says: Forest fires are raging in the eastern part of Jackson county and thousands of acres of blueberry lands are being burned over. Considerable damage to young timber has already occurred. The area burned already is over 75,000 acres and the fires are still burning.

SMALLPOX AT WINNIPEG.

Winnipeg, Man., April 28.—Three new cases of smallpox developed this morning, making a total of seventeen. Nurses Duncan and Sanford, and Mrs. Thomas Lyons, are in a dangerous condition. Buildings at the quarantine have been prepared for thirty patients. The Ogilvies have given $1000 to fire sufferers of Hull and Ottawa.

JURY DISAGREES.

Denver, Col., April 28.—The jury in the case of Attorney W. W. Anderson, charged with an attempt to kill H. H. Tamen, one of the proprietors of the Denver Post, who he shot on Jan. 13 last, was unable to agree upon a verdict and was discharged today.

Read the want page and you may find something to interest you.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup St. Funeedany printing, see R. P. Co.

For sale—Carload fresh milch cows. Stock yards, Lake avenue viaduct, April 29 and 30. Ernst Miller.

The meeting of the Father Mathew Total Abstinence society of the Sacred Heart parish, has been postponed till a week from tomorrow evening. At that meeting arrangements will be made for the presentation of a flag by the members of the dramatic section.

Marriage licenses have been issued to George T. Sornson and Sofia Liden, of St. Louis county; Eugene Lehr, of St. Louis county, and Minnie Kennison, of Milwaukee, and to Ludvig Dundeen and Emely Johnson, both of St. Louis county.

Second citizenship papers have been granted by the district court to Peter Johnson and Swan Johnson, both of Norway and Sweden.

Kelly's hat hospital for sick hats.

Percy C. Donaldson has applied to the district court for a divorce from Mary Donaldson. They were married in Pesshtigo, Wis., June 29, 1887, and they are each 36 years of age. Desertion is the ground, and it is claimed that the defendant deserted the plaintiff without cause in August, 1894. A. R. McDonald is the attorney.

Largest stock and best assortment of northern-grown seeds. O. J. Olson & Co., 22 East Superior street.

Will pay the highest and greatest prices for old clothing and fur coats. "Old Clothing Buyer," care Herald.

Sailors and children's hats at Swenson's.

Miss Minnie Maghan, of Duluth Heights gave an afternoon tea Friday, April 27, in honor of Miss Lura Scott, of St. Cloud. Those present were: Miss Edith Bagley, Miss Lillian Towl, Miss Lura Scott, Miss Etnel Wood.

All milk vendors must take out licenses by May 1, being required to by the state law. G. H. LeSage, inspector of the dairy and food department, has taken an office at room 17 in the Mesaba block, and he will issue the licenses.

The Degree of Pocanontas will give a dancing party at Elks' hall, Monday night, April 30.

The 20-months'-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Olson died last evening at the home of its parents, No. 12 East Fifth street. The funeral will be held tomorrow afternoon at the house.

Rev. Alexander Patterson, of Chicago, who has been conducting Bible institute in this city for the past week, will preach morning and evening at the First Presbyterian church, tomorrow.

The infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John W. Callahan, the Bethel evangelists, died this morning at 9 o'clock at the Lake avenue Bethel. The funeral will be tomorrow afternoon at 2:30.

Last evening in Elks' hall the Foresters' team of the Imperial camp, Modern Woodmen of America, gave a large and very successful dancing party.

The annual meeting of the Young People's Christian union will be held at the Bethel, Lake avenue, Monday evening.

Daughters have been born to Mr. and Mrs. August Hagberg, 1920 London road; to Mr. and Mrs. Nels Nelson, 2001 West Second street, and to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Benjamin, 2014 West Second street.

The clever little 3-act drama entitled, "Mildred's Triumph," which was given so successfully by the ladies of Duluth Lodge No. 118 of the Maccabees, at Turner hall the other evening, is to be repeated in the near future.

PERSONALS.

W. I. and A. L. Hudson will leave today to spend the summer with their uncles, in Baker City, Oregon. If conditions are favorable, they will engage in business there.

H. E. Abbott, formerly a civil engineer in connection with the Iron Range road, left Thursday night for Colorado to accept a position there.

R. P. Paine, proprietor of the hotel at Grand Marais, is in the city. Mr. Paine is one of the oldest citizens of Duluth, and he started a shop here in the very olden days. He says that Grand Marais is coming along nicely, and that it is getting livelier every year.

Per Larka has returned from Chicago where he has been about as near death's door as a man can go without slipping through. He is much better now, but is still very wan and thin.

Willit R. Chamberlain, of Nickerson, Wis., is at the St. Louis.

Mr. and Mrs. M. O. Aubolee, of Two Harbors, were at the St. Louis last evening.

A. B. Clair, of Two Harbors, was at the St. Louis last evening.

Joseph J. Ross, of Rat Portage, is in the city.

Senator E. B. Hawkins, of Biwabik, was at the St. Louis last evening.

H. H. Hoyt has gone to Washington, D. C.

A. B. Wolvin left yesterday for Chicago.

Rufus H. Draper has returned from Michigan.

Joseph H. Chandler, of Chicago, general counsel of the Minnesota Iron company, was in the city yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Julius D. Howard have returned from their Eastern trip. They were gone about six weeks.

Miss Anna Anderson Salter, recently married in Grand Rapids, have been sounding their honeymoon visiting with Mr. and Mrs. A. Salter, of East Superior street.

LARGE NUMBER OF DEATHS.

Great Record During Present Month ---Much Fatal Pneumonia.

When the monthly report of the health department is made out next week it will show that the heaviest death rate and the largest number of deaths for any one month in years. At noon today seventy-six deaths had been reported, and by Tuesday this will probably reach over eighty. This record is singular. The report shows a very ordinary run of diseases except in the case of pneumonia, from which fifteen deaths resulted. There is only one death from contageous disease and that was from diphtheria. There was not a single case of typhoid that resulted fatally, and taking it all in all, the health authorities are puzzled to explain the heavy increase in deaths. Capt. Ole Lee, secretary of the board of health, says that as near as he can figure it out he and he has studied the records carefully, seeking causes, the large increase in deaths is simply a stroke of fate, and can be assigned to no legitimate cause. During the month there has been four accidental deaths, two suicides and besides the fifteen reported from pneumonia, there were five deaths from consumption. With the total number of deaths placed at eighty, for the month that will be an increase of twenty over last month, and is sixteen more than any month in the past year.

TO MAKE FISHBALLS.

Those who still cling to the mistaken idea that boiling fish and potatoes together hardens the former and makes the latter sodden should try the following recipe, says an exchange. Only one saucepan to wash when all is completed, and that requiring merely a good rinsing. No egg and bread crumbs, no separate washing of potatoes; just the very easiest way and the best results.

Choose a nice thick piece of salt codfish, wash thoroughly in tepid water, then pick in small half-inch bits enough to fill a half-pint cup. Peel the potatoes, cut in four, or more if very large, and fill a pint measure with them. Put fish and potatoes in a wide saucepan, cover with boiling water and boil until the potatoes are soft, but not watery. Try in twenty minutes; twenty-five should be the limit to cook properly. Drain off the water and shake fish and potato over the fire to make light, but not too dry. Wash, or rather whip, the fish and potato in the saucepan until flaky. Never use a pounder; a fork will answer, but a wire beater which comes for the purpose is quicker. Now whip in a teaspoonful butter and add pepper to taste, also more salt if needed, although there is probably enough in the fish. Allow to cool a little; then whip in a well-beaten egg. Make sure that the deep hot fat is right by testing with a bit of the mixture, and let the spoon shape it and it will come out of the hot bath in an appetizing egg shape.

It is very important to keep the fat at proper heat. To insure this put more than four or five balls should be cooked at once, as each one lowers the temperature, and, besides, they should never touch.

The finest fast trains between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Omaha, both by day and night, run via the North-Western Line.

TO USE THE TIDE.

Another Machine to Harness the Ocean For Man.

Undismayed by the low row of tombstones which mark the graves of the schemes of inventors to turn the tides of the ocean to the uses of man, a New Jersey toiler has just brought forth a new device, he asserts with confidence, presents the solution of the problem, says the New York Sun. The inventor has been working on his machine for ten years. Like all its defunct predecessors, doubtless, it is a plausible affair, born apparently for success; but, at any rate, it has one great and actual advantage, it is the soul of simplicity.

In its simplest form the invention is nothing but a waterwheel working on the principles of a windmill, with a few modifications, to suit the different medium. Upon a fixed vertical axis revolves a light wheel. From the circumference of this hang a number of flanges against which the current flows, causing the wheel to revolve. Now, were these flanges fixed, those on one side of the wheel would neutralize those on the other, and the whe

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THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), April 28.—Light to copious rains have fallen over nearly all of the region lying between the Mississippi river and Rocky mountains, except in North Dakota and the lower part of the Red River valley. The barometer is high in the lake region and British Columbia, and low over Louisiana. Only slight changes in temperature have occurred during the past twenty-four hours. In the lake region the weather continues fair and mild with variable winds, but it is rather smoky over Western Lake Superior.

Battleford	40	Memphis	64
Bismarck	46	Miles City	50
Calgary	28	Milwaukee	52
Chicago	48	Minnedosa	46
Davenport	50	Moorhead	50
Denver	46	North Platte	54
Detroit	50	Oklahoma	60
Dodge City	54	Omaha	58
Duluth	42	Port Arthur	36
Edmonton	32	Prince Albert	34
Escanaba	42	Qu' Appelle	38
Green Bay	56	Rapid City	62
Havre	46	Shreveport	64
Helena	38	St. Louis	58
Huron	56	St. Paul	60
Kamloops	36	Sault Ste. Marie	38
Kansas City	62	Swift Current	38
La Crosse	52	Williston	40
Marquette	50	Winnipeg	40

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Partly cloudy weather tonight and Sunday; fresh winds, mostly northeast.

H. W. RICHARDSON, Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, April 28.—Forecast until 8 p. m. tomorrow: Wisconsin—Fair tonight and probably Sunday. Minnesota: Partly cloudy tonight and Sunday with possibly showers south portion Sunday. Upper lakes—Variable winds, mostly easterly, becoming fresh Sunday; generally fair.

Coal Production In This Country.

An estimate of the production of coal in United States in 1899 has been made by Statistician Parker of the United States geological survey and it is 15,000,000 tons in excess of all previous estimates. Inasmuch as Mr. Parker's estimate is made on the basis of returns representing between 80 and 90 per cent of the total tonnage, it must be regarded as approximately correct. Mr. Parker calculates that the output last year amounted to 220,838,573 long tons—which is equivalent to 258,529,650 short tons. As compared with the production in 1898, when the output amounted to 196,405,957 long tons, or 219,974,677 short tons, this [illegible] tons, or 17.5 per cent. The total value of this enormous product is estimated at $279,485,412, an increase of over $51,000,000, or practically 20 per cent over the value of the product of 1898. The part that anthracite coal played in this unprecedented production was an increase from 53,382,641 short tons, in 1898 to 60,320,395 short tons in 1899, with an increase in value from $75,414,537 to $88,127,495, a gain of nearly $13,000,000. Bituminous production (including semi-anthracite, semi-bituminous, cannel, block and lignite coals) shows an increase of over 31,000,000 short tons and a gain of nearly $30,000,000 in value. There were only three states that did not participate in the general increase. These were Arkansas, Georgia and Idaho. In the former the production was cut down by strikes, which kept some of the largest mines idle a good part of the year. The decrease in Georgia was very small, and the entire product of Idaho has no effect on the total. The production and consumption of coal are closely associated with that of pig iron and of manufactured iron and steel. The production of pig iron in 1899 was 13,780,000 long tons, against 11,773,934 long tons in 1898. The average price for pig iron in 1899 was about $18 per ton, making the total value about $246,000,000, against $116,557,000 in 1898, when the average price was less than $10 per ton. This makes an increase of $130,000,000, and the increase of $51,000,00 in the value of the coal produced makes a total increase of $181,000,000, which without any increase in the other mineral production would make the total value of the mineral products in 1899 about $860,000,000.

Our Trade With South America.

The editor of the South American Journal of London, states that the United States is practically out of the race for business in the southern division of the Western hemisphere, and the Chicago Tribune says there is so much truth in this statement so far as existing conditions are concerned as to make it unpleasant. The exports of American products, which were valued at $789,000,000 for the fiscal year 1890, were valued at $1,227,000,000 for the fiscal year 1899. Had this great expansion applied to exports in South America as well as to the outside world generally the consumption of American goods in South America would have increased 60 per cent. There was in reality a decrease. Exports to South America in 1890 were valued at $57,750,000, and in 1899 at $35,000,000. This is not a showing to be proud of. In the first mentioned year the United States took $50,000,000 worth of South American products and the last mentioned year only $36,500,000 worth. There has been a decrease in the total volume of trade between South America and this country. Were it not for coffee and rubber, the imports of which last year were valued at $57,000,000, few South American products would be used here. Both the productive and consumptive capacity of South America, says the Tribune, have increased during the past decade, but while there is more trade the United States has less of it. A partial explanation, so far as trade with Argentina is concerned, is that the high duties on wool decrease the consumption here of that important article of Argentina production. The only explanation which seems to cover the whole ground is that American merchants and manufacturers do not make the same energetic efforts to get trade in South America that their European rivals do. The former appear to have concentrated their efforts on European markets, where they have been singularly successful, and to have neglected those of the Spanish-American republics and abandoned them to Europeans. Certainly that appears to be poor policy.

MORRIS AND THE SENATORS.

A letter from Mr. Searle, published in another column, contains a telegram received by him from Senator Davis and a letter from Senator Nelson, stating that they will support energetically the nominee for congress in this district, whether Judge Morris or any other Republican. These statements by the senators were drawn out by a letter sent to them by Mr. Searle. He says he told them the claim was made and published by opponents of Judge Morris that he is not in harmony with Senators Davis and Nelson on account of his support of the Porto Rico bill, which they voted against, and that by reason of this unfriendly feeling they would not or could not support him if he were renominated.

The Herald does not know whether such a claim has been made by opponents of Judge Morris, but it has not seen any such story given publication. On the contrary, it would appear that Mr. Searle has, perhaps unintentionally, made an incorrect statement to the senators of the claims that have been made. As The Herald has understood the claim of the Republican opponents of Judge Morris, they have asserted that the Porto Rican question will be prominent during the campaign in this district, and in view of the fact that Morris voted for the tariff bill while Davis and Nelson opposed it, it will be impossible for them to stand on the same platform and defend the tariff bill passed by congress. Furthermore that the Morris organs in the district, which claim the judge did right when he voted for the tariff, can hardly support Nelson for re-election on the ground that he also did right when he voted against the tariff. The Herald has never heard any claim that the senators were hostile and unfriendly to Judge Morris because of his stand on this subject.

COMMERCIAL EDUCATION.

The expansion of the United States into the tropics has given a new importance to the question of commercial education. An article in the Forum on this subject by Henry A. Stimson is therefore timely. Mr. Stimson points out that the tropics are the only regions whose products are not well developed, and in which competition has not reduced the margin of profits toward the vanishing point. It is true of the tropics, more than of any other part of the world, that its trade depends upon a knowledge of the conditions of life and of the habits of people who are beyond likelihood of immediate change. The rest of the world is so closely united that articles in demand in one land are likely to be desirable in all. This is not true of the tropics or of the Orient. Their long isolation from the rest of the world and their ancient and unchanging forms of society have fixed the needs of life within certain lines, causing successful trade to depend upon exact knowledge of local habits.

As a consequence, there is need not only of a thorough understanding of the laws of trade and of the ways of doing business which are of universal application, but also of that particular and technical knowledge which will enable a merchant to undertake particular lines of trade with special countries, without liability of destructive mistake. This need, which the recent exploitation of tropical lands for commercial purposes has only served to emphasize, has for half a century been recognized in European countries, which found themselves distanced in commercial pursuits, or called upon by the exigencies of their national life to enter upon new ways. It has resulted in the planting of certain schools for commercial education of the higher grade, which have already become distinguished, and in the establishing of some systems of commercial education, which are new and important.

The movement has in so far attracted attention in this country that the universities of Pensylvania, California and Chicago, as well as Columbia university, have inaugurated or announced special courses of instruction in this direction, but it has gained so little genuine recognition that even these courses seem to be established rather for the benefit of the local institution than because of any conviction on the part of the principals in the matter that the need is a permanent one. It is very probable, however, that the results of these special courses of instruction will be so valuable that they will be gradually extended and become one of the leading features of the work of the universities.

JUDGE CANTY'S VIEWS.

Judge Canty has made a severe arraignment of the policy of the McKinley administration in the Philippines. The address which he delivered in Minneapolis on Thursday evening, of which a lengthy report was published by The Herald yesterday, was a plain, blunt statement of facts learned by the judge on his recent visit to the distant islands, and of the conclusions which he reached after a study of the conditions he found there. It deeply interested his auditors, and it must produce a profound impression upon all who read it, in view of the fact that the people have been told by the authorities, both at Washington and Manilla, that the war has been ended, and the so-called insurrection stamped out. Judge Canty says it is untrue, and that the American people have been prevented by the strict censorship established by Otis from learning the truth. He asserts that the territory actually held by the American soldiers is but a narrow strip of land, and that outside of it the Filipino insurrectos are swarming. They hate us worse than they did the Spaniards, because they consider they have been deceived and ill-treated ever since our forces took possession of Manilla. Our soldiers today control absolutely nothing but the ground upon which they stand and within range of their rifles; it is not prudent for less than a dozen soldiers to form an outpost anywhere, while in some localities it is not prudent for less than 100 or more to do so. This statement cannot be successfully controverted, because Judge Canty was on the ground, and he tells exactly what he saw and what the soldiers told him.

It is the deliberately formed opinion of Judge Canty that it will take 300,000 men for ten years, and thereafter a permanent army of 100,000 men to restore and maintain order in the islands. Are the American people prepared to continue the enormous expenditure of money and the heavy sacrifice of lives that will thus be entailed?

The Minneapolis Tribune (Rep.) says: "It must be remembered that Judge Canty stands politically opposed to the administration, and hence that his views of some things may be prejudiced; but there is a tone of fairness and candor running throuh his address which indicates that his design is to speak the truth as he sees it. His statement is intensely interesting. It differs very materially from any statement previously given out, either by the friends or foes of the government policy, and hence is likely to attract very wide attention." It is also worthy of note that, although Judge Canty is politically opposed to the McKinley administration, he is not an advocate of the nomination of Mr. Bryan by the Democrats. At the close of his address on the Philippine question, the judge made a statement of his views on this point. It was not received by The Herald in time for publication yesterday. Judge Canty said:

"I want to point out some of the mistakes which I think the Democratic party is now making. I wish to say right here that in my humble opinion, if Bryan is nominated on a 16 to 1 platform, we may as well concede the election to the Republicans and acknowledge that we are already beaten. The Republicans are stealing all of our thunder now, and they look to the nomination of Bryan to insure victory for them. You may think this is a strange move on my part, but I am in the habit of saying just what I think. I voted for Bryan four years ago, and if he is nominated I will vote for him again. But I want to say again that we are making a great mistake to continue along the path we are now pursuing.

"I think Bryan has mismanaged things. His intentions are no doubt good, but that doesn't alter the facts of the case. Hell is paved with good intentions. I say trot out your favorite son and run him on issues that you can win on. But I have spoken longer than I intended along this line. The real pith of the matter I wish to reserve for tomorrow night. I want to speak to you of questions that you haven't thought about. I want to give a hundred more reasons why Bryan should not be nominated. Minnesota went 35,000 Republican at the last election, and unless we bestir ourselves in energetic fashion in the right way, Minnesota will be lost to the Democratic party the coming election."

In view of this statement it cannot be claimed that Judge Canty's view of the Philippine question is prejudiced by a desire to secure the election of Mr. Bryan.

The Springfield Republican says that the Philadelphia cleric who said at Fitchburg he was glad he did not live in Massachusetts, because of Senator Hoar, is the same one who said some time ago of the Philippine grab: "The only thing we can do is to thrash the natives until they understand who we are. I believe every bullet sent, every cannon shot, every flag waved means righteousness. When we have conquered anarchy then is the time to send Christ there." Well, we have so far killed from 20,000 to 30,000 of them, and isn't this fellow about gloated with righteousness of that variety? Apparently not. In that case he ought to take a gun himself and join in the killing, to the blessed end that they may know "who we are" and who he is.

Whatever may be the result of the presidential election, the chances that the Democrats will control the next house of representatives seem excellent. Even in 1896 they reduced the Republican majority from some 130 down to about fifty, and in 1898 they brought it down to less than twenty. The Democrats have not been in power for four years, and it is not apparent why they cannot do better this year on congressmen than before since 1892.

Gen. Grosvenor's explanation of the president's flop on the question of free trade for Porto Rico is rather neat. "I say he did not change his opinion," says Grosvenor. "He simply changed from the original idea of free trade to what was almost the condition of free trade that we appended to the measure. The country understands it." The country certainly does.

Gen. Roosevelt is being reminded that Gen. Logan in 1884 would have none of the vice presidency. Logan wanted the first office in the land and he objected strenuously to being shelved. But he was nominated for vice president on the Blaine ticket and, once nominated, he could not refuse to run. The governor is not entirely happy over the prospect.

The agricultural appropriation bill prepared by the house committee provides for increasing the salary of the chief of the weather service to $5000 a year. In view of the fine weather with which he has favored Duluth this spring, public opinion here endorses the raise in salary. He deserves a reward.

The Quay men in Pennsylvania are very indignant against Mark Hanna because he voted against Quay's admission to the senate. What prompted Hanna to take this course is not known, but he certainly got in line with public opinion at least once in his public career.

Ex-Governor Hill of New York wants a plank in the Democratic platform favoring the election of United States senators by popular vote. Does David B. think that would give him a chance to break into the senate again?

The people appear willing to give Dewey houses and lots, loving cups, gold watches and punch bowls, but they are evincing no disposition to give him a nomination for the presidency.

It takes considerable bravery for a congressman to stand up for the Porto Rican tariff bill, when nine-tenths of his constituents are opposed to it.

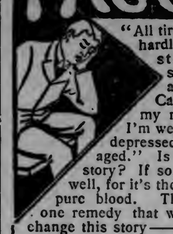
Perhaps Hanna voted against Quay because he thinks that one boss at a time is enough while the country retains its present size.

Hugh H. Hanna, of Indianapolis, is said to be still dissatisfied with the currency laws. You never can please some men.

If Dewey desires to keep out of trouble he will take his own reviewing stand to Chicago with him.

The sultan has again promised to pay the American claim. He is always ready to promise.

FAGGED



"All tired out. Can't hardly take another step. Don't seem to have any ambition. Can't do half my regular work. I'm weak, nervous, depressed, discouraged." Is that your story? If so, you tell it well, for it's the story of impure blood. There's only one remedy that will make you change this story—

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

What a record it has! 50 years of cures! It can't be said of any other sarsaparilla.

$1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

Take Ayer's Pills with Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

"After an attack of the grip my whole system was run down very low. I thought I would try your Sarsaparilla, and am glad to say it did me more good than all the doctors' medicine put together or any medicine I had ever taken."
Mrs. E. E. KING,
Feb. 1, 1899. Cooperstown, N. Y.

Write the Doctor—If you have any complaint whatever, write us all about it. You will receive the best medical advice free.
Address, Dr. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass

SENATORS DAVIS AND NELSON.

Deny Rumors Regarding Their Attitude Toward Morris.

To the Editor of The Herald:

The claim has been made and published by opponents of Judge Morris that he is not in harmony with Senators Davis and Nelson on account of his support of the Porto Rican bill, which they voted against, and that by reason of this unfriendly feeling they would not or could not support him if he were renominated. To learn the truth of the reports I recently wrote both senators and am in receipt of a letter from Senator Nelson and a telegram from Senator Davis, which are given below and speak for themselves. In justice to the parties and to the people of Duluth I believe these replies should be published. Respectfully, F. E. SEARLE.

Washington, D. C., April 21, 1900. Hon. F. E. Searle, Duluth, Minn.—The rumor is false. I shall support with friendship and energetically the nominee for congress, whether Judge Morris or any other Republican. C. K. DAVIS.

United States Senate, Washington, D. C., April 22, 1900.—Hon. F. E. Searle, Duluth, Minn. My Dear Mr. Searle—Your favor of the 19th is at hand. In reply, I beg leave to say that several parties have lately called my attention to the fact that a story has been circulated in your county to the effect that I am hostile and unfriendly to Judge Morris. In view of this fact, I can not help stating to you that the story is unjust both to Judge Morris and myself. I am in no sense hostile or unfriendly to the judge. In all matters pertaining to our state, we have worked in harmony and without any friction, and as to all public matters of a general nature, so far as I can now recall, we have substantially taken the same course, with the exception of the Porto Rican matter, and as to this, any candid and unbiased person must admit that it is a question upon which honest men can well differ. Yours truly,
KNUTE NELSON.

NEWSPAPER WIT.

Denver Post: A new and bothersome bug is attacking the sleek hides of pet cats in aristocratic homes back East. Isn't this carrying the bug fad a leetle too fur?

Collier's Weekly: DeFaque—If I could get someone to invest $1000 in that scheme of mine I could make some money.
Crawford—How much could you make?
De Faque—Why, $1000.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: The Boston Globe suggests that if all the Dewey poets united on the admiral he would get a whopping vote. Of course he wouldn't be averse to that.

Chicago Tribune: "I will ask you now," the attorney for the prosecution said to the witness, "if the defendant in this case confessed to you his motive in shooting the deceased."
"Hold on!" interposed the attorney for the defense. "I object."
"I only want to find out whether—"
"I object!"
Legal wrangle for half an hour.
"The witness may answer," ruled the judge.
"Now, then, sir, I will ask you again—Did or did not the prisoner confess to you his motive in shooting the deceased?"
"He did."
"What was it?"
"He wanted to kill him."

Denver Post: In Paris the telephone girls have been supplanted by men. They will put more emphasis on the first syllable of the answering word and thus make American visitors feel more at home.

Collier's Weekly: "So you are looking for a position," said the merchant to the youth with high collar and noisy necktie. "What can you do?"
"Oh, any old thing," replied the young man. "Of course, I don't expect the junior partnership at the start, but I want to be sure of an early rise."
"Very well," replied the merchant. "I'll make you assistant janitor. You will rise at 4 o'clock every morning and sweep the floors."

THE OPTION EXPIRES.

Minnesota Iron Company Does Not Close on Wallace Et Al Tract.

The Minnesota Iron company let its option on the property near Mesaba station, four miles north of Allen Junction on the Iron Range road, expire yesterday without leasing. The property is owned by G. W. Wallace, J. G. Vivian, Senator E. B. Hawkins and D. H. Moon, and ore has been discovered upon it. The company asked for an extension, it is understood, and it was refused. The consideration for the lease was to have been $480,000. The property consists of 1320 acres, but work has been done on only two forties, where eight out of ten holes are in ore.

Royal

BAKING POWDER

-Absolutely Pure-

For the third of a century the standard for strength and purity. It makes the hot bread, hot biscuit, cake and other pastry light, sweet and excellent in every quality.

No other baking powder is "just as good as Royal," either in strength, purity or wholesomeness.

Many low-priced imitation baking powders are upon the market. These are made with alum, and care should be taken to avoid them, as alum is a poison, never to be taken in the food.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 WILLIAM ST., NEW YORK.

DULUTH'S SOCIETY

(Continued from page 5.)

9 o'clock at St. James' church, Rev. Fr. Feehley officiating. There was a large attendance of friends and relatives. Miss Rose Murphy acted as bridesmaid and John Murphy was best man. Mr. and Mrs. Brotherton at once went to housekeeping at their home on Fifty-third avenue.

On Tuesday, May 1, will occur the wedding of Miss Mamie Enright and George Featherston at St. James' church. Miss Julia Enright will be bridesmaid and J. Shepherd best man. Miss Enright is the second daughter of Mrs. B. Enright.

Mrs. W. T. Brotherton and son have returned from Minneapolis, whither Mrs. Brotherton was called by the death of her grandmother.

Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Nygren left for Fergus Falls Thursday to visit Mr. Nygren's father.

Pearl Hive No. 4, L. O. T. M., will give its annual ball June 4 in Great Eastern hall.

The Nee Nee Moosha council, Degree of Pocahontas No. 8, gave a dance at the Great Eastern hall Tuesday evening.

Miss Laura McNabb and William Beaudet were married at the French Catholic church Monday morning.

The ladies' order of the Red Men gave a dance in the Great Eastern hall Tuesday night. About 100 couples were present.

Miss Bertha Johnson, niece of M. N. Berg, and John Matheson, of West Duluth, were married this afternoon at 3 o'clock at the home of the bride in the Vincent block.

Mrs. S. J. Nygren and Miss Emily Wright returned home on Sunday evening after a visit with friends in St. Paul and Minneapolis.

The engagement of Miss Annie Rocklin, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Rocklin, and Lewis Gross, of West Duluth, has been announced. The wedding will be in June.

A. Jenson, mayor of McIntosh, Minn., left for home Thursday morning after a visit with his brother-in-law, N. C. Hendricks.

J. Moerkie, of Spencer, Iowa, father of Mrs. E. E. Moseman, has arrived here with his family to remain. He has purchased a residence at the corner of Grand and Forty-ninth avenues.

Chris Murphy and family, of Grand Marais, attended the wedding of Miss Clara Murphy and J. Brotherton on Tuesday.

Oscar Gifford has returned from Minneapolis to spend the summer vacation. He will resume his studies in St. Paul next fall.

Joseph Murray and Dan Mullaly, of East Grand Forks, are visiting the family of P. Gilley.

Arthur J. Munroe and Alice Jordan, both of New Duluth, were married Wednesday evening at the Murray hotel in West Duluth. The ceremony was performed by Arthur J. Hoag, pastor of the West Duluth Baptist church. The bride and groom returned to New Duluth, where they will make their home for the future.

Wants Towne For Congress.

Willmar Tribune: C. A. Towne is spoken of as Bryan's running mate. Towne is all right, but we believe he could do more good for our cause by going to congress. It ought to be an easy matter to lay out the man who at present misrepresents the Sixth district.

Ranges Want Offices.

Vermilion Iron Journal: Isn't it about time for the ranges to get together and decide on what portion of the county offices they want this fall? If we wait until convention time we will come home with empty game bags and a stomach full of Duluth pork.

May Morning.

I ope my window to the joy of morning—
The joy of morning, now the May is here!
I see the light-shaft pierce the trembling dewdrop,
And every grassblade sparkle with a tear.

O May! the hedge is fringed with snow-white blossoms,
Thy pathway shines with dandelion's gold,
The lilac scatters warm, delicious fragrance
From plumy clusters in a leafy fold.

Intoxicated, from a cup of sweetness
The wild bee tumbles forth in reeling flight;
He leaves the fickle moth to vain coquetting
With bashful violets, nestled low from sight.

Let us go forth to some old hillside orchard,
Take time to linger, and to rest the sight
On stretching apple boughs whose gnarled branches
Are wreathed with tints of in May pink and white,

For many a time this dreamy springtime beauty
Will come to us again in darker hours,
Reminding wistfully that full fruition
Can never equal the unfolding flowers.
—FLORENCE H. METCALFE in Frank Leslie's Popular Monthly for May.

The Wobbling Trusts.

Philadelphia Record: The law of competitive superiority may be temporarily evaded, but it cannot be indefinitely suspended. The fittest still survive. In attempting to secure a more equal division of spoil the trusts tend to neutralize each other, and as a final result the people whom they prey upon may hope to come by their own. The stoppage of building enterprises brings on a stoppage of steel works. Stoppage of steel works throws out of employment additional thousands of workingmen. As unsold iron has been piled up owing to the strikes, so unsold labor will pile up as a result of stoppage. When the accumulation shall become unwieldy and unmanageable will come the inevitable drop in prices until the fair and proper level shall again be found

A Conservative Body.

Buffalo Express: The demand of a number of presbyteries for a revision of the Westminster confession of faith signifies the growth of sentiment in favor of a change, but the general assembly is a conservative body and may be expected to act with great deliberation upon a subject of so much importance to the church.

Carnegie's Library Benefactions.

Chicago Tribune: Andrew Carnegie has again signalized his devotion to literary knowledge by the splendid gift of $3,600,000 to the Pittsburg library, the sum necessary for the proposed extension and enlargement of the present building, towards the erection and equipment of which he had previously donated $1,400,000, making in the aggregate $7,000,000. This will be a sum sufficient to insure to Pittsburg the finest library in the United States, with the possible exception of the congressional library in Washington. During 1899 Mr. Carnegie made gifts to American libraries, already constructed or in prospect, of $3,503,500.

Independent folks find comfort in an independent newspaper like The Evening Herald.

BICYCLE LAMPS!

Do you want a Lamp that will throw a light 200 feet in front of your wheel? If so don't fail to see the

COLUMBIA GAS LAMP.

There is only one place in town to get them.

Kelley Hardware Co.

An Honest TIRED FEELING

There is an "honest tired feeling," caused by necessary toil and cured by natural rest. But very different is "that tired feeling," from which so many complain and which may even be classed as a disease. That tired feeling takes you to bed tired and wakes you up tired. You have no appetite, have bilious taste, dull headache, are nervous and irritable, blue, weak and discouraged. In such conditions Hood's Sarsaparilla does a world of good. It begins in the right place---in the blood, purifying it and imparting vitality; then its tonic effect is felt by the stomach, kidneys and liver; appetite returns, waste is removed naturally, headaches cease, that tired feeling departs and you feel like a new person. Take Hood's and only Hood's. Get it TODAY.

DULUTH'S SOCIETY

The program for the concert which the Cecilians will give next Friday evening at the Lyceum with Genevieve Clark Wilson, of Chicago, as soloist, is as follows:

"Treachery" ..... John Hyatt Brewer
Cecilian Choral.
(a) "The Merry Maidens"..Francis Thome
(b) "Orpheus With His Lute"..... Henry Parker
..... Henry Parker
(c) "An Irish Love Song" ..... Margaret Lang
..... Margaret Lang
(d) "Sweet Susetta" (from "Old French") ..... Dalagrac
(e) "When Celia Sings" ..... Moir
Genevieve Clark Wilson.
"Rock-a-bye" ..... W. H. Neidlinger
Cecilian Choral.
"Cavitina" ("Queen of Sheba") .....
..... Charles Francis Gounod
Genevieve Clark Wilson.
"Mermaid Song" (from "Oberon"). .....
..... Carl Maria Von Weber
Cecilian Choral.
(a) "Blossom Time" ..... Alice Needham
(b) "De Lotus Blume" .....
(c) "Widmung" ..... Robert Schumann
(d) "While Thou Wert By" .....
..... Stella Price Stocker
(e) "One Kiss" .....
(Dedicated to the singer).
Genevieve Clark Wilson.
"Hearts Light as Air" ..... Wekerlin
Cecilian Choral.
(a) "Norse Maiden's Lament" .....
..... Celest E. Heckscher
(b) "Husheen" ..... Alice Needham
(c) "Spring" ..... George Henschel
Genevieve Clark Wilson.
"Good Night" ..... Goldberg
Cecilian Choral.

The Cecilians are working hard for the success of their concert. The expenses will be very heavy and the members will be greatly encouraged if those interested in their efforts and appreciate what the society has done for Duluth music, will hand in their names as subscribers. The Cecilians have given Duluth people the privilege of hearing a great many of the world's noted artists and this has not been done without great labor on the part of the members. The following is a partial list of those who, as subscribers, have promised to attend the concert and give themselves the pleasure of hearing the great soprano, Genevieve Clark Wilson:

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Ayers, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Billson, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Olcott, Mrs. Ostergren, Mrs. J. C. Hunter, Mrs F. P. Wentworth, Mrs. Albert Baldwin, Mrs. A. W. Bradley, E. D. Field, Mr. and Mrs. Rothermel, Mrs. E. G. Duffies, Mrs. Emil Schmied, Mrs. James McAuliffe, Dr. and Mrs. F. Ritchie, W. Buchanan, Dr. and Mrs. Robert Graham, Mrs. A. M. Miller, Miss Carlotta Simonds, Mrs. F. A. Patrick, Mrs. S. H. Jones, Mr. and Mrs. B. E. Baker, Mrs. W. C. Sargent, Mrs. H. N. Mc. Harg, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Marshall, Mrs. Oscar Mitchell, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Adams, Dr. S. M. Stocker, Judge and Mrs. J. D. Ensign, Mr. Nauffts, Mr. McLean, Dr. Drenning, Mrs. R. W. Mars, Mrs. R. W. Knox, H. L. Paddock, W. J. Smith, Mr. Lowd, Mr. Halden, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Swan, Mr. and Mrs. A. Ammermann, Mr and Mrs. P. S. Anneke, Mrs. G. L. Cheeseborough, Mrs. Alex. McDougall, Mrs. W. A. McGonagle, Mrs. J. J. Eklund, Mrs. G. G. Barnum, Mrs. Emil Olund, Mrs. F. C. Bowman, Mrs. William White, Dr. and Mrs. C. A. Stewart, Mr. and Mrs. John Morgan Thomas, Mrs. William Schupp, Mr. and Mrs. A. Fitger, Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Crosby, Miss Julia Chapin, Mrs. E. H. Towne, C. E. Richardson, Mrs. D. H. Day, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Killorin, Mrs. James Reedy, Mr. and Mrs. M. H. Stanford, Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Harrison, Mr. and Mrs. Watson Moore, Mrs. T. D. Merrill, Mrs. W. G. Suffel, Mr. and Mrs. Tonning, F. E. Searle, Miss Phelps, Miss Elizabeth Carter, Miss Alice Bechtel, Mr. and Mrs. John Segog, L. E. Paddock, Miss Adams, Mr. Sonderall and Mr. Dworschak.

* * *

A society affair replete with enjoyment was the card party given by Mrs. E. L. Bradley, of 701 East Second street, Wednesday afternoon.

Five tables of 6-handed euchre were played, the head prize being won by Mrs. M. E. Baldwin, the declare prize by Mrs. Paine and the consolation prize by Mrs. David Barber, of West Superior. The house was beautifully decorated with Easter lilies. Refreshments were served by Miss Fee and Miss Gertrude Smith.

* * *

Miss Emma Flett and Miss Flora Flett entertained at cards Thursday evening. Progressive cinch was played, the prizes being won by Miss Ella Mason and Mr. Eberhart. The consolations were awarded to Miss Rate Garden and Mr. Chapple. The decorations were very artistically arranged in pink and white. Those present were:

Misses—
Lena Young, Nola Carleton,
Rate Gordon, Young,
Anna Ettinger, Martha Flett.
Messrs.—
G. Kugler, W. Gordon,
E. R. Chapple, A. Foster,
C. E. Eberhart, E. Bennet,
A. Clonett. T. Flett.

* * *

Last Thursday afternoon, in Grand Army hall in the Masonic temple, the Woman's Relief corps gave a reception and invited the neighboring West Superior corps to attend. Its members were present at the regular meeting in which the Duluthians initiated four candidates and received seven applications. Mrs. Evans, junior vice president, gave a very interesting reading, while Mrs. McGindley presented the corps president, Mrs. Van Balen, with a very beautiful recognition pin. During the evening progressive cinch was played. The lady's head prize, consisting of a beautiful chain purse, was won by Mrs. McCullough. Refreshments were served.

* * *

Mrs. B. Heller entertained a number of her lady friends at cards Monday afternoon.

* * *

One of the most talented and interesting musical recitals that Duluth has had was given by the pupils of Professor G. Tonning last Wednesdday evening at Masonic Temple. Professor Tonning and pupils were assisted by the soprano, Miss Ella Mason and Miss Charlotte McLaren, while Morris Freimuth rendered some excellent violin selections. Miss Mason possesses a very sweet, thrilling voice, and her rendition of "Snow," and her encore, "Goodnight, Sweet Dreams," was greeted with enthusiasm by the audience.

One of the unusually complimentary features of the affair was the number of encores called for, which proved that, though Mr. Tonning's pupils are little given to mannerism, their expression, touch and technique was fully appreciated by the audience.

* * *

The Boys' club of the First M. E. church will give a very interesting literary and musical program next Friday evening. This club was organized Nov. 25, 1898. It is composed of two companies, A and B. Company A consists of boys from 13 to 15 years of age; Company B received those from 9 to 13. The divisions are limited to fifty each. At present Company A holds forty-six, Company B thirty-nine. They have framed constitution and by-laws. Their meeting are conducted under the strictest systematic, parliamentary rules, and are held promptly at 7 o'clock. They meet every Friday evening, and devote each alternate Friday to literary entertainments, which are always very interesting. At a recent business meeting they appointed a committee to arrange baseball proceedings, and chose as its manager Bert Dunlap. They also appointed an entertainment committee to last three months, consisting of Masters Edwin Neff, Aher, Raymond Willcuts, Wing, Schiffman, Robert McMartin and Arthur Kreiter.

On entering the club each member is presented with an "Lona button," bearing the picture of the M. E. church, and each member is supposed to abstain from all bad habits.

* * *

The Mystic Circle of Lady Companions of the L. M. L. A. treated the entire membership of the Mystics to refreshments at the last meeting. They spent a very enjoyable evening, and were entertained by B. Haskins, who gave several exhibitions in palmistry and phrenology.

* * *

Professor Henri Appy, the eminent violinist connected with Raleigh university, has been appointed to go to Germany to choose new teachers for the college. His wife, formerly Miss Florence Bassett, will come to Duluth during his absence to visit her mother, Mrs. H. E. Abbott, of Pastoret terrace.

* * *

All lovers of opera are looking forward with much interest and high appreciation to the production of Flotow's beautiful opera, "Martha," next Monday night at the Lyceum by home talent. If the rehearsals are any indication of

FRANZ SCHULTZ.

how the performance will go, it can be stated that never before has a local performance been so well drilled. Every detail has been looked after, there have been orchestra rehearsals, and the costumes are rich, gorgeous and, what is very important, correct. Owing to the illness of Mr. Halling, it has been found necessary to cast Harry Howell, of West Superior, for the part of Tristan, which he will do exceedingly well. The part is by no means an easy one, and the fact that he learned it in less than a week shows wonderful talent and capacity for hard work. Tickets have been sold in

OTTO MUHLBAM.

advance and there will be a packed house. Seats can be reserved from 9 o'clock Monday morning. Following is the cast and chorus:

Lady Harriet Durham, maid of honor to the queen .....Mrs. R. L. Knebel
Nancy, her waiting maid.....
.....Miss Clara Hector
Lord Tristan Mickelford, Lady Harriet's cousin .....Harry Howell
Plunkett, a weathy young farmer.....
.....Frank Schultz
Lionel, his adopted brother, afterward Earl of Denby.....G. L. Tyler
The sheriff .....C. H. Giddings
Farmers, servant maids, hunters and huntresses, in the suite of the queen, pages, etc.
Musical director.....Otto Muhlbaur

The scene is laid partly in the residence of Lady Harriet and partly in Richmond and its neighborhood.

Following is a list of the participants in the chorus:

Sopranos—Mrs. J. L. Henderson, Misses Julia Elsehen, Clara A. Le Duc, Pauline Levy, Allie Poissant, Georgie Grignon, Louise Lyone, Jennie St. Aarmand, Katie Peffer, Paula Schultz, Lucie Le Duc, Nellie Le Duc, Grace O'Heron, Mayme O'Heron, Annie O'Leary, Zella Coultier, Lizzie Schuhe, Mary Murphy, Carrie Murphy.

Altos and contraltos—Misses Leonis Daoust, Minnie Schultz, Belle Jacques, Jennie Poissant, Georgina Chevrette, Mary Polski, Jennie Grignon.

Tenors—E. R. Kreimer, Frank Bayen, ka. C. M. Lauermann, John M. Lauermann, J. Gruesen, D. A. McCallum, R. Landolt, F. R. Labrosse, Richard Coultier, T. A. Wells, Robert Hamp, E. R. Grignon.

Bassos and baritones—L. F. Tucker, Luke O. Morin, Wallace Daoust, Joseph J. Polskt, D. P. McDonald, J. F. Prefontaine, Jake Poleaski.

Flaaten's augmented orchestra will assist.

* * *

The marriage of William M. Stephenson, of Duluth, and Miss Lenore Regina Scheffer, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Scheffer, of Nashville, Tenn., took place Wednesday morning at 8:30 o'clock at the Church of the Assumption in that city. The ceremony was a very beautiful one, Father Henry Japes performing it and celebrating a nuptial high mass. Miss Alma Wiggers, of Nashville, was maid of honor, and Edward H. Eden, of Duluth, was best man. The ushers were: George W. Powers, of Duluth; William J. Varley, William Scheffer and Louis K. Wenning, of Nashville. The church was handsomely decorated and a large number of friends witnessed the ceremony. The wedding breakfast was served by Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Scheffer, the bride's parents, at their home, No. 1307 North Cherry street, to the bridal party and relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Stephenson left at noon for Louisville, Ky., and points east and west, and will be at home in Duluth after May 10 at 501 West Second street.

* * *

Last Thursday evening the ladies of St. Anthony's church gave a card party. The head lady's prize was won by Mrs. J. Miller, the gentleman's by B. Kribsbacks, while the consolation prize was awarded to Miss Rose Roth.

* * *

Miss Dora Martin, of Bostwick flats, entertained a small party of her friends at her home Thursday evening.

Little Grace Rupert, of East Seventh street, was agreeably surprised Thursday evening by a number of her young friends who trooped in upon her, determined to have a good time. They played games and toward the close of the evening a fine musical program was rendered. Miss Lottie Fisher sang "Little Snowdrops" and "Spring Has Come." Several piano duets and solos were furnished by others of the company.

* * *

The High school sophomores gave a dancing party last evening at Masonic temple. The affair was well attended. The committee in charge of the party consisted of Miss Stahlbusch, Miss Whalen, Harold Ingalls, George Joerns and James Richards. Mr. Hitchcock, Mr. Dunlop, Mr. Abbott and Miss Eberle of the faculty chaperoned the party.

* * *

The McGolrick Literary club will hold its last meeting for the year Tuesday evening, when the election of officers will take place. "The Paris Exposition" will be the subject for the evening. Miss Hattie Burns, leader.

* * *

Wednesday afternoon Mrs. W. A. Ashley, of 901 London road, entertained the L. O. Cinch club. Cinch was played and a dainty luncheon served. The tables were very prettily decorated with carnations and smilax. Mrs. John K. Richter won the first prize and Mrs. William Wardell the foot prize. Those who played were:

Mesdames—
S. J. Cusson, E. Brown,
M. C. Hollhan, Dr. Graham,
James Meekin, Jr., P. H. Bayha,
J. A. Campbell, Ward Beatty,
George Powers, William Bradley,
John K. Richter. Charles Peterson,
W. A. Edwards, George Waite,
William Wardell, J. W. Dempster,
A. V. Kenney, J. H. Norton,
L. A. Arbogast,
Misses—
A. Shaw, Gertrude Adams.
Lulu Ashey,

* * *

The Y. M. C. A. Mandolin club will give a concert at Association hall Wednesday next. An excellent program has bene prepared. Frederic G. Bradbury, violinist; Miss Rena Smith and Cyril Tyler, who have delighted Duluth audiences in the past, will assist. The program will be as follows:

PART I.

"The Sleigh Ride" Galop imitative .....Louis Tocaben
Mandolin club.
Solo—"A May Morning" .....L. Deuza
Cyril Tyler.
Violin solo—
a. "Serenade" .....Schubert
b. "Pizzacato" .....Delibes
Frederic Gardner Bradbury.
Solo—
a. "A Rose Table" .....Hawley
b. "Oh That We Two Were Maying" .....Nevin
Miss Rena Smith.
PART II.
"Rose Di Maggio" Serenata.....C. Rossi
Mandolin club.
Solo—"Before the Dawn".G. W. Chadwick
Mr. Tyler.
Solo—"Waiting" .....H. Millard
Miss Smith.
Violin obligato by Mr. Bradbury.
March—"The Man Behind the Gun".Sousa
Mandolin club.
Mrs. M. Hoelscher, accompanist.

Carl Riedelsberger, the violinist, who was in Duluth for a number of years, has located in Minneapolis. He delighted the musical critics in that city at a concert which he gave there recently. The Times said of him:

"Mr. Riedelsberger, the violinist, was a surprise, coming as he did, unheralded and unknown, for he proved himself an artist of exceptional ability. His technic is very fine and his tone sweet and mellow. Sarasate's "Song of the Nightingale" gave him opportunity to show his technical powers, while the Godard andante revealed him possessed as well of warmth of feeling and expression."

* * *

A reception will be held in the parlors of the First M. E. church Monday. It will be given for the benefit of the church members and their friends. An excellent musical program, under the direction of Mr. Dunlap, has been prepared.

* * *

The dance given by the Duluth City band Tuesday evening at the Armory was a delightful one and about 200 couples were on the floor. The gallery was also well filled by spectators who went to enjoy the fine music.

* * *

At the home of the contracting parties Saturday evening at 9 o'clock, Miss Mathilda Granlund and John E. Bodin were married by Dr. A. F. Elmquist, of the Bethany Lutheran church.

* * *

Last Friday evening a very pleasant and enjoyable party was given at 1226 West Superior street, by Mrs. Andrew Duff and Mrs. Thomas, in honor of their friend, Mrs. Alf Gilion, who is leaving the city for the summer. The fore part of the evening was spent at progressive cinch, after which the happy assemblage repaired to the dining room where dainty refreshments had been prepared. While seated around the table Mrs. Gilion was presented with a beautiful set of tea dishes.

* * *

Miss Annie Swanstrom and O. L. Setterlund were married by D. A. F. Elmquist, pastor of the Bethany Lutheran church, in the parsonage of the church, Saturday, at 3 p. m. The young couple will reside at Forty-fifth avenue west and Third street.

* * *

Mrs. Theron G. Bartholomew, of 4305 Cambridge street, entertained the Golden Rod Circle club Friday afternoon.

* * *

The Zenda club will give its monthly party at Columbia hall next Tuesday evening, May 1.

* * *

Duluth lodge, No. 110, Degree of Honor, gave a dance at Odd Fellows' hall Tuesday evening.

* * *

Court Central Duluth, No. 1727, I. O. O. F., gave a benefit dance at Columbia hall Tuesday night. The dance was given for the benefit of one of the members of the order. There were about 125 couple present.

* * *

In the near future there will be a spelling contest between the First Presbyterian and First Methodist churches. It will take place at the First Methodist church and will be in response to a challenge received by that church from the First Presbyterian.

* * *

PERSONAL MENTION.

B. R. French, Miss C. Cameron and Rudolph Ceyll, from Grand Rapids, Wis., are in the city visiting friends.

Miss M. E. Luther is in the city from Sioux City, Iowa, visiting friends.

Miss Rose Herr left the city this week for Oshkosh, Wis. She will be gone several weeks.

Miss Mayme Bradshaw, who has spent the last six months abroad, mainly in Paris, will sail for home the latter part of June.

Mrs. C. Z. Doolittle has returned from a visit of several weeks at Minneapolis.

Mrs. W. A. Eden returned last evening from Minneapolis, where she has been visiting friends.

Mrs. B. T. Rogers, formerly of Appleton, Wis., now of Fond du Lac, Wis., is visiting her niece, Mrs. J. A. Campbell, 304 Mesaba avenue.

George A. French has returned from an extended Eastern visit.

Mrs. Charles Thogran left Wednesday on a visit to friends in Christiana, Norway.

Mrs. Ray T. Lewis returned this morning from a four months' trip in the East.

H. M. Peyton and family have returned from their Western trip.

Mrs. George C. Howe went to Chicago this week.

Miss Lilile Abrahamson has returned after an extended visit with friends in Louisville, Cincinnati and Chicago.

Mrs. Joseph D. Sattler and daughter, Marie, have returned from Grand Forks.

F. B. Griffith, of Buffalo, N. Y., is visiting his daughter, Mrs. T. M. Walsh, of West Third street.

Mrs. Theron H. Hawkes and children left yesterday for a visit at her home in Marietta, Ohio.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Gillon will remove to Two Harbors.

Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Sabin, of Stillwater, will soon take up their residence in Duluth.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Shackell, of Milwaukee, who were in the city on a visit to their daughter, Mrs. Louise R. Robinson, of Ashtabula terrace, returned home Sunday.

H. B. Prudden, of Chicago, who was spending a few days with his brothers, A. M., A. E. and George H. Prudden, left for home Monday afternoon.

Mrs. E. N. Bradley is in Omaha for a visit of a couple of months.

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Bradley and son, who have been West for several months, have returned.

Miss Selma Hoff is visiting her uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Tufte.

George A. French has gone to San Francisco for a visit.

Miss Adelaide Chevrette, who has been visiting friends and relatives during the past six weeks in the city, returned to her home in Ely Tuesday.

Mrs. Victor Johnson left Tuesday afternoon for an extended visit with Chicago friends.

John L. Fuller left Tuesday for St. Paul, where he met Mrs. Fuller and his brother, M. D. L. Fuller and wife, who have been in San Antonio, Tex., for the past five weeks.

L. H. Brooks has returned from Minneapolis, where he has been on a visit to his parents.

Mrs. Robert Beatty, of Lester Park, has gone to Oshkosh to visit friends.

Mrs. A. B. Chapin has been in St. Paul this week.

Mrs. Cousins, of the East End, left town this week to enjoy a visit to Minneapolis and Cozenoria, Wis.

Rupert Shaw is in the city from London, Eng. He anticipates a stay of several weeks, after which he will go to Germany for his health.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

The marriage of Miss Clara Murphy, daughter of M. Murphy, and L. J. Brotherton took place Tuesday morning at

(Continued on page 4.)

HARD TO BELIEVE.

Effects of Coffee on Human Beings.

"Every time that I indulged, even in a weak cup of coffee, I suffered with a terrible headache and disordered stomach. Ten months ago I quit coffee altogether and took up Postum Food Coffee. I have no more headaches; am very much stronger and in better flesh than I was before I began. I can work hard all day without feeling tired at all.

"Before I drank Postum I got so tired at my work that I had to lie down in the afternoon. Occasionally I would faint away. A lady friend, an author, says she would not be without Postum Food Coffee for anything in the world. She uses it three times a day, and says it keeps her mind clear and bright and her body healthy.

"Another friend, a lady who is a cripple and has been an invalid for a long while, took up Postum Coffee about two years ago. She has gained many pounds, and her flesh is now hard and firm. It is natural we should sing the praises of Postum." Miss Ida M. Forney, 24 Highland avenue, Melrose Highlands, Mass.

It will be observed from the above that each person showed an increase in sturdy strength, brought about by leaving off coffee and the use of Postum Food Coffee. The reason for this experience is that the poisonous alkaloids contained in regular coffee prostrated the nervous system, bringing on all sorts of aches and ails, and disintegrating the delicate cells in the nerve centers, destroying and throwing out the elements absolutely required by nature for maintaining good, sound nervous strength and health.

When coffee is discontinued nature seeks to set up a healing and repair the damage. The efforts of nature are powerfully aided by certain elements in Postum Food Coffee which come from parts of the field grain, selected especially for the purpose, by the makers of Postum. One of the principal elements is phosphate of potash—a delicate, microscopic product used by the system in combination with albumen of the food to make up the cells in the nerve centers of the human body. There is a well-defined reason why people can add greatly to their strength and health by leaving off coffee and using Postum Food Coffee.

....THE ARTISTIC....

Sterling Piano.

The most popular Piano on earth.

There are more Sterling Pianos constantly being sold than any other make.

The largest and the representative Music Dealers of the United States handle the Sterling Piano.

Many of our best musicians and teachers prefer the Sterling Piano.

The Sterling Co., of Derby, Conn., is positively shipping 150 Pianos per week, and yet is always behind on orders.

ALL THIS SIGNIFIES SOMETHING.

Yes, it shows that the Sterling Piano must embody more of the good qualities and desirable features that appeal to Piano purchasers.

That the wonderful Sterling singing quality of tone is preferred by the musical public.

That the Sterling action satisfies the demands of the most exacting pianists.

That Sterling cases never fail to suit the most critical eye, and that **if you buy a Sterling Piano you will be sure of a lifetime of happiness so far as music is concerned.**

Prices Moderate. Terms Easy. Old Pianos Taken in Exchange.

We Have Several Bargains in Used Pianos at Very Low Prices—

Upright Piano, mahogany finish case, reliable make, sweet and lasting tone **$157.00**

Elegant Hallet & Davis Square Piano, fine condition, rosewood case **$85.00**

ORGANS—Slightly used—all in good condition **$18. $25, $30, $35, $38**

ALL SOLD ON EASY PAYMENTS.

FRENCH & BASSETT,

RELIABLE PIANO DEALERS,
First Street and Third Avenue West.

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND.

THE SPRING MEDICINE

gives new life and substance to the nerve and muscle tissues, restores strength and vitality to the human system.

Care and constant strain of work has first effect upon the nerves. Without strong nerves, the stomach, liver and kidneys are weakened, the blood is impoverished, the energy of the body is wasted, and disease is liable.

GEORGE H. GRAVES, La Crosse, Wis., writes:

"Paine's Celery Compound is the greatest spring medicine on the face of this earth. I am taking it this spring with even better results than ever before. It will do all you claim for it; in fact, Paine's Celery Compound is the only tonic medicine that will cure the nervous and broken-down."

Jewelry at Auction, Watches at Auction, Cut Glass at Auction, Bric-a-Brac at Auction.

I am going to leave West Superior, and going out of the Jewelry business. This is a great chance to buy up-to-date goods at auction sale. Commences Monday, April 30, at 7:30, and continues at 2:30 and 7:30 until closed out.

G. A. McHenry, Jeweler,

1424 Tower Avenue, West Superior, Wis.

HE WORKS WONDERS!

Extremely Extraordinary Are the Cures Being Daily Performed by

DR. MITCHELL

Whose Marvelous Power in Healing the Sick Has Been a Source of Wonder and Astonishment to All.

His Great Success and the Rapidity of His Cures Are a Revelation to the Medical World.

His Parlors, 17 East Superior St., Daily Thronged With Patients From All Parts of the State.

Dr. Mitchell works healing in this city. The peralyzed have new life given them and the blind see, the lame walk and the deaf hear. It is all done without the use of medicine. Dr. Mitchell is the original and the greatest magnetic physician of this day and generation. For two years this mighty healer has practiced in this city, daily healing all manner of diseases. Many Duluth people, whom he has completely restored to health after they had been abandoned as incurable by other physicians; and his recommendations are his cured patients—and they are among the best class of people in Duluth and from other parts of the world. They have been cured by his wonderful magnetic healing influence. His cures are permanent. He is known for his frankness. For if he can not cure he will tell you so, for he does not cure to handle cases which are not curable. Unbelievers are soon convinced when they call and see what the doctor is doing for the sick.

A lady writes: "I am enthusiastic over your magnetic cure. I have been a sufferer from stomach trouble for seven years and suffered with headache most of the time. I can say that your wonderful healing power has given me permanent relief."

A lady told one of Duluth's best physicians that she had suffered torture from complications of nervousness and heart trouble for fifteen years; spent hundreds of dollars; had given medicine and electricity a thorough trial without the slightest relief. Dr. Mitchell's treatment is the only thing that ever gave me relief. It is a pleasure in recommending his magnetic treatments to all who may be needing such help.

Nothing more marvelous ever took place in the history of the healing art, than the following case:

Levi King, who was entirely blind in his right eye and vision was impaired in the other, who had consulted oculists and physicians and they all informed him he would never see, Dr. Mitchell gave him three treatments and restored his eyesights.

I give no medicines with these treatments, but simply supply my magnetic healing powers, which God has given me, and my patients are to be the judge of my good works and I shall stand or fall by my cures. I ask only one thing of the public, and that is, to judge me after investigation. For the man who passes judgment without first hearing the evidence bearing upon the subject must be regarded as a person without philosophy or common sense, for men are but creatures of the day, while principles and facts are eternal. I deal only with facts, and my principles are good, for I take no one that I cannot cure or benefit. My charges are much less than those of any other specialist.

A young boy of 10 years, who was going blind. Large ulcers would form on his eyes; he had a bad case of chronic catarrh. Dr. Mitchell's treatment seemed to take hold of him like magic. In six weeks' treatment, the boy's weight increased eight pounds. He is now enjoying good health and perfect eyesight.

Did any man ever do this before? Do you believe that hundreds of cures have been made more wonderful than this right here in Duluth? Will you call and have it proven to your own mind that they are true? Do you believe that by applying this magnetic vital force he is healing blind, curing the paralyzed and making the deaf hear?

Dr. Mitchell cures all forms of female complaints without exposure or the use of instruments. He also cures all nervous trouble, rheumatism, neuralgia, stomach trouble and in fact all diseases and deformities that flesh is heir to.

None who are suffering should fail to see this great healer. Take no man's word, but go yourself and witness this marvelous power that has brought health and happiness to thousands.

I want you to ask me for names and addresses of patients, can send you to hundreds of patients whom I have cured. Not patients from outlandish localities where no one resides, but in your own city, at your own door. If I have the power to make the deaf hear, the dumb speak, the blind see and the lame walk I want to prove it by my good works.

Office hours daily, 9 a. m. to 7:30 p. m.; Sundays 9 to 12. Remember the name, Dr. Mitchell. Bring this advertisement with you. It will entitle you to consultation and examination free. 'Phone 579.

PORTER'S NARROW ESCAPE.

Rescued From a Chicago Mob By the Police.

Chicago, April 28.—A crowd of nearly 100 infuriated men and boys chased "Dock" Thomas, a colored Pullman car porter, off the dock into the lake at the foot of Thirty-seventh street today, and but for the timely arrival of the police would probably have stoned him to death in the water. Thomas and another colored man, named Taylor, quarrelled while fishing, and Taylor was cut in the hand with a knife by Thomas. Both then began to hurl rocks, and during the fusillade a woman was struck in the head and knocked senseless. The crowd at once went after Thomas, yelling "lynch him," finally forcing him off the pier into the lake, where, in water up to his neck Thomas brandished his knife and dared them to come on. A perfect hail of stones then fell around Thomas, but before he was seriously injured the police arrived, and after severely clubbing several in the crowd, rescued Thomas. The woman's injuries were not serious.

BIG LOAD.

New York, April 28.—The steamer Chateau Yaquem, from Marseilles and Naples, arrived in this port today, with 1158 steerage passengers.

TRY ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE,

A powder to be shaken into the shoes. Your feet feel swollen, nervous and hot, and get tired easily. If you have smarting feet or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease. It cools the feet and makes walking easy. Cures swollen, sweating feet, ingrowing nails, blisters and callous spots. Relieves corns and bunions of all pain and gives rest and comfort. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores for 25 cents. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

NEEDS OF STUDENTS

Interests of Young People Considered at the Ecumenical Council.

A TALK BY BARROWS

Oberlin College President on Christians' Attitude Toward Non-Christian Faiths.

New York, April 18—Bishop Hendricks of the Methodist Episcopal church South, opened the devotional exercises of the ecumenical conference today at Carnegie hall. At 10 o'clock the principal meeting of the day began, at which the general subject, "Students and Other Young People," was considered.

Professor J. Ross Stevenson and H. C. Duncan both spoke on the topic, "The Achievements, Present Position and Significance of Missionary Movements Among Students Throughout the World."

The Rev. Dr. Charles Cuthbert Hall, Political Union Theological seminary, read a lengthy paper on "The Young Men of the Future Ministry: How to Fire Them With the Missionary Passion and Make Them Leaders of Missionary Churches." In the course of his remarks Dr. Hall said:

"The problem of the divinity school is not how to train an occasional man for the foreign field, but how to kindle the missionary passion in every man that passes through the school, that he may thereby become an able minister of Christ. The conception of the life of the divinity school as a life transfused and saturated with the spirit of the missions is founded upon two political needs, the need of the man who shall enter the pastorate at home."

The papers were followed by a general discussion by the delegates, who were limited to five minutes each.

At the same time the reactional meeting was being held at the Central Presbyterian church, the general subject being "Non-Christian Religions." The meeting was led by J. H. Laughlin, of China.

"The Right Attitude of Christianity Toward Non-Christian Faiths" was the subject spoken upon, the Rev. Dr. John Henry Barrows, president of Oberlin college, He said.

"One feature or element in the right spiritual attitude of Christianity toward other religions is a beneficent and hopeful courage. The ultimate contest in the world of religions will be not between Christianity and the non-Christian faiths, but between Christ and Christ-lessness in the natural heart in the human heart. The non-Christian faiths have been found out, and the gospel of Jesus Christ has no reason to be abashed before them. In time they will become like the religions of Egypt and ancient Greece.

"The chief business of an aggressive church is to set forth the redeeming and risen Lord. This message should be carried to all men with glowing love and radiant loveliness of spirit. The missionary effort is not primarily to measure this or that ethical or theological conception of the Bible or the creeds with the ethical or theological conceptions to be found in the other sacred books of the East. The missionary is primarily a messenger sent to tell a great story, and also a witness of what the Christ of that story has wrought for himself and the world. The great mass of heathendom needs not argument so much as mercy, relief, sympathy, ministry, instruction, the sight of pure homes and Christly lives, and, in the midst of all these things, the lifting up of the one Lord and Redeemer.

"A shining and hopeful courage is one element of the spirit in which Christianity confronts the non-Christian world. Whatever mistakes men have made in the great propagandism, however unlovely their temper may sometimes have been and irrational their judgment and imperfect their lives, the Christian never makes a mistake, so far as he is Christian, in announcing the truth which has become incorporate in his very nature, that Christianity is not merely one of many competing religions, but is God's way of salvation, is the absolute, final authoritative message from heaven to earth, written in the blood of the cross and stamped with the seal of the resurrection.

"All men need a diviner passion for truth, to be more inclusive in their hearts and their faith, to think God's thoughts after him in a wide-reaching sympathy for every manifestation of Himself which He has made. Is it not unwise to refuse faith in the supernatural, evangelical history, because that history is so precious that it has been foreshadowed by myth, because it is so desirable that men have invented legends that are remotely like it? Why should the good Word be deemed less true because of the stories of Krishna, Buddha and Hercule? Why should any reject an incarnation, established by such evidences as are furnished for the coming of God's son, because the oriental, the universal heart, has longed for a celestial avatar.

"There is a certain modesty, also becoming the ambassador of Christ. The wise-hearted missionary is not proclaiming the perfection of Christendom. Is not picturing his own church as the stainless bride of Christ, but is patiently striving to give men a full vision of his Lord. Many things beside the wickedness of the human soul prevent the pagan nations from coming rapidly into the ranks of Christendom. The non-Christian world sees principally the defects of Christendom. The title of infidel literature pours in upon the Orient so that educated young men of the East have come to believe that Christendom is abandoning Christianity. The result is that they are not looking with clear, unprejudiced eyes upon the gospel of Christ. So not wonder that China has not fallen in love with all the nations of Western Christendom. Even Japan thinks she has some old-time grievances to remember before there can be an unprejudiced estimate of Christianity. Christendom must clear its skirts of many shames and iniquities. The earnest and self-denying missionaries of Asia are surrounded by European population not wholly in sympathy with Christianity. Directly or indirectly these do a great deal to hinder the progress of the gospel. Christendom is not fitted at present to make the very widest conquest in non-Christian lands. Christian evangelism is marvelously successful in many ways, but every clear-eyed missionary perceives how progress is handicapped and what a misfortune it is that 'Christianity is compelled to apologize for Christendom.' It is not the zest of Christianity that has always made itself most prominent and pervasive in the non-Christian world.

"In spite of all this, however, those who know the best of heathendom and the worst of Christendom, we who have seen comprehensively and fully both of these two worlds, believe that heathenism is the condemnation of heathenism, and that Christendom, with all its faults, is an argument for Christianity. Nevertheless, the sins of Christian nations are so conspicuous that the ambassador for Christ is compelled to become an apologist of candor, frankness and modesty."

"The Religious Condition of India as Seen from the Missionary Standpoint" was the subject of a paper by the Rev. W. S. Sutherland, of Edinburgh. The Rev. George William Knox, of New York, spoke on "The Ethical and Philosophical Systems of China and Japan." "Mohammedanism and Christian Missions" was the subject discussed in a paper by Rev. C. T. Wilson, of Palestine.

During the afternoon meeting at Carnegie hall, the discussion of the same subject was continued, addresses being made by the Rev. B. L. Wigtman, of Columbian university, Washington; S. Earl Taylor and B. Drewer Eddy.

At the Central Presbyterian church in the afternoon the Rev. Dr. George T. Purves and the Rev. Dr. George Robson spoke on "The Apologetic Problems in Missions."

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN!

I wish to inform parents of certain boys who congregate about my place of business at all hours of day and night, annoying customers and interfering with trade—it must be stopped at once or I shall take seperate legal proceedings with each boy AT ONCE if nuisance is not abated.

W. E. LAWRENCE, East End Druggist.

West Duluth

A resolution asking for an additional appropriation of $1200 for the maintenance of the new fire engine at West Duluth will be presented to the council Monday night, and will undoubtedly be favorably acted on by the fire department committee. The additional appropriation asked will, if granted, make the total for the purpose $4200. The amount of the additional sum needed was decided on by the fire commissioners at their meeting last evening.

The resolution may possibly be passed by the council Monday, but the engine cannot be installed until after alterations have been made in the house. Three stalls, one more than at present, will have to be built back in the police part of the hall, and other changes made. The board will decide at an inspection to be held home time next week as to just what is to be done.

CHURCH SERVICES.

The elders of the Church of the First Born will hold service in Stewart's hall, beginning Saturday evening at the usual hour. The services will continue all Sunday at 10:30 a. m., at West Duluth, and in the evening at 7:30.

At Ashbury M. E. church tomorrow at 10:30 a. m., the children of the Sunday school will render their Easter program, which was postponed owing to the inability of many to attend on Easter Sunday. In the evening at 8 o'clock the Rev. Robert Forbes, D.D., will preach and administer the sacrament of the Lord's supper at the close of the sermon. Special collections will be taken in aid of the various benevolences of the church.

At No. 5511 Grand avenue west there will be service Sunday forenoon at 11 o'clock, conducted by Rev. Adolph Salverson.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

George Payne, of Eveleth, is visiting W. E. Kern.

Axel Peterson, an employe at Mitchell & McClure's mill, had his right leg crushed while at work yesterday, and it is feared that he may lose the member. He was working near the tramway and slipped and fell under a car and was run over. Dr. Graham attended him. Peterson was resting comfortably at noon today.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Claude Kennenthall, of Fifty-fourth avenue west and Cosmold street, yesterday.

Robert Mosher has gone to Houghton to take a place on the government work.

George B. Wright and Mrs. Frances Wols, both of Proctorknott, were married Friday evening, April 27, by Rev. S. A. Jamieson. Mr. and Mrs. Wright will make Proctorknott their home.

AMSTERDAM LOCKOUT.

Amsterdam, April 28.—This city is without newspapers today and will remain so until Monday and perhaps longer, the proprietors of printing establishments and the managers of newspapers having locked out all the printers, owing to a strike.

You never get drunk on

"Beneteau Cognac"

Because it is pure. Free from poisonous compound.

YOUNG "HIPPO."

New York, April 28.—"Miss Murphy," the hippotamus in the Central park menagerie, last night gave birth to the fourth young "hippo" born in the park. This newest "hippo" is about fourteen inches long and stands eight inches high and weighs about twenty pounds.

Rev. John Reid, Jr., of Great Falls, Mont., recommended Ely's Cream Balm to me. I can emphasize his statement. "It is a positive cure for catarrh if used as directed."—Rev. Francis W. Poole, pastor Central Presbyterian church, Helena, Mont.

After using Ely's Cream Balm six weeks I believe myself cured of catarrh. Joseph Stewart, Grand avenue, Buffalo, N. Y.

The Balm does not irritate or cause sneezing. Sold by druggists at 50 cents, or mailed by Ely Brothers, 56 Warren street, New York.

"I find them the best preparation for colds, coughs and asthma."—Mrs. S. A. Watson, Temperance Lecturer.

BROWN'S Bronchial Troches

OF BOSTON

Sold in boxes only—Avoid imitations.

THE TURMOIL OF COMPETITION.

Death Frequently the Result of an Effort to Make a Living.

Death is frequently the result of a man's effort to make a living. In the turmoil of competition the internal organs and their needs are forgotten. First, the bitter taste in the mouth, and offensive breath; then follows Constipation; then, Bilious and Nervous Disorders, Dyspepsia and a host of diseases that prostrate the once strong man.

Beecham's Pills are an indispensable tonic for a man who works. They regulate the digestive organs and make him bright and ready for the hardest kind of toil. They rid the system of accumulated impurities and so prevent the occurrence of a list of diseases too numerous to mention.

Beecham's Pills are not an experiment. A fifty years' record of actual cures prove them to be the best bracer for a man who is under mental or physical strain.

MERRIAM QUIZZED

General Commanding at Wardner Under Fire of Cross-Examination.

DODGES JUST A BIT

Parries Question as to Propriety of Holding Men Without Trial.

Washington, April 28.—The examination of Gen. Merriam was continued at the Coeur d'Alene investigation before the military committee of the house today. He explained in detail his instructions. In a telegram from Secretary Alger of May 31 he had referred to Gen. Merriam's "original instructions." Gen. Merriam testified that he had never received any "original instructions" beyond the directions to proceed to Idaho to put down the insurrection. He had applied to the department twice for these original instructions," but they had not been furnished and he had come to the conclusion that Secretary Alger was in error.

Regarding the incident of the pumpmen at the Tigar and Poorman mines he said Governor Steunenburg had asked what could be done to save the mine in case the men declined to take out permits. He had replied that he did not feel competent to advise. He knew that to have allowed the mine to be filled up with water would have destroyed it as effectively as to have blown it up by dynamite.

Attorney Robertson conducted the cross-examination of Gen. Merriam.

In reply to a series of questions, Gen. Merriam testified that martial law was declared by the governor of Idaho upon whose request the United States troops were furnished, and that such of the revised statutes requiring the president to proclaim a state of insurrection did not apply. Some of the federal troops, he testified, were in Idaho and some on their way there before a martial law was declared, May 2. He had telegraphed May 2 to the war department that he would declare martial law if action was not disapproved by the department.

"Was that your intention?" asked Mr. Robertson.

"It was," replied Gen. Merriam, "but it was not answered. It was my intention to scrutinize travel outward bound from the scene of the trouble. The governor proclaimed martial law on May 3."

Up to the time of his arrival, 12 arrests had been made. Mr. Robertson sought to gain an admission that some of these arrests were made prior to the governor's proclamation, but Gen. Merriam denied this emphatically and produced his telegrams to show that when he ordered the arrests he stated martial law was declared. When he directed that arrests should be made by deputies, he had not conceded that troops could not have made the arrests directly and without warrants under martial law.

"Do you think that under the conditions that obtained in the Coeur d'Alene it was proper and reasonable to hold prisoners from four to six months without examination?"

"I am not prepared to answer 'no,'" replied Gen. Merriam. "I do not know all the attending conditions and circumstances."

"Did you take any means of examination or otherwise to determine the innocence of the prisoners for your own information or that of the president of the United States."

A. I did not.

"Q. Did you take any means to determine their probable innocence?"

"A. No further than to urge preliminary examinations by the civil authorities."

"Q. You convened no military court to try these prisoners?"

"A. I did not. The state courts try those prisoners."

"Q. You then lent soldiers to deputies, who made arrests?"

"A. I did not. I sent soldiers to protect deputies and to receive and safeguard prisoners."

"Q. Do you think there can be civil officers under martial law?"

"A. I do, emphatically."

"Q. Deputies exercising the functions of military officers?"

A. Yes, under the direction of the governor."

Gen. Merriam, in response to a question as to whether he considered the people of Shoshone county capable of self-government, said he was not in possession of sufficient information to give an opinion.

MOVED Dr. M.B. Cullum

Has removed to Top Floor New Jersey Building, Rooms 106-108, W. Superior St.

BRYAN'S SECRET ENEMIES.

New York Chicago Democracy Denounces Them.

New York, April 28.—The state committee of the Chicago Democracy held a meeting here last night and ratified the action of its convention committee in changing the time and place of holding its state convention from May 21, in Albany, to May 19, in this city.

In an address which the state committee has issued under the caption "Of Interest to Democrats of New York State," the committee says that it is the intention at the coming convention to select delegates to the national convention because the regular oranization is controlled by men who do not represent the party, who did not support Bryan in 1896, and who are in reality antagonistic to Democratic principles. Of these state leaders the committee says:

"These men do not come out in the open field and say: 'We are for Bryan and the Chicago platform, with the addition of planks against trusts and imperialism, but resort to all sorts of subterfuge and equivocations.

"There would not be a particle of doubt of securing a Bryan delegation from New York if his opponents would meet us in a fair and manly way. They refuse to put up delegates openly pledged to anything, but it can only be for the purpose of deceiving the voters into voting for the delegates supposed to be for the Chicago plaform and Bryan, but who would turn out in the convention against him. Any delegates who refuse to be instructed to vote for Bryan do not intend to vote for him who is not pledged for Bryan is secretly pledged against him."

REALTY MARKET

(Continued From Page 8.)

Robert Rutherford et ux to Charlotte E. Hill, lot 15, block 42, London addition 675
C. S. McMahon et mar to G. A. Wieland, lot 11 and w½ lot 12, block 73, Portland 3,500
M. C. Davidson et mar to C. S. McMahon, lot 11 and w½ lot 12, block 73, Portland 3,500
J. C. Peterson et ux to Frank Sartori et al, lot 10, block 7, Ely..... 575
E. G. Wallinder et ux to C. A. Parker, lot 9, block 292, West Duluth, Fourth division 1,100
E. A. Collin to Dan Haley et al, n½ of ne¼, ne¼ of sw¼, nw¼ of se¼ and ne¼ of nw¼, section 29; sw¼ of se¼, section 20-64-20; sw¼ of se¼, section 7-63-20..... 1,170
John Soderquist to Patrick A. Smith, n½ of se¼ and se¼ of se¼, section 4-68-19 556
Charles M. Holcomb to F. S. Bell, sw¼ of ne¼ and nw¼ of se¼, section 21-65-20 1,154
Olean Land company to L. S. Consolidated Iron Mines, lands in sections 29 and 30-53-17; section 31-53-17; sections 5, 8, 17, 20, 21, 24, 25-52-17 15,632
John Monaghan et ux to Neil Mathson, lot 12, block 7, Triggs & Kimberley's Bay Front division..... 356
Charles H. Godard et ux to Nik Ulasic, lot 8, block 21, Eveleth 610
John E. Ostberg to Charles H. Godard, lot 7, block 21, Eveleth 400
John S. Maginnis to William T. James, se¼ of nw¼ section 26-63-14 170
L. M. Hanson et ux to Frank Hicks, w½ of se¼, ne¼ of se¼, sw¼ of ne¼ section 33-67-18 300
Charles Copman to Augusta Berg, lots 22, 23, block 7, Princeton Place addition 50
L. D. Brewster to E. M. Earley, und ¼ e½ of se¼, lots 5 and 6, section 18; e½ of nw¼, lots 1 and 2, section 19-62-15..... 90
Provident Life and Trust company to D. S. McKay, lots 2 and 3, block 14, Central division 6,705
N. H. Norton, ex., et al to Mary Molloney, lots 3 and 4, block 15, Lloyd's division 250
C. D. Huyck et ux to L. T. Burnside, lots 14, 15, 16, block 83, West Duluth, Fourth division 3,000
M. J. Lynch et ux to Miller Arnold Lumber company, e½ of ne¼ section 8-57-12..... 1,005
Woodland company to John Sackarlason, w½ of sw¼ of ne¼ of se¼ section 22-51-14..... 300
E. A. Coffin to Pokegama Lumber company, ne¼ of se¼ section 6-57-17; ne¼ of ne¼ section 1-57-18 220
E. A. Coffin to Pokegama Lumber company, nw¼ of se¼ section 4, nw¼ of ne¼ section 34-56-17; e½ of nw¼ section 8-57-17; lots 3, 13 and 14 section 5, lots 1 and 2 section 28-58-17 1,440
Sophia Wellander to P. A. Smith, lot 5 and nw¼ of sw¼ section 4-68-19 500
Charles Friberg to P. A. Smith, lot 4, section 3; lot 1 and s½ of ne¼ section 4-68-19 1,900
Order of St. Benedict to Andrew Swanstrom, e½ of lot 406, block 86, Duluth proper, Second division 550
Caroline Rate to Caroline Wood, lot 81 and 82, block 188, Duluth proper, Third division 500
S. E. Mattery et ux to Oscar Oleson, lot 54, block 85, Duluth Proper, Third dicision 1,000
John Jackman et ux to G. A. Matatha, lot 10, block 26, Ely..... 200
S. C. Pierce to William J. Fort, n½ ne¼ section 34, nw¼ nw¼ section 35-56-12 7,500
Clara Alstead to R. W. Cummings, e½ nw¼ and n½ sw¼ section 27-58-19 75
S. L. Williams et mar to Rudolph Tegmander, lot 37, block 86, Duluth Proper, Third division 50
R. G. Williamson et ux to M. J. Campbell, s½ nw¼ section 2, s½ ne¼ section 3-67-21 1,000
Annie Vincent to James D. Morrison, lot 12, block 21, Virginia..... 1,200
J. J. A. Crosby et ux to Mortimer H. Stanford, und 1-16 of s½ of ne¼ and lot 6 or section 4, and lots 5, 6, 7 and 8, and n¼ of ne¼ of section 7, all in 62-14..... 250
S. A. Smith to Annie Bartz, lot 2, block 9, Smith's addition to New Duluth, First division 100
Robert A. Hubbard et ux to C. A. Moore, lot 5, block 114, Portland.... 900
S. H. Warren et ux to Theresa A. Haley, lot 12, block 91, Endion..... 1,000
L. E. Lam to Caroline Moerke, part of lots 1, 2, 3, block 103, West Duluth, Sixth division 1,100
C. D. Huyck et ux to N. H. Nyhus, lot 10, block 23, West Duluth, First division 500
John S. Maginnis to Charles Devana, n½ of nw¼ section 11; ne¼ of ne¼ section 10-60-19..... 350
O. D. Kinney to Fred Nelson, lot 1, block 24, Virginia 1,300
Lando F. Grun et ux to F. S. Bell, n½ ne¼, nw¼ ne¼ and sw¼ ne¼ section 5-65-19 2,650
C. E. Peaslee, receiver, to B. G. Segog, w½ ne¼ section 22-58-14..... 405
B. G. Segog et ux to H. H. Phelps, same 400
John C. C. Fletcher to Wilhelmina O. ohnson, lands in sections 23, 26-53-15; sections 20-58-14, and sections 17, 21, 27, 28-67-15 5,000
Lucy Gray Harrison, executrix, to John Pickerel, lot 13, block 15, Marvin's addition 350
Same to same, lot 7, block 11, Marvin's addition 650
Same to same, lot 8, block 11, Marvin's addition 650

The World is Old, But Looks no Older Than it Really is.

Why suffer from the look of Premature age, when by using our **IDEAL** preparations for the **HAIR** and **COMPLEXION** you can look years younger and more directly pleasing. We have no rivals in our Treatments for the Hair or Complexion. We have had years of experience—being the first to introduce this work at the head of the lakes.

Mme. Boyd, Specialist.

216 W. Superior Street. 'Phone Call 115.

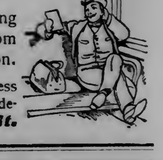
I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best DENTAL WORK at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Block. Telephone 755, Call 4.

D. H. DAY, Dentist.

A LONG JOURNEY.

Ely



Long journeys generally mean long absences; and a good picture from home is the very best companion.

Our Photographs give pleasure the world over. They possess the true artistic touch and the superiority of their mechanical development leaves nothing to be desired. **7 E. Superior St.**

Why is Electric Light Best?

Because it is Healthy, Clean, Pure and Brilliant.

HEALTHY! It has no odor. Professor Thompson states one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.

CLEAN! It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.

SAFE! As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.

CHEAP! By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

Commercial Light and Power Co. OFFICES—215 W. Superior St.

B. N. Thompson et ux to N. H. Nyhus, e 25 ft lots 15 and 16, block 111, West Duluth, Fifth division 1
Amelia McCombet et ux to A. A. Stevenson, lot 15, block 62, Portland 100

CANNOT BE GRANTED

(Continued From Page 1.)

posed wholly of foreigners—principally coffee planters—who has taken the matter in hand and is trying to introduce the Bordeaux treatment. They have just ordered the necessary materials from the United States, and have obtained the permission of the Nicaraguan government for free import and transportation on the government railroads for these materials. The Nicaraguan government has also promised to send a commissioner here to investigate the causes and effects of this disease. It is estimated that in the immediate vicinity of this agency at least 600,000 trees have been attacked.

Consul Goding states in a recent communication to the bureau of foreign commerce, that if an Illinois firm had not made certain stipulations in a bid for 44,000 tons of steel rails, fish plates, bolts and nuts, for Newcastle, the immense order would have been supplied by United States manufacturers.

After allowing for shipping charges, the lowest bidder was an Illinois company, at $736,873, and the lowest English bidder was the Barrow company, of Great Britain, at $745,245. The Illinois company stipulated that the government of New South Wales should have a banker's credit, which would mean the paying of a commission to some American firm, and conditions in regard to exchange, which would mean extra expense. These extras would bring the amount up to about as much as the bid of the lowest English tenderer, so the members of the tender board agreed with the minister in giving the contract to the Barrow company, of Great Britain.

* * *

Vice Consul General Hanauer of Frankfort reports that a reputable coal dealer of that city (who supplies one of the largest chemical factories in the vicinity) has just called on him in order to learn the names of standard coal companies in the United States. He says his firm wants—if prices and quality of coal are suitable—a contract for 500,000 tons for the next twelve months. He also states that the production of Germany in this line is short of the demand this year by 4,000,000 tons.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

Millions Given Away.

It is certainly gratifying to the public to know of one concern which is not afraid to be generous. The proprietors of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, have given away over ten million trial bottles and have the satisfaction of knowing it has cured thousands of hopeless cases. Asthma, Bronchitis, La Grippe and all Throat, Chest and Lung diseases are surely cured by it. Call on W. A. Abbett, druggist, and get a free trial bottle. Regular size 50c and $1.00. Every bottle guaranteed.

IN AN ASYLUM.

Oakland, Cal., April 28.—Lady Yarde-Buller has been removed to a private sanitarium for the insane upon the authority of her sister, Mrs. Safford, who recently came here from the East.

Read the want page and you may find something to interest you.

Our Specialty....

Fine Hardwood Floor Finishing.

H. A. HALL & CO.

DECORATORS,

Telephone 534. 16 East Superior St

1st of May we have a cheap rate over N. P. R. R. to any party looking for selected land on this line. Small or large tract—or land anywhere. Call on

S. B. BRIGHAM, the land man.

Open evenings. 12 Fifth Avenue W.

We sell nothing but "thoroughbred horses," such as the celebrated

Clevelands ..... **$40 to $75**
Worlds ..... **$30 to $40**
Barnes (White Flyer) ..... **only $40**

We sell on Payments.

R. R. FORWARD & CO.

Zenith 'Phone 680. 2021-23 West Superior Street.

We Repair Bicycles Cheap.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink

ANHEUSER-BUSCH BEER.

Sold in Duluth a

The Ideal Beer Hall.

NOT TO BE CHOPPED

Vacation of Injunction Would Not Bring Destruction of Telephone System.

NOT PRESENT POLICY

Administration Intends to Push the Case Along Peaceful Lines.

The hearing on the application for a permanent injunction restraining the city of Duluth from interfering with the Duluth Telephone company's system in the city of Duluth will come up for hearing in the United States court before Judge Lochren on Tuesday, May 8. That is the day the court will open in this city. The injunction was granted upon the application of Gordon Abbott and Francis R. Hart, who claim to be holders of a mortgage on the plant of the company. The temporary injunction, which has been in effect for nearly thirty days, is rather sweeping in its character, as it restrains the city from interfering with the company's system now, and with the making of renewals or extensions.

At this hearing the argument will undoubtedly go into the case considerably, and the city will strive to have the injunction set aside. The question is arising in many minds as to what the city will do in the event that Judge Lochren vacates the injunction. The policy of the last city administration would probably have been to cripple the system at once in such an event, but whether the present administration will consider it advisable to take such radical measures is very much to be doubted. It probably will not, in fact as much has been said. It was announced at the time the suit was brought in the state court by the city that the fight would be pushed to a finish, and the right of the Duluth Telephone company to do business in Duluth ascertained in the highest court in the land is necessary. It is understood that the fight will be a peaceful one, however, and that the company will be allowed to use the plant it now has in the city until that time. If the company should continue to make important extensions the city might apply for an injunction restraining it from doing so until its right to use the streets and alleys is determined.

Whatever the court does with the injunction at the hearing, there will be no chopping down of poles and wires.

AMUSEMENTS.

"THE DEVIL'S AUCTION."

"The Devil's Auction," which is contemporaneous with the origin of the drama, or something like that, yet which always seems to strike a responsive chord somewhere in spite of its age, appeared at the Lyceum last night before a large and likely pleased audience. It seems to have discovered the secret of perpetual youth, for no signs of decrepitude have made their appearance and the play is the same source of pleasure and merriment it was ages ago. And yet not the same, either, for annually the jokes and specialties and other bright features are renewed as a tree annually renews its blossoms and leaves upon the same old trunk. The play is one of the cleanest and brightest of its sort, and this may be its secret of unfailing youth. It is at least as good as usual this year, and perhaps a little better. The chorus and the costumes and the general assemblance of details are all complete and harmonious and effect excellent. The members of the cast are generally satisfactory. Mayme Mayo, as Janet, won her way easily into the hearts of her watchers, as usual. Though her voice is not as clear and pleasing as it might be, her wonderful activity and suppleness in the dances she gives are delightful. James A. Kiernan is good as Toby, and the audience of the speaking members of the cast are good. The ballet feature is strong, and the members are among the best of their kind. The line of specialties is good, notable numbers being furnished by Mayme Mayo, James Kiernan, Kelly and Reno, musical acrobats, and others.

THE MAYORALTY APPEAL.

Preliminary Motions Are Made Before Judge Dibell.

Preliminary motions preparing the way for an appeal in the mayoralty election contest were heard before Judge Dibell in chambers yesterday afternoon. In Judge Dibell's decision he stated that he would entertain a motion to amend the findings on one ballot on which the judges of election had omitted to place their initials. Judge Moer made a motion to amend in that respect, and if Judge Dibell rules on the ballot it will make Mr. Hugo's plurality one less. Mr. Davis, appearing for Mayor Hugo, moved to amend the findings so that twenty-seven ballots that were counted for Truelsen should be counted for Hugo. This is merely formal, and it is done so that the contestee will be in a position to make an argument before the supreme court on some of these ballots. As soon as these matters are out of the way the case will be settled for an appeal. It will take but a short time then to get the case before the supreme court.

They Are Enjoined.

Clinton B. Sears and King & Steele have been enjoined by the district court from tearing up the soil of lot 247 Minnesota avenue, Upper Duluth, on complaint of Annie W. Hugo, its owner. In her complaint she alleged that the defendants were tearing up the soil of the lot, and that if they were not enjoined they would tear it up to the depth of thirty feet and ruin it. Hence the injunction. Judge Cant signed the order for judgment.

Forfeited Tax Sale Certificate.

A judgment affirming a forfeited tax sale certificate has been filed in district court, but as there was no dispute on the part of the former owner, the decision has no bearing on the forfeited tax law and sale generally. The case is that of Elizabeth Logan against William B. Logan and others, and it involves one-half of the nw¼ of the ne¼ and the se¼ of the nw¼ of section 26-58-18. The plaintiff set up a forfeited tax certificate and sued to clear title, and the defendants in their answer stated that after the forfeited tax sale they no longer laid any claim to the property. Therefore Judge Dibell gave the plaintiff judgment for the title.

Horseshoers Attention.

The state board of examiners will hold a session May 5, at Duluth, Minnesota, No. 114 Second avenue west. E. L. Toomey's shoeing shop. All members of shoeing trade are requested to be present that have not already secured a license. By order of the board.

E. L. TOOMEY, State Examiner.

New storage house for the Duluth Fuel and Transfer company is completed.

EXCITING FEAT.

Dr. McIvor-Tyndall Drives Blindfolded Through the Streets.

Amid considerable excitement several hundred people breathlessly watched Dr. McIvor-Tyndall, blindfolded, do a sensational drive through the business portion of the city this morning. It was one mad whirl from start to finish, and by simply reading another man's thoughts he drove recklessly among other vehicles, turned corners at such a rate of speed that the carriage seemed to go on two wheels, and yet did not meet with the slightest accident. It was with something akin to amazement not unmingled with enthusiasm that the crowds witnessed this terrific stroke of daring, and when with the finishing spurt and the smooth shaven saturine driver reigned up at the Spalding, those on the sidewalk burst into loud cheering.

It was certainly the most phenomenal piece of work ever seen in this city. The committee appointed to conduct the performance consisted of George Crosby, Capt. Ray T. Lewis, Barney Rickford, G. H. Pruden, Dr. Phalen, John Christie and Hal Jones, of Chicago. This committee met at the Spalding before 11 o'clock, driving east three blocks, went up Second avenue to First street and to the Board of Trade. Here the committee stopped and went to the secretary's office for the purpose of hiding a knife, but at the last moment one of the party picked up a nail and that was substituted and shoved far back in the dust-laden recesses of an old desk in the secretary's office. The party then returned to the Spalding by way of Fifth avenue west.

Here Dr. McIvor-Tyndall was blindfolded and took his seat on the box with George Crosby. The distinguished-looking driver whipped the horses up to a speedy pace and the wild drive began, with nothing but Mr. Crosby's mind guiding him. The route was followed closely till Second avenue was reached, and then Mr. Crosby noticed quite a jam of teams coming down the avenue. He thought it would be safer to turn into First alley and thence to the Board of Trade, and no sooner had it occurred to him than McIvor-Tyndall whirled around the corner and into the alley. He stopped at the Board of Trade building, found the nail, and then went on searching for the knife, till the change was explained to him. When he got back to the hotel his pulse was considerably over 100.

Those now smoke who never smoked before,
And those who always smoked now smoke the more.
Because of the high excellence of Duluth's two most popular cigars, the

LAVERDAD,

A Key West Cigar, none excel it, and

LA LINDA,

A Domestic Cigar, none its equal.

RON-FERNANDEZ CIGAR CO. MAKERS.

Bettor Got a Light.

Much of the work performed by the police last night was warning cyclists against riding without lights. According to the police it was the last night of grace, and beginning tonight the bicycle ordinance will be strictly enforced. Not less than twenty riders were stopped last night, and at headquarters today it was said that arrests instead of warnings would follow from this time on.

Remains Brought Here.

The remains of James Fugelede, who was killed near Madison, Wis., several days ago by an Omaha train, arrived in the city this morning and were taken to Tibbett's undertaking rooms. The dead man was 24 years of age and a lineman for the Western Union Telegraph company. He is a brother of Mrs. A. H. Eiler, of Proctorknott, and was very well known here. The funeral will be held this afternoon, at 2:30, from the Norwegian Lutheran church, corner of First avenue east and Third street.

Will Ask For More.

At the meeting of the board of fire commissioners last evening, James M. Dowell was re-elected president and C. E. Richardson, secretary. The board discussed the financial condition of the department at some length, and finally decided that the $3000 recently set apart by the council for manning and operating the West Duluth engine was inadequate and will ask for $1200 more.

Chief Black reported that out of twenty-seven fires during the month the damage had been but $2000, and the insurance values on property threatened was $39,500.

Clso Will Vacate.

Clea McCrea, the young woman that created so much trouble about a week ago by causing another woman with a butcher knife, was again arrested this morning, but was released after agreeing to leave town as soon as she could raise the requisite amount of cash. Percy Kent, G. McMahon, S. Estes, Thomas Jones, James Johnson and A. Lucia were arraigned on charges of drunkenness, and all but the last named went up the hill for ten days' hard work. Lucia paid a fine of $12.

Alex Mustala, charged with robbing two roommates in a Lake avenue lodging house of about $5 in cash, entered a plea of guilty and was sentenced to pay a fine of $33 or spend a month in the county jail. He could not raise the money.

Notice to Campers!

Commencing next Wednesday, May 2, we will call for and deliver laundry to any part of Park Point. Will call for bundles Wednesday and deliver Friday afternoon. Have bundles ready promptly.

Telephone name of camp.

LUTES' STEAM LAUNDRY. PHONE 447.

A District Convention.

The grand chancellor of the Knights of Pythias of Minnesota has called a district convention of the members of the order to meet in Duluth on Tuesday, May 1. Representatives from Aitkin, Grand Rapids, Carlton, Cloquet, Eveleth, Hibbing, Biwabik, Two Harbors, New Duluth, West Duluth and Duluth lodges will be in attendance and will meet at their hall, 18 West Superior street, in the evening. It is expected that there will be about 400 members of outside lodges present with their wives and lady friends, among them Grand Chancellor Arthur J. Stobbart, of St. Paul, and G. K. R. S. Fred E. Wheaton, of Minneapolis. The Rathbone Sisters have arranged to entertain the visiting sisters while in the city.

The train of fame that embodies the newest and best ideas for comfort, convenience and luxury is the Chicago Fast Mail over "The North-Western Line."

Remember the Duluth Fuel and Transfer company's store house is free from moths and rats.

Read the want page and you may find something to interest you.

COMPLETE HARMONY

People's Party Convention Passes Off Without a Ripple of Excitement.

NOT EVEN A PROTEST

New Committee Conducts Affairs Without a Word of Remonstration.

The People's party convention at the court house this afternoon was as harmonious as a prayer meeting. The new committee was in complete control and no one disputed their sway. There was not even any of the deposed members present to raise their voice even in the mildest form of a protest. There did not seem to be the slight chance to raise a ripple on the placid surface which presented itself to the spectators. Z. H. Austin was present, having come up from St. Paul this morning to look on, but if he came for the purpose of seeing a good political scrap he must have been sorely disappointed.

The convention was held for the purpose of electing delegates to the state convention, which will meet at Minneapolis May 2 and elect delegates to the national convention to be held at Sioux City.

The convention was called to order at 2:25 o'clock by Chairman H. P. Jeckell. The secretary of the committee, H. Bartlett, was also present. William E. McEwen was elected temporary chairman by a unanimous vote and when he took the seat made a short speech. He made some reference to the recent disturbances in the camp which he laid largely to the jealousy of the curbstone orators who have seen the large parties take up their principles and cannot fall into line.

H. Bartlett was elected secretary. The following committees were appointed: Credentials—Chas. Leytze, J. D. Gibson, Frank Schaffer, F. Keilly and E. H. Oswald.

Resolutions—C. D. Pattinson, Herman E. Hanson, J. M. Thomas, W. M. Lauterbach and Mr. Nixon.

Permanent organization — Joseph Schweiger, J. H. Tomlin and L. M. Linnell. The convention then took a recess.

CHRISTIAN CITIZENSHIP.

Final Meeting in the Series at Mission Church.

The first union meeting in the series outlined last fall by the Scandinavian Christian Union Temperance committee was held the second Sunday in October, when Rev. Dr. A. F. Elmquist, of the Bethany Lutheran church, was the speaker and was held at the Baptist church on Nineteenth avenue west and First street. Since that time, during the winter, union meetings have been held in different parts of the city and topics relating to the moral movement have been discussed. The closing meeting in this series, which will take place tomorrow afternoon at the Mission church, has for some time been under preparation, and special efforts have been made by the committee on arrangements for its success. The committee has agreed on resolutions to submit to the meeting along the line of the work that has been carried on. It has also been suggested that the important and the moral interest of continuing the West End branch of the library be discussed. The program is to begin at 3 o'clock and is as follows: Music, Salvation Army brass band; Scripture reading; selections, junior choir of Mission church; introductory, Rev. L. Sundeen; music, Salvation Army brass band; song, Norwegian Lutheran choir of West Duluth church; selections, male quartet; address, "Christ and Patriotism," Rev. John A. Anderson; song, Norwegian Lutheran choir of West Duluth church; offering for the temperance work; song, Mission church choir; remarks, Rev. O. H. Wilson; resolutions submitted; closing hymn, "America." Congregation.

STEAMER BON AMI

Leaves Singer's Dock, Lake Avenue and Canal, **Monday at 8 a. m.** for North Shore, Isle Royale and the Copper Country. (Folders in all principal hotels and Rail Road Stations.)

WHITE LINE TRANSPORTATION CO.

Methodist Social Alliance.

The Methodist social banquet given last evening at Grace M. E. church was a very pleasing event. Rev. Robert Forbes presided and Rev. John Anderson asked the blessing. The address of welcome was delivered by Rev. H. W. Knowles and Rev. S. P. Long responded. There were a number of toasts. Rev. J. Powell, Jr., responded to the toast of "Methodism and Autonomy" and W. S. Moore's subject was "The Youth of Methodism." B. F. Briggs spoke on "Methodism and Social Life," and Mrs. J. LeTourneau on "Methodism and Missions." Dr. A. C. Taylor talked on "Methodism and the Healing Art," and Rev. R. A. Sanderson used for his discourse "The Ladies of Methodism." "The Spiritual Life of Methodism" by H. M. Bradley was the last of the toasts, after which the doxology was sung and the benediction was pronounced by Rev. J. Callahan. Bliwert's orchestra played several selections during the evening.

A Pleasing Entertainment.

The comedy drama presented at Turner hall Thursday evening under the auspices of Duluth Hive No. 1 L. O. T. M. was very well rendered. It was under the direction of Mrs. Lillian Allen-Devereo who took a leading and difficult part as Gypsine, a lady of color. Mrs. A. Polkerus as Mrs. the outcast, and Mrs. Mary Putnam as Mrs. Delaine, a widow, are deserving of special mention, also Mrs. Hattie Sheehan and Mrs. Lucy Dunnigas, Mildred and her chum. Mrs. Clara Wissler as Katey Rooney from Ireland and Mrs. Mary Hahn as the old maid made good hits which brought down the house and the songs of Miss Jones and Anna Stang were heartily encored. One of the most pleasing features was a drill given by twenty young ladies attired in the colors of the order black, red and white.

"North Coast Limited."

Take the "North Coast Limited" on the Northern Pacific to all Pacific coast points. Swellest transcontinental train ever put in service. Leave Duluth 8:05 a. m. daily.

MUST PAY TAX.

Judge Cant Says St. Paul & Duluth Railroad Must Put Up.

Judge Cant this morning filed his finding in a tax case of some interest involving the property of the St. Paul & Duluth railroad which the road claimed was exempt from taxes because it pays a gross earnings tax to the state. The property is unplatted submerged property in the bay of St. Louis, off the shore of Rice's Point, and the road owns to the shore line. The company claimed that the property was appurtenant to the shore line, and therefore it was exempt. Judge Cant holds that it is not, and gives judgment for the taxes on part of it. He accompanies his decision with a short memorandum in which he says that if the property was platted, there would be no question but that it was taxable. The platting is in the hands of the company, and it neither creates the property nor adds materially to its value. "Can it be then," he inquires, "that property of considerable value shall be taxed or not, according to the will of the owner? The property does not contribute in any degree to the earnings of the road, on which the gross earnings tax is based. Unless it is taxed like other property it will yield nothing to the revenues of the state. Of necessity it should be reached for taxation and share the public burden with other taxable property."

Mr. Whitely Wins.

A decision was rendered yesterday by the supreme court of Minnesota in the case of Helm vs. the Stockholders of the Smith-Fee company. J. H. Whitely prosecuted the action on behalf of plaintiff and the intervenors. About one year ago he petitioned the district court for an allowance for attorney's fees out of the fund which was collected through his efforts. The amount asked for was $1100, but Judge Moer, on hearing the petition, denied him any compensation whatever, claiming that there was no authority in the statute or elsewhere to support a petition in a case of this kind. Mr. Whitely appealed to the supreme court, and that court, in an opinion by Chief Justice Start, has reversed the decision of the lower court.

Sunday School Reception.

The Young People's society of the First Swedish Baptist church gave a very pleasant reception last night for the scholars, parents and friends of the Sunday school. The arrangements were in charge of the Sunday school committee of the Young People's society. Many were present, and the evening was very pleasant for all, both young and old. There were several short addresses. F. L. Johnson, president of the Young People's society, presented the importance of the Sunday school work in national and social life. Isaac Newman paid high tribute to the teachers of the school for their excellent efforts in Sunday school work. Five musical numbers were given. Miss Edna Rapp, a member of the Young People's society, gave the closing remarks, speaking on the grand privilege of attending Sunday school, where the foundation for a Christian character is laid that will remain with one through the journey of life. At the close the church choir sang in a charming manner "Good Night, Gentle Folks."

Pansies, 5 Dozens For $1.00.

Lindsay's greenhouses, 62nd Ave. E.

They Get an Advance.

The employes of the Duluth Street Railway company will be made happy May 1 with a general increase in wages, including conductors, motormen and the men who keep the cars clean. About 125 men will be affected. The present scale is 15, 16 and 17 cents per hour, the two lower figures being for beginners. After six months' service all men get the higher figure. Beginning May 1 the men will be paid 17 and 18 cents per hour. They will get 17 cents per hour for the first six months, and 18 cents per hour thereafter. The advances to the men in the shops will be proportionate.

The Surricks Entertain.

The Surricks gave a very pleasant entertainment before a large crowd at the High School Assembly hall last night. The audience was composed largely of children, and all seemed pleased. Mr. Surrick lectured interestingly on "The Land of the Midnight Sun," illustrated with stereopticon views, and Mrs. Surrick sang several selections very prettily.

Option For a Lease.

The Mesaba Central Land and Exploration company has given Ephraim Ralph an option until Oct. 1 to lease one or both of two parcels of land on the Mesaba range. The first parcel consists of the se¼ of the ne¼ and the se¼ of the nw¼ of section 29, and the second parcel consists of the e½ of the sw¼ of the same section, all in 58-19. The royalty is to be 20 cents per ton, and the minimum is to be 50,000 tons the first year and 100,000 tons thereafter if both parcels are taken, and half that if only one of them is leased. Alfred Merritt is president of the company.

QUEEN EXPRESSES REGRET.

Sends Message of Sympathy to Ottawa Fire Sufferers.

Ottawa, Ont., April 28.—The following cable dispatches have been received by Lord Minto, the governor general, from Joseph Chamberlain:

"London.—Her majesty has heard with deep regret of the great fire at Ottawa and has commanded me to desire you to convey to the immediate sufferers and to her people in Canada an expression of heartfelt sympathy in the calamity which has befallen them. She trusts that there has been no loss of life and would be glad to have any further particulars you can furnish."

"London.—I have received with the deepest concern your message reporting the disastrous fire at Ottawa. I am sure the people of the mother country would be glad to have an opportunity for contributing to the relief of the misery and destitution caused to their fellow subjects in Canada by this calamity, and I propose to ask the lord mayor to open a fund for this purpose."

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHOEA. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

Dissolution of Partnership.

By mutual consent the firm of Elder & Brown, blacksmiths, 11 West First street, Duluth, is this day dissolved. Thomas Brown agreeing to pay all debts of the firm. James Elder will collect all debts due the firm to this date. James Elder has opened a new shop at No. 7, two doors east of the old stand, where he will be pleased to have his old friends call. JAMES ELDER.

April 26, 1900.

Old Frames Regilded

At Decker's, 16 Second avenue west.

Read the want page and you may find something to interest you.

IT BECOMES A DUTY

with every one to make their respective homes pleasanter and more cheerful this glad spring season. There's pleasure in doing it, for at comparatively small expense the new things in Carpets, Furniture, Draperies and household necessities can be had at this progressive store. You will always receive courteous treatment, whether you buy or not, and we are confident that you will admit we lead in every desirable attribute of a popular, reliable furniture store. We feel it our duty to relieve you of the burden of debt, and any well-meaning person can buy here and pay in easy weekly or monthly payments.

Special Discounts on Iron Beds. Good only Till May 10.

20% Discount Made to Reduce Stock

By actual count we show over 60 styles of Iron Beds. A wonderfully complete line to select from. Everything from a plain Iron Bed at $3.75 up and in all colors and styles to $45.00. In fact we are so crowded that we must make room. Now to induce you to come in now we offer for only 10 days

20% Discount On all Iron Beds

Carpet Economy.....

can only be practiced by buying a good article. It is safe to affirm that on our large carpet floor, flooded with daylight, will be found the best which a century of American art and ingenuity ever produced. It is astonishing how much service and beauty a dollar will buy at our extraordinary low prices. Our entire stock consists of new patterns only.

Ingrains from	25c to 75c a yard
Tapestry Brussels from	45c to 85c a yard
Velvets from	75c to $1.25 a yard
Body Brussels from	$1.00 to $1.25 a yard
Wilton Velvets from	$1.25 to $1.50 a yard
Axminsters from	$1.00 to $1.60 a yard

Mattings, the best from America, China and Japan, here in great variety.

See Our Stock of Wheels..

1900 Chainless Columbias	$75.00
1899 Chainless Columbias, while they last	$65.00
1898 Chainless Columbias, while they last	$60.00
1900 Imperial Chainless	$60.00
1900 Columbia Chain Wheels	$50 00
1900 Hartford Chain Wheels	$35.00
1900 Imperial Chain Wheels	$45.00
1899 Imperial Chain Wheels	$35.00
1900 Imperial Chain Weels, Model 87	$25.00
1900 Acme Chain Wheels	$25.00
1900 Penant Chain Wheels	$25.00
1900 Boys' and Girls' Imperials	$25.00
1898 Boys' and Girls' Imperials, only 2 left	$16.50

We show the largest stock of wheels in Duluth. Come to us before buying. You can't afford to pass us

Porch Rockers.

Regular comfort bringers for tired people who expect to enjoy the summer. Good hardwood, light finish, split seats, each 79c

Similar chair, with higher back, only 98c

SMITH, FARWELL & STEELE CO.,

Duluth's Leading Housefurnishers. 226-228 West Superior Street.

THE DAKOTAS.

Program For Fargo's Fire Festival---Devils Lake's Judicial Candidate.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Fargo—The committees in charge of the different features of the Fargo fire festival are doing some tall hustling. There will be a number of attractions this year that were not shown before, and the three days' session will wind up with the Mardi Gras feature Saturday night, June 9, that will eclipse anything of the kind ever attempted in the Northwest. There will be immense searchlights on each end of Broadway, and that thoroughfare will be given up entirely to maskers. Eight bands will be stationed on different corners, all playing the same music, and from 7000 to 10,000 will participatt in the fun. The occasion will afford an opportunity for unlimited fun, and different towns in the state will send clubs to take part.

Judge Pollock has sentenced Earl Harris, alias Wilson, to the state penitentiary for two years. Harris pleaded guilty to forging a check and stamping the word signature of United States Marshal Haggart. Wilson claims Minnesota as his home and says he has influential relatives there, but is not believed that he gave his true name.

Devils Lake—M. H. Brennan has announce himself a candidate for nomination for district judge in the Second judicial district, on the Republican ticket.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Whitewood—A new industry which promises immense profits has recently been established in the Black Hills. It consists in using the millions of dollars worth of low-grade gold ore which has formerly been valueless.

A heavily capitalized company has been organized, and they have contracted with a large number of mines for all their "dumps." The officers of the company are: S. A. Flower, president; C. H. Cornell, treasurer; James A. Ogden, secretary and general manager, and J. W. Fowler, attorney. The main office is located at Deadwood, but as the business extends, branch offices will be established.

The company has secured the rights of the Ogden process of concentrating gold ore. Business has been begun on a small scale, but a large plant is in process of construction near Deadwood. Ore from all parts of the Black Hills will be shipped to this mill.

Deadwood—New mining companies are being organized in the Black Hills at the rate of twenty a month. During the past thirty days companies have been organized with a total capitalization of $15,000,000.

IN MICHIGAN.

Ore Going Forward From Republic Mine---Work at the Riverside.

Republic—Ore is now going forward from the Republic mine, the first train load having gone to Marquette. Shipments are already being made from the stock piles as well as from the pockets. This season's output will doubtless be somewhat larger than that of 1899.

It will be some time before ore will begin to move from the West Republic mine, as the spur has not yet been extended to the property.

It will not be long now before the Oliver Iron company will be raising ore from the workings of the Riverside mine. The water has been pumped out of the west shaft and bottom will soon be reached in the east shaft. The machinery is ready for operation and the trestles, pockets, skip roads, etc., will be in readiness for use by the time everything is in shape under ground.

A diamond drill has been sent out to the mine within the past few days. The drill will be set up in the west shaft. Several holes will be bored with a view to ascertaining the extent of the deposit. It is likely that another drill will be put to work in the east shaft soon, as the management desires to learn just how much ore exists there before opening up new drifts and doing other work.

The railway people have not yet done anything toward the extension of the spur out to the mine. It is not likely that a move in that direction will be made until some idea is obtained of the extent of the deposit.

Store your goods in the new store house belonging to the Duluth Fuel and Transfer company, 126-128 East Michigan street.

BANISH DISEASE...

from the house! Adopt our modern open sanitary plumbing and exclude the deadly scourge of sewer gas, which has claimed so many victims. Air and water are two gates by which disease enters the system. With our superior plumbing, one of these entrances is securely barred against the enemy. We guarantee first class results at bottom cost.

FARRELL & TURNBULL

'Phone 322. 125 East Superior Street.

Agents for Victor instantaneous water heater. Hot water for all purposes instantly. The simplest, most economical and efficient heater made, for gas and gasoline.

FATALITY AT BIRMINGHAM.

Building Collapses Killing Two Men and Injuring Eleven.

Birmingham, Ala., April 28.—By the collapse of the framework of the main building of the Dimmick Pipe and Foundry company, in the course of erection at North Birmingham, two men are dead and eleven are injured, at least two of whom will die.

DEAD.

James McWhorter.

David White.

INJURED.

William McWhorter, head crushed and and internally injured; will die.

D. O. Pattilo, fractured jaw and concussion of back; will probably die.

Homer Brown, K. P. Walker, John Oliver, W. H. Allen, J. O. Beck, George Siler, W. B. Wynn, J. A. Rolph, John Sharpe.

The building was 300 feet long and 100 feet wide. While an immense beam was being placed in position on the roof, thirty feet above the ground, it fell, and striking the next beam, knocked it down. The second beam knocked down the third, and so on until twenty-six beams had fallen, causing a general collapse of the structure. About thirty men were at work on the building at the time, and of this number thirteen were on the superstructure and went down in the wreckage. Those on the ground floor escaped through the windows.

TUBE SERVICE STOPPED.

New York's Mail Must Be Transferred By Wagon.

New York, April 28.—The first effect in this city of the action of congress in refusing to appropriate money to continue the pneumatic tube mail service is the stoppage of the service by the Tubular Dispatch company. General Manager Bogardus of the company has notified Postmaster Van Cott that the service for transporting mail from the lower part of the city to the uptown stations will be discontinued at once. Mr. Bogardus said:

"Our contract with the government does not expire till July 1, 1900, but there seems no recourse for us except to submit. With the appropriation for the service shut off, the contract is renudiated. We cannot carry on the service without compensation."

Postmaster Van Cott, when approached on the matter, said:

"I am not here to criticise congress, but I hope something can be done in the matter. I suppose we will be forced to send the mail from this office to the uptown stations by the Third Avenue railway, as formerly. It only takes seven minutes to get a letter to Station H at present, where it will take an hour if the service is discontinued.

THE OTTAWA-HULL FIRE.

An Estimate of the Effects of the Disaster.

Ottawa, Ont., April 28.—An estimate is made of the effects of the fire in Ottawa and Hull which runs as follows: Homeless, about 15,000; destitute, about 8000; fatalities, 7; thrown out of work by destruction of industries, Ottawa, 20,000; Hull, 2000; value of buildings destroyed, $2,500,000; property, such as furniture, clothes, etc., $4,000,000. These figures do not include the lumber burned.

At a mass meeting of citizens held last night it was decided to instruct the city council to ask the Ontario legislature for leave to borrow $100,000 by issuing debentures to aid the sufferers from the fire in Ottawa and Hull.

General sub-committees were appointed for the purpose of affording relief. It was decided to build two shelter buildings in Hull. Orders for blankets, bread and other necessaries were given. The needs for relief are pressing.

E. B. Eddy's entire insurance is placed at $65,000, while his loss is about $2,000,000. The insurance is principally in American companies. Booth has only $158,000 insurance, and Gilmore and Hughson $187,000.

Archbishop Bruchi, of Montreal, has given $500 to the fire sufferers.

The Chinese merchants of Victoria, B. C., have wired expressions of sympathy to citizens of Ottawa and Hull, with $500 in token of their sincerity.

Several carloads of provisions, clothing, etc., contributed in Montreal have been received.

London, April 28.—After a consultation with the Canadian high commissioner, Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal, Lord Mayor Newton has decided to open a mansion house fund for the relief of the homeless people of Ottawa, and a stock exchange fund was opened today with several large subscriptions. The lord mayor's appeal will be issued Monday.

TO REVIEW SCHEDULE.

San Francisco, April 28.—Representatives of a number of steamship companies interested in traffic between Pacific coast ports and China, Papan and Siberia have arrived here and the proposed conference over Oriental business is to begin next Monday, instead of late in May. It is said that the entire freigh; schedule affecting trans-Pacific shipments, both to and from Pacific coast ports is to be exhaustively reviewed at the conference, and that many changes probably in the way of increased rates will be adopted.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS—SS.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Francis Shunk Brown, trustee and executor under the will of Charles C. Babbitt, deceased,

Plaintiff.

vs.

Jennie W. Butchart, James Butchart, Lakeside Land Company, George R. King and Hugh Steele, copartners as King & Steele,

Defendants.

Notice is hereby given, that under and by virtue of a judgment and decree, made, entered and docketed in the office of the clerk of the district court for St. Louis County, Minnesota, in the above entitled action, on the 28th day of April, 1900, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, as sheriff of St. Louis County, Minnesota, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, on Wednesday, the thirteenth (13th) day of June, A. D. 1900, at ten (10) o'clock in the forenoon, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, the premises and real estate described in said judgment and decree, and hereinafter described, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said judgment and decree, with expenses of sale, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in St. Louis County, Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: All of lot numbered twenty-eight (28), in block thirteen (13), Lester Park, Second Division, according to the recorded plat thereof in the office of the register of deeds in and for said St. Louis County.

Dated April 28th, 1900.

WM. C. SARGENT,

As Sheriff of St. Louis County, Minn.

FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,

Attorney for Plaintiff.

Duluth Evening Herald, April-28-May-5-12-19-26-June-2-1900.

Duluth Real Estate is a Good Thing to Own.

REALTY MARKET

Duluth Again Shows Up Strong In Building and Transfer Totals.

SEVERAL GOOD DEALS

Baldwin Flats Sell For $18,000---L. S. Loeb Buys Property For Residence.

In both building operations and transfers the Duluth realty market for the past month has made another remarkable record, as compared with the leading markets of the country. Statistics for the month of March, indicate, that among the forty leading realty centers, Duluth made the largest net gain in the value of buildings for which permits were issued, of any city in the United States and Canada. The increased percentage is 767, and Pittsburg, the nearest rival shows up with a net gain of 106 per cent. In transfers for the month mentioned, Duluth takes sixth place in the actual money value of property changing hands and third in the net increased per centage over the transfers for March, 1899. The following statistics compiled by the American Land and Title Register will show how Duluth stands in comparison with other cities:

TRANSFERS.

City.	March, 1900.	March, 1899.	Inc	Dec
Duluth	$1,162,720	107,353	185	
Allegheny	326,532			
Atlanta	1,189,425	296,458	301	
Brooklyn				
Charleston, S. C.	142,231	58,916	142	
Chattanooga	149,272	90,389	65	
Chicago	8,918,310	8,915,000	1	
Cleveland	8,45,376	2,260,821		63
Dallas	226,480	196,256	11	
Davenport, Ia.	343,174	441,300		23
Dayton, O.	605,650	457,442	32	
Denver		950,040		
Des Moines	387,498	450,800		14
Detroit	1,392,100	1,357,700	14	
Ft. Smith, Ark.		76,257		
Galveston	169,570	215,217		21
Grand Rapids	322,321	388,574		
Indianapolis	1,058,557	798,781	35	
Kansas City	1,265,970	1,286,000		2
Los Angeles	1,023,482	1,125,854		9
Louisville		630,392		
Milwaukee	1,159,550	1,846,771		38
Minneapolis	713,741	477,995	49	
Montreal	911,482	1,086,451		16
Nashville	248,029	366,754		32
New York, Manhattan and Bronx	11,592,272	19,247,398		40
Omaha	329,575	655,765		50
Pittsburg	1,632,908	1,323,300	23	
Portland, Ore.	444,461	350,981	27	
Rochester	298,300	354,300		16
Salt Lake City				
San Antonio, Tex	446,187	110,568	304	
San Francisco		1,450,000		
St. Joseph, Mo.	245,267	219,701	11	
St. Louis	1,329,671	1,326,995		
St. Paul	296,000	271,070	8	
Seattle	864,000	420,610	105	
Sioux City, Ia.	419,981	512,377		18
Spokane		276,512		
Tacoma		261,567		
Toledo	651,961	785,490		17
Topeka	228,395			
Toronto	476,000	400,000	19	
Whitpeg	36,800	56,500		66

BUILDING.

City.	March, 1900.	March, 1899.	Inc	Dec
Duluth	$ 290,880	33,162	767	
Allegheny	76,000	97,300		22
Atlanta	152,575	128,320	19	
Brooklyn	1,223,046	2,403,025		49
Buffalo	138,822	183,491		24
Chattanooga	18,025	33,560		46
Chicago	2,824,400	2,485,960	13	
Cincinnati		251,100		
Cleveland	156,110	502,110		69
Columbus	117,140	109,500	7	
Dallas	11,832	46,895		
Denver	353,240	265,700	33	
Detroit	172,800	330,700		48
Ft. Smith, Ark.		232,000		
Grand Rapids		35,100		
Hartford	217,700	196,000	11	
Indianapolis	288,375	182,277	58	
Jersey City		376,402		
Kansas City, Mo.	314,100	388,750		19
Los Angeles	171,750	186,350		8
Louisville		113,661		
Milwaukee	114,274	216,316		47
Minneapolis	261,165	162,750	61	
Nashville		75,175		
New Haven	43,850	74,020		41
New Orleans	149,784	214,493		30
New York, Manhattan and Bronx	6,828,964	16,868,073		60
Omaha		47,668		
Philadelphia	1,690,595	1,981,820		17
Pittsburg	792,835	381,581	106	
Portland, Ore.	100,025			
Rochester				
Salt Lake City	45,100	41,160	82	
San Antonio	16,519	31,389		47
San Francisco		262,605		
St. Joseph, Mo.	40,830	85,519		51
St. Louis	424,986	801,020		52
St. Paul	123,435	96,915	28	
Seattle	191,025	122,677	56	
Spokane				
Syracuse	60,107	176,668		65
Tacoma				
Toledo		164,655		
Topeka		19,510		
Toronto	229,155	151,915	51	
Trenton	104,100	65,186	60	
Washington	560,495	482,691	16	

* * *

The leading deal of the week was the sale of the Baldwin flats at 715 and 719 East Second street. It has not yet been closed, but the titles will probably be examined and the transfer made by the end of next week. Until that time the names of the purchasers can not be made public. It is reported, however, that local parties are largely interested and the consideration is $18,000. It is one of the numerous bargains in Duluth realty that can be picked up now which will be looked for in vain later on. The Baldwin flats originally cost about $20,000 and it is said that the income from rentals is $300 a month. This sale was made by C. P. Craig & Co., and it has caused quite a good deal of talk in real estate circles as well as elsewhere. About two weeks ago the Lumberman's Insurance company foreclosed a $15,000 mortgage on the property and not caring to carry it turned it over to C. P. Craig & Co.

* * *

L. S. Loeb has purchased two lots on East Superior street for $6000, and it is reported that he will erect a very fine residence onit. The deal was made through Stryker, Manley & Buck and the property is designated as 1121 and 1123 East Superior street. It has been owned by the Lockwood estate of Washington, D. C., and has long been regarded by realty men as a desirable piece of residence property.

* * *

During the week Craig & Co. sold lot 1, on East Fourth street to a man from Wayne, Neb. The property includes two small frame houses and the consideration was $3000.

* * *

As a result of the tremendous demand for small homes, there promises to be an awakening in Duluth Heights realty. During the past week a number of $600 sales have been made up there and the brokers say that the rental market is also good.

* * *

The transfers for the week were as follows:

Oscar Reynolds to Alfred Burke, part of lot 2, block 27, Virginia.... 1,675

(Continued on Page 6.)

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY

Now is the time to purchase a small tract of land ranging from $2.00 to $10.00 per acre and secure a home of your own, handy to city and market. Final cash payment balance to suit purchaser.

A. W. KUEHNOW. 430 West Superior Street.

WE HAVE SOLD

a large number of buildings on Duluth Heights during the last three weeks, yet we have some great bargains left to offer. We are selling houses and lots on an improved street for about one-half of the cost to build the buildings. A small cash payment of $25 to $75 will be accepted, the balance to suit the purchaser at 6 per cent interest. If you wish to get your own home and stop paying rent you cannot afford to lose this opportunity.

$2000 Buys a lot 25x140 feet on Third street and Tenth avenue east, with two 5-room houses, one with water, sewer and bath, the other with water and sewer. This is a good buy.

$650 Buys a 5-room house at Lester Park, with two fine lots, one 50x140 feet, the other 48x109 feet, on the corner.

$600 Buys a good 6-room house on improved street, in West Duluth.

$1000 Buys a lot 50x140 ft on Second street, near Twenty-eighth avenue west. This is the cheapest, and one of the finest lots in the West End.

$100 to $150 buys fine lots in West Duluth, centrally located. This is a great chance for speculation.

ALFRED KJELLIN, AGENT.
306 Burrows Building.

For Sale Cheap.

Northwest corner of First street and First avenue east.
75 feet on First street by 40 feet on First avenue east.

CALL ON US FOR BARGAINS.

Have customers for East End Residences.

N. J. UPHAM CO., 400 Burrows Bldg.

MAKE US AN OFFER

for West ½ lot 291, block 55, Second division, West Superior street, near 18th avenue west.

A. R. Macfarlane & Co.
112 Exchange Bldg., Duluth.

For Rent!

Fine store room, Fourth Street and First Avenue West. Water furnished, rent reasonable.

Chas. P. Craig & Co., 103 HERALD BLDG.

Real Estate and Loans

Stocks bought and sold; also deal in Commercial Paper. Rental Agency for resident and non-resident property-owners.

Thos. P. Brown,
No. 716 Torrey building.

Established 1886
J. C. MISHLER,
200 Exchange Building.
OFFERS FOR RENT—
2 nicely furnished front room for, per month $15
And one side room also nicely furnished for $5 per month. All in Endion, and very desirable.

HOUSE AND FULL LOT, MARTIN'S Division, cheap. This house is near the new sawmill site. Crosby & Martindale, 106 Providence building.

FOR SALE—160 ACRES FARMING land, 2½ miles from thriving town of Nebagamon, Wis.; 10 acres cleared; house; plenty hardwood and good water. C 38. Herald.

FOR SALE—CORNER LOT ON SIXTH street. Apply 21 West Fifth street.

Furniture Moved and Stored....

We have experienced men, competent packers and best storage house in the city and are responsible for all breakages. Call or telephone us at 410 W. Superior street. Telephone No. 190.

DULUTH FUEL AND TRANSFER CO.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

$16,000 Buys improved property, paying 7 per cent net.

$7000 Buys improved property, paying 8 per cent net.

$8000 Buys improved property, paying 7 per cent net.

All Centrally Located and Improvements in Good Condition.

WANTED TO BUY—
A Fine Residence in East End.

APPLY TO

Eckstein & Bennett,
Fire Insurance, Real Estate and First Mortgage Loans.
Suite No. 200 Chamber of Commerce
Duluth, Minn.

HARRIS BROS., Real Estate,

711-712 PALLADIO.

If you want an elegant home on East First Street, come and see us.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

By T. G. Vaughan.

Lot on Fourth street, near Lake avenue, for $2300.
Lot on Third street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues east, $2600.
50x140 foot lot on Michigan street and Twenty-eighth avenue west, $1000. This is a BARGAIN.
Modern house in East End at a bargain.
Houses and lots in all parts of the city at late prices.

T. G. VAUGHAN
401 Lonsdale Bldg.

For Sale or Exchange

For Duluth Real Estate, 20,000 acres of wild and improved farm lands in Oneida, Clark, Polk and Vilas counties, Wis., ranging from $2 to $10 per acre; also Northern Pacific Railroad lands.

A. W. Kuehnow,
430 W. Superior St.

SEWING MACHINES REPAIRED.

SEWING MACHINES

New and second hand, for $6.00 up, or exchange. Repairing and machine supplies. F. POPKIN, No. 712 West Superior St.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

INVEST SAFELY—48 PER CENT interest paid. Let your money work for you. Buy a certificate now. Payments made every fifteen days. Satisfied clients in all sections of the country. Write for particulars. C. E. Mackey & Co., 32 Broadway, New York.

CARPET CLEANING.

CARPETS CLEANED, REFITTED AND relaid. Window shades made to order. O. H. Stenberg, 10 East Superior street.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

AN EXPERIENCED BOOKKEEPER and accountant, both in the banking and grain business, desires a position. Address S 47, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION BY BRIGHT, honest boy, 15 years of age, where he can work after school hours. Willing to take any position. Address D 74, Herald.

STENOGRAPHER, YOUNG MAN WITH four years' experience, would like a position. Address J. E., care Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION BY BLACKsmith of 25 years' experience, in town or county. Address T 67, Herald.

WANTED—A PLACE TO WORK MORNings and evenings, by a young reliable man. T 62, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION BY YOUNG man 18 years of age, where he can work for his board and go to business college. Address D 92, Herald.

WANTED—A POSITION AS DINING room girl. Have had experience. Prefer to go to Hibbing. Address Anna Tomek, Willow River, Pine county, Minn.

WANTED—SITUATION BY A YOUNG man 23 years of age, a place as a gardener, six years' experience in Denmark. Will do small jobs fixing up gardens and lawns. 118 Twenty-first avenue west.

WANTED — HOUSECLEANING, OR stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 23 First avenue east. Work guaranteed.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

...MAKE AN OFFER...

FOR SALE—Small cash payment down, balance to suit at 5 per cent interest 4-room cottage with lot 50x140, situated on lot 1, block 9, Lester Park, 2nd division. Address, H. L. SCHAEFFER, 405 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.

TWO REAL ESTATE BARGAINS—

$1250 Will buy an eight (8) room house in good condition, with corner lot (50x75) five blocks from Postoffice. Terms less than one-third cash. This house alone is worth $2000.

$275 Will buy lot (50x140) on Ninth street, near lake avenue.

A. W. TAUSSIG & CO. 412 Providence Bldg.

$3500 For 50-ft lot near Eleventh avenue west; double frontage, Superior and Michigan streets; two houses, monthly rent $40; will make business property. This is cheap; dropped from $11,000.

D. W. SCOTT, 10 Messba Building

LAUNDRY.

THE COON LAUNDRY — 426 EAST Fourth street. H. B. Coon, proprietor. Shirts, 10c; collars and cuffs, 2c. Best hand work guaranteed.

WATCH REPAIRING.

A SPECIALTY. M. HENRICKSEN, expert watchmaker, 334 W. Sup. St.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST WORK at Vanderberg's, 214 West Superior St.

PROFESSIONAL.

HAIR, MOLES AND WARTS REmoved, Germicide guaranteed for dandruff and falling hair. Corns removed without pain. Mme. Boyd, 216 W. Sup. St.

PERSONAL.

YOUNG LADY FOND OF HOME AND children, $100 income month, $10,000 available, wants husband, good habits, kind and considerate. Address "Alice," Box 23, St. Louis, Mo.

LADIES' FREE HARMLESS MONTHLY Regulator cannot fail. Mrs. B. Rowan, Milwaukee, Wis.

TEAMS WANTED.

WANTED—SEVERAL TEAMS TO HAUL ties. Call for A. Joly, 614 West First street.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—DELIVERY HORSE, HARness and wagon. Call at 1827 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—SAFE, DOUBLE FLAT TOP desk, standing desk and railing. Duluth Pumbing company, 307 West Michigan street.

FOR SALE—ONE 22-FOOT GASOLINE yacht, with high combing, upholstered seats and carpeted. Boat is on water and can be tried at Superior Gas Engine works, West Superior, Wis.

FOR SALE—CAR OF FRESH MILCH cows to arrive Wednesday, May 2. Twenty-eighth avenue west. P. Sullivan.

FOR SALE—1000 FEET LUMBER, ONE single buggy, one 2-seated buggy, two set double harness, three set single harness, one dray, one team heavy draft horses, about 3200 pounds, one driving team, three delivery horses, all to be seen at Catlin sale barn, 19 West First street.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, BUREAU, DRESSer, center table, bed, oak book case, beautiful oak organ and all kinds of household goods. 206 West Fifth street. Call between 3 to 6:30 p. m.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD OF FRESH milch cows at Downie's stock yards. Will arrive Wednesday, May 2. 2010 West First street. W. J. McCabe.

KNABE PIANO, UPRIGHT, FINE tone, rosewood case, used short time. Bargain. George W. Tletz, 2 Banning block, Duluth.

WANTED—OFFER ON ALL OR PART of 2000 shares stock of Golden Crescent mine. "Miner," Herald.

FOR SALE—ATLAS OF SUPERIOR, good as new and large wall map of Duluth. 513 Burrows building.

FOR SALE—TWO TEAMS, AT 1127 West Michigan street.

FOR SALE—FIRST-CLASS ZENITH range, cheap. 311 Second avenue west.

FOR SALE—FOUR CHAMBER SUITES, $12.50 to $15. Call at office, 10 East Superior street, upstairs.

FOR SALE—A WELL ESTABLISHED good paying grocery business in one of the best towns in St. Louis county. Will take about $5000. Business will pay 30 per cent on investment. Terms cash. Address A 54, Herald.

HORSES! HORSES!

Barrett & Zimmerman, Minnesota Transfer, Minn., have from 300 to 500 head of horses always on hand, consisting of drafters, farm horses, drivers and general purpose horses, mules and Western horses. Auction every Wednesday. Private sales daily.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD OF FRESH milch cows just received; will trade for fat cattle. 929 Fourth avenue east. I. L. Levine.

MEDICAL.

VIRTUAMA Is a French treatment for both sexes that is positively guaranteed to cure IMPOTENCY resulting from indiscretions or debility, gives vitality and vigor to old and middle aged, restoring the desires, ambitions and aspirations of youth and health, fitting for success and happiness in business—professional, social and married life. $2.00 a package or three for $5.00. Refuse cheap substitutes. Sent anywhere prepaid on receipt of price and guaranteed by THE KIDD DRUG COMPANY, Elgin, Ill. Retail and wholesale by S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, druggists, Duluth, Nygren's Drug Store, West Duluth, Minn.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED TO BUY—PINE LANDS IN St. Louis, Itasca and Lake counties. John Maginnis, 310 Palladio.

WANTED—TO BUY, A SMALL SIZE second hand safe. Christie & Collier.

THE U. S. OLD CLOTHING BUYERS arrived. I will pay the greatest, highest and most respectable prices for old clothing and carpets. Address Old Clothing Buyer, care Duluth Evening Herald.

Second Handed Logging Horses

Barrett & Zimmerman, Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul, will buy your second-handed Logging Horses.

CONSOLIDATED IRON MINES STOCK. A. R. Macfarlane & Co.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Must be good cook. Good wages, only two in family. Call at 201 First National bank. Mrs. Julius D. Howard.

WOMAN TO DO CHAMBER WORK, four hours a day, who lives at home. 10 East Superior street, upstairs.

WANTED — TWO WAIST MAKERS, one skirt maker. Mrs. Hines, 125 West Superior street.

WANTED—A GOOD WOMAN COOK. Call Wednesday on Mrs. Sharp, 318 West Second street.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED SALESlady for neckwear, embroidery and handkerchiefs. Panton & White.

WANTED—SEWING GIRLS, 22 WEST First street, Mrs. J. A. Clarey.

WANTED — COMPETENT SEWING girls at once. 7 East Superior street, 202 Long block.

WANTED—COOK AND KITCHEN GIRL at Midland, at once.

WANTED—GIRL FOR DINING ROOM and chamber work. Vaill hotel, Ely. Inquire 503 West First street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR CANDY store; must be bright and good worker. D 93, Herald.

WANTED—FIRST CLASS SHIRT MAKers, also girl for button holes. D. M. Morrison, shirt maker, 631 West First street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 121 West Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1705 Jefferson street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL work; good wages. See Dr. H. C. Watson, Bethel, Lake avenue.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1513 Jefferson street.

A GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; family of three; best wages. Apply Mrs. A. H. Comstock, 1717 East First street.

WANTED—GOOD COOK AT ONCE; small family; highest wages. 405 East Third street.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. $18 per month. 323 Thirteenth avenue east.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework and cooking. Call mornings, 40 East Main street, corner Fifty-third avenue west, West Duluth.

WANTED—TWO GIRLS, ONE FOR general housework and one for dining room. Apply at 21 East Third street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Inquire at 1424 East First street.

WANTED—COOK AT 220 WEST THIRD street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR KITCHEN work. 627 West Superior street.

WANTED—GOOD COOK IN PRIVATE family; good wages. Two girls kept. Apply 501 West Second street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; family of four. Mrs. Johnston, 121 West Fourth street.

WANTED—TWO DINING ROOM GIRLS. Palmer house, 108 West First street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; two in family; wages $18. 2020 East Superior street.

WANTED—A GOOD SERVANT GIRL at 210 West Third street. Must be a good cook.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED COOK. Apply 1801 East Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 315 East Second street.

WANTED—TWO GIRLS AT ONCE. 1306 East Second street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade, only eight weeks required, two years' apprenticeship saved. We control over 500 positions for our graduates on palace cars, hotels, hospitals, country and city shops; $60 monthly paid; hot weather the busy season. Prepare now for one of these places. Write for catalogue and particulars. Moler Barber college, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED—BELL BOYS. APPLY HOtel St. Louis.

SALESMAN WANTED AT ONCE FOR high grade, staple line to dry goods and general trade. Give references and record in application. American Standard Jewelry company, Detroit, Mich.

WANTED — EVERYWHERE, HUSTlers to tack signs, distribute circulars, samples, etc., no canvassing; good pay. Sun Advertising Bureau, Chicago.

ENGINEERS, FIREMEN, MACHINists and electricians; send 10 cents for new 40-page pamphlet, containing list of questions asked by examining board of engineers. George A. Zeller, bookseller, St. Louis, Mo. Mention Duluth Evening Herald.

WANTED—AN INTELLIGENT AND energetic canvasser to present an article that will sell at sight. Enquire at 12 West Superior street.

WANTED—BOY TO DRIVE DELIVERY wagon. Call before 9 a. m., J. H. Edwards, 12 and 14 Second avenue west.

FOUR FIRST-CLASS COAT MAKERS; positively the highest prices paid in the state for best work. Mies.

SIX COAT MAKERS AND PANTS MAKers. N. J. Thorpe, Cloquet, Minn.

WANTED—SIX CARPENTERS. BEST wages and steady work all summer for good men. James Quinn, Virginia, Minn.

WANTED—COAT-MAKER. JANZIG. Hunter block.

WANTED—FOUR COAT MAKERS AND two pants makers. J. S. Lane.

Business Men

supplied with competent stenographers and accountants free of charge. Apply to W. C. McCarter, Business University. 'Phone 710.

WANTED—AGENTS.

AGENTS WANTED IN EVERY CITY for improved novelty in telephones. Large profit. Easy seller. Martin Lange, successor, 122 Liberty street, New York.

YOU CAN NET $3 TO $5 DAILY TAKing orders anywhere for "The New Standard Atlas" as a premium with a subscription to our large and handsomely illustrated magazine, "Success," at $1.25, which is the best bargain out. Representing our magazine is permanent and profitable employment. Send for sample copy of "Success" and agent's free outfit. Mention this ad and address The McGraw-Marden company, New York city.

GENERAL AGENT WANTED TO REPresent us in Duluth. Great opportunity for right party. Investigate. Northwestern Novelty company, St. Paul.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

What Do We Do?

First-class moving, storing and packing of household goods and pianos. Move in padded and covered vans. Employ competent and experienced workmen. Make a specialty of moving safes and machinery. Estimates free. Try us and see, for satisfaction we guarantee.

The People's Moving and Storage Co.,
HERMAN RUMPEL, Mgr.
Office—210 West Superior Street. Phone 601 } Zenith Duluth.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—SMALL FURNISHED house, modern, central and pleasant location. Address B 68, Herald.

FOR RENT—FOUR ROOM HOUSE. Water, sewer, etc. Apply 712 East First street.

FOR RENT—205 TENTH AVENUE east, eight room house, strictly modern, $28 per month. Crosby & Martindale, 106 Providence building. Telephone 24.

FOR RENT—ONE HOUSE, ASHTABUla terrace. Enquire R. T. Lewis, 303 Lonsdale.

FOR RENT—4-ROOM HOUSE, REAR OF 121 East Fifth street. Apply to O. N. Lundberg, 223 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—BEAUTIFUL NINE ROOM house, $45; four room basement flat, $12. 205 Lyceum.

AFTER MAY 1, CHEAP, 315 WEST Fourth street. Inquire 802 Torrey bldg.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Crosby & Martindale, 106 Providence building.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT—THREE ROOMS, WITH water, up stairs. 222 Mesaba ave.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS FOR gentlemen only, 230 West Second street.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED room, suitable for two; modern conveniences. 13 Fourth avenue east.

ROOMS FOR LIGHT HOUSEKEEPing. 309 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED ROOMS modern conveniences. 725 East Third street.

FRONT ROOM SUITABLE FOR TWO, modern conveniences; good board. 120 First avenue west.

FOR RENT—STORE ROOM, NO. 17 Fifth avenue west, $16 per month. H. L. Billson, 301 Torrey building.

FOR RENT—PLEASANT FURNISHED room in private family, for gentleman. 205 East Third street.

LARGE, PLEASANT ROOM, SUITable for two; can have suite of rooms if desired. 714 West Second street.

ROOMS FOR RENT. INQUIRE 21 West Fifth street.

THREE WELL FURNISHED ROOMS for light housekeeping; bath and water on same floor. Inquire 228 East Second street.

FURNISHED ROOMS. WILL ALLOW light housekeeping. 322 West Third street.

FOR RENT—A FURNISHED ROOM, modern conveniences, $5 per month. 208 West Mesaba avenue.

FOUR ROOMS DOWN STAIRS. 123 Sixth avenue west.

FOR RENT—TWO NICELY FURnished front rooms; prefers to rent without board. However, will board desirable parties. No. 221 East Third street.

FOR RENT—TWO LARGE FRONT rooms. Call 525 East Seventh street.

FOUR ROOMS, UNFURNISHED, SUITable for light housekeeping. Apply 15 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM FLAT, BASEment and modern conveniences 928 East Superior street.

EIGHT ROOM MODERN FLAT. Ingalls' flats, 216 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT—5-ROOM FLAT. 14 EAST Fourth street.

FOR RENT—5-ROOM MODERN FLAT. Volk, Palladio building.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—BY TEACHER, MODERN furnished room, or room and board within six blocks of High school. B 75, Herald.

GENTLEMAN WISHES TO RENT A good room with all conveniences, furnished or unfurnished. Address B 44, Herald.

WANTED—FURNISHED HOUSE FOR the summer. Inquire at Chamberlain & Taylor's.

WANTED—A FURNISHED HOUSE OR rooms for light housekeeping at Lester Park. Address B 54, Herald.

WANTED—FURNISHED HOUSE OR flat. H. W. Richardson, weather bureau.

HOUSE OR FLAT OF FOUR OR FIVE rooms, centrally located. Address B 56, Herald.

PLUMBING, HEATING AND GAS FITTING

THOMPSON-WAUGH COMPANY, 230 West First street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ANYONE HAVING A PIANO THEY want stored, can place their instrument with a reliable party who will give best of care for use of same. No children in family. Address E. B., care Herald.

STENOGRAPHY OR TYPEWRITING AT 313 Lyceum building. 'Phone 687. Prompt service

CLOTHES CLEANED.

J. F. MILLER—CLOTHES CLEANED, dyed and repaired on short notice. Goods called for free of charge. 110 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn. Telephone 570.

TO EXCHANGE.

WANT TO TRADE—COMBINATION tandem for ladies' single wheels. Address "Tandem," care Herald.

TO TRADE—EIGHTY ACRES GOOD mineral land with timber on it, for property in town. Address B 69, Herald.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY!

DR. SCHIFFMAN. TOP FLOOR BURrows b'l'd'g. Best work. Moderate prices.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD

FINANCIAL.

MONEY TO LOAN IN SMALL amounts. Private party. No publicity. D 94, Herald.

MONEY LOANED ON PIANOS, FURNIture, horses and all kinds of personal property. 316 Palladio building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAmonds, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., 324 W. Sup. street. Established 1892.

MONEY LOANED ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN. ANY AMOUNT. We buy Consolidated stock. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

APPLICATION FOR MORTGAGE LOANS wanted. J. Q. A. Crosby, 210 Palladio.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 73, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 8:00. Next meeting April 30, 1900. Work, First degree. S. O. Sterrett, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting May 14, 1900. Work Second degree. Robert Graham, W. M.; H. A. Hall, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evening of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting May 2, 1900. Work, M. M. P. M. & M. E. M. degree. Henry D. Gee, H. P.; W. G. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8:00 p. m. Next conclave May 1, 1900. Work, election of officers. J. T. Armstead, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeaux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO. 105. Meets every Thursday in Hunter block, third floor, West Superior street. F. W. Dryer, M. W.; W. J. Stephens, recorder; John C. Walker, financier, residence 810 East Seventh street; H. S. Mills, receiver.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp No. 2206. Meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. F. A. Noble, V. C.; P. H. Levy, banker; C P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights adways welcome. H. P. Curren, Com.; B. K. Walker, R. K.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, NO. 35, K. P.—Meets Tuesday evening, May 1, at 8 p. m. at Castle hall, 118 West Superior street District convention, J. B. Gibson, C. C.; B. F. Neff, R. S.

I. O. O. F.

ZENITH CITY LODGE NO. 160, I. O. O. F.—Meets Tuesday evening, May 1, 8 p. m. Work, Second Degree, in Columbia hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. Felix Lambert, N. G.; W. H. Leonard, secretary.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS, Court Eastern Star No. 86. Meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m., at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. E. O. Olund, Chief Ranger.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, 328 ST. CROIX AVENUE. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

HOUSE-MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

Cheap Excursion.

On May 1, I will run a cheap excursion to all points in Western Canada, where you can get 160 acres of the choicest farming lands free. For particulars, apply to

J. H. M. PARKER,
Canadian Government Agent.
Room 316 Palladio Building,
Duluth, Minn.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

7:45 a.m.	Lv..... Duluth	Ar	3:35 p.m.
8:20 a.m.	Ar..... Proctor	Lv	3:05 p.m.
10:07 a.m.	Ar..Iron Junction..	Lv	1:18 p.m.
10:15 a.m.	Ar..... Wolf	Lv	1:10 p.m.
10:30 a.m.	Ar.... Virginia	Lv	12:55 p.m.
10:24 a.m.	Ar..... Eveleth	Lv	1:02 p.m.
10:48 a.m.	Ar..... Sparta	Lv	12:39 p.m.
11:12 a.m.	Ar..... Biwabik	Lv	12:17 p.m.
10:35 a.m.	Ar..... Mt. Iron	Lv	12:35 p.m.
10:50 a.m.	Ar..... Hibbing	Lv	12:25 p.m.

Daily except Sunday. J. B. HANSON, General Pasenger Agent.

DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

3:15 p.m.	Lv..... Duluth	Ar	12:00 m.
7:35 p.m.	Ar..... Virginia	Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:40 p.m.	Ar..... Eveleth	Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:50 p.m.	Ar..... Ely	Lv	7:19 a.m.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

Leave	Duluth.	Arrive
†1 45 pm	ST. PAUL	†1 40 pm
*11 25 pm	... AND MINNEAPOLIS ...	*7 00 am

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.

*7 55 am	Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana and Coast Points,	*6 45 pm
†3 05 pm	Swan River, Hibbing and Int Points	†11 50 am

Sleeper for 11:15 p. m. Train can be occupied at any time after 9 p. m. J. G. MOONEY, Nor. Pass. Agent.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth.	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**8:35 am	St. Paul, Mpls.	**3:05 pm
*4:30 pm	...Twilight Limited...	*9:59 pm
*5:10 pm	Chicago Milwaukee,	*10:30 am
*5:10 pm	Appleton,	*10:30 am
*5:10 pm	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*10:30 am
*5:10 pm	...FAST MAIL...	*10:30 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

ST. PAUL & DULUTH R. R.

Union Depot.	*Daily.	†Ex. Sunday.
Lv. †9 00 am	TRAINS FOR	Ar. *6 45 am
" *2 55 pm	ST. PAUL AND	" †2 40 pm
" *11 25 pm	... MINNEAPOLIS ...	" *7 00 pm

ST DULUTH, SOUTH SHORE & ATLANTIC RAILWAY. 426 Spalding Hotel Block—Union Depot.

Leave	*Ex. Saturday. †Ex. Sunday.	Arrive
**6 30 p. m.	BOSTON LIMITED	*9 30 a. m.
* 45 a. m.	EXPRESS	*7 30 p. m.

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DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

SATURDAY APRIL 28, 1900.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

THE PAN-AMERICAN EXPOSITION

Many Interesting Exhibits Being Prepared For Buffalo's Great Display In 1901---An All-American Event Showing the Material Progress of the New World---The Wonderful Electrical Tower, the Colossal Stadium and Other Features.

The distinctive purposes of the Pan-American exposition to be held in the thriving and beautiful city of Buffalo in the summer of 1901, the originality and attractiveness of its general plan and its remarkable advantages as to locality place it on the highest plane in the history of the great expositions which have been illustrative of the march of civilization during the century now nearing its close. The first great exposition, that of London in 1851, was considered a marvelous undertaking, but its marvels have been far surpassed and its glories dimmed by the achievements of the centennial of 1876, the various displays of Paris and the World's fair of Chicago in 1893. The Pan-American exposition will not only epitomize the achievements and glories of those stupendous enterprises, but will illustrate the progress of the Western hemisphere during 100 years of most wonderful advancement in every phase of human activity and will demonstrate the prodigious share the new world has had in those mighty triumphs of civilization which have marked the nineteenth century.

In the history of great expositions the idea of a great display which shall be entirely American is absolutely unique. It is also to the highest degree justifiable. The material growth of the republics, colonies, states and territories of North, Central and South America during the brief space of 100 years has been so marvelous that the project to hold an all-American exposition commends itself beyond the possibility of adverse comment.

Furthermore, the exposition will not only serve as a great object lesson, showing the material progress of the new world, but it will bring the countries of North, Central and South America closer together than has heretofore been possible in their social and commercial relations.

The exposition has been planned and will be carried out on a comprehensive scale commensurate with the exalted character of its leading purposes. Geographically the location selected is singularly advantageous. Buffalo is on the direct line of railroad travel from all points of the compass. It is the gateway through which passes the enormous traffic of the great inland seas of North America. It is the center of a circle which within a radius of 500 miles encompasses a population of over 40,000,000. Besides the exposition itself and the allurements of a very beautiful city, Buffalo affords as auxiliary attractions in its immediate vicinity the historic Niagara frontier, the great river and the world-famous cataract, Chautauqua and other beautiful lakes, Canada on the north, the Thousand Islands and the St. Lawrence river and many other delightful side trips. The location of the exposition is certainly most highly favored by natural advantages superior to those with which other great expositions have been favored.

But the enterprise will not depend for public recognition merely upon its great advantages of location. It will command the attention of the whole world by reason of the originality of its general plan, by the peculiarly interesting nature of its exhibits, by the most attractive arrangement of its grounds and the novel architectural style of its buildings and by the wonderful character of the electrical and floricultural effects which will be introduced.

The site selected is an ideal one, admirably located in the northern central part of the city and comprising 342 acres, about one-third of which is the most delightful portion of the beautiful public park. It is very easy of access, both by steam railroads and trolley lines. In fact, the facilities for the transportation of visitors to and from the grounds have never been equaled at any great exposition.

The grounds are being laid out and the buildings are being erected upon plans and designs agreed upon by an advisory board comprising eight of the leading architects of New York, Boston and Buffalo. These plans provide for a striking group of buildings and a most attractive general scheme, including the park system already mentioned, and wonderful effects of composition and color, of architectural excellence and of splendid possibilities for magnificent horticultural and floricultural displays. The general plan of the grounds is that of an inverted T, the main court being the perpendicular line and lesser courts on the horizontal line, with the buildings grouped along and about them so as to form minor inner courts, the whole group being surrounded by a park system, with lagoons, canals and waterways. The transverse courts will open out on the splendid foliage and beautiful lakes of the public park.

A visitor, after being admitted to the grounds through the main or south entrance, on Lincoln parkway, will pass due north through the park, over the bridge which crosses the lake to the approach of the exposition proper. On the left will be the Music gardens and on the right the court of state and foreign buildings. Directly fronting him will be the Triumphal bridge. From this bridge a comprehensive view of the exposition buildings will be obtained. On the east the first structure will be the United States government buildings and on the west the buildings devoted to horticulture, mines, forestry and the graphic arts. Directly in front will be the great esplanade, beyond which will be the court of fountains, with a series of cascades flowing from the magnificent electrical tower, which will be the most imposing and attractive structure of the exposition. On the right of the court of fountains will be the ethnology and manufactures and liberal arts buildings, and in a corresponding position on the left will be the temple of music and machinery and transportation buildings. The Mall will be run east and west across the north end of the Court of Fountains and in front of the Electrical tower, east and west of which will be respectively the agricultural building and the electrical building. Besides these buildings north of the Mall, on the right will be the Stadium and on the left the Midway. Beyond and between the entrances to the Stadium and the Midway will be the plaza, fronting the Propylaea, a highly ornamental structure, serving as a screen between the exposition grounds and the railway station, at the extreme northern entrance to the grounds. There will be many other buildings, notably the service building, for the use of the executive officials of the exposition; the live stock building and the conservatories.

In the park proper will be the Albright art gallery, donated by a prominent citizen of Buffalo, and also the building which will be erected by the state of New York and which will become the permanent home of a great historical exhibit under the control of the city of Buffalo and the Buffalo Historical society.

The general appearance of the buildings from various viewpoints will not be that of an irregular plot crowded with great structures, but will present a most pleasing and artistic ensemble. All the main buildings will have a uniform height of eave line of fifty feet, low, red roofs will give a uniform character, and the tinting and decorating of the walls will avoid the uniform severity of effect which has not been a pleasing feature of other great expositions. The general style of the buildings will be a free treatment of the renaissance—that is to say, a style of building where columns are little used, depending very much for its character upon long lines of arcades and richly detailed openings, upon red tiled roofs and harmoniously tinted walls rather than upon the cold and severely classical effects which marked the architecture of the Chicago World's fair. Besides the coloring of the roofs and walls, the towers and arcades will in conspicuous places be brilliantly decorated according to a uniform scheme, harmonizing the whole. The terraces and parterres will be profusely furnished with bay and orange trees, interspersed with embroidery gardens. In the subordinate courts will be masses of dark green cypress trees about huge circular basins of water exhibiting aquatic plants. The canal which will surround the central group of buildings will be lined with double rows of poplars, and the reaches of ground between these and the exposition boundaries are to be banked with heavy masses of dark foliage, forming a frame to the color and floral effects and shutting out the world beyond.

The electrical displays in the electrical building, at the great tower and about the grounds and on the lagoons and canal will surpass anything of the kind hitherto attempted or possible at any other exposition in the world, the power being generated by the current of the Niagara river at the falls, some twenty miles away. An intramural electrical railway will carry visitors to various parts of the grounds, and there will be ample provision made for the comfort and convenience of visitors. The restaurant requirements will not be neglected.

The Satdium, or field of sports, will be a vast arena surrounded by seats accommodating 25,000 people, and the Midway will afford abundant entertainment for those interested in that especial exposition feature.

As to the exhibits, there is no room for doubt that they will be of exceeding merit and of a most interesting character. The United States government will expend $500,000 on its building, and the exhibits it will make from the various departments will be brought up to date and be far more complete than has hitherto been possible. It will also comprise large and attractive exhibits from Cuba, Porto Rico, Hawaii and the Philippines. New York state will expend $300,000 for a building and exhibits, and most of the principal states of the Union will be well represented.

To accentuate the all-American character of the exposition the hearty cooperation of Canada and the British possessions in America and of Mexico is absolutely assured, and few, if any, of the countries of Central and South America will be without adequate representation.

It is manifest, therefore, that the Pan-American exposition is an enterprise of vast national importance. It has received the most emphatic endorsement by both houses of congress, and in his last annual message President McKinley made extended reference to its value in promoting the interests of the United States in their social and trade relations with the Latin-American republics. It certainly will tend to secure for the United States a share of the trade with those republics now largely monopolized by Germany and Great Britain.

The attitude of the commercial organizations of the country toward the exposition was expressed in resolutions adopted by the New York chamber of commerce heartily approving its purposes and giving assurance of enthusiastic support.

The financial burden and enormous responsibilities of the stupendous undertaking have been assumed by the citizens of Buffalo. The preliminary work has been done by volunteer committees. The working force is now under the immediate control of Hon. William I. Buchanan as director general, a man of large experience in public affairs and an official of great executive ability. He has demonstrated his capacity as promoter of the great Iowa corn palaces, as chief of the agricultural department at the Chicago World's fair and as United States minister to the Argentine republic under the administrations of both President Cleveland and President McKinley.

Work on the grounds is well advanced, and the construction of several of the largest buildings is pushed forward rapidly, and the exposition will be ready to open its gates to the public on the day fixed, May 1, 1901.

The stately beauty of the great electric tower, which will be the most imposing and attractive structure of the Pan-American exposition, is conveyed somewhat to the mind by the illustration herewith. The genius of the architect has been taxed to preserve lines and elements of beauty in such a lofty edifice. But the problem has been well mastered, and the ornamental character of the structure is at once apparent.

The tower stands at the north end of the court of the fountains, dividing this court from the plaza. It is surrounded by a broad aquatic basin and is reached from the plaza by means of an ornamental bridge. The main body of the tower is seventy-six feet square. The height to the top of the statue is 350 feet. A circular group of lofty pillars with richly ornamented capitals surmounts the square portion of the tower and supports a broad frieze. Above this are allegorical figures and, still farther up, a large illuminated and jeweled ball, upon which will be visible the outlines of North and South America. Upon the ball is a statue twenty feet in height.

At the base of the tower are two ornamental wings in the form of circular colonnades. They project from the east and west sides of the main tower, making a quarter turn to the southard eighty-five feet. Then enhance the beauty of the tower to a marked degree. They are surmounted with statuary and other architectural devices, and the roofs are to be a promenade deck, upon which the visitors will delight to stroll.

Upon the side of the tower facing the court of the fountains is a niche seventy feet high and thirty feet wide, in which will be a water display of extraordinary beauty. The falling water will be interrupted by countless ingeniously contrived methods, breaking it into myriads of sparkling individual drops. Upon this mass of dancing crystals electric lights will be skillfully projected in a variety of colors, producing a fascinating picture. Within the face of the waterfall will be an elaborate arrangement of electric lamps and fanciful figures will appear from time to time in the wonderful cascade. Below the niche the water will go dashing into the great basin that surrounds the tower, but at every point of its descent the artist will employ his artifice to produce brilliant electrical effects and to make every drop a living gem.

Entering the tower from the plaza, the visitor comes first to the promenade floor, twenty feet above the water. At a height of seventy-one feet will be the second promenade, to which elevators will carry the sightseers. The third floor is at the height of 130 feet. A large restaurant will occupy the floor at the height of 200 feet. Here the diner may have one of the most charming views of the exposition. There will be three other stops, at the heights of 227 feet, 253 feet and 292 feet. Above the last promenade floor will be a lookout from which the eye may take in a broad sweep of the landscape. It will give one a complete bird's eye view of the exposition and vicinity. About the base of the tower will be disposed fountains, cascades and other embellishments that will give the work an attractive setting. Electricity will be employed in many ways to enliven and augment the beauty of this artistic centerpiece. The electric tower was designed by John G. Howard, of New York city, a member of the board of architects.

The completed Stadium for the exposition will offer to the lovers of sports the most spacious and splendid arena ever erected in America. The athletic carnival to be held during the great exposition will be the most notable in the history of American sport. The co-operation of many of the best promoters of athletic games and contests has been secured. Visitors to the Pan-American exposition may therefore expect to witness the meeting of the most famous athletes of the world in competition for prizes worthy of their best feats of endurance, strength and skill.

It is said that the great Coliseum at Rome, built in the first century of the Christian era, could accommodate 87,000 spectators. The Pan-American Stadium will be 129 feet longer and but ten feet narrower than the historic amphitheater of Rome. The Stadium, however, will have a larger arena, and the seating capacity is estimated at 25,000 people. The top row of seats will be sixty feet from the ground, and every seat will command a perfect view of the vast interior. Standards are to be placed at various points for the support of awnings in such a way that they will not obstruct the view from the other seats.

The Stadium will have a quarter-mile track and a sufficiently large space inside of this for any of the athletic games. Great attention has been paid to having a large number of aisles to reach the seats, and, in addition to the principal entrance on the west, there are seven large exits. These exits are made of sufficient breadth and height to admit in case of need the largest vehicles or floats, as it is proposed to use the Stadium for certain pageants, exhibits of automobiles in operation, judging of live stock, horses, agricultural machinery, road machinery, etc. No exhibitor has ever had such a splendid arena in which to display such exhibits. The space under the seats is to be used for exhibition purposes and is in itself the equivalent of a very large building.

A large and picturesque building forms the main entrances to the Stadium. This is 241 feet long by 52 feet wide, with towers 164 feet high. The style is in conformity with that of the other buildings, with an arcaded effect in the lower story, red tiled roof, broad eaves and bright colors. The old Spanish towers give a finished beauty to the structure and make it one of the most prominent features of the exposition. The Stadium resembles in a general way that erected at Athens a few years ago, although this one can be, of course, only a temporary structure. It will be a model of what it is hoped may be executed some day in permanent form. It will cover ten acres of ground, and its situation is on the east side of the plaza, opposite the Midway. It is near the great entrances from the steam and trolley railway station at the extreme north end of the exposition grounds.

At the exposition will be seen and heard the largest and finest set of church bells in this country; in fact, they are little, if any, inferior in size or musical quality to the most famous European chimes of Copenhagen, Westminster, Ghent or Amsterdam. These carillons, as they are termed by their French originators, which will delight the visitors to the All-American exposition next year, have a peculiar history. Although they have been in this country more than thirty years and their fine qualities are well known, their superb tones have never been advantageously heard. For over a quarter of a century they have hung with dumb tongues in the silence and gloom of the tall tower of Buffalo's big cathedral of St. Joseph. They were produced by the noted French bell-makers Bolle et Fils, having been contracted for by Bishop Timon in 1865 at a cost of about $25,000. They were cast in 1866 and exhibited at the Paris exposition in 1867, being there awarded a gold medal. They reached Buffalo in 1868 and were then hung in St. Joseph's tower, which, however, proved a very unsuitable receptacle, being damp and of very limited area. Attempts were made to sound the chimes, but the result was ineffectual and since 1875 the bells have been mute. There are forty-three bells in this splendid carillon, ranging in weight from the small tenor of twenty-five pounds to the ponedrous and sonorous monster weighing 5068 pounds. Each bell is artistically ornamented and each bears an inscription in Latin, with some religious phrase, such as "Deo Uni Trio Laus et Gloria Semupiterna," "Laudate Dominum Omnes Gentes," "Gloria In Excelsis," etc. The metal of the bells is a composite of 775 parts copper and 225 parts tin.

It was originally intended that these chimes should be rung by clock work, but the more modern methods of keyboard manipulation and electrical power will be used.

At the Pan-American exposition the bells will be hung in a graceful campanile especially constructed for the purpose, erected on elevated ground in a location which permits their melodious voices being heard with due effect whenever they are sounded. The importance of this group of bells and the volume of harmonious sound they will produce may be in a measure realized when it is remembered that the fine chimes of St. Patrick's cathedral so much admired in New York, consist of only twenty-four bells, a little more than half the number of those which constitute the carillon of St. Joseph's.

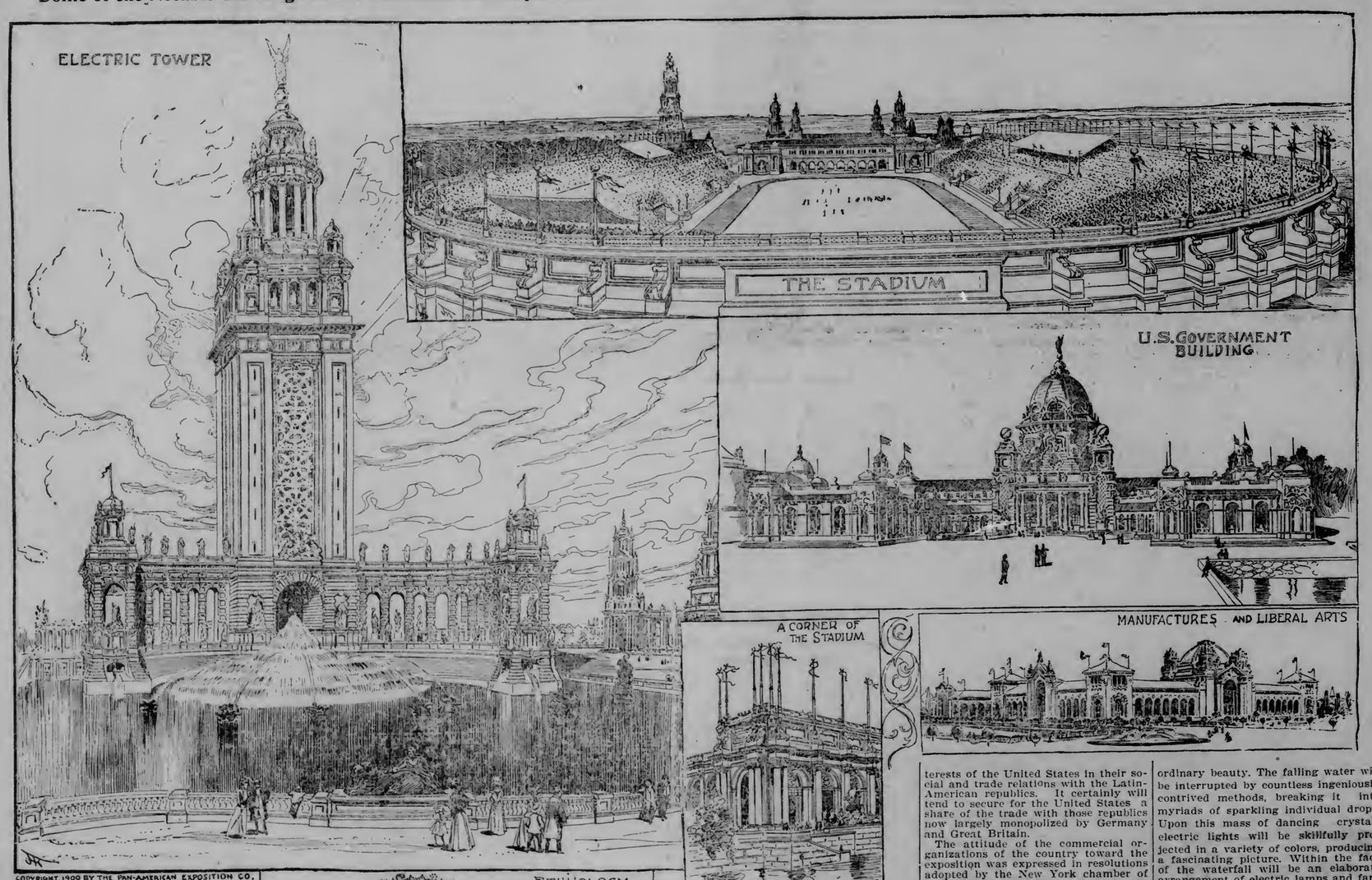
FOR BUSY GARDENERS.

The busy gardener—that is, the gardener who is occupied during the greater part of the day with business or household duties—will find hardily perennial plants more satisfactory, all things considered, than any others, says Eben E. Rexford in New Lippincott. They require the least care. Once established, they are good for many years. Some begin to bloom quite early in the season. Others bloom in midsummer, and some are in their prime when frost comes. Nearly all of them are profuse bloomers, and most of them are extremely brilliant in color. For early flowering I would advise the dicentra, the peony and the lily of the valley. A little later the herbaceous spiraeas will appear upon the scene, followed by the larkspurs and the earlier phloxes. Then comes the hollyhock—perhaps the most attractive of all our hardy plants—and the new rudbeckia, which is the most brilliant of all plants when in the prime of its golden glory, and the late varities of phlox will prolong the dazzling pageant of late autumn's splendor until the withering touch of the frost is laid upon everything in the garden.

SPARE THE BIRDS.

The enormous destruction of birds to supply trimming for women's hats was clearly shown at the fire recently in a factory at Wautagh, L. I., when among the property destroyed were 10,000 stuffed seagulls, 20,000 wings of other birds, and 10,000 heads of birds representing varieties from the plumed birds of the South to the ordinary Long Island crow, says the Country Gentleman. The plant was owned by William L. Wilson, and the immediate loss was $8000, although the damage to the business was much greater. Mr. Wilson had just received a large shipment of valuable bird skins preparatory to beginning his preparations for next season's trade, and thousands of these were destroyed. The establishment has men stationed at different points along the Atlantic coast from Maine to Florida, and some of them kill a great many birds during the season. The greatest record made by any one man was 141,000 killed in one season in Florida.

Some of the Notable Buildings at the Pan-American Exposition.



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Critical Times for Girls.

The first critical period in a woman's life comes at the passing of her girlhood. In nine cases out of ten where disease fastens itself upon her it does so at the line of demarcation between girlhood and womanhood. How to preserve the daughter's health—how to ward off disease at this crisis is the problem that confronts every mother of girls.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People

are the best remedy to use at this critical period. Read this sworn statement of Mrs. J. M. Riggs, of Carterville, Mo.

"My daughter Josie during the winter of 1897-98 suffered a complete break-down in health. She was thin and pale, had no appetite—in fact, some days barely tasting her food. Those who knew her condition said she was going into a decline.

"On the advice of a neighbor, we began giving her Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. The effect on her condition was marvelous. Before she had taken half a box her condition was improved, and she kept on gaining appetite, strength and flesh until she was entirely well. She took three boxes of the pills and to-day there is not a healthier, more robust looking girl in Carterville. She is fleshier and healthier than ever before in her life." MRS. J. M. RIGGS.

Subscribed and sworn to before me a Notary Public, this 15th day of October, 1898. WILLIAM WOLCOTT, *Notary Public.*

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' Dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after-effects of the grip, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions, all forms of weakness, in either male or female.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are sold by all dealers, or will be sent, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50c. a box or six boxes for $2.50 (they are never sold in bulk or by the 100) by addressing Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

The Woman's Column.

(Send contributions for this column to the chairman board of editors, No. 5 Twelfth avenue east.)

* * *

The work of the Twentieth Century club for the year will end with the annual meeting Monday evening, April 30. The meeting will open at 7:30 p. m. and the members are asked to be prompt as the business to be attended to is important and nothing can be done until a quorum is present. Reports will be read by the officers, the chairmen of departments and of committees. The election of officers for the comming year will then be held, and some time given to a general talk on club policy. Every member of the club should be present at the meeting and do her part in deciding the policy of the club during the comming year. The following offices are to be filled by election at the annual meeting.. The president, first, second and third vice presidents, recording secretary, treasurer, historian, three honorary vice presidents and three members of the membership committee.

Monday, April 30, at 2:30 p. m., the last meeting of the parliamentary class will be held. There will be a further drill in elections.

Tuesday, May 1, at 10:30 a. m., there will be a meeting of the executive board. The newly elected members will meet with the retiring members. It is important that every member of the executive board shall be present at this meeting.

The physical culture class will meet Thursday evening during May at 7:30 p. m. Professor Hoffman, teacher. This is the only class that will continue after the close of the club year.

* * *

April 21 was the "president's day" at the Saturday club and proved to be one of the most enjoyable days of the year. This day occurs usually twice a year and the president has the privilege of entertaining the club members in any way that she wishes. Mrs. McGonagle, the president, arranged a very pleasing program, which consisted of a burlesque play on Shakespeare's women, "Place Aux Dames," and was given by four members of the club. Mrs. W. H. Hubbard as Portia, Mrs. C. D. Richards as Juliet, Mrs. H. H. Barnard as Lady Macbeth and Miss Crowley as Opelia. The parts were well taken and the play was enthusiastically received. Musical numbers were given by Miss Florence Williams and Miss Jeannie Mann. Among the outside guests were Miss Schlegel, of the Superior normal school, and Mrs. Cornelia Neitnor Anthony, of Chicago, who has been spending several months in Superior. Mrs. Anthony gave two recitations in a charming manner. Tea and wafers were served at the close of the program.

* * *

One of the most important branches of work among the state federations is the establishment of traveling libraries for the benefit of country districts in the various states. New York was the pioneer in the movement, which is still young. In 1892, through the efforts of Melville Dewey, director of the New York state library, the state of New York made an appropriation for the purchase of books to be loaned to institutions and groups of taxpayers on payment of a nominal fee. His plan includes a system of central control and supervision of small collections of popular books to be sent from point to point, kept in charge of responsible persons and circulated freely among the residents of each locality. In the first year forty-six libraries were sent out. The demand for them so increased that in the fifth year the number had grown from forty-six to 447.

These libraries are carefully chosen by expert librarians and are made up of the choicest and freshest publications. A large number of the books sent must necessarily be works of fiction, if the interest of the average borrower be sustained. Care is taken to provide only the very best and most wholesome stories and to adapt them to the age and requirements of those to whom they are sent. The traveling libraries may be sent to local libraries desiring to supplement their limited collections, to schools, university-extension circles or reading clubs, as well as to small hamlets or rural communities. In places where there is no public library to be responsible for the books, in order to get a traveling library it is necessary for twenty-five taxpayers to make application for the library, to make proper guarantee against loss or damage and to pay a fee of $5 in New York. The cost of transportation is borne by the state.

In 1895 Michigan adopted the New York plan with various modifications and is now circulating 100 libraries of fifty volumes each. The state librarian declares that in no other state institution has the same amount of good been done with so small an expenditure.

Iowa, in 1896, inaugurated a similar system with an appropriation of $4000, which sufficed to purchase and circulate fifty libraries, while at the present time applications are on file for 200. In Iowa, in two years, forty permanent libraries were organized as the direct result of visits from traveling libraries. This New York system has been adopted in Ohio and New Jersey also and one or two other states. Of the 100 traveling libraries now at work in Wisconsin no other seems to be doing so much good as one in a little hamlet in Wood county, where the librarian is section boss on the railroad.

The traveling library gives an abundant supply of wholesome literature to the people of small communities at a slight cost, and not only excites their interest in such literature, but confines their reading to it until their tastes are formed. It is a free day and night school which does not close on Sundays or days or for long vacations. It instructs, inspires and amuses the old as well as the young, and its curriculum is so broad that it helps the housewife in the kitchen, the husband in the field, the mechanic in his shop, the teacher in her school, the invalid in the sick room, the boy at his play and the citizen in his civic duties. It leaves no room for bad literature and keeps it from circulating without resort to threats by the most natural and wholesome methods.

In Vermont the state federation has just started the good work, and several clubs have already donated modest librararies. Mrs. Walter P. Smith, of St. Johnsbury, is chairman of the committee having that work in charge, and she reports excellent progress. In that state they have adopted the plan of naming each library for the club giving it.

In Kansas the traveling libraries have been adopted by the state, and the state house at Topeka forms their headquarters. The collection of these books and their circulation was started by the state federation and carried on for several years, but they have finally turned it over to the state. Like most other bodies of men, the Kansas state legislature is ready to carry on a good work after it is once fairly started by women.

A Horrible Outbreak.

"Of large sores on my little daughter's head developed into a case of scald head" writes C. D. Isbill, of Morganton, Tenn., but Bucklen's Arnica salve completely cured her. It's a guaranteed cure for Eczema, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Pimples, Sores, Ulcers and Piles. Only 25c at W. A. Abbett's.

"Housework is hard work without Gold Dust"

Washing Dish Cloths

Kitchen cloths must of course be washed daily, otherwise they harbor grease and odors and become unhealthy. They should be made of knit-crochet-cotton, in a square of suitable size. When you wash them, if you will add a tablespoonful of

Gold Dust Washing Powder

to the hot water it will cut the grease and clean them in half the time; dry them out in the sunshine and air.

The above is taken from our free booklet "GOLDEN RULES FOR HOUSEWORK" Sent free on request to

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago, St. Louis, New York, Boston.

THEY ASK FOR FUNDS

St. Louis Exposition Project Is Presented to House Committee.

ADDRESS BY FRANCIS

Ex-Secretary of the Interior Opens For the Applicants.

Washington, April 27.—The house committee room on insular affairs was filled to overflowing today with a distinguished body of representative men from the West and Southwest, who appeared to make formal presentation of the project for an international exposition at St. Louis in 1903 to commemorate the Louisiana purchase and the resulting development of the Mississippi valley and its vast tributary sections.

Bills already have been introduced in the senate by Mr. Cockrell and in the house by Mr. Lane giving a national aspect to the enterprise and providing a $5,000,000 appropriation in its aid. This has attracted the attention and encouragement of the sections through the Middle West, and the delegation now appears to urge the magnitude of the project from a commercial and a national standpoint, and to give it a status which it is hoped will secure favorable consideration in the present congress.

The delegation was made up of governors, ex-governors, mayors of leading cities, former cabinet officers and men prominent in public and business life, including Governor James of Arkansas, Attorney General Campbell of Colorado, T. P. Rixey, labor commissioner of Missouri; J. D. Slonecker, representing Governor Stanley of Kansas; ex-Governor R. B. Hubbard, of Texas; D. D. Leach, representing Governor Barnes of Oklahoma; Judge Humphrey, of Ft. Smith, Ark.; L. P. Ramsey, of Columbus, Ohio; ex-Secretary of the Interior Francis, and a numerous delegation from St. Louis, including ex-Mayor C. P. Walbridge, O. L. Whitelaw, ex-Lieutenant Governor O'Meara, Nathan Frank and Hon. Seth W. Cobb.

The hearing was given under the auspices of the special committee on the centennial of the Louisiana purchase, consisting of Representative Hepburn, chairman, and Steele, Sherman, Joy, Corliss, Burke, Williams, Bartlett and Otey.

Ex-Secretary Francis opened the hearing. He said in part:

"We appear before you, not as representatives of a single city or of a single state, but in behalf of the fifteen states and two territories carved out of the Louisiana purchase, and in the name of the entire trans-Mississippi section of our country, to lay before you the plan we have adopted for commemorating the 100th anniversary of the acquisition of the Louisiana territory, and to ask therefor the recognition and aid of the general government.

"Great events in the history of the country should be commemorated by appropriate celebrations. Patriotism is fostered thereby and patriots are incited to nobler efforts. Older countries, with conditions extending far back, but no more brilliant nor more enduring than ours, have holidays which they observe and commemorate of the victories they have gained, of the domain they have annexed, of the advances they have made in civilization, of the progress they have accomplished toward the freedom we enjoy.

"To those of us who inhabit the trans-Mississippi section no event in the history of the government is of equal importance to the Louisiana purchase, and none is of greater moment to the people of the entire country. Who could or can say what would have been the trend of events is the sunset side of the father of waters had remained under the control of a foreign power? Republican institutions in America would have had a much harder struggle and might not have survived. The opportunity for development which this trans-Mississippi empire gave us broadened our theater of action and so elevated and matured the character of our people that it inspired them with the proper confidence in the stability and our destiny. It gave us room abundant for the oppressed of other nations. It gave us undisputed possession of the mighty river and its outlets to the sea. Our acquisition of the Louisiana territory was a great boon to the race as well as of incalculable benefit to the young republic. Its development is unparalleled. Today it furnishes homes for 20,000,000 of intelligent freemen. It is the seat of the productive power of a country which Mulhall says is the richest on the globe by $2,000,000,000.

After tracing the development of the project, Mr. Francis proceeded:

"St. Louis, as the largest and wealthiest city in the Louisiana purchase, was selected as the location for such an exposition, and the scale upon which it should be held was defined by the convention of states and territories in the purchase. That convention decided a sum less than $15,000,000 would be insufficient to properly launch an exposition of the character named, and that $5,000,000 thereof should be furnished by the general government.

"The bill before you pledges to the exposition government aid to the extent of $5,000,000, which, however, is not to be appropriated until the city of St. Louis shall have received the sum of $10,000,000, and when the $5,000,000 is appropriated it is not to be made available until the $10,000,000 received by St. Louis shall have been expended to the satisfaction of the treasury. I submit to you as fair-minded men whether St. Louis is not doing her full duty in agreeing to furnish $10,000,000 of the $15,000,000 required. The bill throws proper safeguards around the expenditure of the money and the conduct of the exposition, and if you, in your wisdom, desire to strengthen these safeguards, if it is possible to do so, we offer no objection.

"This is the most opportune time since the formation of our government for such a national exposition as it is proposed to hold. We have taken a new position among the nations of the globe since the Chicago World's fair, seven years ago. Our achievements have astonished the world. It is fit that we should invite the best thought of the age, and that the elect of every country be our guests.

"If congress at its present session should refuse or fail to pledge the $5,000,000 provided for in this bill, the constitutional amendment calling for the increase in the bonded debt for the city of St. Louis, would, in my judgment, fail of passage at the November election. It cannot be voted upon again, and the project would consequently have to be abandoned."

Mr. Francis was frequently interrupted with questions by members of the committee, showing in the main a sympathetic spirit towards the enterprise. In response to inquiries from Mr. Williams, Mr. Francis said it was essential to have an assurance at the present session of congress so that the state and city could take the necessary action in time to have actual appropriations provided at the next session of this congress.

Governor Shaw of Iowa made a witty and felicitous speech, concluding with the statement that Iowa supported the project and desired it to have a national and international scope.

Governor Jones of Arkansas followed, urging the opportunities of the exposition as an object lesson to the world on the vast development of the Louisiana purchase empire.

Governor Jones spoke of the recent acquisition of new territory and the new markets it opened. He said that consideration of all political consideration be believed in these acquisitions, and he believed in holding the newly acquired territories. The exposition would serve, he said, to bring foreigners to this country and demonstrate to the outside world that we could and would hold these possessions. It would give a lesson of power and greatness and would tell the world that this country was no longer a child or collection of children, but was one of the great forces of civilization.

The governor of Nebraska sent as his representative Lieutenant Governor Gilbert of that state, who stated that while the subject had not been widely circulated, yet it was approved, and he added his warm personal endorsement of the exposition.

Danger of Ocean Wrecks.

It is stated that the Atlantic ocean contains many wrecked vessels which drift hither and thither, and as their positions change with the winds and tides, they are a constant menace to ocean traffic. Because of the great expense they are not destroyed until they have inflicted actual damage. How like this is the action of many persons, who wait until they are ill before treating such dangerous symptoms as indigestion, dyspepsia, constipation, liver or kidney troubles. Don't allow them to menace your health. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters will clear the system of all impurities, making the blood rich and the nerves strong. It cures all stomach ach disorders and is an unequalled spring medicine. See that a Private Revenue Stamp covers the neck of the bottle.

GERMAN NAVAL BILL.

Reichstag Budget Committee Pares Down the Estimates.

Berlin, April 27.—The budget committee of the reichstag today adopted by a vote of 20 to 8 a motion of the Centrists granting the battleships asked for by the government, but eliminating the provision for an increase of the foreign service fleet and reducing the increase demanded for the reserve fleet. The Centrists' proposals adopted provide that the fighting fleet shall consist of two flagships, four squadrons of eight battleships each, eight large and seven-four small cruisers; for foreign service, a fleet of three large and ten small cruisers; for the reserve, four battleships and three large and four small cruisers, and that the appropriation for the necessary supplies shall be included annually in the estimates.

Art thou one of the many that has drained the Golden Nectar that maketh thy heart full of strength and gladness? If not, take Rocky Mountain Tea. Ask your druggist.

Painful Periods

are overcome by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Fifty thousand happy women testify to this in grateful letters to Mrs. Pinkham.

Menstruation is a severe strain on a woman's vitality. If it is painful something is wrong which

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

will promptly set right; if excessive or irregular write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for advice.

Evidence abounds that Mrs. Pinkham's advice and medicine have for many years been helping women to be strong. No other advice is so unvaryingly accurate, no other medicine has such a record of cure.

ALABASTINE Is a durable and natural cement-base wall coating.

In 5 lb. paper packages, made ready for use in white and fourteen beautiful tints by mixing with cold water. It is a cement that goes through a process of setting, hardens with age, and can be coated and recoated without washing off its old coats before renewing.

ALABASTINE Is entirely different from all the various kalsomines on the market, being durable and not stuck on the wall with glue. Alabastine customers should insist on having the goods in packages properly labeled. They should reject all imitations. There is nothing "just as good."

ALABASTINE

Prevents much sickness, particularly throat and lung difficulties, attributable to unsanitary coatings on walls. It has been recommended in a paper published by the Michigan State Board of Health on account of its sanitary features; which paper strongly condemned kalsomines. Alabastine can be used on either plastered walls, wood ceilings, brick or canvas, and any one can brush it on. It admits of radical changes from wall paper decorations, thus securing at reasonable expense the latest and best effects. Alabastine is manufactured by the Alabastine Company of Grand Rapids, Michigan.

Instructive and interesting booklet mailed free to all applicants.

Magazines For May

Scribner's Magazine for May contains four illustrated articles that are unusually informing in regard to events and questions of contemporary importance. The leading article on "Some Picturesque Sides of the Exposition" is both written and illustrated by the artist E. C. Piexotto. He has spent a number of months in Paris recently, and these drawings give an artist's impressions of the very picturesque group of buildings which will be soon crowded with visitors from all portions of the world. Mr. Piexotto's skill as a draftsman, shown in the Cromwell and revolutionary series, in this magazine, has enabled him to make the best possible pictorial presentation of the great French exposition. A great deal of information about "Rapid Transit in New York" has appeared in the daily press, but the first presentation of exactly what it means and how it will be carried out, and how the tunnel and its stations will actually appear, is contributed to this number by William Barclay Parsons, chief engineer of the rapid transit commission. Francis Lynde describes the great development of the gold mining industry in Colorado and the article is fully illustrated by drawings made from photographs.

* * *

The leading article in Appleton's Popular Science Monthly for May gives a very clear and interesting account of "The Coming Total Eclipse of the Sun" of May 28. It is fully illustrated with maps and diagrams. Professor F. H. Bigelow, the author, is the professor of meteorology at the United States weather bureau at Washington. Comptroller Bird S. Coler gives an account of the finances of New York under the title "The Most Expensive City in the World." He shows very clearly that its money is recklessly wasted, and indicates many departments in which economy might be practiced without at all lowering their efficiency. Professor E. S. Morse, the naturalist, tells the story of an insect which blows bubbles as a business in life. Pictures of several varieties of his bubbles are given. The second of Professor Shaler's articles on the negro question is published in this number, and should be read by every one who wishes to obtain a clear notion of the real difficulties at the bottom of this very much discussed problem.

* * *

The May number of Everybody's Magazine is full of that sugar-coated information of which its conductors are making a specialty. There is not a dull page in the book, nor one which sounds "educational;" but no one can read this number without adding materially to his store of knowledge. The "Simple Explanation" for the month describes in plain language the working of the telephone—"one of the simplest and most sensitive contrivances known to the electrical mechanician." This series on the "biggest things" in American industries is continued in this number by a description of "The Greatest Shipyard in the World."

* * *

Upward of fifty writers and artists contribute to the May Ladies' Home Journal, consequently variety is combined with excellence throughout its pages. Rudyard Kipling drolly tells "The Beginning of the Armadillos." Mary B. Mullett writes of "The Real Thrums of Barrie." Clifford Howard, of Lincoln, writes of "Lincoln, the Man of Mystery." Mabel Percy Haskell, of "A Famous Boston Belle," and the Rev. Cyrus Townsend Brady continues his experiences as a Missionary in the Great West." Ian Maclaren's article answers the query "Is the Minister an Idler?" and Edward Bok writes of early marriage and of domestic science in the schools. Two pages of pictures, "Through Picturesque America"—the second of a series—reveal the beauties of our country's scenery. The drawings, "The American Girl and Her Father," by H. C. Christy, and "The Minister at Tea," by A. B. Frost, worthily fill a page each. Fashions for women and for girl graduates, cooking, and in fact every phase of home making, from the "Etiquette of Dances and Balls" to "How to Treat and Keep a Servant," are included in the May Journal.

* * *

Among the timelier articles in The Century for May is an essay by Andrew Carnegie entitled "Popular Illusions About Trusts." The writer contends that the popular welfare is increased by trusts; also, that such aggregations of productive capital are usually well-served. "The people who have reason to fear trusts," he says, "are those who trust them." An editorial in the same number entitled "The Real Danger of Trusts," while agreeing with Mr. Carnegie as to the material advantages of such combinations, sets forth wherein they are a menace to the independence of the individual and the state. The sense of humor that gave piquancy to Richard Whiteing's story of social contrasts, "No. 5 John Street," is conspicuous in the treatment of "Parisian Pastimes" this month. In the second and last of his profusely illustrated papers on "The National Zoo" at Washington," Ernest Seton-Thompson, author of "The Biography of a Grizzly," dwells particularly on the opportunities such a reservation offers to wild animals to retain the habits of life, etc., on which their happiness and health depend. "A Word of Warning to Young Actresses" is addressed especially to would-be actresses or amateurs who have been dazzled by the glare of the footlights and fancy the stage a royal road to wealth and fame. It is an authoritative word, for it is uttered by one of the most successful of actresses, Miss Clara Morris.

* * *

Among the noble features of the Argonaut for April 25 is "Love of the Madre de Dios," by Gwendolen Overton, the story of a Mexican artist and his model; "The Voyage of the Spray," a long review of Capt. Joshua Slocum's recent volume, "Sailing Alone Around the World," with extracts referring to his most interesting experiences; and "Governor Roosevelt's Future," a letter from New York giving the probabilities of the coming campaign so far as the ambitions of the executive of the Empire State and the famous leader of the Rough Riders are concerned.

* * *

Harper's Bazar, for more than thirty years the recognized authority on the fashions and domestic matters, will appear after May 1 in a new form, as a weekly magazine for women. The new Bazar will be published in handsome ornamental covers, and will be printed on highly finished supercalendered paper, with wide margins. While the Bazar will continue to maintain its position as the leading authority on the fashions, many new features of a distinctly literary and artistic character will be introduced. Among the contributors already secured for the coming months are Mrs. Humphry Ward, Dr. Van Dyke, Stephen Crane, Madame Marchesi, W. D. Howells, and Mary E. Wilkins. The illustrations will be by the leading artists of the day. As a weekly illustrated magazine for women the new Bazar will occupy a unique position, and there seems every reason to believe that the new venture will meet with success.

* * *

The April number of Current History (volume 10 No. 2) fully maintains the standard of comprehensiveness and literary quality which has caused this unique publication to be recognized during the past ten years as a most satisfactory and reliable digest of contemporary history. It is beautifully printed and abounds in useful maps and portraits. The record covers in the usual lucid and judicious way all the important incidents of the preceding month. The recent change from quarterly to monthly form is more than justified by the increased interest and freshness of the record. Some such summary of the months' news—covering the whole ground in concise form and readable style, gathering up the threads lost in the course of ordinary newspaper reading, and valuable as a permanent work of reference to which one can turn in a moment to learn all essential facts—is an absolute necessity to any one anxious to keep himself and family in touch with the life of the world. The low price of the publication—now reduced from 40 cents to 15 cents a number—puts it within the reach of all. (Boston, Mass., Current History company, $1.50 a year; three months' trial subscription, 25 cents).

* * *

The first of a series of articles on the presidential contest of 1900 by Henry Loomis Nelson, one of the ablest political writers in America and late editor of Harper's Weekly, appears in the current issue of Collier's Weekly. These articles will present a concise, but comprehensive record of what will prove the most interesting and significant campaign in recent years. The next special issue of Collier's Weekly will be the Paris exposition number, which will appear May 13. In addition to a special exposition article by M. Gabriel Hanotaux, director general of the exposition, there will be a complete series of photographs of the buildings, panoramic views, maps of the grounds, plans of the buildings, etc.

* * *

Although largely devoted to fiction by the most entertaining writers of the day, Pearson's magazine covers a wide range in its popular treatment of historical and scientific subjects and in dealing with striking aspects of such current events as appear to be of vital and world-wide interest. The fact that, in spite of the notoriously bad roads in this country, no less than ten states have exhibits at the present universal exposition in Paris, illustrating how perfect roads should be made, gives a special timeliness to the article entitled "Good Roads for Bad," which appears in the May issue. This article, illustrated with photographs taken for exhibition in Paris, deals with the intensely interesting experiments that have been made by the government in the matter of roadmaking. As an example, it has been found that, whereas on an ordinary road it took twenty horses to pull eleven tons, on an improved road the same weight was drawn easily by one horse. With the cycling and automobile season in view such an article cannot fail to attract wide attention. The big telescope that has been built for the Paris exposition is the subject of an article, entitled, "The Moon at Thirty-six Miles," which embodies an account of the secret process used in constructing the lenses for such an instrument. This article, in common with those throughout the magazine, is profusely illustrated.

* * *

Quite appropriate to the May number of the New Lippincott is the title of the complete novel "April Showers," by Alice Brown, author of the delightful "Tiverton Tales." The title fits the story, too, in which clouds and sunshine chase each other in quick succession. Miss Brown is, like Mary E. Wilkins, a New England woman, clever and forcible, and her characters are drawn from the same soil. The difference in treatment of this love-story makes the comparison interesting, and we wonder whether Miss Brown has not sometime lived where the wind is tempered, and the summers are long, for it seems as if she had been able to retain much of that atmosphere in bleaker Yankee land. S. R. Crockett's story called "The Troubler of Israel" cannot be excelled in humor and tenderness, and is entirely worthy of the author of "The Stickit Minister." This number has as a frontispiece a reproduction of Frederick Melville Dumond's famous salon picture "The Theater of Nero."

* * *

The American Queen for May is resplendent in a most appropriate cover by Alexander Rummler, entitled "Plaiting the May Pole." The contents of the magazine includes a large variety of exquisite dresses for women, misses and children by Alice May Gilliam and Mrs. Jessie Shepperd, two of the foremost fashion artists in America; short stories by Cyril Darrah, Mrs. Nicholson and Elton Harris; and prize embroidery and lace designs, of which patterns are furnished.

* * *

The May Atlantic opens with a thoughtful paper, "Nations and the Decalogue," by Henry D. Sedwick, Jr., who discusses the grounds of national morality and exposes the weakness and folly of the traditional methods of conducting international relations, and believes that the time is coming when all nations will be consolidated into one, and national distinctions will merge into one grand cosmopolitan brotherhood. Edmund Gosse gossips delightfully about the history of the Milton MSS. at Trinity college, Cambridge, consisting of some thirty folio leaves and contain nearly all Milton's earlier poems, in his own handwriting and with all his changes and corrections. Although this small packet was Milton's literary workshop for seven years, it contains less than 1800 lines; nevertheless, Mr. Gosse considers it the most precious manuscript of English literature in the world.

* * *

Frank Leslie's Popular Monthly for May is a bright and dainty Springtide number, full of timeliness and variety. "A Klondiker's Diary," from Seattle to Dawson City, pictures step by step the hard road traveled by the gold-seeker in Alaska. Joaquin Miller writes upon the thoughtful and poetic side of life in a Klondike cabin. Ramon Reyes Lala writes about fierce Moros, natives of our newly acquired territory of Sulu, in the Philippine islands. Capt. W. J. Moffa pays an appreciative tribute to Dr. Jose Rizal, the martyred Filipino poet, novelist and patriot. "English Royalty and the Fashions," by Mrs. E. C. Clarke, gives an intimate and authorized account of what is worn by Queen Victoria, the princess of Wales and other royal ladies. President Kruger of the Transvaal is the subject of a highly picturesque character study, entitled "Oom Paul; a Living Legend." The sketch includes a prepossessing account of "Auntie Kruger," the President's wife, and is illustrated with some unique portraits. Ethel West also gives some racy extracts "From the Diary of Tant' Anneitje, of Hoogte Kloof, Transvaal."

We pray thee, heed him not who askest thee to take something said to be the same as the Rocky Mountain Tea made by the Madison Medicine company. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

THE JOYS OF LIVING

are dependent on good health. Without it we are a melancholy lot. No life or ambition, we plod along day after day in the hopeless rut of despondency. This is unnecessary, as all may enjoy the greatest boon mankind is heir to—*perfect health.*

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

will bring a rosy glow to the pallid cheek; give new energy to the faltering limbs; strengthen and invigorate the weary body and throbbing brain; reanimate the vital organs, and create a new supply of rich, red blood. "It always helps, never injures."

7,000 doctors prescribe and endorse it. Over 2,000 prominent hospitals use it exclusively as a tonic and stimulant. Clergymen use it in their families and recommend it to their friends.

ABSOLUTELY PURE & UNADULTERATED TRADE MARK

All druggists and grocers, $1.00 a bottle. Be sure you get the genuine; substitutes and imitations are injurious. Write for free book.

DUFFY MALT WHISKEY CO., Rochester, N.Y.

WARNER'S RUST-PROOF CORSETS

EVERY PAIR GUARANTEED.

SUPERIOR to all other Corsets in lightness, flexibility, fabrics, wearing qualities, fit and detail of finish. Boned with pliable rust-proof metal boning.

Every length of waist, breadth of hip and bust measure perfectly fitted in all the *new shapes*, at prices from $1.00 to $3.00 per pair.

ALL MERCHANTS SELL THEM

ROAD GETS BIG WAD

Northern Pacific Land Sales Net It a Handsome Sum.

STAYS IN MANITOBA

The Road Will Not Withdraw But Will Build No Lines.

New York, April 27.—The Times prints the following: Over 1,000,000 acres of rich farm land have been sold by the Northern Pacific railway within the last four months in the states of Minnesota, North Dakota and Washington, almost half of the islands lying within the last named state. President Mellen, of the company, who makes this statement, did not care to give the amounts received for these lands, but as the average price of land in that region is from $1.50 to $2.50 an acre, the Northern Pacific company's treasury has probably been enriched by something like $2,000,000.

The report that all the remnants of land in Minnesota formerly owned by this road had been sold to a St. Paul syndicate was also confirmed by President Mellen. These lands consisted mostly of timber and swamp lands and were sold in order to escape the payment of taxes and because they could not be handled by the road to the same advantage as by a syndicate. The amount received for this sale is estimated at about $75,000.

President Mellen also explained the attitude of the Northern Pacific in regard to its Manitoba lines, about which misleading reports have been published.

"We have no intention," said he, "to withdraw from the province of Manitoba. We will, however, build no extension and no new lines. We are on the friendliest terms with the provincial government and the Dominion government, which has given the Canadian Pacific the right to parallel all our lines in Manitoba.

"We do not wish to further arouse the ire of the Canadian Pacific by extending our lines, which are now a paying property, even though not an extremely profitable one. I, therefore, in a public speech at Brandon, Man., advised the citizens and farmers to build extensions and connections with their own capital. Under our charter, these could be operated by us. I did this because I do not believe that the Canadian Pacific would dare to oppose the enterprises of Manitoba capital as it now does ours."

In regard to improvements on the equipment and other parts of the road, President Mellen said that the condition of the road was constantly being improved in every respect, and that no part of the road's capital was being used for this work, but that it was being carried on with money out of the property's earnings.

"Glimpses Across the Sea."

Is a clever little book by Sam T. Clover, and will be of particular interest to intending tourists to the Paris exposition.

It is a narrative of a recent European trip, and contains interesting information about London and Paris.

Issued by Cicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway, and will be mailed to any address upon receipt of 6 cents for postage. Address J. T. Conley, Asst. Gen. Pass. agent, St. Paul. Minn.

PARIS. ROME. EUROPE.

Splendid service; superb scenery en route via Grand Trunk railway system, through Montreal, Quebec, Boston, New York, Philadelphia. Ask your home agent for tickets via Grand Trunk, or for reliable information as to rates and accommodations apply to J. H. Burgis, 249 Clark street, Chicago.

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Zenith Tel. 320. 10 E. Superior St.

EYES ACHE?

Eyes trouble you in any way? We fit glasses perfectly and guarantee satisfaction. Oldest optician in Duluth.

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Church Services

Rev. Alexander Patterson's Bible Conference---Moody Meeting at M. E. Church.

The Bible institute conducted this week by Rev. Alexander Patterson under the auspices of the Young Men's Christian association, has been attended by pastors and people of more than a dozen churches of Duluth. The interest among active church people was very large. Many have used note books freely and one result of the institute will be an increased interest in the study of the English Bible, especially by young people.

Mr. Patterson is an adept at the use of diagrams to vividly portray his thought and teaching. These he draws with crayon while speaking and he makes them a great aid to his audience. His teaching through the whole week has been characterized by gentleness and fairness to opposing views and he shows a keen insight into the deep truths of God. He is free from dogmatic and arbitrary interpretations of the Bible in his dealing with disputed doctrines.

Almost without exception his auditors in Duluth have expressed themselves as delighted and helped by him. We give below one of his diagrams which will be most useful to Sunday school teachers and Bible students. In an article in Association Men he writes with this diagram as follows:

In beginning the study of the Bible, as of any book, it is necessary to obtain a general view of its form, contents and scope. We should know what we are about to study.

The diagram presented below is designed to present the canonical shape of the Bible and its spiritual scope. It is to be read from the center outwards. The four alliterative words, Precept, Practice, Piety and Prophecy, give the fourfold division of both Old and New Testaments. These parts in each correspond.

1. Precept: This represents the Pentateuch in the Old and the gospels in the New. Each is mainly precept, the one the precepts of Moses, the other of Christ.

2. Practice: The historical books show the precepts in practice. Acts is to the New what the twelve historical books are to the Old.

3. Piety: The poetical books of the Old and the epistles of the New give us the spiritual product of the Bible. The word piety expresses this as nearly as any other.

4. Prophecy: The seventeen prophetical books of the Old are over against the one great prophecy of the New Testament.

The fourfold division is on the plan of a human life. The first quarter of life is spent in learning precepts. The next in activity, practicing what we have learned. The third in more contemplative; to this the spiritual appeals. The fourth is the age of retrospection, and in the Christian, looking forward.

There is also a unity of history in the whole. The Old Testament is the history of Israel. The New the history of the church. But Israel is only the church in national form. The Old gives the temporal side of life. It is God's will for man in his social relations, politically and industrially, as well as religiously.

The New treats of the eternal and spiritual side of truth and life. Moses is the great teacher of the Old; Christ of the New.

The two hemispheres of life are seen in the two parts.

So the prophecies are one system which may be readily seen by making a diagram of the great outline of the germinal prophecies in Genesis. To this every prophecy of Old and New conforms. The Old leads us to the kingdom in its earthly state. The New to the kingdom in its heavenly and spiritual form.

The course of spiritual progress may be seen in the books of the Old Testament from election to the kingdom of God. This is taken up in the New, and the gospel given in radiating circles to Jew, Roman, Greek and the world in the gospels. The course of this is seen in Acts and the church there founded is dealt with exclusively in the Epistles. The Revelation is the climax of the whole. It ends in God dwelling with man, perfected in all his relations and beings.

In view of the many hands which wrote the Bible and the strange vicissitudes through which it passed, there is proof of the preservation of its matter and the providential care over its compilation in this systematic and comprehensive form in which it finds its final arrangement.

By memorizing the books in each and keeping the distinction of these divisions in mind, the whole plan of the Bible may be carried in memory. A plan of each part of the Bible and of each book may similarly be made, and so the whole carried in mind. One may so be able to "think through" the whole Bible.

BIRD'S EYE VIEW OF THE BIBLE.

OLD TESTAMENT — Israel—Things Temporal.			NEW TESTAMENT — Christ — Church—Things Spiritual.
Election. Beginnings—*Gen.* ..... Redemption. Ex. Law & Tab—*Ex.* Sanctification Sac. & Service—*Lev.* Proving. Wilderness—*Numbers.* Preparation. Second Law—*Deut.*	PENTATEUCH	PRECEPT	GOSPELS — *Matt.*—To Jews. Christ, Son of David, Abraham. *Mark*—To Romans. Christ, Jehovah's Servant. *Luke*—To Greeks. Christ, Son of Man. *John*—To World. Christ, Son of God.
Rest and its Dangers { The Commonwealth } *Josh.* ... *Ju.* ... *Ru.* ...	HISTORY	PRACTICE	ACTS — Founding of the Church.
Christ Enthroned { The Kingdom } *I.II. Samuel.* *I.II. Kings.* *I.II. Chron.*			
Rebellion and Results { The Captivity } *Ezra.* ..... *Neh.* ..... *Esth.*			
Spiritual Product of Old Testament age: Piety—Wisdom—*Job.* Piety—Wisdom—*Psa.* Temporal Wisdom—*Prov* Wisdom—Piety—*Ecc.* Spiritual Wisdom—*Song*	POETRY	PIETY	EPISTLES — *Rom.*—Systematic Theology. *I. II. Cor.*—Correction in Conduct. *Gal.*—Correction in Doctrine and Experience. *Eph. Phil. Col.*—Christology. *I. II. Thess.*—Eschatology. *I. II. Tim. Tit. Phil.*—To Ministers. *Heb.*—Faith. *Jas.*—Works. *I. II. Pet.*—Endurance. *I. II. III. John*—Assurance. *Jude*—Warning.
The King and Kingdom { To Israel—*Ho. Am.* ..... To Heathen—*Jon. Nu. Ob.* ..... Before { *Is. Jer. Mi.* ..... Capt'y { *Zeph. Jer Hab.* ..... In Capt'y—*Lam. Ek. Dan.* ..... After Capt'y—*Hag. Zech. Mal.* .. }	PROPHECY	PROPHECY	REVELATION — Future of Israel / World Church — The Kingdom of God.

Read from center outwards.

The Moody mass meeting will be held at the First M. E. church at 3:30 p. m. Rev. Alexander Patterson will give an address on "The Life and Work of D. L. Moody." This will take the place of the Y. M. C. A. men's meeting, but will be open to every one.

* * *

At Pilgrim Congregational church, Rev. Alexander Milne will preach in the morning on "Christian Provocation," and in the evening on "The Glorifying of Drudgery." The music will be as follows:

MORNING.

Organ—"Larchetto" ..... Filippo Capocci
Anthem—"The Lord is Exalted" .....
..... John West
Organ—"Cantilene" ..... Salome
Tenor solo—"In Native Worth," from "Creation" .....
..... Cyril Tyler.
Anthem—"O Mother Dear Jerusalem" .....
..... Philo A. Otis
Organ postlude in G ..... Herbert Tpilney

EVENING.

Organ—"Impromptu" ..... G. Merkel
Anthem—"Whom Unseen We Love" .....
..... J. B. Abbott
Organ—"Invocation in B flat" .....
..... A. Guilmant
Solo—"Behold, I Stand at the Door" .....
..... W. H. Jude
Mr. Mandelert.
"March in G" ..... Henry Smart

The choir consists of Mrs. Knebel, soprano; Miss Hector, alto; Cyril Tyler, tenor; Mr. Mandelert, bass; Mrs. Mandelert, organist.

* * *

At the First Methodist church tomorrow, Rev. Samuel P. Long will preach on "Prayer for Wisdom" at the morning service at 10:30 o'clock, and on "The Story of Methodism" in the evening at 7:30 o'clock. Sunday school at noon. Epworth league devotional service at 6:30 p. m. The musical programs are as follows:

MORNING.

Prelude—"Song Without Words" .....
..... Mendelssohn
Interlude—Organist's Improvisation ..
Chorus—"Lift Up Your Heads" .....
..... Schnecker
Offertory—"Andante," from "Symphony IV" ..... Widor
Miss Grace A. Senior.
Quartet—"There is a Land" .....
..... Crowninshield
First M. E. Church quartet.
Postlude—"Processional March" ... Smith

EVENING.

Prelude—"Cantabile," from "A Sonata" ..... Lemmens
Response—"Hear We Implore" ....Norris
Emily Ellis Woodward.
Interlude—Organist's Improvisation ..
Chorus—"Gloria in Excelsis" .....Haycas
Offertory—"Allegro in F Sharp Minor" .....
..... Guilmant
Miss Grace A. Senior.
Quartet—"Must Jesus Bear the Cross Alone" ..... Ketelby
First M. E. Church quartet.
Postlude—"Grand March" ..... Schubert

* * *

At St. Paul's Episcopal church tomorrow, Rev. A. W. Ryan will preach at 11 a. m. on "The Intermediate State," and at 7:30 p. m. on "The Life and Work of Bishop Whipple."

* * *

The East End Sunday school which has been held in the car barn at Twentieth avenue, has consolidated with the school of St. Paul's church, Lake avenue and Second street, and members are requested to report there promptly at 10 o'clock.

* * *

At the First Unitarian Church, Rev. Harry White will preach and present the responsibility in a Rational Scheme of Salvation." The music will be as follows:

"Nocturne" ..... Chopin
Miss Smith.
"Christian, the Morn Breaks Sweetly O'er Thee" ..... Schelley
Miss Meining, Miss Hall, Mr. Brooks, Mr. McCarthy.
Offertory ..... Heller
Miss Smith.
"Peace" ..... Brown
Miss Louise Meining
Postlude in F ..... Batiste
Miss Smith.

* * *

At the First Baptist church, 1026 East Second street, the pastor, Rev. R. R. Patrick, will preach at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

* * *

In the Grace M. E. church Sunday morning, Rev. R. Forbes, presiding elder of the Duluth district, will preach. Reception of members, baptisms, and the Lord's Supper at the morning service. In the evening Rev. H. W. Knowles will preach on "With Christ After the Resurrection—Glimpses of How They Do Things in Heaven." Prelude, "The Right of the West End to a Branch of the Public Library."

* * *

At the First Christian church, Rev. M. B. Ainsworth, pastor, the theme in the morning will be: "Three Important Mountains." In the evening, "Christian Union and How It Can Be Expected."

* * *

At the Second Presbyterian church, 1515 West Superior street, Rev. A. C. Manson, the pastor, will preach in the morning at 10:30, on "A Surprise to the Church," and at 8 p. m. on "Marvelous Unbelief." Y. P. S. C. E. at 7 p. m.

* * *

At the Lester Park M. E. church tomorrow morning, Rev. John W. Powell, Jr., will preach on "Principles and Practice," and in the evening on "Elijah, the Prophet," the second in the series on "The Men of the Bible." The Lester Park male quartet will sing.

* * *

The usual services will be held at the Lakeside Presbyterian church. In the morning, 10:30 the pastor, Rev. J. B. Ferguson, will speak on the subject "Elijah Under the Juniper Tree," and in the evening, 7:30, "Paul's Persuasion."

* * *

At the First Church of Christ, Scientist, No. 922 East Superior street, there will be service at 11 o'clock a. m., subject: "Adam and Fallen Man." Christian Science Reading room in church. Open Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays from 1:30 to 5:30 p. m.

* * *

At St. John's English Lutheran church, Rev. S. W. Kuhns, pastor, will conduct morning service at 10:30 and evening at 7:30.

* * *

At the First Norwegian Lutheran church, corner of Third street and First avenue east, Rev. N. B. Thevdt will preach in the morning at 10:30, and evening at 7:45. Sunday school at 9 a. m. Prayer meeting every Thursday at 8 p. m.

* * *

There will be no service in the morning at the Glen Avon Presbyterian church. Preaching in the afternoon at 4 o'clock by Rev. A. C. Manson. Sunday school at 12.

The World Of Labor

Duluth Carpenters' Union In a Prosperous Condition--Well Attended Meeting of the Trades Assembly.

On Tuesday evening the Carpenters' union held what appears to be the banner meeting in its history, and in fact the entire labor movement of this city. There was a splendid turn out, and the hall was crowded. Old-time trades' unionists say that it was the largest meeting ever held by any individual union. On May 1 the new scale of wages for the carpenters will go in effect, and there may be a few days of friction between the carpenters and the contractors. This had its influence in bringing out the overflowing meeting, but not altogether. During the evening sixteen new members were added to the union, and now practically every member of the craft in Duluth carries the union card in his pocket.

* * *

There was a well attended meeting of the Trades' assembly last evening. Several matters of importance came up, among which was the much-talked of amendment to the constitution making all labor organizations eligible to membership in the assembly. This appears to be merely a technicality and does not materially change the present arrangement, but the wording of the constitution needs changing.

* * *

The assembly also discussed the grievances of the Painters' union against the Duluth Telephone company. The trouble appears to have been adjusted, as the carpenters refused to work on the same job with non-union painters, and the work of the carpenters was a necessity so far as the telephone company was concerned.

* * *

It is reported that the Tinners' union has decided not to ask for the advance in wages talked of some time ago.

* * *

At a good-sized meeting of the Plumbers' union, held on Thursday evening, it was decided not to ask for a Saturday half holiday. The Plumbers, after thinking it over, came to the conclusion that it would be a difficult matter to control small shops where no journeymen are employed. The union also decided to request a raise in wages to 50 cents an hour. E. G. Strum was endorsed as the Duluth member of the state board of plumbing examiners.

* * *

A large number of new members were added to the Seamen's union as a result of the big meeting held in Kalamazoo hall Thursday evening. Organizer Frank Webber made a strong address on organization. Mr. Webber, by the way, has been doing some excellent work since coming to Duluth, not only in the interest of the marine working men, but other branches of trades' unionism.

* * *

The ninth annual ball of the Cigarmakers' union, No. 294, was held in Odd Fellows hall on Thursday night. It was a success from start to finish, and the decoration of the room was both elaborate and unique. Those in charge of the dance were: A. Jones, J. Patschoviski, Ed Schubiski, M. Ettinger and M. Schwartz.

LABOR NOTES.

New York cloth spongers demand $24 a week and Saturday half holiday.

The joint convention of the Western Federation of Labor Unions and the Western Federation of Miners, will meet in their eighth annual session in Denver, beginning May 14 and continuing for a period of twelve days. Three hundred and fifty delegates, representing a membership of 40,000 men, will be present from the Miners' Federation and 180 delegates, representing a membership of 30,000, will attend on behalf of the Federated Labor Unions. The district covered by the local organizations which are banded into the federations extends from the Missouri river throughout the entire West, including British Columbia and Alaska.

Unorganized Toledo Polish laborers struck for $2 a day.

Salt Lake conductors and motormen day on August 1, next.

The United States pays the highest wages in the world, yet its general average, so far as can be estimated, is less than $2 per day. We give the table below, which, of course, is only suggestive in many ways, as in the same country wages for different kinds of work very much:

Countries.	Average per day.
United States of America	$1 85
Australia, in three states	1 60
Canada and provinces	1 10
Brazil and Chile	80
Great Britain and Ireland	70
France and Central Europe	65
German Empire	55
Austro-Hungary	40
Asia Minor	40
Spain and Portugal	35
Turkey in Europe	35
Armenia and Persia	35
Italy and Malta	25
Morocco and Tunis	25
Chinese Empire	20
Japanese Empire	15

Thus it appears from these figures, says Father Kenny, that labor is worth more in the United States than anywhere in the world. This, perhaps, on the whole, is true, but the difference is not so great as it appears, for the values in other countries vary—for where wages are low, other things are usually correspondingly low also.

The unions are nearly everywhere nowadays, and they are sure to reach those places which they have not yet reached. They are forever looking out for new territory. They are always on the go. If they are knocked out today they start up again tomorrow. If they are driven from the front door they climb in at the window or go down the chimney.

If any boss says: "We will crush out the unions." I would remind him that this is a job which has been tried a thousand times for 100 years and has not yet been successful, says John Swinton in New York World.

It will require over 52,000 men to take the next United States census.

France has 100,000 union railroaders.

The co-operative societies in England and Wales paid during the last quarter $7,068,830 as dividends.

Chicago building trades claim 50,000 unionists.

New York has 9000 union cloakmakers.

The several unions of Logansport, Ind., contemplate starting a grocery store on the co-operative plan. A public meeting will be called and 1000 shares, at $100 each, will be disposed of. The managers of the store will be selected from the ranks of union men. This action is caused by the recent defeat of the early closing movement, the grocers refusing to comply with the demands of the clerks' union. It is claimed that the different unions will support the co-operative store.

SECULAR SHOTS AT THE PULPIT.

Pittsburg Telegraph: The preacher who sued another for the price of several sermons thought that the gospel ought not to be absolutely free.

Buffalo Express: The women of a Presbyterian church in Cleveland went without new Easter hats in order to raise money to pay the church debt. If more than one or two women had to make that sacrifice the church must have been enormously burdened.

Buffalo Express: The reported papal decision prohibiting all religious congregations of the church from taking any part in politics voices an enlightened policy which is as advisable for the church as it is necessary for healthy political life in modern states.

Cincinnati Commercial: The executor of a preacher who died lately in Connecticut have found a large deposit in a savings bank which the minister had entirely overlooked. It is evident that the good man had laid up other treasures where moth and rust do not corrupt. His mind was fixed upon them.

Buffalo Commercial: A Dutch Reformed minister was deposed by the classes at Schenectady yesterday. The deposed young man is supposed to be conducting revivals somewhere in the Middle West, but while he was in this state he had the unfortunate habit of getting drunk. It will be interesting to watch the religious returns from the Middle West.

New York Tribune: Eastern churches which find it slow work to rent their pews to advantage may take a lesson from Beloit, Wis., where Roman Catholic Father M. I. Ward of St. Thomas church has recently instituted a method of persuasion, not fruit bearing as yet, but of possible future fertility, assuring paying tenants for all the sittings as soon as they are offered. He informed his parishoners that if the seats were not taken by a certain day they would all be closed and was as good as his word, nailing them up solidly with boards, leaving open only those of lessees who had made good their tenancy by coming down with the rent beforehand. Father Ward's theory of the relations of shepherd and flock is evidently founded on the principle that so far as the details of shearing are concerned the shepherd is there to run the business and is going to run it in his own way, even if the recalcitrancy of his flock constrains him to nail up the sheepfold.

Have you tried the "Twilight Limited?" The most comfortable, convenient, superb train—Duluth and the Superiors to the Twin Cities. Daily 4:30 p. m., over the North-Western Line only.

Claims Substantiated

Martinsville, Ind., April 7, 1899.

I was a sufferer for a long time from severe pains at the menstrual period cramping in the bowels and down my thighs and swelling of the womb, so I could hardly sit down. My wrists, ankles and face would puff up and I was in a deplorable condition. After using Wine of Cardui and Thedford's Black-Draught about three months, the cramping and pains at monthly periods ceased, the swelling disappeared and I have been in good health.

Mrs. HUGH MOORE.

Statements from women cured by Wine of Cardui appear in the newspapers every day. Many sufferers heed them and secure prompt relief from needless pain and agony. Because she gave Wine of Cardui a trial Mrs. Moore is a well woman today. A sick woman would soon be hard to find in this city if every sufferer would put Mrs. Moore's statement to a test and take Wine of Cardui. It strengthens and tempers the ligaments which hold the organs in place, curing and preventing falling of the womb and miscarriage. It regulates menstruation, makes the flow natural and healthy, and stops the drains of leucorrhoea. When approaching the change of life no woman should be without this great remedy. You can easily satisfy yourself that Wine of Cardui has relieved other women afflicted as you are. We promise you it will do as much for you. Why not profit by the experience of Mrs. Moore? If you will get a bottle of Wine of Cardui at your drug store you will feel better within a week.

McELREE'S Wine of Cardui

For advice in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, Ladies' Advisory Dep't, The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

Dr. Lyon's PERFECT Tooth Powder

AN ELEGANT TOILET LUXURY.

Used by people of refinement for over a quarter of a century.

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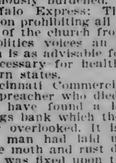
Washington, D. C., Established 1861.

Valuable book on patents FREE. Send for it.

801 Palladio building, Duluth, Minnesota.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH

PENNYROYAL PILLS



Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

Mention this paper.

MADE ME A MAN

AJAX TABLETS POSITIVELY CURE All Nervous Diseases—Failing Memory, Sleeplessness, etc., caused by overwork and Indiscretions. They quickly and surely restore Lost Vitality in old or young, and fit a man for study, business or pleasure. Prevent Insanity and Consumption if taken in time. Their use shows immediate improvement and effects a CURE where all others fail. Insist upon having the genuine Ajax Tablets. They have cured thousands and will cure you. We give a positive written guarantee to effect a cure in each case or refund the money. Price 50 cts. per package, or six packages (full treatment) for $2.50 by mail, in plain wrapper, upon receipt of price. Circulars free.

AJAX REMEDY CO., 328 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

For sale in Duluth, Minn., by Max Wirth, 12 West Superior street and S. F. Boyce, 335 West Superior street. druggists.

TRADE MARK Palmo Tablets CURE NERVOUS DEBILITY.

(Old Age Postponed.) The seat of Nervous Diseases is at base of brain. When the nerve cells at this point waste, a terrible decline of the system occurs. Nervous Debility, Atrophy, Varicocele, Failing Memory, Pain in Back, Insomnia, Etc., are symptoms of this condition. Neglected, it results in Paresis, Insanity, or Consumption. Palmo Tablets cure these ills by renewing starved cells, checking drains, and replacing weakness with strength and ambition. 50c. a box; 12 boxes (with iron-clad guarantee) $5. Send for Free Book.

50c.

HALSID DRUG CO., CLEVELAND, O.

For sale by Max Wirth, druggist, Duluth, Minn.

WILCOX TANSY PILLS

A Reliable Female Regulator.

At Druggists or by mail. Price, $2.00

Write for book of testimonials.

Address WILCOX SPECIFIC CO.

329 N. 16th Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

SANTAL-MIDY

These tiny Capsules are superior to Balsam of Copaiba, Cubebs or Injections and CURE IN 48 HOURS the same diseases without inconvenience.

MIDY

Sold by all druggists.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

"The Flying Dutchman" Route to St. Louis.

April 29 the C., M. & St. P. will open its "Flying Dutchman" route with through sleeping car service from the Twin Cities to St. Louis via La Crosse, Rock Island, Peoria and Springfield.

Leave Minneapolis 7:50 a. m., St. Paul 8:30 a. m., arrive St. Louis 7 o'clock next morning.

Route is via C., M. & St. P., Twin Cities to Rock Island; Rock Island & Peoria railway, Rock Island to Peoria, and Chicago & Alton railway, Peoria to St. Louis.

The line from St. Paul to Rock Island is along the Mississippi, affording one of the most beautiful daylight rides in America.

Deerwood Fishing Rates.

The black bass season does not open in Minnesota until May 15, but for the benefit of parties owning cottages at Deerwood, who may wish to go in advance of the season, the Northern Pacific will this year commence the sale of cheap round trip tickets on May 1, as follows:

Saturday, to return Monday	$2 90
Friday, to return Monday	2 85
Every day, good for thirty days	3 80

City Ticket office, Spalding Hotel block.

Excursion Rates.

VIA "THE MILWAUKEE."

On April 17, May 1 and May 15, and June 5, the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway will sell tickets to points in Southern, Southwestern and Western states at one fare, plus $2, for the round trip.

No extra charge on the celebrated Pioneer Limited between the Twin Cities, Milwaukee and Chicago.

For particulars as to rates and routes apply to "The Milwaukee" agents or address J. T. CONLEY, Assistant General Passenger Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

WORKINGMAN VS. TRUST

The Latter Cannot Live Without the Support of the Former.

The working men of this country, if they will be consistent, can quickly bring about the downfall of trusts by individual action. If the people refuse to patronize trust-made goods, trusts will fall apart. Many well-known brands of tobacco are now controlled by a trust, and it is dangerous to buy without investigating. Ask your dealer who makes the brand you use. The next time you buy a plug buy one of the following brands and you are safe: Gold Rope, Kingbolt, Rise and Shine and Thrasher.

The above are made by union labor in a union shop at union prices by the Wilson-McCallay Tobacco company, Middletown, Ohio. This company is willing to live and let live, as is demonstrated by the fact that in thirty years of business they have never had a strike in their establishment.

DR. PIERCE

Room 1, No. 5 W. Sup. St., Duluth, Minn.

Regular Graduate. Diploma in Office.

Leading Specialist for the cure of *Chronic, Nervous and Private Diseases.*

Cancer, Piles, Fistula, Stricture, Hydrocele, Varicocele, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranteed in 10 to 30 days. Syphilis, Gonorrhea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the mouth or throat, Unhealthy discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by remedies unknown to other physicians.

YOUNG MEN

Suffering from the effects of youthful follies or indiscretions, or any trouble with Weakness, Nervous Debility, Loss of Memory, Despondency, Aversion to Society, Kidney Troubles, or any diseases of the Genito-Urinary Organs, can here find safe and speedy cure. Charges reasonable, especially to the poor. Cure guaranteed.

MIDDLE-AGED MEN.

There are many troubled with too frequent evacuations of the bladder, often accompanied by a slight smarting or burning sensation, and weakness of the system in a manner the patient cannot account for. On examining the urinary deposits, a ropy sediment will often be found, and sometimes particles of albumen will appear and the color be found of a thin milkish hue, again changing to a dark, turbid appearance. There are many men who die of this difficulty, ignorant of the cause, which is the second stage of seminal weakness. The doctor will guarantee a perfect cure in all such cases, and healthy restoration of the genito-urinary organs. Write for question list.

LADIES—Married or single are guaranteed SAFE AND SURE RELIEF for all troubles peculiar to their sex, no matter from what cause. Office private; no exposure. Consultation free.

If in trouble call or write. Delays are dangerous. Medicines sent anywhere by mail or express. Charges moderate. Office hours 8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 12 m.

TO FLORIDA

DOUBLE DAILY FAST TRAINS VIA THE SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

For the present Winter Season THE SOUTHERN RAILWAY, with connections, presents the most superior schedules, through car-service and transportation arrangements generally, ever offered to the travel to Southern Resorts.

DOUBLE-DAILY TRAINS from Cincinnati and Louisville, in connection with the Queen & Crescent Route, via Chattanooga, Jessup and The Plant System.

THROUGH SLEEPING CAR from Cincinnati to Jacksonville, with convenient connections from Louisville, via Knoxville, Asheville and Savannah. This is the Science Route through the Mountains of Western North Carolina—"The Land of the Sky."

Also through Sleeping Cars from St. Louis to Jacksonville, in connection with the L. E. & St. L. railroad (Air Line), via Louisville; and through Sleeping Cars from Kansas City to Jacksonville, via the K. C. F. S. & M. railroad, in connection with THE SOUTHERN RAILWAY, via Birmingham, Atlanta, Jessup and The Plant System. The fast Kansas City-Jacksonville Limited, only thirty-eight hours from Kansas City to Jacksonville.

All Agents of connecting lines sell through Winter Excursion tickets via THE SOUTHERN RAILWAY to the Resorts of Florida and the South.

Maps, schedules, booklets and information mailed free to any address by

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WM. H. TAYLOE, Asst. Genl. Passr. Agent, Louisville, Ky.

MALYDOR INJECTION

THE 1 TO 4 DAY CURE FOR MALE AND FEMALE.

For Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Leucorrhoea and Spermatorrhoea. No Pain. No Stain. No Stricture. Free Syringe. Prevents all Private Diseases, of either sex. At Druggists, or sent to any Address, for $1.50. "Injection Malydor is "The Best of all similar remedies." DR. HENRY RENY, Biddeford, Me.

MALYDOR MFG. CO., Lancaster, O., U. S. A.

For sale by Max Wirth, druggist, Duluth.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Spermatorrhoea, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the village council of the village of Biwabik, in St. Louis County, Minnesota, will receive bids at the village council hall in said village at eight o'clock in the afternoon, on the fifteenth day of May, 1900, for the sale of the bonds of said village in the sum of six thousand dollars, bearing interest at the rate of six per cent per annum, interest payable semi-annually, with interest coupons attached, said bonds being six in number and maturing, one on each of the following dates, to-wit: July 1st, 1901; July 1st, 1902; July 1st, 1903; July 1st, 1904; July 1st, 1905, and July 1st, 1906, to be issued and sold for the purpose of paying for an electric light plant in and for said village, said bonds to bear date May 1st, 1900.

Dated April 16th, 1900.

J. S. LUTES, Recorder of said Village.

By order of the Village Council.

Duluth Evening Herald, April-21-28-May-5-1900.

WHEREAS, DEFAULT HAS OCCURred in the conditions of a certain mortgage executed by Henry F. Goodenow and Lillian C. Goodenow, his wife, as mortgagors, to Sarah Tillinghast, as mortgagee, upon the following described real estate, situate in the county of Saint Louis and State of Minnesota, namely: Lots numbered thirteen (13) and fourteen (14), in block numbered twenty (20), of Highland Park Addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, now on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for said Saint Louis County; which said mortgage bears date the 14th day of June, A. D. 1892, and was recorded in the office of the register of deeds for the county of Saint Louis, State of Minnesota, at eight (8) o'clock in the forenoon of the 18th day of June, A. D. 1892, in Book 94 of mortgages, at page 68; and

Whereas, in default of said mortgagors so to do, said mortgagee has on the 12th day of April, A. D. 1900, paid general taxes of the state of Minnesota on said real estate, amounting to the sum of thirteen dollars and forty cents ($13.40.)

Whereas, there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice, on account of said mortgage and the sums secured thereby, including the sum so paid for taxes as above recited, the sum of one thousand and seventy-seven dollars and ninety-three cents ($1077.93); and no action or proceeding has been instituted at law to recover the same or any part thereof;

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed, and the real estate therein described will be sold at public vendue by the sheriff of said Saint Louis County, at the main entrance to the court house, in the city of Duluth, in the county of Saint Louis, State of Minnesota, on Monday, the 28th day of May, A. D. 1900, at ten (10) o'clock in the forenoon of that day, to pay the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage, together with the costs of foreclosure, including the attorney's fee, stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure thereof.

Dated April 12, 1900.

SARAH TILLINGHAST, Mortgagee.

HOW & TAYLOR, Attorneys for Mortgagee, Room 50 Gilfillan Building, St. Paul, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, April-14-21-28-May-5-12-19-1900.

DEFAULT HAVING BEEN MADE IN the terms of the mortgage bearing date June 23rd, 1892, executed by James G. Harris, and Mina Harris, his wife, mortgagors, given to the Zenith Building and Loan Association, a corporation, mortgagee, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds, of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 28th day of June, 1892, at 8 o'clock a. m., in Book 60 of mortgages, on page 161; said default consisting in the failure of said mortgagors, or either of them, to pay anything on said mortgage since August, 1898, and by reason thereof, default having existed in failure for more than four months after the same became due to pay either the monthly premium installments, or interest installments or monthly dues therein stipulated to be paid; or to pay insurance premiums as provided therein; and by reason thereof, the shares of stock upon which the loan, secured by said mortgage, was made, were duly sold by said mortgagee for non-payment of dues.

Now, therefore, pursuant to the terms of said mortgage the whole principal debt secured by same is hereby declared to have become due and payable immediately. The amount due thereon according to the terms thereof at date of this notice is one thousand one hundred and thirty dollars and six cents ($1130.06).

Pursuant to statute in such case made and provided, sale of the mortgaged premises, to-wit: The easterly one-half of lot number five (5), on West First street, in Duluth Proper, First Division, according to the plat thereof of record in said register of deeds' office (the interest of said mortgagors therein being a leasehold estate for a term of years), will be made at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, at the front door, facing Second street, of the court house, in the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 22nd day of May, 1900, at 10 o'clock a. m., to pay said debt, interest and costs of foreclosure, including seventy-five ($75.00) dollars as attorneys' fees stipulated in the mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure.

Dated April 5th, 1900.

ZENITH BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION, Mortgagee.

J. B. RICHARDS, 209-210 1st Natl. Bank Bdg., Duluth, Minn., Attorney for Mortgagee.

Duluth Evening Herald, April-7-14-21-28-May-5-12-1900.

Woman's Nature

Is to love children, and no home can be completely happy without them, yet the ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass is usually so full of suffering and danger that she looks forward to the critical hour with apprehension and dread. MOTHER'S FRIEND, by its penetrating and soothing properties, allays nausea, nervousness and all unpleasant feelings, and so prepares the system that she passes through the event safely with but little suffering, as numbers have testified and said, "it is worth its weight in gold." It is sold by all druggists. Book containing valuable information to all, mailed free, upon application to the BRADFIELD REGULATOR COMPANY, Atlanta, Georgia.

Mother's Friend

A SKIN OF BEAUTY IS A JOY FOREVER. DR. T. FELIX GOURAUD'S ORIENTAL CREAM, OR MAGICAL BEAUTIFIER. Purifies as well as Beautifies the Skin. No other Cosmetic will do it.

Removes Tan, Pimples, Freckles, Moth Patches, Rash and Skin diseases, and every blemish on beauty, and defies detection. It has stood the test of 50 years, and is so harmless we taste it to be sure it is properly made. Accept no counterfeit of similar name. Dr. L. A. Sayre said to a lady of the haut-ton (a patient): "As you ladies will use them, I recommend 'Gouraud's Cream' as the least harmful of all the skin preparations." For sale by all druggists and fancy goods dealers in the U. S., Canada and Europe. FERD. T. HOPKINS, Prop'r, Great Jones St., N. Y.

'Frisco woodworkers want the 8-hour who have been employed a year by the company now receive 19 cents per hour; beginners 18 cents.

Mine drivers at Clinton, Ind., struck for $2.35 a day.

Monon railway employes have started a school of instruction at Bloomington.

All 'Frisco carpenters have been granted $3.50 a day.

The wages of Toledo painters and decorators are $2.25 for a nine-hour day, and the Union has asked that the hours be reduced to eight on September 1, with no reduction in pay.

A Toledo dealer was fined $50 for unauthorized use of the cigarmakers' label.

A state organization has been formed in New York by eleven local unions of the Metal Polishers, Buffers, Platers and Brassworkers' union of North America.

A Philadelphia advertisement: "What do you get when you buy a $4 hat at other stores?—stuck. Same here $3.50."

The St. Louis Central Trades and

IN SPORTING CIRCLES

Superior Wants the Head of the Lakes Baseball Season Opened There, But This May Not Be Done.

Amateur Teams Are Now Playing Ball.

Manager Wade Signs a New Catcher.

Superior wants the head of the lakes baseball season opened over there. This rural ceremony may take place in two weeks for the benefit of Duluth fans that would like to go over to that suburban settlement and celebrate the event, the Herald ventures the following information:

Superior is just across the bay from Duluth. Its a bumptious little town with enough baseball confidence to venture a team in the National league. It is the possessor of a neatly bound city directory, in which appears such names as Jimmie Wiggs, Andy Porter, and Pike Mullaney. If you get hold of an old directory you will also find the name of Tim Keefe. This directory contains a throbbing preface, in which are to be found, among a mass of other diverting matter, these passionate words:

"Some time in the next hundred years Superior will be the greatest baseball city in the world. A city such as the Tiber never saw, and greater than Rome. We have 10,000 fans."

These fans are as loyal to their home team as they are picturesque. They root like a lot of rag-time comedians, wear slouch hats, white lawn ties, "Prince Albert" coats and highly polished shoes. The only handicap on the opening is the location of the ball grounds. In order to find this inclosure it is necessary to have been born in West Superior and begun looking for the grounds early in life. A fan must also be cool-headed, so that he can change cars sixteen times without getting a bad case of pie-faces.

For the benefit of the Duluth fans attending the opening game (providing some other arrangement is not made), take an interstate car. Keep looking out the window till you see vast reaches of fallow mud, marked out there and there with streets and sidewalks and dotted with cottages—that's West Superior. Just as the fan is thinking he has passed the last cottage, he discovers that some careless person has dropped a grocery store or something on a corner. Then all is appallingly lonely and still. Pretty soon the moon comes out in chilly splendor and a conductor hands out transfers patiently. Another trolley car whispers to itself away off in the distance. But pretty soon across the prairies a grand stand booms up and gives the fan an unaccountable sense of desolation. When the Duluth fan gets off the car he usually finds the game over, yet this is where Superior thinks the opening game should be played.

Locally the season is in pretty full swing this afternoon, though the heavy canonading does not begin till next week, when Manager Wade's wonders will abandon themselves to the joy of a dizzy escapade with the Palace team of the Twin City league, and central high school rooters will turn out in large numbers to delight in the achievements of Capt. Skuse's men over St. Cloud.

These games should be well patronized. The high school has a splendid team, and St. Cloud is considered one of the best in the southern part of the state. The local school men are out to considerable expense in bringing St. Cloud here, and the efforts to give good amateur baseball should be supported.

* * *

Last Saturday afternoon Craggencroft won an exciting game from the Nelson Dewey high school, the score being 14 to 12 at the end of the eleventh inning.

This afternoon the Y. M. C. A. team and Craggencroft are having a little game out at Oneota park, which will give a pretty good line on the work of the two teams.

* * *

Manager Wade has signed a new catcher. His name is Hartman and he has been playing with the San Francisco team of the Pacific coast league all winter and from all accounts is a valuable man. His batting average in the Pacific coast crowd was .305, and in view of the fact that it was made against some of the best National league pitchers who wintered out on the coast, he should help the "wonders" with his stick work. This will give the team Hartman and Martin, catchers; Cox, Gonyea and Lambert, pitchers; Kline, first base; Martin and Hartman, second base; Sheehan, short, and probably Burns, third. The outfield will be unchanged, with Wachtel, Lambert and Featherstone.

* * *

This afternoon the central high school team is playing the Nelson Dewey high school at West Superior. The Duluth line-up is: Rose, catcher; Al Cummings and McCumber, pitchers; G. Cummings, first base; Skuse, second base; Wood, third base; Peterson, short stop; Congdon, left field; McCumber and Al Cummings, middle field; Adams, right field.

* * *

The following is the schedule of coming high school games:

May 5—St. Cloud, at Oneota park.
May 12—Ashland, at Ashland.
May 19—St. Cloud, at St. Cloud.
May 26—Ashland, at Oneota park.
June 2—Nelson Dewey, Superior normal or Craggencroft.

* * *

Work on the diamond and outfield at Oneota park begins Monday morning. The entire field will be worked over and the diamond scraped and otherwise improved.

* * *

Bill Lambert has about decided to blossom forth once more as a twirler. His arm is in good condition and he will probbaly alternate between center field and the pitcher's slab this season.

* * *

Ritter, last year's crack catcher, has finally been located. He is catching for Wheeling, West Virginia, of the interstate league and is doing sensational work.

* * *

Keefe, "the man behind the bat," for Superior last season, is captain of the Washburn team this season.

* * *

Superior will probably be deprived of the services of Hart. He will very likely play with the London, Ont., team and Charley Schwartz is also looking for work in faster company.

* * *

"Red" O'Donnell, last season's scrappy left fielder for Superior, is playing with the Minneapolis brewers this season.

* * *

Patterson did not make a very good showing in his first American league game. Minneapolis won by a score of 10 to 7. Speaking of the game the Chicago Times-Herald said: Patterson, who is rated as the best pitcher in the American league, officiated for the white stockings. "Pat" looked like a war weather artist. He was wild at certain stages of the game, but the odds were no lower on Ehret. "Red" had an ascension in the sixth inning that threatened calamitous consequences to the millers, but the white stockings were unable to profit by his excursion to any great extent.

* * *

McCumber, the promising young high school twirler, performed a remarkable feat in practice Tuesday afternoon. Fifteen men faced him in five innings and were struck out in the one, two, three order. Not a man was given more than two balls wide of the plate, and not a man left the plate to run to first during the proceeding.

* * *

Some practical joker told Champion Jeffries that he had all the essential elements of a good newspaper man in his make-up, and Jim promptly took his pen and interviewed himself as follows:

"Jim Corbett will have as much chance with me as a soap bubble under a trip hammer. Of course, a fight is never over until the referee hands or the referee hands out his verdict, but from my knowledge of Mr. Corbett's physical make-up and his style of boxing I am more, much more, than confident I can stop him taking the championship away from me.

"Clever? Of course he's clever. As a boxer there's only one man in the business who can give him a few spades out of the deck. Everybody knows who that is, and I'm not doing any press agency work except for myself. I am entirely wise to everything Mr. Corbett has stowed away in his gloves, and I have a picture of how shifty and deceiving he is in his shoes. There are very few tricks of the trade in which he is not a journeyman.

Mr. Corbett is pretty, or thinks he is, which is just as good, so far as he is concerned, and he has a holy horror of having his beauty warped. You may have noticed this if you ever saw him fight. He turns his face away from a blow like a school girl when her first sweetheart says things to her.

"Everytime Mr. Corbett gets bashful and takes the focus of his lamps off my endeavor, I'll just swat his first page, top of column, and make it look like a pied edition of the War Cry. And it's a Waldorf dinner to coffee and cakes that I have the punch in my repertoire to do it. It's this way:

"A feint, low and straight for the kitchen, then around the elbow of the guard, and a quick, snappy clip over just southeast of the ear.

"Mr. Corbett can't do any jig steps with me. I'll make him dance, all right, but it will be to a tune not of his choosing. I'll just rush and smash. Corbett's guard against the rush and smash will vanish like a puff of cigarette smoke before the business end of a cyclone. Nor will he be able to avoid me. I'll nail him at the ropes and by my superior strength and weight just beat his head off."

* * *

The Minnesota division of the League of American Wheelmen is going to enter into politics between now and the next session of the state legislature. There are certain measures in the interests of wheels and wheelmen which the league proposes to father and for the purpose of gaining the support of the legislators the following circular letter has been prepared by Secretary C. W. Purple:

"There are two measures of importance to wheelmen in this state in which the league is especially interested. One is a bill providing for the construction of bicycle paths along the highways throughout the state by imposing a small license fee each year on the wheels using the paths. This law will be similar to the one now in force in New York and other eastern states.

"The other is a bill providing for the free transportation of bicycles on all railroads in the state. Such a law has been passed and is now in force in thirteen states in this country. The members of the league in this state, and particularly in your district, are anxious to know just how you stand on these two measures, and I shall be glad to have you give your views upon them."

Mr. Purple says he stands ready to answer all questions which the legislators may desire to ask, and he is desirous of hearing from them at the earliest. He also says that in view of the increasing strength of the league in the state, those persons to whom he will address his letters will not be allowed to remain neutral in this matter. Those who declare for it will receive the hearty support of wheelmen throughout the state, and those who are against it will be whipped into line or made to feel the power of the wheeling organization as a political factor.

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DORCHESTER, MASS.
Established 1780.

Lincoln Was An Inventor

Patented a Steamboat Device Before He Entered Politics--Mr. Robbins, His Attorney, Tells of It.

In the patent office at Washington are many papers of interest. Not the least is one signed by Abraham Lincoln a dozen years before he became president, belonged to that tribe known as inventors. The jacket in case No. 6469 contains the papers, interlocutory thereon showing that A. Lincoln, Springfield, county of Sangamon, state of Illinois, March 10, 1849, filed an application for a patent—petition, affidavit, specification, drawing and model—which was examined April 13, directed to issue May 10, patented May 22, recorded in volume 28, page 661, and Z. C. Robbin was the attorney.

The petition, the drawing, describes "a new and improved manner of combining adjustable buoyant chambers with steamboats and other vessels, for the purpose of enabling the draught of water to be readily lessened, to enable them to pass over bars or through shallow water without discharging their cargoes," and, referring to the drawing, describes "the buoyant chambers constructed in such a manner that they can be expanded so as to hold a large volume of air when required for use, and can be contracted in a very small space and safely secured as soon as their services can be dispensed with."

Mr. Robbins, who was Mr. Lincoln's attorney, has been continuously a resident of Washington, and resides now at 1750 M street. When asked as to his connection with the case, he said:

"I was introduced by E. B. Washburn, who afterward came to congress, to Mr. Lincoln at Miss Janney's boarding house in 1849, and we spent a pleasant evening. I suppose Mr. Washburn told him of my profession of patent agent. I was then in the Gideon block, as we called it, at Seventh and F streets, and a few days after Mr. Lincoln came to my office, and, placing his model on the table, said: 'I think I have invented something, and, if new, I would like a patent for it.'

"I had lived in St. Louis for ten years, and soon saw the utility of the invention and that it was patentable. Mr. Lincoln remarked: 'I thought a steamboat on that plan would run where it was a little damp.' I then prepared the papers, and in a little time the patent was issued. I don't know that he ever did much with it, for he had but little capital, and soon after he turned his attention to politics."

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Pat Corrigan's Bad Deal

His Horse Won By a Length, But the Judge Said Dead Heat.

"The worst decision I ever saw an owner get was given to Pat Corrigan down at St. Joseph, Mo., several years ago," observed W. B. Jennings, who has raced all over the broad country despite the fact that he is the youngest looking horseman on the turf today.

The remark was made in the course of a general conversation among a party of owners on horse matters, covering years of experience. "That year Pat had a select stable and was winning his share of the purses. Among his horses was a mighty handy little 2-year-old which he called Bonnie King. Jim Caldwell raised it and sold it to G. B. Morris, who in turn disposed of it to Mr. Corrigan.

"We came up at St. Joseph, where we were having a short meeting, for 2-year-olds, and he put Bonnie King in and there was another colt entered by the name of Moonlight, which was touted for a good thing. The so-called wise money all went in on this last one. A man by the name of Lewis, who never came to the races much, owned Moonlight, but on this particular day he was there, and to see the race good went up in the timers' stand, which on all those bush tracks was directly over the judges' stand.

"Well, when the race was run the jockey on Mr. Corrigan's colt was looking back at Moonlight when they went under the wire. That is how far he won by. The colts were not even jupped on to each other. Seeing that his colt was beaten Lewis took his family and went home. Mr. Corigan sent Bonnie King over to the stable to cool out. Then I saw the starter go up in the stand and confer with the judge, but thought nothing of it.

"Then, unexpectedly, a messenger came down from the stand and asked Mr. Corrigan if he wanted to run the race over. 'What do I want to run over for?' he asked, very much surprised that such a question should be asked him. 'Didn't my colt win?' The messenger hung his head and stated that the judge had pronounced it a dead heat. The announcement staggered us all. Then the judge sent a messenger downtown to bring Mr. Lewis back. He admitted that his colt was beaten by a full length. Then Mr. Lewis and Mr. Corrigan got together and agreed to split the purse and not run it over. The judge permitted them to do one thing or the other."

Spreads Like Wildfire.

When things are "the best" they become "the best selling." Abraham Hare, a leading druggist of Belleville, Ohio, writes, "Electric Bitters are the best selling bitters I have handled in twenty years. You know why? Most diseases begin in disorders of stomach, liver, kidneys, bowels, blood and nerves. Electric Bitters tones up the stomach, regulates, kidneys and bowels, purifies the blood, strengthens the nerves, hence cures multitudes of maladies. It builds up the entire system. Puts new life and vigor into any weak, sickly, run down man or woman. Price 50 cents. Sold by W. A. Abbett, druggist.

TALK OF POLITICIANS

Attempts to Coerce Men Who Are Opposing Morris Tried By the Willcuts Machine But Met With Failure.

Bede Writes Again In His Own Behalf.

S. H. Eckman Is a Legislative Candidate.

A fair field and an open fight is what every man likes to see. Such a fight in the political field leaves no sores, and the loser can retire gracefully and turn in and work for his competitor with good feeling. But when unfair means are used there is always soreness and bitter feeling whether the man against whom they are used is successful or defeated. Up to within a very short time ago, within a week, almost, the fight between Morris and Windom in this county was a clean and open contest, in which the winner promised to be the man who was the choice of the voters of the Republican party, expressing their free and untrammeled opinions at the primaries on May 7.

Within a few days, however, elements have been brought into play that are very much like those employed in 1896 against the men who thought Mr. Bryan was the right man for president of the United States. Some men—they are few in number, more praise for that—who have in their possession certain power over business men and others in the city of Duluth, which, if it were to be exerted unfavorably, might seriously inconvenience them, have intimated to these business men that some of their employes were taking a little more interest in the defeat of Congressman Morris than they ought to; that Mr. Morris was the man who ought to be at Washington; that he was close to the president and to the powers that rule in Washington and could thereby accomplish a great deal more in Washington than any new man, etc. This smoothly worded talk, mild and gentle but with an insinuating menace that was only too plain, was coupled with the suggestion that they labor with their employes to discontinue their opposition.

It did not take long for this method of campaigning to get noised about and it has caused much righteous indignation. That it is not fair politics is a proposition that no one will dispute. That it is not honorable is proven by the fact that the very men known to be guilty of it indignantly deny it.

The Morris men have opened another headquarters, this one in the Torrey building, where the common voters, "the man with the hoe," is to be made welcome. The other headquarters, in the federal building, in Frank E. Searle's office and in George Spencer's office, are still maintained for the select few high up in the circles. At the new headquarters there is a committee in charge, consisting of William Getty, E. F. Alford, J. A. Hanks and others. It is a somewhat significant fact that while Willcuts and his men continue to maintain that the Windom campaign is all one of wind, they have considered it advisable to open a headquarters, the first time it has been done for Morris prior to a congressional convention.

* * *

The News Tribune yesterday morning contained the following notice:

"Postal cards have been issued calling a meeting for this afternoon at 1 o'clock, at room No. 705 Board of Trade building, to discuss the congressional situation. The cards are signed by J. J. LeTourneau and H. R. Spencer."

This item raised all sorts of expectations and something of momentous importance was expected. A large number of Republicans who did not receive cards asking their presence began to think that they must be on the suspected list and were not to be allowed in the inner circle any longer. That it was a Morris meeting was apparent to all who knew the men signing the call, together with the office in which the meeting was held. The notice really gave a wrong impression and was not one intended for publication. The notice was issued only to residents of Lakeside, and the meeting was for the purpose of talking over the choice of delegates from that section of the city. The responses were not so numerous as was expected and there were less than ten present.

* * *

J. Adam Bede's facile tongue is vigorously campaigning these days and he keeps every Morris leader whom he runs across in hot water as long as he is around. His pen, equally facile, is also busy. The Minneapolis Journal contained the following letter this week addressed to it by him::

"To the Editor of The Journal:

"I have read with interest your editorial articles urging the renomination of our entire congressional delegation from Minnesota and knowing that you have the success of the party in view, I write to ask you to give more specific reasons for such a course in the Sixth district. And to aid in a clearer understanding, permit me to state a few facts and make a few queries and suggestions.

"In the first place, as a candidate for the nomination and an interested party myself, I ask only that the convention, freeing itself from the selfish interests of candidates, officeholders, officeseekers and all recipients of favors, look the field over and name the man that can get the most votes in November. Do you not think this point ought to be of paramount consideration in a district so close as ours and at a time when not only many local candidates but the state ticket as well may be saved or lost by the strength or weakness of the congressional candidate? Is there such a disparity between the usefulness of the candidates, that the district would be warranted in running the weaker one at such a time as this? And would one who has done newspaper work at Washington, is familiar with the departments, and through campaigning in several states is acquainted with the party leaders, have to wait more than ten minutes after landing at the capital before beginning to do business for his district?

"Do you think that a candidate who in 1898, when all the enthusiasm of the war was on and the voter was urged to uphold the hands of the president, failed to carry a precinct in his home city of 50,000 population, and won out after an expensive campaign by a plurality of only 463 and a majority of fifty-one in a total vote of over 44,000, would be especially strong this year, when the enthusiasm of war is over and its burden is upon us? And do you think he is made stronger by being at variance with Senators Nelson and Davis on an important issue the very year in which Nelson must be nominated and endorsed in the state convention to insure success to the state ticket, particularly as this is the very district which Mr. Nelson formerly represented in congress? Do you not think that the advantages to us of a presidential year are pretty well offset by a Democratic state administration entrenched in power, the sinews of war in hand, and a thorough organization in every county of the state? Minneapolis is also now in the hands of the opposition and in St. Paul the contest is now on.

"Is there not danger that the officeholders may sometimes overstate the claims of their benefactor and do their party an unintended hurt for personal ends? For example, do you think my good friend, Alvah Eastman, of the St. Cloud Journal-Press, who is receiver of the land office there, is wholly disinterested in his proclamations? Could my even better friend, C. F. Hendryx, of the Sauk Center Herald, who is postmaster of that town, falter for a moment without seeming ungrateful? Could Albert Nathan Dare, of the Elk River Star-News do otherwise than throw flowers at the one who made him superintendent of the census for this district? Could the astute N. H. Ingersoll, of the Brainerd Dispatch and Brainerd postoffice do less than he is doing and carry political accident insurance? Could Charley Eastman, of the Pine Knot Pioneer-Journal, perhaps the noblest postmaster of them all, and a score of others that space forbids I should mention, do otherwise than they are doing without a seeming want of appreciation? And yet, is it well to turn all party action over to interested ones, however wise they may be?

"Would it not be best to pick a candidate for this district who could be elected without an extravagant campaign fund, and while helping save the state and local tickets would bring the party back to simpler and safer methods?

"Personally, I don't have to be taken care of, am willing to step aside at any time for the good of the party, am anxious to do all I can for its success and base my candidacy on the belief that if nominated I could get more votes than any of the other candidates in November. What do you think? But whatever you think, let us love one another. Very truly,

J. ADAM BEDE.

The Journal devoted considerable editorial space to an answer to Mr. Bede's letter. The burden of the answer was that the stand taken by Mr. Morris on the Porto Rican tariff, while wrong in the opinion of the Journal, was never considered by it of sufficient importance to outweigh other considerations; that as to his strength, he has twice defeated the most popular man who could be named against him, and finally says:

"And, finally, the conditions for Republican success in the Sixth district are improved as comp red with '96 and '98, because since 1898 there has been a great influx of population, particularly to the iron country, and the presumption is that the new population will be in sympathy with the maintenance of Republican policies and the Republican administration. This will operate to Judge Morris' advantage."

That paragraph gives expression to what the Morris men are all counting on to carry him through if he is nominated. They know that he is weaker in the district. Just how much weaker they do not know, but they count on his losses to be made on the ranges and in the lumbering districts where the vote is easiest to control and where the unbiassed expression of the voter's will is made rather difficult.

* * *

The Journal this week also contained the following:

"A gentleman on the inside of the fight against Morris in the Sixth district writes from Duluth: 'I do not think the convention will dare nominate Morris in the face of the opposition here, even if it have the power, which I hardly think it will have. Many Silver Republicans are eager to return to the fold, but will never come back while Morris heads the ticket. This hostility arises from various causes, partly from party spoils, but largely from the fact that Morris always acts as if he were anointed of the Lord to hold office, and all men must bow down and do him deference. It is also due in some measure to the men who manage his campaign."

* * *

In the heat of the congressional campaign the legislative canvass is being lost sight of almost altogether. The only persons who seem to be keeping it in mind are the candidates—and, without doubt, the iron companies. There is a scarcity of candidates that is not usual where the Republican party has offices to fill in districts that are strongly Republican. A new candidate is said to have developed a few days ago in the Fiftieth district in the person of S. H. Eckman, the attorney. He is a resident of the Sixth ward, which up to the present time seems to have a large majority of the aspirants for legislative honors in this district. Mr. Pugh is perfectly willing that the Sixth ward shall have all the candidates it wants to, for the Fifth ward will get the other in all probability, unless some new combination should be sprung.

In the other districts very little is heard, but there is still ample time to fix up a ticket. At the last legislative conventions some of the nominees were scarcely heard of until the day of the conventions. The slate will be fixed up in due time and all the candidates will hope and pray that they are acceptable to the powers that be.

* * *

The much-talked-of and much-litigated People's party convention was held today at the court house and there was every indication that there would be a rather warm time. The Populists can give more spice and ginger to their conventions when they start out to than any of the other political parties and the hostile feeling which has developed within the past few weeks made it certain that there would be some scores to settle. Z. H. Austin, who is credited with being responsible for most of the trouble, arrived in the city this morning from St. Paul to be present and view the proceedings—merely as a spectator, he says. Some fear that he is here to gather evidence for heresy charges.

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THE STATE OF TRADE

Business Outside of the Speculative Centers is Greater Than Last Year and the Outlook is Very Good.

New York, April 28.—Bradstreet's today says: Evidences of the fact that there are two sides to the general trade situation, where for a year past there was but one, come to sight this week. Different sections of the country and lines of business return differing reports, but that the situation as a whole is a favorable one and suffers merely by comparison with the enormous and almost feverish activity of some time ago is also evident. Excluding the great speculative centers the aggregate of business is undoubtedly larger than a year ago and the business done even in several industries reporting reduced activity would seem very large even to those bearishly inclined had it not been for the enormous aggregate done some short time ago. Crop prospects, except in the wheat area of the central west and in some flooded sections of the South remain all that might be wished for. Retail demand is improving and nothing of a definitely depressing character has yet developed.

By abrupt readjustment of steel and wire prices the iron and steel industries received a notable shock, but it has stood the ordeal well confirming the earlier opinions. Evidences of a new export demand in pig iron have constituted one of the foremost supports to that industry. Last week's reports of heavy sales of Southern iron for export are amply confirmed and enormous enlarged tonnage could be placed if freight rates and room were favorable. Hardware has increased distribution at the West, but rather quiet in Eastern markets. Among other metals copper is firm, while tin is rather weaker.

One of the most favorably situated industries is that of shoes. Paints, oils and drugs are also in good distribution while the strength of bituminous coal, partly owing to the strike, but also to the increased demand for some grades of anthracite, which are expected to be advanced on May 1. In agricultural products the situation is generally one of sustained strength. Some slight shading in wheat prices is largely the result of the favorable winter wheat crop prospects in the sections west of the Mississippi. Spring wheat seeding is reported almost completed in the Northwest, much ahead of the average. Corn has been quite strong, partly on continued good export demand and partly in sympathy with provisions, which are stronger, more because of the steady consumptive requirements than because of the lighter receipts of hogs. The sharp advance in prices of lumber last year and the unsettled position of the labor situation in the building trades are jointly responsible for the rather disappointing decrease reported this spring. Hemlock lumber is lower and white pine is also weaker, but the hardwoods maintain much of their old strength. Other lines reporting special quietness are the wholesale dry goods trade at least where retailers are rather well supplied with goods, the jewelry business, particularly the manufacturers, who report business rather dull, and the grocery trades.

Wheat, including flour, shipments for the week aggregate 3,683,863 bushels against 3,898,451 last week, 3,028,403 in the corresponding week of 1899, 4,449,009 in 1898, 1,155,886 in 1897 and 1,260,494 in 1896. Since July 1, this season, the exports of wheat aggregated 161,488,410 against 196,290,512 last year and 195,952,636 bushels in 1897-98. Corn exports for the week aggregate 3,620,664 bushels against 158,747 last week, 2,615,079 in this week a year ago, 4,216,066 bushels in 1898, 3,657,465 in 1897, and 2,142,595 in 1896. Since July 1, this season, corn exports were 151,349,391 bushels in 1897-98.

Failures for the week in the United States are well down to the minimum, numbering only 182, an increase of twenty-one over last week, but two less than in this week a year ago, and compared with 245 in this week of 1898, 244 in 1897 and 254 in 1896.

Canadian failures for the week number 18 as compared with 19 last week, 27 in this week a year ago, 22 in 1898, 31 in 1897 and 26 in 1896.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade today says:

Gold begins to go abroad and prices of iron produces break sharply in the same week. Four months of the new year have passed and business does not expand to need the large increase of circulation which the new monetary bill has permitted, nor enough to sustain all the extraordinary advance in prices last year. The abundance of gold and of currency, and the large disbursements by the treasury in exchange for bonds have rendered rates for money unusually low for the season here, while rare industrial and speculative activity in Europe with the war in South Africa have tended to make money dearer abroad. So next gold from Alaska answers the loss of supply from the Transvaal, and America builds up in credits abroad a breastwork against prostration in futire here as in the past caused by troubles in Europe.

The reaction in prices came where it was expected least in the industry more fully organized than any other to check competition and in the branch which through contracts covering rod making and other machinery and through patents seemed more fully controlled than any other. Reduction of $20 per ton in wire nails, barbed wire and galvanized fence and $18 in smooth wire showed that no control can afford to hold prices so high as to check consumption. In a week the prices of iron products have declined 5.86 per cent and since Feb. 7, 10.3 per cent. As the wire and nail prices have been relatively the highest, others in the iron and steel industry can be expected to fall in like measure. But pig iron is weaker. No. 1 local coke at Chicago, $23.50, and Southern pig is also lower. Plates and bars can be obtained for about 1.8 cents in good contracts, both at the East and at Pittsburg. The proposed advance in sheets to 3.6 has not been attempted, and cut anil wills, which have gained so much by milling at 7 cents per keg below wire nails, will now lower prices also. The stoppage of a dozen wire and nail mills, besides rod mills at Joliet and another of the National Steel company, indicates some change in the actual demand. In the minor metals the only change has been in tin, which declined rather sharply to 29¾, in sympathy with lower London quotations.

The tendency toward lower prices is strengthened by the idea that over production may appear in other branches. In cotton goods, after the rise of about 30 per cent following the advance in cotton, it is asked whether the surprising increase in Southern output has not cut off part of the demand which Eastern mills found insufficient. In staple goods no change is seen, but in other lines and fancy goods irregularity is increasing and greater concessions are made for future delivery. Cotton futures fell and recovered with good prospects for the next crop. Northern mills having taken already what they will require until September, but Ellisson's estimate is thought likely to stiffen the foreign demand. Nor has wool changed in quotations, though some sales at fair amount are reported at such prices as 31 cents for Ohio XX and 55 cents for clothing territory cleaned, but manufacturers are disposed to do anything, and the West asks prices which dealers have no reason for paying. The demand for woolen goods is small and disappointing, and except in staples, which are steady because well sold up, prices are not encouraging. In boots and shoes new business bears no proportion to the present output, and the number of works which are closed or running part time is increasing. Manufacturers realize that this is a result of prices asked and of slow retail distribution and larger stocks remaining on hand, but claim that lower prices cannot be made without loss. Business in sole leather is reported fair and prices do not yield, but upper leather is dull.

The produce market is inactive, though wheat yielded a fraction and corn gained 1 cent for the week. Exports of both continue larger than a year ago, Atlantic exports of wheat in four weeks, flour included, having been 8,099,567 bushels, against 3,017,485 last year and Pacific exports 2,725,196 bushels, against 1,373,822 bushels last year. Corn exports in the same week have been 12,432,667 bushels, against 10,063,525 bushels last year. Exports of merchandise from New York in three weeks have been 37.9 per cent larger than last year, and with the aid of the heavy cotton movement the aggregate of the month promises to considerably exceed 100,000,000, while imports here are 13.6 per cent larger than last year, but will fall below exports by more than 30,000,000.

Of Duluth's Neighbors.

TOWER TOPICS.

Tower, April 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—Executive Agent John Beutner, superintendent of the state fish hatchery, William Morgan, of St. Paul; Deputy Game Warden George Kinney, Ed Paul and Obe Wiseman returned to the city Tuesday from Pike River, where they have been gathering spawn for the past week.

Max Shapiro was doing business in Mesaba yesterday.

Mayor J. D. Murphy returned this evening from Eveleth, where he has been under treatment for rheumatism.

Solomon Childers and family, of Soudan, moved to Ely, where they will make their future home.

M. B. Peek, of the Vermilion Dam stopping place, was in the city Wednesday.

Ed Wiseman left this morning for Coral, Mich., after spending a couple of weeks with relatives. He expects to return with his wife about July 1.

Henry La France returnd Saturday from a week's business trip on the range.

Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Walsh left Thursday morning on a short trip to St. Paul.

Mrs. P. Pastoret came up from Eveleth Wednesday evening for several days' visit with relatives.

The Ladies' auxiliary of the Episcopal church gave a pedro and dancing party at the city Opera House, which was well attended.

Charles Winchester left yesterday morning on a short trip to Hibbing.

Mr. and W. A. Kingston leave Monday morning for Duluth after a month's visit with relatives and friends.

Dell Burgess has accepted the position as baggagemaster at the depot, in the place of Albert Burgess, who will go switching for the Duluth & Iron Range railroad at Tower Junction.

Treffle Brouliette, of the Pioneer livery barn, will begin the first of the month to sprinkle the streets.

The city has this week built a new bridge crossing east of Two rivers by the brewery.

Andrew Bloom, estimator of pine lands for the Rat Portage Lumber company, passed through the city Monday on his way to Chippewa Fall, Wis.

Mrs. James Keane was visiting relatives at Eveleth the first of the week.

Miss Mamie Murphy was visiting relatives and friends in Ely over Sunday.

Dan Haley, the logger came in from Willow river the first of the week, with his driving crew, on account of no water.

The city council held a special meeting last Tuesday evening to appoint William Wiseman chief of police to fill the vacancy created by the resignation of Thomas Dowd.

Miss Anna Haney and Mrs. Fred Wirth came down from Ely Saturday.

William Coss was up from Eveleth last Tuesday.

A large crowd went on the steamer Odd Fellow and Libbie last Sunday to Pike River, where they were gathering spawn.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. Charles Morton on Wednesday, an 8-pound baby boy.

Mr. and Mrs. John Nellan, of Ashland, Wis., arrived in the city Tuesday evening, where Mr. Nellan has accepted the position as clerk in Marion Bros.' dry goods department.

N. J. Smith was up from Eveleth over Sunday.

Frank Frye was visiting his brother Ward Frye at Ely Tuesday, who is under treatment at the Shipman hospital with pneumonia of the lungs.

H. C. Leigh, proprietor of the half-way house on the Crane Lake portage, was in the city a few days of this week.

Fred Swansen, of Ashland, Wis., brother of John Swansen, who runs the Tower Lumber company's boarding house at Lakeside, arrived in the city Tuesday evening and has accepted a situation as scaler and grader for the Tower company.

D. Wittenberg, Jr., returned Saturday evening from a short business trip to the Twin Cities.

F. W. Harris, ex-foreman of the Howe Lumber company, left Monday morning for a week's business trip at Minneapolis.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Voss returned last Saturday evening from a week's visit with relatives at Duluth.

James McLaren is tending to the janitor work at the school house during the sickness of J. C. Murphy.

Miss Clara Sundberg left Saturday evening for Ely after a couple of weeks' visit with relatives in the city.

H. C. Stewart, of the Tower Lumber company, left Monday morning for his home at Wausaw, Wis., after several days' business here.

McKINLEY.

McKinley, April 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—Miss Inga Olson visited friends at Biwabik this week.

The Elba iron company has commenced ore shipments from its mine.

Forest fires destroyed two farm buildings near Embarrass Monday and the bridges on the Duluth, Missabe & Northern between here and Sparta and on the Duluth & Iron Range between here and Virginia have been in danger several times this week.

The Fayal iron company has started loading its stock pile and is now shipping about 200 cars of ore per day from the mine.

A. L. Wolfe has returned from a two weeks' visit to Chicago and has resumed his duties as agent for the Duluth & Iron Range.

J. H. Cavanaugh has gone to Sparta.

Elmer Ford has secured a position as timekeeper at the Roberts' mine.

Charles Johnson has returned from Minneapolis, where he has been attending school the past winter.

Hayaie & Ford are to open a meat market in the Ford building in the near future.

J. R. Ford transacted business at Duluth Saturday and Sunday.

Peter Shaefer and R. S. Miller were Duluth visitors Wednesday.

B. Topham, who is logging near here for Merrill & Ring, of Duluth, shut down his camps this week.

W. Krause, of Two Harbors, was in town this week.

R. Smith has returned to resume his old position as assistant weighmaster at Biwabik scales.

ELY EVENTS.

Ely, April 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—Lyn Culbertson, of Duluth, spent Saturday in this city.

O. H. Berner was here from Duluth Friday.

Frank Winchester, of Tower, was up Friday.

The marriage of John Rus and Ursula Henigmon will be celebrated at the Catholic church Sunday morning.

Joseph Potin, after visiting a few days on the Mesaba range, returned Wednesday.

Mrs. H. W. Taylor, of Duluth, is visiting her husband at this place.

P. R. Vail, having completed his business in Chicago, returned home Saturday.

O. E. Olson came up from West Superior on business Friday.

Dan McDonald is at present quite sick.

Miss Amy Bale spent a few days in Tower last week.

Judge M. O. Aubolee and wife, who formerly resided here, came up from Tower Saturday to visit a few days with friends.

P. W. Soure and family will soon be domiciled in one of the McMahn houses.

The marriage of Josef Benkolich and Margaretha Smuk will take place at the Catholic church Sunday.

George Westcott is having his dwelling moved back from the street and will also build an addition on the same.

A. R. Macfarlane, of Duluth, was a business visitor Saturday.

M. R. Cundy will spend part of this summer at his old home in Michigan.

W. T. James is spending a few days in Duluth.

Henry McDermott spent a few days with his daughter, Mrs. Gleason, the first of the week.

Capt. Henry Thomas is down with la grippe.

Jack Grant is expected home from Michigan the first of the month.

Rev. Allen Lang, of the Presbyterian church, after two weeks' visit at Winnipeg, returned to this city Saturday.

About $43,000 was paid out for labor by the Pioneer, Zenith and Savoy mines during the month of March.

Mrs. W. Pike came home from Glencoe Monday.

It is reported that Ely is to have a new livery stable.

Dr. Shipman is having a summer cottage erected on his island in Long lake.

John Handy, of Two Harbors, is visiting his uncle, Barber Robert.

Duncan Cameron, an old resident of Ely, who was reported as killed by wolves, arrived here Thursday from Wisconsin, where he has been lumbering for the last year.

SPIRIT LAKE AND VICINITY.

Smithville, April 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. E. Bucklee was in West Duluth Monday to visit her sister, Mrs. F. Dutton.

Mrs. Aaron Lindstrom and children spent Saturday here, the guests of Mrs. A. G. Renstrom.

Mr. and Mrs. Edmund French were in West Duluth this week.

Mrs. P. Palm was in West Duluth Monday on business.

Mrs. A. G. Renstrom entertained at a children's party Saturday for her daughter Ruth's birthday.

Miss Matilda Renstrom, who spent the last month here, returned to Duluth Monday.

Paul Barkloo spent Sunday here, the guest of Mrs. P. Shuck.

Miss Grace and Miss Nettie Amundson were in West Duluth Sunday.

Miss Daisy McBain spent the latter part of the week in Duluth.

Alex Lee, of Proctorknott, was in Smithville Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Brink and daughter Florence, were in Duluth Saturday.

Louis Ramsey, of Duluth, visited W. H. Smith's family Sunday.

Miss Adria Shuck, Mrs. Axel Peterson and Mrs. Edward Swenson were in Duluth this week.

Charles Nelson returned home Monday from Duluth.

Mrs. August Nelson was in Duluth Wednesday.

The forest fires did a lot of damage to the sidewalk on Grand avenue last week. They burned the walk for about a block. It is hoped the council will have it repaired.

Mr. and Mrs. Christ Murphy and children, of Grand Marais spent Wednesday with Mrs. Edward French.

Walter Johnson, of Duluth, was in Smithville this week.

Miss Annie Smith, of New Duluth, called on Alderman Swenson's family Saturday.

MESABA.

Mesaba, April 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—H. Joglin has been appointed day operator here for the season.

The forest fires have been raging to quite an extent north and west of here. Thursday night Mr. Knight's house on Embarrass River was burned to the ground and other buildings were in great danger.

Hugh M. Glass, who has been night operator at Allen for the past year, has gone to Summit to assume his duties as day operator there.

Mrs. H. Joglin joined her husband here Wednesday.

Mrs. W. H. Konkler, of Allen, was a Duluth visitor one day last week.

M. Gheau gave a little social dance to about thirty of his friends last Saturday night. They danced in Johnson's hall and a most enjoyable time was reported by all who attended.

T. J. Murphy has been appointed night operator at Allen.

Forest fires were raging around Allen Tuesday, but Sam Dalby, the pump man, was prepared with 100 feet of hose had the fires approached too close to town.

Miss May E. Hammill was an Allen visitor last Saturday.

J. L. Greatsinger and D. H. Bacon escorted a party of Chicago men over their mining property here last Wednesday and also over the Mesaba range.

O. D. Kinney has one drill at work in section 29.

Frank Schur visited Duluth last Monday and returned in the evening.

A. E. Davison, of Duluth, was here over Sunday, looking after his property which lies west of here.

John M. McClintock, assistant county attorney, and George Reddick, both of Duluth, were up last week looking after their interests on the new range out in section 29.

R. W. Seelye, of Duluth, was in town for a few days last week.

A. Gowan was in Duluth Wednesday and Thursday.

O. D. Kinney, of Duluth, was here Thursday.

C. E. Shannon came up from Duluth Thursday.

The Fayal Iron company has four drills at work on sections 19 and 29.

Fred Johnson went to Duluth Thursday on business.

Andrew Lundin is visiting his sister, Mrs. J. Anderson.

TWO HARBORS.

Two Harbors, April 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. M. O. Aubolee visited friends at Ely over Sunday.

John Miller, of the Miller-Arnold Lumber company, transacted business here Thursday and Friday.

The woods are drier this season than for years, and despite all the precautions taken, several forest fires have already started, just north of here and near Lakewood and the French river. Unless rain comes soon there will likely be considerable damage done by these fires, for if they once get into the slashings of the millions of feet of logs cut in this section the past winter, there is no telling where it will stop. The woods are drier than they were the year of the Hinckley fire.

Robert Dilworth has returned from Pensacola, Fla., where he spent the winter.

MUNYON'S INHALER

CURES CATARRH

Colds, Coughs, Hay Fever, Bronchitis, Asthma and all Diseases of the Throat and Lungs.

Clouds of Medicated Vapor are inhaled through the mouth and emitted from the nostrils, cleansing and vaporizing all the inflamed and diseased parts which cannot be reached by medicine taken into the stomach.

It reaches the sore spots—It heals the raw places—It goes to the seat of disease—It acts as a balm and tonic to the whole system—$1.00 at druggists or sent by mail. 1505 Arch St., Phila.

H. S. Bryan was a Duluth visitor Monday.

School was again resumed Monday, after a three weeks' vacation.

P. J. Rosso, of Cloquet River, transacted business here Wednesday.

Mayor Holden was a Duluth visitor Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Byron Anderson returned from their wedding tour Thursday, and will take up their residence on Sixth street.

Mrs. M. O. Aubolee departed Friday for Detroit, Mich., where she will spend six weeks visiting relatives.

The board of health is taking most energetic measures in having the streets, alleys, etc., cleaned and put in a sanitary condition. This action was something needed very much, and is commended by everybody.

The forest fires got into several million feet of logs skidded on the lake shore at Silver creek, about six miles north of here. Thursday afternoon, and burned several million feet already. The logs are still burning. Men from here and a fire tug from Duluth are on the scene working to save the balance of logs, by rolling them into the lake. The logs are owned by the Miller-Arnold company, and the loss already must be about $75,000.

Many ore boats are now arriving daily and a large force of men are now at work night and day on the docks, dumping ore from the cars and into the boats. The miners are increasing their shipments daily and will have reached a maximum by May 10. The daily receipts now are about 600 cars.

Miss Sadie Cowling, of Ely, visited relatives here this week.

The epidemic of scarlet fever has about disappeared, almost every child in town having had it.

Judge Andrews has returned from a visit with friends and relatives at Eveleth.

J. W. Woodhill has returned from Louisville, S. O., and has accepted a position as engineer for the Duluth & Iron Range.

Mrs. M. M. Hanna and son, Merl, have returned from a three weeks' visit with Mrs. Hanna's daughter, Mrs. Budd, at LeRoy, Minn.

Fred Helm spent a few days this week on his farm near Ely.

G. A. Rock has sold his residence on Fifth street to John Carlson.

NEW DULUTH DOINGS.

New Duluth, April 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. George E. Tupper and Mrs. T. E. Bowles spent Saturday in Duluth.

Fred McGill, of Duluth, spent Sunday with friends here.

Miss S. A. Smith and Miss Bylesby were in the city Saturday.

Elmer Davis who left here four years ago, visited friends a few days this week.

Miss Maud Miller left Monday for St. Cloud, where she is attending the normal school.

Fred Hermann returned from Minneapolis Monday.

Charles Jaekel, of Antigo, Wis., arrived Monday to look after his property here.

H. A. Thompson left for his home in Dillon, Mont., Monday.

Mrs. Lindbloom, who has been quite ill for some time was taken to the hospital Monday evening. On Tuesday morning an operation was performed which proved successful and she is reported as doing well.

The furniture factory began operations Monday morning under the new management. It will run very lightly at present until other arrangements can be made.

Mrs. Fred Lockhart visited her mother Mrs. A. Lee, Monday.

A. Allee left with his family for Proctorknott Tuesday, where they will make their home in the future.

A surprise party was given Mr. Phillips at the Phillips hotel Tuesday evening, prior to his departure for Cass Lake. He left for that place Wednesday.

Arthur J. Munroe and Miss Alice Jordan were married at West Duluth, Wednesday, Rev. A. J. Hoag officiating. On their return a supper was prepared at the Phillips hotel to which the relatives and a few friends were invited. A pleasant evening was spent. Their friends all unite in wishing them much happiness in their new relations. Mr. and Mrs. Munroe will make their home in New Duluth.

Rev. A. J. Hoag was a caller here Thursday.

Phil Jordan left for Cass Lake Wednesday.

Charles Wills moved into the Larson house on Ninety-seventh avenue west, Thursday.

The first tug of the season came up the river on Thursday.

J. F. Hermann did business in Duluth Friday.

BIWABIK.

Biwabik, April 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—Gustan Rienta, who for the past two months has been employed as clerk in Mr. Johnson's grocery store, has returned to his home at Pike River.

Mrs. Shilling and son, Roy, were Duluth visitors last Friday and Saturday.

The Duluth & Iron Range railway has opened up its scale office here for the season. It now has three gravel trains hauling gravel from the gravel pit at Summit, and is laying two miles of double tracks, between here and Sparta, having 100 men now employed at the work.

Several new families have come to town this week. Houses are so scarce that they are forced to live in store buildings. The hotels are so crowded that many people are forced to leave town.

There is some talk as to moving the village of Sparta as the Genoa shaft was sunk just west of the village and there is ore under Sparta.

Colvin & Robb now have several thousand cords of pulp wood stored for shipment down the lakes.

A. Kulnvander and wife are on the sick list this week.

Arthur Fitzburg, who has for the past few days been ill, has fully recovered.

All the pupils of the public school were vaccinated this week.

A baby boy was born to Mr. and Mrs. Zilander, Sunday morning, but died Monday.

Capt. Harry Roberts looked over his mining interests here Tuesday and Wednesday.

A house was moved to the lot between the postoffice and Henderson & Sorenson's saloon Monday. W. W. Browne will open a boarding house, which is very badly needed.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Klink and children were Biwabik visitors Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Hartley visited among friends in Virginia, Tuesday.

Miss Jennie Trevena returned from her visit at St. Paul and Minneapolis, Saturday.

Jed Shilling, who has completed his course at the Duluth Business college, returned to Biwabik Monday.

Flames were noticed on Mrs. Graham's house Thursday by Dr. Bray, who notified Mr. O'Hara, the chief of the fire department. The hose cart was taken out and the flames extinguished. No damage was done to the house.

Miss Bertha Furtney, who for the past month has been visiting friends at West Superior and Duluth, returned Monday.

Mrs. Stanton returned from the Smith Monday. On the day of her arrival she took sick, but is now convalescing.

Mr. McCloud, who for the past two weeks has been suffering from a swollen knee, is now improving.

Services will be held at the Congregational church by Rev. Bawm, Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m.

Edith Nelson returned from a short visit with her parents at Elba, Thursday.

Mrs. Colvin returned from Two Harbors Wednesday.

Frank Smith left for Duluth last Friday, expecting to return Monday. When he left he had borrowed $800 from several business men of this town. His wife, seeing he did not return, left for Duluth Tuesday and finding no track of him returned Thursday.

The first trailing arbutus were picked Sunday. People from all the ranges come here to obtain them each year, as this is the only place they can be found.

J. I. Mandel returned from a business trip to Duluth Wednesday.

WINTON.

Winton, April 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Knox Lumber company and Fall Lake Lumber company lost two camps each in the brush fires which have been raging east of Fall Lake for the past week. The Indians report all the country for miles east of Fall Lake, on fire. There have been no lives reported lost yet, but a good deal of standing pine has been burned, and if rain does not soon set in there will be millions of feet burned.

Winton has two fine saw mills and two planing mills already built and running, and another saw mill will be built this summer.

There will be one delegate go down to the Republican county convention from here, and the general impression is that he will not be instructed, but will use his own judgment.

GRAND RAPIDS.

Grand Rapids, April 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—Thursday morning about 1 o'clock the old Sherry home on Kindred avenue, was completely destroyed by fire. It is supposed that a spark from the electric power house set fire to the roof. This was the first building erected in Grand Rapids, nearly twenty-five years ago, and was used for a number of years as a hotel. At the time of the fire, however, the building was unoccupied. No insurance.

The lumbermen in Itasca county are becoming desperate for want of rain and claim that unless we have very heavy rains from now till the middle of May it will be impossible to bring any logs out of the streams, which are all very low. The Mississippi river at Grand Rapids is lower now than it ever was at this season of the year and all of the streams tributary are correspondingly low.

Forest fires are raging in Itasca county although as yet they have not approached very near the town.

At a meeting of the village council held last Saturday evening it was decided to lay new sidewalks on all the principal streets in town.

On Monday evening about sixty friends gathered at the home of Sheriff Tyndall to welcome back to Grand Rapids Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Salter, who had just returned from their wedding trip.

The contract for the grading of the new side track to be laid west of Grand Rapids by the Eastern Minnesota, has been given to L. W. Huntley.

Walter H. Andrews, for a number of years manager of the Akeley Lumber company left least week for Minneapolis, where he was married on Tuesday, Mr. and Mrs. Andrews left at once for South Carolina where Mr. Andrews has accepted a position.

On Tuesday evening the Women's Literary club elected officers for the ensuing year as follows: President, Mrs. H. C. Gilbert; first vice president, Miss Hattie Gibson; second vice president, Mrs. L. W. Huntley; recording secretary, Mrs. T. R. Pravitz; corresponding secretary, Mrs. F. P. Sheldon; treasurer, Miss Mabel Little. The club has finished the prescribed course of work for this year and will enjoy a vacation until September.

Thursday afternoon the 3-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. George MacDonald was severely kicked by a horse which was running loose. The child was playing in front of his house when the accident happened. The child is now out of danger.

George B. Alton, of Minneapolis, state high school inspector, spent several days this week in examining the Grand Rapids Central school. He seemed well pleased with the work being done here and will doubtless use all his efforts to have our school put on the high school list.

Col. A. A. Harris, who was to deliver a lecture at the city hall here on Tuesday evening, was called back home to Duluth by telegram just after his arrival here. The lecture will be given some evening next week.

On Wednesday evening about twenty young couples enjoyed a delightful dance at the Hotel Pokegama.

The ladies' guild of the Episcopal church gave a very successful strawberry lunch at the old school house on Thursday evening.

This evening the members of the Women's club are to be entertained at the parlors of the Pokegama hotel by Mrs. D. M. Gunn and the Misses Gibson and Cleveland. Progressive anagrams will form the evening's entertainment.

On Thursday last Miss Mabel Jellison and Charles W. Baker, both of Cohasset, were married at the home of the bride by Rev. R. J. McGhee of the Methodist church. Mr. and Mrs. Baker will settle down at Cohasset, where Mr. Baker is engaged in business.

Archdeacon Appleby of the Episcopal diocese of Duluth conducted services in Grand Rapids on last Sunday. A large congregation turned out and it is expected that hereafter an Episcopal minister will be sent here regularly.

A social party was given last Saturday evening at Crowther's hall in Cohasset. A number of the young people of Grand Rapids went up to attend it.

D. C. Anderson, editor of the Carlton Vidette, was in Grand Rapids transacting business on Monday.

Phopgan Sims was down from his logging camp in the Big Forks district on Tuesday.

W. E. Neal returned on Tuesday from a week's business trip to Minneapolis.

Mrs. B. N. Tarlan, who has been a guest of Mrs. A. D. McGill for the past two weeks, has returned to her home in Duluth.

John Rollis, of Swan River, chairman of the board of county commissioners, was in town Monday and Tuesday, attending the board meetings.

M. C. Lynch, who is one of the old pioneers of Itasca county, left here on Monday last for Idaho, where he intends to make his future home.

J. H. Gruber, the general land commissioner of the Eastern Minnesota railroad, was in town several days the early part of the week.

James Costello and wife have returned from Solway, where Mr. Costello has been engaged in the logging operations the past winter.

Charles Leeman was down from his home in Cass Lake on Monday last.

Dan E. Wills spent the past week in town with friends. He returned to his farm in the Big Forks country today.

Mrs. A. E. Paul, of South Bend, Ind., is visiting this week at the home of Rev. C. V. Gamache, having been called here by the serious illness of her father, C. A. Gamache.

D. M. Gunn has returned home from a trip to the Twin Cities.

Mrs. J. J. Decker, who has been dangerously ill at her home for the past two weeks, is again on the road to recovery.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank P. Sheldon returned on Thursday noon from a ten days' visit to Minneapolis and Duluth.

A. A. Tucker, manager of the Price Bros.' Lumber company, left on Friday afternoon for the Twin Cities.

At a meeting of the village council held on Monday evening, Attorney C. L. Pratt was appointed village attorney for the coming year.

A. W. Rankin, state school inspector, of St. Paul, visited the schools of Grand Rapids on Tuesday and Wednesday of this week.

W. F. Simms was absent the early part of the week in Duluth.

Bert Munson, the lumberman, who has been absent in Minneapolis for two weeks, returned to Grand Rapids on Tuesday.

John Chisholm has returned from a trip to Duluth.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Salter returned Monday noon from their bridal trip.

Hart McGuire, the lumberman, was in Grand Rapids looking after his interests here the early part of the week.

Thomas H. Irwin, of Hibbing, transacted business in town the early part of the week.

D. W. Doran left on Monday for Hot Springs, Ark., for the benefit of his health, he will be absent about a month.

Harry Williams, who has been engaged in business in Cass Lake for some time, has sold out his interests there and returned to Grand Rapids to reside permanently.

George Arscott has returned from a trip to his farm in the Bow String country.

James Sherry, the logger, has returned from a two weeks' business trip to St. Cloud and Minneapolis.

Rev. Father C. V. Gamache left yesterday afternoon for Hibbing, where he will conduct services on Sunday.

Cal Gilman was in town from Cass Lake on Monday.

Mrs. A. W. Cross, of Detroit, Minn., is visiting with relatives here this week.

C. A. Gamache, who has been dangerously ill for the past ten days, with pneumonia, is now on the rapid road to recovery.

Mrs. John Costello is quite ill at her home here.

Capt. George E. Houghton, of Minneapolis, who has considerable property and interests in this vicinity, spent the past week visiting old friends here.

W. S. McClennahan, an attorney of Brainerd, spent Thursday and Friday in Grand Rapids. Mr. McClennahan is a candidate for judge from this judicial district.

Edwin L. Buck, of Minneapolis, who owns considerable property in Itasca county, is preparing a pamphlet advertising the great advantages to be found here.

Thursday afternoon a special train came in over the Eastern Minnesota, bringing in several officers of the road and two expert examiners of dams, who looked over the site of the proposed new dam at Grand Rapids.

The Grand Rapids Gun club has secured control of the grounds near McKinney lake, and will have them fitted up at once for the regular Thursday afternoon's shoot.

SPARTA.

Sparta, April 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—John Runquist has secured a contract to grade a track to the Biwatta Iron company's mine and will commence work at once.

J. L. Greatsinger and D. H. Bacon, of Duluth, looked over the mines here Wednesday. They were accompanied by H. G. Dalton, secretary of Pickands, Mather & Co., of Cleveland.

Fever is raging in this vicinity are dying out and there will be no more danger to the town as the surrounding country has been burned over.

Mrs. August Benson did shopping in Eveleth Tuesday.

Alex Cote has resigned his position with the Genoa Iron company and has accepted a position with the Fayal Iron company.

Mrs. Charles Rogers visited Eveleth friends Thursday.

John Green made a business trip to Duluth Tuesday.

Malstrom & Son have put two steam launches on Ely lake and will run same each Sunday.

Herman Peterson transacted business in Biwabik Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Goran Gustafson visited Eveleth friends Wednesday.

EVELETH.

Eveleth, April 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—J. Adam Bede, the "Let us love one another" aspirant for congressional honors of this district, visited friends here on Sunday. Adam had his usual glad hand for everybody and made quite a favorable impression among the voting population of our town.

Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Bulmer, of Minneapolis, were in Eveleth a few days the fore part of the week. They were accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Eckels and Mr. and Mrs. Johnson.

Henry Tregillis, Jr., and Miss Annie Josephine Pederson were married Thursday at the home of Henry Tregillis at the Fayal by Justice Howard Buckmaster. The young couple have many friends here who extend congratulations.

Marshal Juntilla closed the front door of all the saloons in Eveleth on Sunday; consequently we had a quiet day, in fact the quietest for many years.

Walter Smith went to Tower Monday afternoon to visit friends.

The fire department was called out to fight a fire in the wood yard near the Spruce mine Sunday evening. They soon got it under control with but a few cords of wood lost.

Superintendent Wallace Kimberly of the Spruce mine presented the Eveleth fire department with $25 on Monday, showing his appreciation of the work done by the department Sunday night.

Solomon Sax has commenced building a fine 2-story brick business block on his property just south of the California Wine house.

Dell Pool was quite severely cut last Sunday noon. While eating dinner in Coulter's restaurant an Italian came up behind him and stabbed him in the back with a knife, making two ugly slashes across the kidneys. The injured man was immediately removed to his home and is improving, although at one time his life was despaired of.

P. E. Dowling, F. C. Talboys and Dr. C. W. More were in Duluth a couple of days the fore part of the week.

Village Attorney Jacob Stein was in Duluth Monday and Tuesday this week.

Forest fires are raging in the woods west of town but there is little danger of their reaching the village as the rubbish and underbrush is cleared away for a space of half a mile or more.

William Flint, of Tower, one of the early explorers of Northern Minnesota, was in Eveleth Thursday between trains. He was en route to Duluth.

Hotel Eveleth is receiving a new coat of paint and new manager is presenting a presentable appearance. If there is any attraction that will help business Landlord McGlory is bound to add it to his house.

Mrs. Swanson of the Star Clothing house went to Duluth Thursday noon.

M. D. L. Fuller returned Thursday morning from his visit to points in Texas.

T. E. Dorr, at the home of Rev. C. V. Gamache, having been called here by the serious illness of her father, C. A. Gamache.

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GRAIN-O

THE FOOD DRINK

Grain-O is not a stimulant, like coffee. It is a tonic and its effects are permanent.

A successful substitute for coffee, because it has the coffee flavor that almost everybody likes.

Lots of coffee substitutes in the market, but only one food drink—Grain-O.

All grocers; 15c. and 25c.

VIRGINIA.

Virginia, April 28.—The Fayal Iron company has plans for a machine shop 50x200 feet to be filled with modern machine tools. Some 5000 yards of dirt is being taken off the stripping pits of the mine daily, and nearly 10,000 tons a day will be the shipments next month. Two 90-ton shovels, to handle 5000 tons of ore daily, are expected at the mine this week from the makers. About 450 men are employed at the mine, in addition to 500 by Drake, Stratton & Co., in stripping.

It is said there are over forty diamond drills at work on the Mesaba and Vermilion ranges at the present time.

Work at the McKewen property has been discontinued for the present. It is said that the amount of ore shown upon the property will not admit of it being wrought.

It is reported that the Fayal mine at Eveleth has sold 1,500,000 tons of ore for shipment this year. The Fayal is now in shape to ship that amount and no doubt will do so before the close of the shipping season.

The Union Ore company is the name of the company which will operate the Jones property north of the Franklin. The company is practically a branch of the Republic Iron and Steel company. Superintendent Parmelee will be in charge. A shaft will be sunk at once and efforts will be made to produce a large tonnage of ore from the mine this season.

The steam shovel mines are having considerable trouble with frost and on this account work will not doubt be delayed at the opening of the season. In some places the frost reaches a depth of about 6 feet.

Shipments at the Sauntry will begin May 1. Only one shift is being worked at the mine at present. Three locomotives are expected the latter part of the week for switching purposs about the mine. The Sauntry will be a very active property this year.

The Victoria, one of the Franklin group, began shipping Tuesday. The Franklin and Bessemer are both ready to ship, but owing to delay in changing the track on the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railway, shipments will be delayed somewhat at both the Franklin and Bessemer.

The city council at its last meeting elected a fire chief to succeed H. F. Smith. There were three aspirants for the job: C. S. Reeves, H. Chittenden and Charles Ostrom. Mr. Chittenden was the choice of the councilmen. D. C. Christopher, Charles E. Fay, E. E. Burley, Vivian Prince and Dominic Burns had applications in for the assessorship. Mr. Burns was chosen last year, did his work in first-class shape, and in view of the fact the council reappointed him.

Charles Butler and daughter Ruth, have gone to Milwaukee, for a short visit with Mr. Butler's parents.

Miss Rose Mahoney died Monday at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Mahoney, of consumption, after an illness of about two years.

Mrs. H. W. Harbaugh expects to leave in a few days for a visit with Duluth and Chicago friends.

Mrs. J. Stein left last Thursday for her old home at Albany, N. Y., for a visit. Mr. Stein accompanied her as far as Duluth.

Mrs. W. V. Caldwell returned to Virginia Tuesday for a short visit. She expects to spend most of the summer at her home in Hudson, Wis.

Postmaster Ellsworth, of Eveleth, was in the city the other day and says that his town is going to make great preparations for the firemen's torunament, which will be held there next September. Mr. Ellsworth is chief of the department at Eveleth.

HIBBING.

Hibbing, April 28.—The board of supervisors of the township of Stuntz met in special session at the office of the clerk on Monday evening and trasacted some business in regard to the petition for roads that was circulated some weeks ago. All the members were present and a motion was carried that a hearing would be held at the town clerk's office on the road question on Thursday, May 3.

The proposed teachers' meeting which was to be held at Virginia on May 4 and 5, has been postponed indefinitely. Superintendent Wheeler writes that lack of interest, lateness of the year and fear of contagious diseases urged the committee to drop further plans at this time.

Eugene McCarthy, of this place, died at St. Mary's hospital in Duluth, Wednesday evening of pneumonia, at the age of 48 years.

At the meeting of the school board Wednesday evening it was decided to postpone the opening of bids for the building of a new schoolhouse. The Consolidated Mining company, who have the mineral rights to the lot reserved, made a request that the opening of bids be postponed until they had time to consider the advisability of exchanging some other lots for the present sight.

Mrs. Dr. Manson left Thursday for Minneapolis. After a few weeks' visit there she will leave for the East, where she will visit relatives this summer.

C. P. Earl, deputy organizer of the Modern Samaritans, came up from Duluth Monday morning and at once started to organize a council of that order in this town.

Last Saturday night the fire alarm was turned in about 7:30 p. m., and the fire department went out to the old Mahoning location to help the people living in that locality back fire.

A movement is on foot to close the stores at 8 o'clock in the evening, except Saturday evening.

Mrs. George Cobb left the first of the week for a visit with her sister in West Superior.

Bread made of Gold Medal Flour keeps fresh and sweet longest because it is richest in gluten and all the best elements of the best hard, spring wheat. The quality of

Gold Medal FLOUR

never varies; the tenth barrel you buy will be exactly like the first. Milled only by WASHBURN, CROSBY CO., Minneapolis, Minn.

"A TRAINING IN CLEANLINESS IS A FORTUNE." COMPLETE YOUR EDUCATION WITH

SAPOLIO

19,846 MEN STRICTURED

Weak, Wasting, Despondent CURED LAST YEAR.

Startling Record of Gran-Solvent.

Dissolves Stricture like snow beneath the sun, reduces ENLARGED PROSTATE, contracts and strengthens the Seminal Ducts, forever stopping Drains and Emissions IN 15 DAYS.

No Drugs to Ruin the Stomach, but a Direct, Local and Positive Application to the Entire Urethral Tract.

GRAN-SOLVENT Is the Wonder of the Century.

Discovered by the Chemist Fabricn, it quickly interested the great Scientist and Physician. Erdman, who proclaimed it and proclaimed that cases unlike in Urethral Ailments which electrified the world.

At enormous expenses Dr. C. J. Carter outstripped all competitors and secured exclusive control on the Western Continent for the St. James Association.

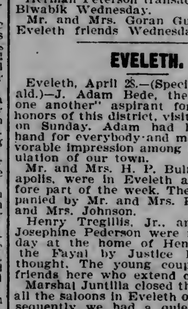
The great virtue in the method of application is its direct and positive action. No vile, drastic drugs to ruin the stomach and digestive system. The Crayons are inserted upon retiring at night, dissolving by the heat and secretions of the body in three hours, while is sufficient time to penetrate and dissolve Stricture, thoroughly medicating the

Prostate Gland,

reducing enlargement and contracting the Seminal Ejaculatory Ducts, forever stopping Drains and Emissions, curing while you sleep without pain or inconvenience. The alterative and antiseptic action of "Gran-Solvent" asserts itself in destroying Gonococci and the germs that infest the Bladder and Prostate Gland.

During the past year 19,846 weak, stricturedwasting wrecks have been cured—19,846 men feel again to begin life anew with fresh vigor, full of strength and the consciousness of restored manhood. Under the influence of this sovereign solvent Stricture is dissolved and dislodged in 15 days, no matter how old, tough or calloused it has become.

From time immemorial, cutting and dilating have filled up the brutal, fruitless record of treatment in Stricture, and yet there has never been one's back ache nor headache. The eagerness with which medical men are applying for this solvent is an open confession of their error in the past. Over 800 Physicians in the United States and Canada have abandoned the knife and are employing "Gran-Solvent" in their practice as a humane and unfailing agent.



Showing the Prostate Gland, Right Seminal Duct (relaxed and limp) and Urethral Canal with Crayon in position to dissolve. The Crayon is inserted into the Canal at night, where it dissolves, applying GRAN-SOLVENT *on its full strength locally and directly.*

Varicocele.

Varicocele is an accumulation of sluggish blood in the veins of the Scrotum, due solely to imperfect circulation, and has its origin in a diseased and torpid Prostate Gland. Operations in this disease are only temporary, and no mechanical device yet discovered has cured a single case. Mastery the cause, restore healthy circulation, Varicocele disappears and the sluggish accumulation is replaced by pure, healthy, red blood.

GRAN-SOLVENT IS NOT A LIQUID.—It is prepared in the form of Crayons or Pencils, smooth and flexible, and so narrow as to pass the

Dr. Bruess' Powerful Penetrating Peerless Remedy

For all pains of the body, as

Rheumatism, Cold in the Chest, Pneumonia, Neuralgia, Spine Disease, Backache, Lumbago, Sprained Joints, Croup, Bronchitis, Sore Throat.

Dr. Bruess in his many years of private and hospital practice in Berlin, Germany, found this celebrated remedy to be a positive cure for the above ailments

This Wonderful Remedy will give you instant relief. Once used, you will recommend it to your friends and neighbors.

Orders from the country amounting to $2, express charges will be prepaid. Free sample on request given out at store.

For sale only by—

S. F. BOYCE, Druggist,

Corner Fourth Avenue West and Superior Street.

Northwestern Benevolent Society,

Lonsdale Building, Duluth, Minn.

Claims paid to members over $270,000.

Insures Against Accident, Sickness and Death.

Agents Wanted in Wisconsin and Minnesota.

GOSSIP OF THE STAGE

"Who Is Who" Booked For the Lyceum For Tuesday Next and "A Texas Steer" For Thursday Night.

Clara Butt, the Opera Singer, to Be Wedded.

May Irwin Is Wealthy and Enjoys Her Riches.

The attraction at the Lyceum next Tuesday will be the comedy of complications, "Who is Who." This is the third and, we are informed, the best edition of this successful farce, and it will be well seasoned with some lively specialties, music, song and dancing diversions. The plot of the comedy dwells on the complications that arise over the use of a phonograph and a myth by the name of Nemo, a supposititous partner of Charles E. Pusey, who plays the part of a lawyer named Hartland, who, having failed to arrange a business connection with an older lawyer, finally put up a shingle, "Nemo & Hartland," the former being supposed to be absent on business of importance to the firm. When the play opens Hartland is heavily in debt and everyone is inquiring for Nemo. The non-appearance of Nemo leads to the charge that he has been murdered, and Hartland, in order to escape the evil threatened, impersonates the supposed dead man. Bert St. John plays the part of a German capitalist who resolves to clear up the mystery of Nemo's whereabouts, and turns amateur detective for that purpose. His efforts are decidedly amusing, and the many complications arising from his discoveries are most ridiculous yet legitimately brought out, and occasion shouts of hearty laughter and merriment.

The excellent scenes and amusing complications are said to have a decided vein of originality about them, and the piece is mounted with new and elaborate scenery from the brush of Arthur Voeghtlin, of Hoyt's theater, New York, and the music by Charles Prince. The company comprises such artists as Eva Tanguay, Katherine Weston, Sophia Webb, Georgia Tompkins, Metta and Katherine Miller, the Whitting sisters, Louise Gould, Sadie Whitcomb, Pusey and St. John, James Cherry, Harry N. Welch, Charles Adams and Arthur Roach.

"A TEXAS STEER."

"A Texas Steer" will be driven into the corral at the Lyceum Thursday. It is not a Maverick, for it has a Hoyt brand upon it. "A smile endricled by a broad grin on left shoulder." It will gallop through four acts of real fun and absurdities. One of the earlier efforts of this author, if it is an effort for him to write comedy, "A Texas Steer" satirising Washington society and illustrating the metamorphosis of Maverick Brander from a simple rancher to a senator, has lost nothing in all the many seasons. Age only seems to have improved it. There is a single charm about the comedies of Charles Hoyt, no matter how often they are seen, there is always something new to laugh at, so that they give the impression that the author is constantly rewriting them. Again, it is seldom that they are ever badly played, which may be owing to the fact that Hoyt engages and rehearses the company himself. Katie Putnam plays the part of Bossy and imparts to it the charm of an original personality, one that is magnetic and has an eccentric little method of her own of finishing her comedy speeches that is positively charming.

MAY IRWIN IS WEALTHY.

When a woman still in the very prime of life's journey has made $400,000 by her own efforts, her opinion about the art of getting rich is worth something, says the Chicago Chronicle. This is May Irwin's formula: "Hard work and horse sense."

It is not to be supposed that she says she is worth $400,000. She will not tell how much money she has accumulated, but she will admit that she has enough to retire from the stage and live in luxury. It is possible that she is worth more than the amount named, and she is taking more money right now than she has ever done in her life. If there ever was a business woman May Irwin is one. When folks talk of her luck and her genius it makes the young woman wink a significant left eye.

"All the genius I have is work," she says, "and all the luck is good, sound common sense."

This rather shatters fictions that encourage so many people. It is really rather difficult to reconcile the joyous, merry, light-hearted May Irwin of the stage with a hard-working woman who refuses to get poor under the strain.

"I learned years ago that it is important to have money in this world. If you haven't money you might as well be dead. I had to go on the stage as a child because when my father died it was found out that everything had disappeared. It hasn't always been plain sailing for me. Why, I've gone hungry, actually."

May Irwin paused and glanced into the mirror. Then she sighed. "It has been a long time since she went hungry." And then she laughed. She bubbles with humor, with good, honest fun—a wholesome, delicious fun that is one of the greatest gifts in the world.

A SONG BIRD TO MATE.

A London cable to the Chicago Tribune says: The engagement is announced of Clara Butt, the English opera singer, and Kennedy Rumford, the baritone, and the marriage set for the end of June.

Miss Butt, who has been mentioned as the leading contralto of England, is 6 feet 2¼ inches tall, and approaches the Oriental style of beauty. Miss Butt is the eldest of seven sisters.

She possesses as delightful a personality in private life as she does on the concert platform, and it rarely falls to the lot of any really successful individual to be so popular as is Miss Butt with the members of her own profession. Unlike most song birds, she early realized that the best of musical tuition could be obtained in her native country quite as effectually, if not more so, as in France and Italy. Accordingly she soon became the show pupil of the Royal College of Music, where, even as a student, her great musical abilities and exquisite voice attracted the attention of royalty —indeed, she made her debut in the R. C. M. students' performance of "Orfeo," which took place at the Lyceum theater in the December of 1892, and at which the prince of Wales was present. During the last seven years Miss Butt's career has been one long triumph, but success has not spoilt her. She is never happier than when leading a quiet country life in her beautiful native county of Sussex, and driving has remained the greatest pleasure of her life and her favorite form of recreation.

DIXEY AN ERRATIC ACTOR.

That interesting employe of the Dramatic Mirror, the "Matinee Girl," has the following characteristic sketch concerning Henry E. Dixey in the last issue of the paper. Mr. Dixey was seen here this season with Stuart Robson in "Oliver Goldsmith," and is at present with Mr. Robson in New York.

"My young friend, Henry E. Dixey, has made another of those spasmodic hits of his that make us all take off our hats to him.

"Every once in a while—about every year or so—Dixey gives an imitation of a man thinking and determines to make a hit; just to show us that he can do it when he tries.

"Then he goes off and forgets it, and you hear about him in all sorts of strange places—doing tricks with cards and juggling with oranges in continuous performances—and you think that it's all over, when suddenly he pops up on Broadway and makes the biggest kind of a finished, thoroughly studied out, artistic success such as he has accomplished in his part of David Garrick at the Fifth Avenue with Stuart Robson in 'Oliver Goldsmith.'

"This erratic actor is most happily cast in this part in the company of this star, who is one of the few men on the stage who is quite as proud of any member of his company making a hit as he might be of his own individual success. He realizes that the more finished is each part, the more pleasing and perfect is the play in its entirety. No one yet ever heard of Stuart Robson pushing some hard-working leading lady out of the range of the calcium or sulking because she received a curtain call.

"So that perhaps the latest Dixey hit may be the beginning of better things. Or, maybe, when he gets tired of being good, he'll go off and join the circus or something of that sort. He doesn't seem to think anything is worth while for any length of time.

"It's a way with some very brilliant people to act thus. And it's not carelessness half so much as it is egotism. Those of us who are too sure of ourselves like to play with our opportunities. And some day we wake up and find them, like the sunbeams that babies chase along the carpet—all gone."

THE HOPPER PANTOMIMES.

One of the sure signs of an actor's success in London is the way he figures in the pantomimes. If an actor makes a real strong hit in London he is sure to find himself burlesqued in this species of entertainment so dear to the English during the holidays. Yet, if De Wolf Hopper's status abroad were to be judged by the way he figures in these entertainments, the theater-goer could come to no other conclusion than that the tall comedian has made an impression upon the public that was in the nature of beign gigantic.

One London paper lately said that in pantomime in local theaters and in the provinces there were no less than fifty performers made up as Hopper, and singging his songs from "El Capitan" and "The Charlatan." In "Puss in Boots," at the Garrick, there were two Hoppers on the stage at one time—one of the performers made up as "El Capitan" and the other as Demidoff, "The Charlatan." Will Bishop, the comedian of the Empire Music hall, the most popular resort of the kind in England, is now wearing Hopper's old "El Capitan" suit. He sings "Behold El Capitan" and attempts an imitation of the comedian's voice. He then changes to Hopper's "Charlatan" make-up and sings his "I Am the Seventh Son of a Seventh Son" song. In the burlesque, "Giddy Ostend," at the splendid new London Hippodrome, one of the characters is called "The Wolf Hoppera Hawkshaw, the Detective."

A few facts like these fully demonstrate the really fine impression Hopper made in London; an impression that led one of the daily papers, the Globe, to say that "There is not a funny man in England that approaches this inimitable American comedian."

MANY WERE MINSTRELS.

Talking with Francis Wilson recently, a friend chanced to mention the fact that the first work on the stage of a now very prominent comedian was done with a minstrel company. "There are some in the profession," said Mr. Wilson, "who seem to think that minstrel work is inferior; the best of them do not.

"I remember an incident that happened when we were traveling in the all-star cast of 'The Rivals' which illustrates this. One of the younger ladies of the company was speaking of a friend who had become attached to a member of a minstrel company, and regretting that her affections had not been placed upon a man higher in rank in the profession. Old Mrs. Drew immediately resented the sneer at minstrelsy, and declared that men who used burnt cork were as good as those who wore grease paint. She appealed to Joseph Jefferson, who remarked that he would have no objection to his daughter marrying a minstrel, provided she loved him, and then he added that he himself used to black up, and he knew that Edwin Booth played the banjo in the olden time. Then W. H. Crane spoke up, and recalled the fact that he was once the middle man in a minstrel show, and Nat Goodwin referred to the time when he was a minstrel in the same company that I was. So it turned out that every one of the men in the party had at some time in his career been in the minstrel business."

Mrs. James Brown Potter, who is as much as ever the fashion in London, has been using her influence there to secure as much social entertainment as possible for Mrs. Leslie Carter, another woman who has been called a society actress on account of the fact that she served no apprenticeship on the stage, but made her first dramatic efforts rather later in life than most actresses, and had never thought of using her talents in that direction until she had attracted public attention in another way. Mrs. Potter's professional fortunes seem to prosper in London. She has not been connected with a theatrical success there for a year, but she remains a conspicuous and attractive figure in a certain set of English society. Her husband's action for divorce is not likely to have any effect on her position. Kyrle Bellew, who appeared with Mrs. Potter when she acted last, is said to be on his way to Australia, where he is to play in the principal cities without the co-operation of Mrs. Potter, says the New York Sun. It is not generally known that it was Mrs. Potter and not Mrs. Carter, who seemed likely to be the first actress trained by David Belasco. When she decided to become a professional actress she was on the point of accepting an offer from Daniel Frohman. Henry C. Milner, who was anxious at that time to attract attention to theatricals, whether he made money or not, heard that Mrs. Potter was about to go on the stage and had received an offer from Daniel Frohman, with whom David Belasco was at that time associated. So he made Mrs. Potter a much more liberal offer and she accepted it. The financial returns at that time were greater, but the actress' future career might have been very different if David Belasco's wonderful talents had been devoted to her training. Mrs. Carter's career shows that.

JOE HART'S PLAYS.

Joe Hart is the proprietor of "Dangerous Women," the chief melo-dramatic heat of the season in New York. His new vaudeville play, "A Close Call," has been acted eight consecutive weeks in the Keith quadruple circuit of theaters. A rooster fight is one of its incidents. Mr. Hart is writing a new play called "Winning a Widow," the incidents of which occur in a broker's office.

VIOLA ALLEN'S PLANS.

Viola Allen, at the beginning of next season, will have four plays available to the dramatization which Lorimer Stoddard is making of F. Marion Crawford's latest story, "In the Palace of the King," and "The Mantle of Elijah," which Israel Zangwill is writing with her in mind. Miss Allen has secured an option on "L'Enchantment" which Jane Harding will produce at the Odeon, in Paris, on May 1. The fourth play is the one by Leo Ditrichstein, as yet unnamed, which Miss Allen will produce in Chicago in a few weeks.

FOOTLIGHT FLASHES.

Henry Irving and Ellen Terry will occupy the Metropolitan theaters in St. Paul and Minneapolis next week. L. N. Scott, to secure them, had to give a very large guarantee.

Alexander Clark and Richard Lee are engaged upon a condensed version of Taylor's "Still Waters Run Deep." They propose to bring it down to a 20-minute sketch, and play the vaudeville houses during the coming summer.

Sam and Dick Bernard will star in a new play by John J. McNally.

Clara Lipman has just finished a dramatization of the popular novel, "Lady Barbarity." It will in all probability be included in Mr. Mann's and Miss Lipman's repertoir next year.

Three religious plays are now running at New York theaters.

Fanny Rice has contracted to appear in vaudeville for four weeks in the Keith circuit of theaters. After this engagement she will go to the Paris exposition and resume her starring tour in this country in the Rosina Vokes plays on Oct. 1.

Boito has promised to present "Nero" at La Scala, Milan, some time during 1902. The libretto is in five acts. One act is in Simon Mago's house, another is in the circus, two are during the fire of Rome, and the last represents Nero's flight. The acts are short and in Greek meter.

Langdon Mitchell has a rich field for dramatization in his father's successful novel, "The Adventures of Francois," which is to be produced next season by Liebler and company.

Nellie McHenry is to star in "Miss."

Walter Damrosch is to conduct the German operas at the Metropolitan Opera house next winter in place of Emil Paur.

Pugilist Jeffries will impersonate an Arizona sheriff in a new melo-drama by Clay M. Greene.

New York prohibited a production of the "Passion Play" by Italians.

A dozen cities this week will witness "Quo Vadis."

Joseph Jefferson has been on the stage 60 years.

"Old Jed Prouty" will be revived next season by Richard Golden.

Sir Robert Peel, grandson of the great Peel, is going on the stage.

Eddie Foy will star in "Troubles of His Own."

The central idea in Hanlon Brothers' "A Lively Legacy" is the requirement of a will that certain beneficiaries must be married in bathing suits in the ocean in the middle of January. Laura Joyce Bell is in the cast.

This is the only genuine kind

Any other kind is Not Genuine.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION

Genuine must bear signature

Brent Good

Say "CARTER'S" twice—and be sure they are "CARTER'S."

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

DULUTH PEOPLE

Can Always Find the Best of Proof in Home Testimony.

The following public statement comes from a resident, who can be seen on the street, who can be interviewed at a Duluth home, and who will be only too pleased to give minute particulars to anyone who really suffers from any of the consequences which inevitably follow weakened or over-excited kidneys.

Is not such evidence of more value than a published statement from some citizen of a far-away place?

Mr. W. W. Scott, telegraph operator on the St. Paul & Duluth R. R., living at Sixty-sixth avenue west, corner of Raleigh street, says: "I was troubled with dull aching pains through my loins and kidneys, caused, I think, from constant sitting when at my work. At times my back was so lame and sore that I could scarcely straighten. The kidney secretions were irregular, unnatural in appearance, and I was also troubled a gerat deal with dull, persistent headaches. I was induced to go to the Duluth Drug Co.'s store and get a box of Doan's Kidney Pills from seeing them so highly recommended. I did not take them long before I felt better, and less than one box sufficed to remove the trouble. Doan's Kidney Pills are a splendid remedy and well worthy of a trial by anyone in need of such a preparation."

For sale by all dealers, price 50 cents.

Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no substitute.

Colds on the Chest

When your cold has settled down deep in your chest, cough syrups will not relieve you. The system must be given strength and force to throw off the disease.

Scott's Emulsion

does just this. It enables you to conquer the inflammation. The lungs soon heal, and all danger is passed. Do not let the disease become chronic because of neglect.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

The Copper District

Bigelow Lewisohn Mines Have Five Thousand Tons of Copper Awaiting Shipment But Other Mines Have Little Copper.

Houghton, Mich., April 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—Lake navigation has opened and from now until the ice stops the running of vessels, next December, copper from the local smelters will go forward steadily to Buffalo, thence by rail to the seaboard, or to the big brass and copper working district in Connecticut, where 80,000 people in the Naugatuck valley earn a livelihood from metal working. The Bigelow-Lewisohn group of mines has about 5000 tons of bars and ingots on the wharf at Dollar bay awaiting shipment, but the other mines have very little copper, the heavy demand having caused steady all-rail shipments during the winter, at an added freight cost of about a quarter cent per pound. There have also been large shipments of Montana copper by all-rail routes during the winter. In the season of navigation practically all of the Montana electrolytic copper comes by rail to Duluth, thence to Buffalo by water, and from that port to New York or Baltimore by rail. All of the Lake Superior copper is smelted in this district with the exception of a little less than half of the product of the Calumet & Hecla, which is shipped from the stamp mills at Lake Linden to a furnace owned by the company in Buffalo, for refining there.

The Trimountain is crosscutting to the westward, and will cut the parallel lode which overlays the amygdaloid originally opened, at a distance of about seventy feet. The Champion mine of the Copper Range company also possesses this parallel lode, which carries a very promising quantity of copper.

The management of the Mass Consolidated Mining company has decided on a mill site, and has bought thirty-five acres of frontage on Keweenaw bay, near Newtonville, sixteen miles south of Houghton. This site was chosen in preference to a location much closer to the mine, on Lake Superior, because the sheltered position of the Keweenaw site and the ease of access by either rail or water more than counterbalanced the cost of a forty-mile haul from mine to mill. A long-term contract at a low rate has been made with the Mineral Range railroad by the Mass company for the transportation of stamp rock. Work on the mill is to begin immediately, and it is hoped to have one stamp running by Jan. 1. A single stamp will easily treat 500 tons of rock daily, running double shift. But one stamp, with the necessary jigs and tables, will be put in the mill to start, though the building can be enlarged indefinitely as future necessities may require. This decision of the Mass directorate is a sound one. The mistake of building large mills for small mines is altogether too common. Just as a small house and a large barn betoken a prosperous farm, so a small mill and large underground openings are a promising sign at a new copper mine. The mill and its equipment will be of the best, as far as they go, but no more will be built or installed than will be required for the first year or two of production.

A temporary mill is being built on the old Franklin stamp sands, opposite Houghton, by T. J. Mays, of Dubuque, Iowa, who has a contract at 15 per cent gross royalty for the recovery of copper contained in the tailings. Similar contracts have been secured from other mines, and negotiations are in progress with still others in the district. Should the temporary mill work as satisfactorily as has the laboratory tests, Mr. Mays and his associates will soon become wealthy men, and millions of dollars' worth of copper, now valueless to anyone, will be recovered from the old tailings. The extent of these stamp sands can scarcely be appreciated by those who have not seen them. The Calumet & Hecla mills, at Lake Linden alone, dump over 5000 tons of stamp sand into Torch lake every working day in the year, while such a comparatively small mine as the Franklin is making over 1000 tons of sand daily at its new mill, and there are 15 mills in operation in the district, ranging in size from one to eleven steam stamps each, with several additional mills building, and nearly a dozen planned for construction within the next two years. The accumulations of the past fifty years amount to 100,000,000 tons or more of sand, all pulverized from flinty rock by the never-ceasing blows of the stamps.

There are rumors of new mine flotations, but nothing very definite in the premises. As a plain matter of fact the people of Boston and of the Lake Superior district engorged themselves, during the boom period of '98 and '99, with more copper stocks than their assimilative organs could properly care for, and the time is not yet ripe for flotations requiring the capital of the general public to any considerable amount. A new copper property, if promising, might be placed with the aid of a few strong firms or individuals to act as underwriters, but the bulk of the shares would be left on their hands. The people who have loaded up to the muzzle with copper shares are not letting go of their stocks at the present range of prices, but they are in no shape, as yet, to add to the long lines of coppers already carried. The situation of the metal itself was never more satisfactory. Profits were never larger or prospects more promising, but because of the facts already set forth it does not seem reasonable to look for any pronounced activity and sustained advance in copper shares for some time to come. Conditions or powerful cliques may bring about a boom when least expected, but on the face of the situation the best show for owners of copper is to nail down the dividend-payers and lay away the shares in the more promising of the new mines.

Work on the Isle Royale millsite is progressing well, and it is thought the mine will have nearly five miles of new underground openings by the time the new mill starts work. Little attention has been paid to the old workings, which as a rule are stoped out pretty cleanly. A few of the old drifts have been utilized but all of the shafts are new, from surface downward.

The new permanent combination shafthouse and rockhouse at No. 1 Arcadian has gone into commission. A new shafthouse is being built at the southernmost shaft of the Quincy. Both of these new shafthouses are of structural steel frame, with corrugated iron covering, materials which have come into general favor in the copper district by reason of the immunity from fire given by their use. A fire in a deep mine is a very serious matter, as was shown less than five years ago by a small blaze in No. 3 shaft of the Osceola, a mine which, by reason of the solidity of its walls and vein-rock, requires the minimum of timbering. It was not thought before the fire occurred that there was enough timber in the entire mine to make more than a respectable smudge, yet thirty men and boys were suffocated by the gases from the fire.

Eight carloads of machinery have been received for the new six-stamp mill of the Calumet & Hecla, which is to treat amygdaloid rock from the Osceola lode.

The Trimountain mine is to be given railroad connections within a few weeks. The Trimountain continues to present an exceptionally fine showing, and there is little doubt that it will make a large and rich mine.

The Phoenix has about fifteen tons of mass and barrel copper, and nearly 1000 tons of good stamp rock, all taken from development work. Some indications of great promise are being prepared underground, but no attempt will be made to remove anything but ground required in opening, until the mine has been developed on a considerable scale.

The April product of the Baltic will crowd eighty tons of mineral, and when the second stamp is started at the Atlantic mill on Baltic rock, which should be in a few weeks, the mine can be depended on to turn out an average monthly product of better than 125 tons of mineral.

HORACE J. STEVENS.

Beecham's pills cure Sick Headache.

SALT MINES OF CRACOW.

There are great salt mines in Germany and in England, but the most famous are near Cracow, Poland, says the Indianapolis News. In this mine the streets and galleries are more than 500 miles long. There are immense rooms and chambers, cut out of solid salt, and there is an enormous chapel in which the altar and pulpit, the columns that hold up the roof and a number of statues are all of solid salt.

Special Sale

Gasoline Stoves!

We find we have too large a stock of Gasoline Stoves—**Insurance Gasoline Stoves**—the kind that's safe. We have sold them for three years and we know what we're talking about, and we mean just what we say—**absolutely safe. Note these prices** and remember that they hold good for the coming week only.

	Regular Price.	Special Price
No. 31 E, 3 Burners	$22.00	$16.00
No. 38 Q, 2 Burners	$12.00	$9.00
No. 23 I, 3 Burners	$12.50	$9.50
No. 27 M, 3 Burners	$18.50	$15.00
No. 39 Q, 3 Burners	$14.00	$11.00
No. 21, 2 Burners	$20.00	$16.00
No. 25 M, 2 Burners	$16.50	$14.00

Kelley Hardware Co.

AMUSEMENTS. AMUSEMENTS.

ST. MARY'S HOSPITAL BENEFIT

Grand Production of F. von Flowtow's Beautiful Opera—

"Martha"

Or "The Fair at Richmond," By Home Talent,

MONDAY EVENING, APRIL 30th AT THE LYCEUM

—CAST—

Martha	Mrs. R. L. Knebel
Nancy	Miss Clara Hector
Tristan	Mr. Harry Howell
Plunkett	Mr. Franz Schultz
Lionel	Mr. Geo. L. Tyler
The Sheriff	Mr. C. H. Giddings

Tickets $1.00.

Grand Chorus of Fifty Voices. Flaaten's Augmented Orchestra.

LYCEUM THEATER.

E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.

TUESDAY, MAY 1.

—The Great White Czar of all Fun Shows—

Third and best edition of that rapid, roaring and rollicking—

—FARCE—

WHO IS WHO

Introducing those comic fellows Pusey and St. John and an excellent company of 25 high-class artists. Catchiest and brightest specialties. The newest things in musical farce. Elaborate Scenery —beautiful costumes. Prices—25c, 50c and 75c.

Genevieve Clark Wilson,

SOPRANO.

At the Lyceum, Friday Evening, May 4th.

Concert of the Cecilian Choral Society.

Parquet and Dress Circle—$1.00. Family Circle and Balcony—50c.

PARLOR THEATER.

Wm. J. Wells, Manager. 19 Second Avenue West.

OPEN EVERY NIGHT.

De Armo's Vaudevilles.

All Bright Lights. Big Program of Novelties

Matinee every Saturday 2:30 p. m.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signatnre of Chas. H. Fletcher. **and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.**

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE **CASTORIA** ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

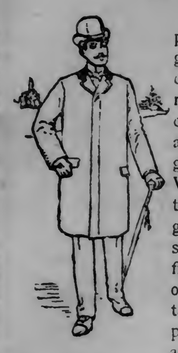
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

EIGHTEENTH YEAR. MONDAY, APRIL 30, 1900. LAST EDITION. TWO CENTS.

$10 to $25 for Men's Fashionable Top Coats and Spring Suits, Ready-to-wear.



Two or three nationally famous makers produce the greater part of our clothing. These great concerns are able to employ cutters and designers who are real artists in their line—men who draw salaries that no custom-tailo can afford to pay. To the skill of these me and to our care and watchfulness should given the credit for our admirable Spring lin We test and select the fabrics, patterns trimmings and specify the make-up of garments. They (the tailors) attend to style and perfect fit. We can fit nearly e figure perfectly, with Clothing that has none of the ready-made appearance that is so distasteful to most men. Correct fabrics, genteel patterns, conservative styles and perfect fit—all these at very much less than it is possible for a high-class custom-tailor to duplicate them for.

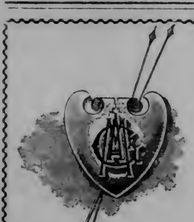
Men's Spring Top Coats, $10 to $20. Men's Spring Suits of Fancy Worsteds, blue and black Serge and Oxford Cheviot, $10 to $25.

STORE OPEN TONIGHT UNTIL 9:00 O'CLOCK.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters. The BIG DULUTH 125 and 127 West Superior St.

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

ESTABLISHED 1869.



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Graves-Manley Agency,

GENERAL INSURANCE,

Torrey Bldg., First Floor. DULUTH, MINN.

Don't Buy Outside lots until you see what we have to offer in WOODLAND. 25 lots, 50x132, near the car line. Easy payments.

MOORE & STARK, Exchange Building.

IT PAYS TO TRADE WITH

R. R. FORWARD & CO.

We have just received another consignment of

Cleveland and World Bicycles.

Those who have been waiting for wheels can secure them now.

Why buy cheap wheels when you can have THE VERY BEST at such low figures.

Cleveland Chainless, best on earth	$75
Cleveland Light Roadster	$50
Cleveland Road Wheel	$40
World Special	$40
World Light Road	$35
World Road Wheel	$30
Barnes White Flyer, only	$40
Reliance, blue enamel, is a beauty for only...	$25

Cheaper Wheels for $20.

We can give you the best value for your money.

Wheels Sold on Payments.

We do all kinds of Bicycle repairing. Prices right.

SPECIAL.

For the entire week. Christy Saddles, 1900 style. Our price only $1.38.

A PLEASING RETROSPECT.

Much satisfaction is derived from the contemplation of some article of

FURNITURE

bought here long ago, perhaps. No sign of decripitude in its sturdy frame. No loss of beauty on its polished surface, if ordinary care has been taken.

ROCKERS.....

Until May 1st, 15 per cent off on all Rockers $1.75 and up.

Get our prices on Carpets and Steel Ranges.

R. R. FORWARD & CO., 2021-23 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

TICKETS To and from all European Points, via—

WHITE STAR LINE.

FOR SALE BY---- PULFORD, HOW & COMPANY,

Room B, Trust Company Building.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best DENTAL WORK at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Block. Telephone 755, Call 4. **D. H. DAY, Dentist.**

A LONG JOURNEY.

Ely

Long journeys generally mean long absences; and a good picture from home is the very best companion.

Our Photographs give pleasure the world over. They possess the true artistic touch and the superiority of their mechanical development leaves nothing to be desired. 7 E. Superior St.

WHY BOERS RETIRED

They Left Thaba Nchu In Order to Occupy Stronger Positions.

LOCATED ON RIDGES

Are Well Placed to the Eastward---Hammering Hard at Mafeking.

London, April 30, 2:10 p. m.—The latest news from the Orange Free State indicates that though the Boers have evacuated Thaba Nchu, they have only done so in order to occupy stronger positions. On Sunday, April 29, Gen Dewet made an effort to turn French's eastern flank, which was only foiled by the cavalry after vigorous maneuvering. The Boers hold the ridges to the eastward, whence they will probably fall back when the pressure of superior numbers increases.

The British casualties sustained during the Thaba Nchu fighting were slight.

Gen. French's object, now that all chance of catching the main bodies of the burghers has disappeared, is to harrass the Boers and prevent any well organized retreat.

From Beira, Portuguese East Africa, under date of Monday, April 23, comes the news of the arrival there of a Canadian 12-pounder battery. It is added that Sir Gen. Frederick Carrington, who is to command the British troops going to Rhodesia, has been cordially welcomed by the Portuguese officials and that he has reviwed the Portuguese troops.

Cape Town reports say that Dr. Jameson has recovered from the severe attack of fever from which he has been suffering and he is mentioned as one of the candidates for a seat in parliament represnting Kimberley.

The agent of Julius Weil, at Mafeking, wrote under date of April 12, most cheerfully, saying everything was satisfactory. He added that the Boer guns were firing heavily into the town and that a determined attack had been repulsed without casualties on the British side.

A conception of the continuous ravages of the war can be gathered from a Cape Town dispatch dated today briefly announcing the arrival from Natal of twenty-five officers and 232 men invalided home and the sailing of the Aurania for England with 400 sick and wounded soldiers.

Endeavors are being made to remedy the remount question. A Simla dispatch announces that 500 native horse keepers, 150 shoesmiths and fifty veterinary officers have been drawn from India for service in South Africa.

CANADIANS DID NOBLY.

They Made a Gallant Charge at Israel's Poort.

London, April 30.—A special from Thaba Nchu dated Thursday, describing the fight at Israels Poort, which is about seven miles west of Thaba Nchu says:

Three hundred Boers were strongly entrenched on two kopjes. The place of honor was given to the Canadians who advanced very cleverly under their dashing commander, Col. Otter. The Boers reserved their fire until the Canadians had reached the wire entanglements. Then they opened with a terrific hail of bullets.

"The Canadians, however, had taken to cover and were not greatly delayed. They were ably supported in the assault by the Grahamstown horse. Successive rushes brought them right up to the kopjes, when Col. Otter was struck twice, one bullet inflicting a nasty, but not dangerous wound in the neck, and the other tearing the bandages from his shoulder. But he still cheered his men on until the kopjes were carried. The Boers bolted.

The British losses were twenty in killed and wounded.

The Standard correspondent at Bloemfontein telegraphing Sunday evening, says:

"Reports have just been received that the Boers are retiring to the north of Ladybrand. Their horses are exhausted and they themselves disappointed over their failures to capture Col. Dalgety's position. The British cavalry who were pursuing the fugitive commandos are returning to Bloemfontein."

A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Johannesburg, dated Thursday, April 26, says:

"Personal examination at the scene of the Begbie works disaster show that the foundry was destroyed by the explosion beyond repair, probably this side of the declaration of peace, although the shell making plant may be transferred to another foundry.

"It is said that seventeen workmen are still unaccounted for. Mr. Begbie is charged with murder. He is suspected by the Boers of having blown up his works which cost $400,000 in order to revenge himself for the affront of being compelled to manufacture munitions of war for the enemy."

BOERS ESCAPE FRENCH.

Are Believed to Have Made Good Their Retreat.

New York, April 30.—A special to the Tribune from London says: The distance between Thaba Nchu and Ladybrand is 40 miles, and the veldt leads into a hilly and even mountainous district. At the edge of Basutoland, Ladybrand is the natural point of concentration for Olivier's and Dewet's forces, and can only be approached by a British army in strength.

Gen. Robert's plans are not revealed by the dispatches. He can either follow the Boers toward Ladybrand and then resume his advance northward to Senekal, or he can make a narrower wheeling movement from Thaba Nchu and throw the bulk of his forces between Winburg and Dewet's and Olivier's commandoes. The conditions of his transport are unknown and the direction of the movement of the British forces cannot be forcasted with any degree of confidence. Gen. Roberts has cleared his eastern flank, but may be compelled to halt until his transport is in order.

The war office gave out a short death list at midnight, including the names of several officers, but offered no explanations of the operations around Thaba Nchu since Friday morning. The natural inference was that the Boers had retreated toward Ladybrand and that Gen. French had not succeeded in surrounding them or blocking the road.

The brilliance of Gen. Roberts' maneuvers is generally recognized by well informed military men, but the Aldershot group is ready to criticise his strategy. These croakers are bent upon having a Paardeberg every time, but this is hardly reasonable, especially when the Boer forces are mobile and led with exceptional caution and ability. Gen. Roberts' results are accomplished without serious losses. His campaign is very different from the battle of Colenso as described by Sir William MacCormack, in which the British casualties were 1130 and the Boer losses thirty, an astonishing exhibit, which has induced sober reflection here upon the Aldershot methods of training and field practice, and similar deductions might be drawn from the record of Gen. Methuen at Mazersfontein. The war has not ended, but seems likely to be prolonged for many months; but Gen. Roberts has redeemed the military prestige of the empire from reproach and restored the morale of the British army.

BOER ENVOYS COMING.

Will Sail For the United States Next Thursday.

The Hague, April 30.—The members of the Boer peace commission will sail from Rotterdam for the United States next Thursday evening by the Holland-American line steamer Maasdam. Dr. Leyds and Dr. Mutter will not accompany the delegates.

RAINS IN COLORADO.

Still Pouring and April Fall Exceeds Eight Inches.

Denver, Col., April 30.—The storm of the past thirty-six hours in Denver and the surrounding country has been exactly the same as the two prvelous spells of bad weather this month—a steady downpour all along the eastern slope of the Rockies for hundreds of miles, with the storm center apparently at Denver.

The precipitation for the twenty-nine days of April has been more than eight inches, six inches in excess of normal. The rainfall for April alone is almost equal to the quantity that fell for the entire year of 1899.

Apprehensions are again felt regarding the safety of Castlewood dam, at the head of Cherry creek, thirty miles from Denver. The dam holds back 2,000,000,000 gallons of water, and should it break it would cause great property damage and probably loss of life. Residents along the course of Cherry creek abandoned their homes last night, in anticipation of a break in the dam.

The Platt river, in this city, is thirty inches higher today than it has been for eight years.

MURDER IN CHICAGO.

A Police Sergeant Is Shot By Unknown Men.

Chicago, April 30.—Desk Sergt. Timothy S. O'Connell, of the Woodlawn police station, was shot and instantly killed on the Eighteenth street viaduct last night. The shooting is a mystery. Two men were seen running away from the scene of the shooting after the shot were heard.

When the body was found the officer's revolver was clutched in his right hand. The weapon had not been discharged. Near the body was a black derby hat which is thought to have belonged to the murderer. Two hours after the shooting James Senta was arrested because he was found without a hat. It is thought by the police that either one or two men attempted to hold up the officer who was mistaken for an ordinary citizen.

NEW YORK CENTRAL STRIKE.

Situation at Buffalo Unchanged---Trainmen Not Involved.

Buffalo, April 30.—There are no developments in the New York Central strike situation here. Superintendent of Motive Power Turner of the Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg road denies that any of their men have gone out, and says they have made no demand upon the company, which is paying the rates paid by the other companies and hopes to continue to do so.

Cleveland, April 30.—Grand Master E. Morrisey of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen stated today that there was very little probability of his organization becoming involved in the strike on the New York Central road.

Asked if the trainmen on that line had any grievances, he said that he would prefer not to discuss the subject. He would not deny, however, that they did have grievances, and admitted that the strikers had the sympathy of the trainmen.

New York, April 30.—Commissioner Delehanty, of the state board of mediation and arbitration, and Superintendent of Motive Power Watt, of the New York Central railroad, were in conference at the latter's offices today in regard to the striking men at Buffalo, who have asked for an increase of 10 per cent in pay. The conference lasted for some time. Commissioner Delehanty merely offered to serve as arbitrator in the matter and was not acting for the strikers. After the conference, Superintendent Watt said that the conditions at Buffalo remained unchanged.

About 950 men belonging to the shop and yard departments, he said, were on strike. He agreed to give a reply to Commissioner Delehanty by 1 o'clock this afternoon.

At the conclusion of the conference between Commissioner Delehanty and Superintendent Watt, it was announced that the latter had agreed to go to Buffalo to meet a committee of striking employes, or would receive such a committee here if the men preferred. No decision was reached on the wage question.

At 11:30 it was stated by officials at the Central & Lake Shore transfer freight houses that the threatened strike had not materialized and that all of their men were working.

GOEBEL MURDER CASE.

Suspects' Attorneys In Frankfort to Argue For Removal.

Frankfort, Ky., April 30.—Ex-Governor Brown, J. C. Sims and all the attorneys for those now under arrest charged with the murder of William Goebel, arrived here today, but the motions for bail and change of venue cannot be taken until the afternoon as court will not convene till 2 o'clock. Governor Taylor remained in Louisville to confer with his party leaders.

JOHNSON HAS RESIGNED.

Chief of Engraving and Printing Bureau Steps Out.

Washington, April 30.—Claude M. Johnson, chief of the bureau of engraving and printing, has tendered his resignation to Secretary Gage.

INDIANA SAILS.

New York, April 30.—The battleship Indiana left the Brooklyn navy yard today bound for League Island, where she is to be laid up in ordinary.

OUTLOOK IS GLOOMY

Consul Fowler Fears Much More Trouble In China For Foreigners.

NEED OF PASSPORTS

He Cites a Case In Which One Saved Several Lives.

Washington, April 30.—Consul Fowler has included in his annual report published by the bureau of foreign commerce of the state department a short chapter devoted to the missionary troubles in Shang Tung and Northern China. He refers to the peaceful conditions reported by him in his preceding report, and says:

"Unfortunately, the story is now different. Since Christmas there has been nothing but trouble. Riots, murder and acts of the most diabolical nature have been committed upon the native adherents of the missionaries. The situation grew so bad that the Germans sent inland a strong military force, burning down one or two villages and taking back with them several of the leaders of the villages as hostages for future peace. On several occasions Americans and Germans escaped by diplomacy and pluck.

"The indemnity for these outrages has just been paid, and now the whole western part of the province is in a ferment, and much care will be necessary to pass the winter without the loss of foreign life."

The consul shows that the American population in the province has increased from 165 to 250 in one year, most of whom are connected with the American missions. He expresses surprise at the large amount of Americans coming to China failing to take out passports, especially in Port Arthur and Russian territory. Much trouble and inconvenience, he says, would be saved if the various mission boards supplied their missionaries with these passports. On this point the consul says:

"I have been officially informed by one mission in this province that they owed their lives to the possession by one of them of a passport that had been sealed by the Pekin authorities shortly after the coup last fall. These Americans were in deadly peril; in fact, they had expected every hour to be their last. The mob was ugly, extremely dangerous, because the emperor no longer reigned. There was no government, therefore no one to punish them. As a last resort one of the Americans showed him his passport, pointing to the date in Chinese, with the big seal over it—the date was a month after the coup. The government at Pekin still lived, the mob became more cautious, troops arrived and our people were saved. The cost of the passport was $2. It saved the lives of three Americans and China much money in indemnities."

TEN YEARS FOR MILLER.

Franklin Syndicate Man Sentenced on the First Indictment.

New York, April 30.—William F. Miller, manager of the "Franklin Syndicate," who was recently convicted of grand larceny, was sentenced today in Brooklyn to serve ten years' imprisonment. Motions for a new trial and a stay of proceedings were denied. The indictment on which Miller was convicted charged him with swindling Mrs. Catherine Mercer out of $1000, and there are twenty other indictments now standing against him.

"The Franklin Syndicate" promised to pay 10 per cent per week on deposits, its managers alleging that the money to do this was made in the stock markets. The total amount received by the concern was about $1,000,000.

A STIR IN DUBLIN.

Welland Canal Explosion Suspects Said to Be Uneasy.

London, April 30.—Reports come from Dublin of considerable uneasiness in the circles there with which Nolan, Walsh and Rowan, the three men arrested in Canada in connection with the blowing up of a lock of the Welland canal near Thorold, Ont., on the evening of April 21, are alleged to be connected, and the authorities anticipate some hasty departures from the city. It is said that John Nolan had previously been arrested for complicity in the Exchange court explosion near Dublin castle. Nolan, Walsh, Rowan and John Merna sailed for Philadelphia in November, and it is now suggested that Merna has been "removed" by his comrades. It is further alleged that if Nolan and the others are convicted, light will be thrown on several noted crimes.

BATTLESHIP ASHORE.

A Japanese Vessel Grounds Off the English Coast.

Portsmouth, April 30.—The Japanese battleship Asahi has run ashore off Southsea. The tide was falling as she grounded, and anxiety is expressed as to the extent of the damage she may sustain. The dockyard tugs have failed to move the vessel, and as the tide ordinarily falls thirteen feet, her position is liable to become extremely hazardous.

COMANCHES STARVING.

Money Due Them Not Paid and Rations Stopped.

Wichita, Kan., April 30.—It is reported that the Kiowah Comanche Indians are starving. Money due them has not been paid and it is said their rations have been cut off.

It is rumored that traders have refused them credit and their squaws are begging for food.

BISHOP CHURTON ARRIVES.

New York, April 30.—The Right Rev. Edward Churton, bishop of Nassau, N. H., arrived on the Ward line steamship City of Washington today. He will sail on the Germanic on Wednesday on a health-seeking tour.

FIRES IN MICHIGAN

Town of Ames Destroyed and Much Damage Done at Nathan.

OTHERS IN JEOPARDY

Fires Raging Along the Wisconsin & Michigan and Milwaukee Roads.

Milwaukee, April 30.—An Evening Wisconsin special from Marinette, Wis., says: Forest fires raged furiously north of Fisher, Mich., along the right of way of the Wisconsin & Michigan railway Saturday and Sunday. The property damage will be large.

The station, water tank and other property of the railway company, and a large cedar yard belonging to the C. H. Worcester company at Ames, Mich., were destroyed by fire. The town was practically wiped out, entailing a loss of about $30,000 or more.

Considerable cedar stock at Nathan, Mich., was also destroyed.

The Wisconsin & Michigan railway ran a special train up the line Sunday to rescue the fire stricken people in the small villages along the road. All the inhabitants of the towns of Ames and Nathan were taken to Pembine for safety.

It is said the Wisconsin & Michigan passenger which left here last night was unable to get further north than Fisher, Mich. At the latter place only a heoric effort saved the town.

Forest fires are burning everwhere north of here, and further damage will result unless there is rain. The country is very dry and the fires spread rapidly.

Fires are said to be burning along the right-of-way of the Milwaukee road north of Ellis junction.

WILL PROTEST.

Manilla Merchants Object to Taxation Exacted By the Military Government.

New York, April 30.—A special to the World from Washington says: There will be laid before congress tomorrow a memorial from the American chamber of commerce at Manilla protesting vigorously against the excessive taxation exacted by the United States military government.

FATALITIES AT EXPOSITION.

Two Accidents at Paris Show Cost Ten Lives.

Paris, April 30.—An accident within the exposition grounds yesterday caused the death of nine persons and injured about forty. A temporary bridge, unable to withstand the Sunday crowd, broke.

A footbridge, on which the finishing touches were put yesterday, crosses the Avenue De Suffren, connecting the side show, the Celestial Globe, with the exposition grounds. It was constructed of wood with a stucco facade, and with a plaster made tower at each end. Strangely enough the bridge had been condemned only this morning as unsafe. The public, therefore, was not allowed to go upon the structure. The gay crowd was passing along the avenue and some hundred or more persons were walking beneath the bridge when suddenly the structure fell with a fearful crash, burying nearly fifty of those going underneath. Victim after victim was brought to light by the rescuers, until a row of six mutilated corpses had been placed upon the sidewalk, and nearly forty other persons, some badly and others less seriously injured, had been carried in ambulances or driven to the hospitals.

At a cabinet council today, presided over by President Loubet, M. Millerand, the minister of commerce, made a statement regarding yesterday's bridge accident at the exposition by which nine lives were lost, pointing out that the exposition authorities were in no way responsible as the bridge was subject to municipal regulations until opened to the public. The premier, M. Waldeck Rousseau, said an inquiry was being made into the condition of the families of the victims with the view of affording relief where needed.

Numbers of people visited the scene of the disaster today. The debris is now almost entirely removed. The injured are doing well and it is not expected there will be any further fatalities.

The nationalist organs are using the affair as a rod with which to hit at the government.

5:30 p. m.—There was another accident this afternoon at the exposition. A scaffolding collapsed in the Salle des Fetes, where the inauguration ceremony was held. One workman was killed and three seriously injured.

The Salle des Fetes had been hastily prepared for the opening ceremonies, the rubbish being cleared away and uncompleted walls covered up with tapestry. Since the function, the workmen have been busily engaged in finishing the building.

NEED NOT STOP

Law Stopping All Trains at County Seats Held Unconstitutional.

Washington, April 30.—In the supreme court today, an opinion was handed down by Justice Brown in the case of the Big Four railroad vs. the state of Illinois. The case involved the constitutionality of the state law of Illinois requiring all trains to stop at county seats in the state and the proceeding originated in the form of a petition for a writ of mandamus to compel the Knickerbocker "special," running between New York and St. Louis, to stop at all county seat stations. The case was decided in favor of the state by the Illinois supreme court, but today's opinion reversed that judgment on the ground that the law in this case is a direct and unnecessary burden on interstate commerce.

DEWEY IN CHICAGO

The Naval Hero Arrives and Is Given a Great Ovation.

DEPOT IS THRONGED

And Crowds Line the Streets to Hail the City's Guest.

Chicago, April 30.—Amid the booming of cannon and the cheers of hundreds of people, Admiral George Dewey arrived in Chicago today. For the next three days he will be the guest of this city, and the program for his entertainment will take up nearly every moment of his time until his departure, Thursday morning, for Jacksonville, Ill.

The special train bearing the admiral and Mrs. Dewey, Lieut. Caldwell, his secretary, and Lieut. Crawford, was met near South Chicago by a special train carrying the executive committee of the Dewey celebration, and including Mayor Harrison, President Charles A. Plamandon, and the admiral's son, George Goodwin Dewey.

The admiral's train arrived at the Grand Central depot, Fifth avenue and Harrison streets, six minutes ahead of schedule time, 11 o'clock. A strong platoon of police had been stationed at the platform gates for some time previous to the arrival of the special, and the immense crowd surrounding the station was not allowed to go inside the trainshed. However, when the white-mustached naval hero was seen, a round of cheers went up from the fortunate ones inside the station, and was quickly taken up by the thousands in the streets.

Admiral Dewey and party proceeded down the long platform and mounted the steps leading to the driveway, where carriages were in waiting. Even under the vigorous pressure of the police, the immense crowd would hardly yield enough room for the carriages, but cheered continually and pressed closer. The party proceeded down Harrison street en route for the Auditorium annex, where apartments overlooking Lake Michigan had been reserved.

Leaving the Grand Central depot, the order of march was as follows:

Platoon of police.
Band.
Maj. B. F. Alsop and staff commanding.
Escort.
First cavalry I. N. G.
Guard of honor Illinois Naval Reserve Veteran association.
Carriage containing Admiral Dewey, Mayor Harrison and Charles A. Plamondon.
Carriage containing Lieut. Caldwell, Lieut. Crawford and members of the Chicago committee.

As the escort approached the elevated railway loop, at Fifth avenue and Jackson boulevard, a member of the signal corps wigwagged a signal to the different elevated tower stations, and all the trains on the loop stopped running until the carriages and escort passed under the structure. This was done in order to prevent any possible runaway accidents.

The route to the annex lay along Fifth avenue to Jackson boulevard, thence down Michigan avenue to the hotel. The applause along the whole line was without cessation until the admiral entered the hotel.

As the party reached the corner of Jackson boulevard and Dearborn streets, a signal man on the top of the Great Northern hotel wigwagged that fact to a land battery stationed in the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific railway yards and to the officers of the revenue cutter Morrill out in the harbor. Instantly the land battery roared out the admiral's salute of seventeen guns, while the guns of the ship were fired in the twenty-one rounds of the naval salute.

Arriving at the hotel, Admiral Dewey proceeded at once to his apartments, where, however, he was allowed to rest but briefly, for at 12:30 p. m. he was escorted to an informal breakfast given the admiral and Mrs. Dewey by the members of the womans' reception committee.

At 2:30 p. m. the admiral was given a reception by the Canadian-American association, which presented an invitation to him to visit Canada at his pleasure.

Tonight's program included an illumination of the lake front at 7:30 p. m., a reception to committee members at the Auditorium at 9 p. m. and the naval and civil ball in the Auditorium at 10 p. m.

THE OPERATOR SLEPT.

Canadian Pacific Freights Collide and a Brakeman Killed.

St. Paul, April 30.—A Winnipeg, Man., special to the Dispatch says: Two Canadain Pacific railroad freight trans came smash together running at full speed in a rock cut at Spanish river. Brakeman Cote was killed. The operator fell asleep and the accident resulted. The damage to the eleven cars will be at least $50,000.

BRIDE'S VEIL AFIRE.

Nerve Trying Incident at the De Staal-Davidoff Wedding.

London, April 30—During the marriage of the daughter of the Russian ambassador here, M. G. De Staal, to Count Alexis Davidoff, in the Russian chapel, London, this afternoon, at which the prince of Wales, Lord Rosebery and most of the members of the United States and other embassies were present, the bride's veil caught fire from a candle which she carried in her hand. The bridegroom maintained his presence of mind, seized the veil and quenched the incipient blaze by crumpling the gauzy fabric between his hands. There was intense excitement until it was found that no serious damage had been done.

CLOUDBURST AT HONDO.

The Mines at the Mexican Town Are Flooded.

San Antonio, Tex., April 30.—Meager information received by the express early today from Hondo, Mexico, states that much damage was done by a cloud burst yesterday. The mines were badly flooded.

MAY CAUSE QUERIES

Germany May Take Up Root's Remarks on the Monroe Doctrine.

COLONISTS IN BRAZIL

Navy Department Has Been Looking Into German Colonization There.

New York, April 30.—A special to the Herald from Washington says: Secretary Root's speech relative to the Monroe doctrine is likely to be productive of some diplomatic inquiries at the state department. Von Volren, the German embassador, is in New York, and in his absence the under officials of the embassy are disinclined to talk for publication about the secretary's remarks. It is emphatically asserted at the embassy, however, that there is no intention on the part of Germany to forcibly enter the Western hemisphere. By the act of its representatives at The Hague, the German government recognized the Monroe doctrine and it does not propose, according to the embassy official, to violate it.

"Germany would prefer to keep her subjects at home," said one of the attaches. "This is impossible, however, and many have emigrated to South America and Asia Minor, where they are peacefully developing the country. It has been asserted that German colonization in South America was dangerous to the United States, but you may be sure that Germany has no hostile intentions against this country and that the immigration of the Germans to South America is simply in pursuance of a peaceful business policy."

It is said there are nearly 1,000,000 German subjects in the southern part of Brazil. A private letter received from an American source, near where the German colonists are established, declares there is no truth in the report recently published that trouble is brewing between the Germans and the natives.

Those close to Secretary Root say it is hardly likely that Germany in the present undeveloped state of her navy, would force a crisis to be precipitated at this time. The secretary declined last night to discuss his speech, and he refused to be seen.

The navy department has been paying attention to the colonization of Southern Brazil by German subjects and it is understood Rear Admiral R. B. Bradford, chief of the bureau of equipment, has considered the advisability of recommending that this government enter into negotiations with Brazil to establish a coaling station at Santa Calarina.

ROAST FOR "SMART" WOMEN.

Frederick Treves on Amateur Nurses In Africa.

New York, April 30.—A dispatch to the World from London says: Frederick Treves, the famous surgeon who has just returned from the war, was entertained, together with Sir William McCormick, at a banquet at the Reform club, Saturday night, presided over by Lord Roseberry. Mr. Treves took occasion to administer a stinging rebuke to the "smart" women suffering from Khaki fever who have gone as alleged nurses to the front. He said:

"So far as the sick are concerned, there are only two plagues in South Africa—the plague of flies and the plague of women.

"The flies we get rid of by horsehair wisps and other appliances and the flies at least depart at night. But the women are absolutely and really a terror. They came out in the guise of amateur nurses after having exhausted every other form of excitement.

"Considering that we are engaged in a war, the number of well-dressed ladies at Cape Town and elsewhere, giving picnics is a blot on the campaign."

BRYAN WILL ATTEND.

Will Be Present at the Kansas City Convention.

Washington, April 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—Definite information has been received in Washington from Kansas City that the convention hall will be rebuilt to meet the requirements of the Democratic convention on July 4. It is positively stated, also, that Mr. Bryan will be present and make a speech of acceptance after his nomination. The Kaw City, therefore, will be pleased because Bryan will be the convention's greatest drawing card.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

BASEBALL.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Milwaukee—Chicago, 2; Milwaukee, 1.

At Minneapolis—Minneapolis, 5; Kansas City, 4.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Cincinnati—Pittsburg, 8; Cincinnati, 6.

At Chicago—St. Louis, 6; Chicago, 1.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Per Ct.
Milwaukee	8	5	3	.633
Kansas City	10	5	5	.500
Indianapolis	8	4	4	.500
Chicago	9	5	4	.556
Cleveland	8	5	3	.633
Buffalo	8	4	4	.500
Detroit	8	3	5	.375
Minneapolis	11	4	7	.364

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Per Ct.
Philadelphia	9	6	3	.667
Cincinnati	10	6	4	.600
St. Louis	9	6	3	.667
Brooklyn	8	5	3	.633
New York	8	4	4	.500
Chicago	9	3	6	.333
Pittsburg	10	4	6	.400
Boston	9	2	7	.222

BRYAN IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, April 30.—William J. Bryan came to the city unheralded yesterday.

THE CLEANSING AND HEALING CURE FOR CATARRH

CATARRH

Is Ely's Cream Balm

Easy and pleasant to use. Contains no injurious drug.

It is quickly absorbed. Gives Relief at once.

It Opens and Cleanses the Nasal Passages. Allays Inflammation.

COLD IN HEAD

Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Large size 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size 10 cents by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 46 Warren Street, New York.

YOU KNOW IT IS TRUE

That Is If It Is Told You By a Neighbor.

These Statements are by Persons Whom We are Willing to Believe.

If a person you respect tells you something, you believe him. You may not know the person whose statement we publish in this article, but you can easily know him, because we give you his name and address and he lives right here in Duluth. That is the way we do. We give you the names of people living in this city who have used Morrow's Kid-ne-olds for backache and kidney troubles, because we want you to consult these people about the good Kid-ne-olds have done them.

R. C. Mitchell, editor and manager of the Duluth Tribunal, says: "I have tried your Kid-ne-olds and Liver-lax and can truthfully say that I regard them as superior to any other remedies that I have ever used for the purpose intended."

Morrow's Kid-ne-olds are not pills, but Yellow Tablets and sell at 50 cents a box at all drug stores and at S. F. Boyce's drug store.

Mailed on receipt of price. Manufactured by John Morrow & Co., chemists, Springfield, Ohio.

held private conferences with prominent party leaders, among whom were Mayor Harrison and ex-Governor Altgeld and left on a train for Port Huron, Mich. Mr. Bryan declined to discuss the conferences.

CARTER'S SHARE OF SWAG.

He Got the Better Part of One Million.

Atlanta, Ga., April 30.—The report of Edward I. Johnson, the expert accountant, detailed by Attorney General Griggs to assist United States District Attorney Irwin, of Georgia, in developing the extent of the frauds charged to have been perpetrated upon the government by Capt. O. M. Carter, now serving a sentence in the military prison at Leavenworth, Kan., shows Carter's interest in one-third of the spoils to have been over $500,000, exclusive of the last checks for $575,748, which were paid over in New York at the time Carter was about to leave the district when succeeded by Capt. Gillette. This would indicate a total loss to the government of $2,000,000.

NEW ROUTE TO DAWSON.

A Tunnel Will Be Made Through Chilkoot Mountain.

Tacoma, Wash., April 30.—The Chilkoot Tunnel company, composed of capitalists of British Columbia and this state, propose spending $2,000,000 in developing another system of Yukon transportation. Their action has been hastened by the recent combine between the White Pass railway and the Canadian Development company, both British concerns, whereby a through route is made from Skaguay to Dawson. Several dozen independent steamers on the Upper Yukon thus find themselves without through connections, or at least cannot do business on as favorable terms as the Canadian Development company's boats, managed by H. Maitland Kersey. Independent steamer lines have now been merged into one big competing company, which has made a traffic alliance with the Chilkoot Tunnel company.

The latter proposes first to bore a tunnel 3800 feet long through Chilkoot Pass mountain, costing $120,000. A broad guage electric railway will be constructed through the tunnel from Dyea to Lake Bennett. To secure a better grade a second tunnel will then be built lower down. It will be 7000 feet long and through harder rock, costing over $500,000.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Gen. Allen Rutherford, clerk of the Maryland court of appeals, is dead in Wasnington, of consumption, aged about 60 years. He was a native of New York and served with distinction in the civil war. During Gen. Grant's administration, he was third auditor of the treasury.

With reference to the published report that the name of Gen. Lew Wallace was under consideration for appointment as minister to Turkey to succeed Mr. Straus, it is stated authoritatively at Washington that Gen. Wallace has not been considered in connection with a mission, and that Mr. Straus has not resigned as minister.

The south-bound flyer on the Chicago & Northwestern railroad, struck a horse and buggy driven by John Deisler, a west to do farmer of Horlicksville, Wis., yesterday afternoon. Mr. Deisler was killed instantly, his body being terribly mangled. Mrs. Deisler was injured though not fatally.

Mrs. M. I. Warfield Clay, divorced wife of Hon. Cassius M. Clay, sage of Whitehall, is dead at Lexington, Ky. She was 80 years of age. She was the mother of B. J. Clay, United States commissioner to the Paris exposition.

Misses Minnie Emerick, of Lincoln, Neb., was found dead in her room on the sixth floor of the Palmer house, in Chicago, yesterday, with a bullet wound through her brain from a revolver fired by herself. Miss Emerick was 22 years of age.

The Rev. Edward Reynolds Pierce, pastor of the Seamen's Home Mission boat, in Chicago, died yesterday of apoplexy. The Rev. Mr. Pierce was chaplain of the Fifty-sixth regiment in the civil war and for five years was pastor of the Seamen's Bethel at St. Paul.

Herman Erb, Jr., of Appleton, Wis., a former mayor of that city, committed suicide yesterday by shooting himself in the head. He had just returned from a Milwaukee sanitarium where he had been under treatment for mental trouble. His condition was said to have been caused by worry over the Appleton library building imbroglio. Mr. Erb was one of the youngest mayors in the country, being but 27 years old.

Harry S. Martindale, a well known club man and cross-country rider, of New York, died at the New York hospital late Saturday night, aged 35 years, from the effects of an overdose of morphine.

"Neglected colds make fat graveyards." Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup helps men and women to a happy, vigorous old age.

FIRE IN JERSEY.

Hammonton, N. J., April 30.—Forest fires at Pleasant Mills on Friday destroyed the Junior Order of American Mechanics' hall, including the lodge's furniture and paraphernalia. At Batsto, one mile beyond, seven dwelling houses were burned. This fire was started at Atsion, ten miles away, by an old woman who was burning brush. The fire is not yet out.

Bright eyes are an infallible index to youth, nice windows from which Cupid shoots his arrows. Rocky Mountain Tea makes bright eyes. Ask your druggist.

GOSSIP OF CAPITAL

Talk at Washington About Chances of the Northwest Congressmen.

SOME APPEAR SURE

To Be Returned But Morris and Eddy Regarded as Defeated.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, April 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—There is a great deal of gossip coming to Washington from the Northwestern states regarding the chances of representatives in the present house securing nominations for the places they now hold. Shortly after the Porto Rican bill passed the house it was believed that the majority of the Republican members, who voted for this measure, from Minnesota, for instance, would fail to secure endorsements at the various congressional conventions. It may be well to state, in passing, that it was further believed that Republican members from other states who advocated and voted for this bill would likewise fail of a further opportunity to represent their congressional districts in the lower branch of congress.

The latest information from the Northwestern states indicates that there has been a change in the sentiment and that the men seeking endorsement in the various congressional districts will be renominated. In Minnesota Mr. Tawney, the Republican representative from the First district, is regarded as certain of renomination. Mr. McCleary, of the Second Minnesota district, will be renominated. In the Third district Mr. Heatwole, who voted against the measure, can have the nomination if he desires it, and without doubt he does. Mr. Fletcher, from Hennepin county district, who voted against the bill, will receive another nomination at the hands of the Republicans in his district. Fred C. Stevens, of St. Paul, who favored the measure, will, as is well known in his district, be unanimously renominated, but it is impossible to state, from information that can be gathered here, whether Mr. Morris, of the Sixth district, or Mr. Eddy, of the Seventh, will be as lucky as their colleagues. Should they receive the endorsement they are seeking, it is considerd impossible for them to have the voters endorse them at the polls. By this it is meant that if Morris and Eddy are renominated, they will not be able to secure re-election next November.

It is not believed that Mr. Fletcher's position is entirely satisfactory to him, for he is a clever politician and has been able to discover that he has a hard fight on his hands to win this fall. The friends of Mr. Stevens, in St. Paul and elsewhere, are certain that he will be re-elected. Mr. Heatwole by no means has a "sure thing" in the Third district, if he decides to stand for re-election. If a strong Democrat or fusionist is nominated against him it will be a hard matter for the Northfield editor to convince his constituents that he will be the best man to succeed himself. The opinion prevails here that Messrs. Tawney and McCleary, if renominated, will be successful, but that their big majorities of two years ago will be greatly decreased.

In Wisconsin the Republican members anticipate success next November, but the Democrats predict that at least five out of the eleven members from that state will be Democrats. North Dakota is certain to renominate and re-elect Mr. Spaulding, its present representative. Mr. Campbell will be renominated as Montana's representative in the lower house, but will probably be defeated. Messrs. Cushman and Jones, of Washington, will receive their party's endorsement in their districts, but the Democrats say they will be defeated next November. James Hamilton Lewis will oppose Mr. Cushman, of Tacoma, and his friends say that he will win, "hands down." In California a Democratic landslide is looked for in the seven congressional districts. The only Republican likely to pull through in the Golden State is Julius Kahn, of San Francisco.

* * *

The leaders of the Republican, Democratic and Populist parties are going to devote a great deal of attention in this campaign to the states south of the Mason and Dixon line. The Republicans at least desire to hold their own in this great section, and have some hope that they may be able to make gains in some of the congressional districts. They probably understand, as well as do the people at large, that it will be utterly impossible for them to carry any state in the South unless it be Kentucky, Tennessee or Maryland. That they will succeed in carrying all three is said to be impossible by the Democrats and conceded by the Republican leaders.

I have heretofore pointed out that it will be a question as to how Maryland will go for the presidency, but it is thought that the state will not swing into the Republican column in November. Kentucky, sometimes regarded as doubtful, will, Democratic leaders from that state say, give Col. Bryan and his associate on the Democratic ticket its electoral vote this fall. Internal dissension among the Republicans of Tennessee makes it practically impossible for the Republicans to carry that state. Figuring from the standpoint of the claims set up by the leaders of all three parties the McKinley ticket this year, if elected, must secure its strength from the Eastern, Western and Northern states.

A great fight, however, will be made in the South for supremacy, and if the Republicans carry one of the states of this section they will probably regard this as a victory for them. Whether or not the Republicans can hold their own in the various congressional districts from this section now represented by Republicans cannot be told until after the polls close on election day. The Republican congressional campaign committee, as I stated the other day, hope at least to hold the districts they now have in the South, but the Democratic congressional leaders emphatically declare that they will not be able to do so.

That South, in this national presidential and congressional campaign, will probably be solid for the Democrats, with the assistance of the Populists. In other words, the combination of Democrats and third party leaders will, it is believed, be strong enough to prevent the Republicans from making any gains, and the leaders of the latter party will undoubtedly be perfectly satisfied if they are able to hold what they have at present in this section.

* * *

The national shipping subsidy bill will not pass the senate before it adjourns on or about June 12. There was a fair chance for the measure to go through the senate before Senator Hanna devised a plan to bring about the defeat of Matthew Stanley Quay. Had it not been for the scheming senator, it is pretty generally known that Governor Stone's appointment of Mr. Quay, to fill the vacancy from Pennsylvania, would have been ratified. The shipping bill, it is said, is the only one that Senator Hanna was anxious to have passed before the adjournment of the first session of this congress. The Quay men in the United States senate, having become disgruntled over Senator Hanna's course in connection with Quay's case, have, without doubt, made up their minds to defeat the shipping bill, if it comes up, or prevent its consideration, before the summer recess is taken. By doing this they believe they will be able to get even with Mr. Hanna for his unexpected opposition to the seating of Mr. Quay as a senator from Pennsylvania. Hanna's reputation is practically staked among his corporation friends regarding favorable action on this bill, and, if he fails to get it through the senate, as now seems possible, he will not only lose prestige with these capitalists, but personal financial advancement as well. It is evident that the Quay men propose to carry out the threat, recently made, to either send the bill over until next session or vote it down, if Mr. Hanna is successful enough to have it taken up for consideration before adjournment.

* * *

Consul John E. Kehl, at Stettin, Germany, sent a report to the state department in which he says: Fifteen years ago the number of working people in the German empire, according to the bureau of statistics, was placed at 7,340,789; today it is estimated at 10,000,000, of whom 2,100,000 are females. With the increased cost of living, as compared with seven years ago, and the disproportionate advance in wages, the outlook for the toilers is anything but favorable.

In this district (Pomerania) the daily expenses of food for a man, wife and two children can be estimated as follows: One large loaf rye bread, 40 pfennings, equal to 9 cents in American money; coffee, 3 cents; sausage, meat or cheese, 11 cents; potatoes, 3 cents; sundries, about 7 cents; total per day, 1.50 marks or 35.7 cents. Two rooms usually constitute their living apartments and average about 10 marks ($2.38) per month. Ready made clothing is cheap. Shoes are expensive, and as a substitute "panteffels" are used, which consist of a sort of half shoe, with either heavy felt or wood soles, and a covering from toe to instep only. Children's sizes, with wood soles, sell for 10 cents a pair; adult's sizes, 13 to 20 cents a pair. The average price of coal in Stettin is 95 pfennings per 100 pounds German, or $4.52 per 204 pounds American weight. Petroleum costs 50 per cent more than at home. Household furnishings are very expensive.

American labor is paid treble the wages paid German labor in the same calling, and the cost of food is from 10 to 50 per cent cheaper in the United States than in Germany.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Groves' signature is on each box. 25c.

DEATH OF MRS. WILSON.

Details of the Accident to the Governor's Wife.

Havana, April 30.—Matanzas City is in mourning over the death of Mrs. Wilson, the wife of Maj. Gen. James H. Wilson, military governor of the department of Matanzas and Santa Clara, who died Saturday afternoon last from the effects of burns received that morning by her dress catching firm from a match on which she had stepped. Mrs. Wilson had become endeared to all classes of the community and her death has brought expressions of sympathy not only from the residents of Matanzas but from people throughout the island, who have telegraphed condolences and expressions of sympathy to Gen. Wilson and his bereaved family.

It appears that Mrs. Wilson, accompanied by her daughter, was taking her daily drive, in a light wagon, when the accident occurred. About ten minutes after she had started, it was discovered that her dress was on fire and it was presumed that she had trod on a match which had ignited her clothing. The driver immediately stopped the vehicle and with aid of Mrs. Wilson's daughter did everything possible to extinguish the flames, but she was badly burned before this could be effected.

Mrs. Wilson was then placed in a coach and taken home, suffering terribly. Gen. Wilson, who was at his office, was immediately notified and hastened to the side of his wife. The doctors who were summoned did all that was possible to relieve her sufferings and for a short time hopes were entertained that she would recover. The burns and resulting shock proved too much, however, and she expired after having suffered from 10:30 a. m. to 3:15 p. m.

The body of Mrs. Wilson has been embalmed and Gen. Wilson and his two daughters and his aids will accompany it north Tuesday on board the United States transport Buford. The interment will take place at Wilmington, Del.

NO ANSWER YET.

Porte Makes No Reply to the Last Dun.

Constantinople, April 29.—There are no fresh developments regarding the American indemnity question. If within a week the porte does not answer the United States legation's note of April 24, it is probable that Lloyd C. Griscomb, the American charge d'affaires will renew his demand.

The project of sending Ahmed Pasha to the United States to negotiate for the purchase of a cruiser is persisted in, although this government is determined not to consent to the amalgamation of the proposed purchase with the indemnity question.

The representative of the Associated Press is assured that Ahmed Pasha will start for the United States tomorrow (Monday.)

The statement that the indemnity question was discussed at the audience held with the sultan by Mr. Griscom on April 29 is absolutely inexact. The matter was not discussed.

THE THEOSOPHISTS.

Columbus, Ohio, April 30.—The annual meeting of the American Theosophical association was held in this city yesterday. About 100 delegates were in attendance, representing twenty branches. The day sessions were devoted chiefly to affairs of the association. The officers' reports show a steady growth of the theosophical movement. The following officers were elected: Dr. J. W. Buck, Cincinnati, president; D. Stewart, New York, vice president; executive committee, S. J. Hunter, Chicago; A. P. Buchman, Fort Wayne; W. P. Phelps, New York, and J. D. Bond, Fort Wayne. The time and place for holding the next convention will be fixed by the executive committee.

REFRESHING SLEEP.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate

Quiets the nerves, relieves the tired and confused condition of the brain, and induces refreshing sleep.

Genuine bears name HORSFORD'S on wrapper.

Sores and Ulcers

DRAIN THE SYSTEM, ENDANGER LIFE.

That old sore or ulcer, which has been a source of pain, worry and anxiety to you for five or ten years—maybe longer—doesn't heal because you are not using the proper treatment, but are trying to cure it with salves and washes. While these are soothing and relieve pain to some extent, no real, permanent good can come from their use, because the disease is in the blood and far beyond the reach of external applications.

A sore heals promptly when the blood is in good condition, but **never** if it is diseased. The tendency of these old sores and ulcers is to grow worse, spreading and eating deeper into the flesh. They are a constant drain upon the system, gradually but surely ruin the health and sap the very life. A person's capacity for work or pleasure is soon lost in the great desire and search for something to cure.

S. S. S. makes a rapid and permanent cure of old sores and ulcers, and is the only medicine that does, because no other can reach deep-seated blood troubles. Ordinary Sarsaparilla and potash mixtures are too weak and watery to overcome a deadly poison that has taken possession of the blood. Do not waste valuable time experimenting with them.

A Gunshot Wound. "Some years ago I was shot in the left leg, receiving what I considered only a slight wound. It developed into a running sore and gave me a great deal of pain. I was treated by many doctors, and took a number of blood remedies, but none did me any good. I had heard S. S. S. highly recommended and concluded to give it a trial. The result was truly gratifying. S. S. S. seemed to get right at the trouble, and forced the poison out of my blood; soon afterwards the sore healed up and was cured sound and well. I now have perfect use of the leg, which was swollen and very stiff for a long time. J. H. McBRAYER, Lawrenceburg, Ky."

S. S. S. is the only purely vegetable blood purifier known; is made of roots and herbs of wonderful purifying properties, which no poison can resist. S. S. S. quickly and effectually clears the blood of all morbid, unhealthy humors, and the old, troublesome sore heals. At the same time the general health is invigorated and built up. When a little scratch or hurt fails to heal readily, you may be sure your blood is bad. S. S. S. will soon put it in order and keep it so.

Our Medical Department is in charge of experienced physicians, who have made blood diseases a life study. If you will write them about your case, they will gladly furnish all information or advice wanted, without any charge whatever.

SSS

Address SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

NO HELP FROM G. O. P.

Pingree Hopes For Nothing From It Against Trusts.

Detroit, Mich., April 30.—Governor Pingree asserted in an interview that the hope of the people in this year's general elections is the Democratic party. The governor has always hitherto been an independent Republican. Speaking of the increasing power of trusts, Governor Pingree said:

"There is no use in hoping that the Republican party will do anything with them."

"Are you preparing to announce your withdrawal from the Republican party?" the governor was asked.

"There is no announcement necessary. I only say what I have said all the while. You haven't heard me say anything against the Democrats for some time. I believe that the hope of the people is in the Democratic party this fall."

* * *

MRS. CONKLIN DEAD.

The Well Known Author of Books For Girls.

New York, April 30.—The death is announced, at New Vernon, N. J., of Mrs. Jennie M. Drinkwater Conklin, widely known as a writer of books for girls.

Among her works are "Tessa Wadsworth's Discipline," "The Fairfax Girls," "Second Best," "Set Free," "Looking Seaward" and "Goldenrod Farm." She was born at Portland, Me., in 1841.

HAVANA'S BUSINESS GROWS.

A Large Increase in Customs Collections For March.

Washington, April 30.—The statement was made today by the division of customs and insular affairs of the war department that the total collections at the customs port of Havana, twenty-seven working days of March, 1900, were $1,006,269, an increase of total collections over the corresponding month of last year previous year of $109,226. The collections for March, 1900, include importduties to the amount of $959,421; export duties, $58,763.

There landed at the port of Havana during March, 1900, from points outside of the island of Cuba, 3899 passengers. Of this number, 1603 came from the United States, 1896 from Spain and 320 from other countries. During the same period, there were imported into the port of Havana 18,855 domestic animals.

The total number of vessels of all kinds, foreign and coastwise, that entered the port of Havana during March, 1900, was 304, with a total gross tonnage of 297,463. The total number of vessels, foreign and coastwise, that cleared from that port for other parts during the same period was 308 of a total gross tonnage of 292,141.

During the month of February, 1900, only 224 vessels of all kinds, foreign and coastwise, entered the port of Havana, while there cleared from the port named during the month of February, 1900, only 243 vessels, foreign and coastwise of all kinds.

A Card of Thanks.

I wish to tender my heartfelt thanks to the friends and neighbors who so kindly assisted at the funeral of my beloved wife, and for the many expressions of sympathy and kind words of encouragement.

L. A. LARSEN.

Have you tried the "Twilight Limited?" The most comfortable, convenient, superb train—Duluth and the Superiors to the Twin Cities. Daily 4:30 p. m., over the North-Western Line only.

Read the want page and you may find something to interest you.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION

Price 25 Cents. Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

VIM VIGOR VITALITY FOR MEN

Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette-smoking. Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night-Losses, Spermatorrhœa, Insomnia, Pains in Back, Evil Dreams, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Power or Consumption. Stops Pimples, Blotches, Seminal Weakness. Effects are immediate. Nervous Twitching of Eyelids. every function. Don't get despondent, a cure is at hand. Imparts vigor and potency to organs. Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. 50 CENTS. Restores small, undeveloped or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. 6 for $2.50 by mail. A written guarantee, to cure or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. Address, Bishop Remedy Co., San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

Deerwood Fishing Rates.

The black bass season does not open in Minnesota until May 15, but for the benefit of parties owning cottages at Deerwood, who may wish to go in advance of the season, the Northern Pacific will this year commence the sale of cheap round trip tickets on May 1, as follows:

Saturday, to return Monday	$2 00
Friday, to return Monday	2 85
Every day, good for thirty days	3 80

City Ticket office, Spalding Hotel block.

If the average man would look himself squarely in the eye he would see at once that he needs Rocky Mountain Tea. A priceless boon to men. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

7 SUTHERLAND SISTERS' HAIR GROWER AND SCALP CLEANER

For 15 years the standard. Sold by druggists.

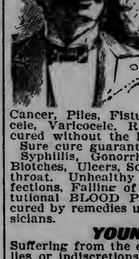
CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

DR. PIERCE



Room 1, No. 5 W. Sup. St., Duluth, Minn.

Regular Graduate. Diploma in Office.

Leading Specialist for the cure of Chronic, Nervous and Private Diseases.

Cancer, Piles, Fistula, Stricture, Hydrocele, Varicocele, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranteed in 10 to 30 days.

Syphilis, Gonorrhea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the mouth or throat, Unhealthy discharges, Skin Affections, Fistula of the Rectum and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by remedies unknown to other physicians.

YOUNG MEN

Suffering from the effects of youthful follies or indiscretions, or any trouble with Weakness, Nervous Debility, Loss of Memory, Despondency, Aversion to Society, Kidney Troubles, or any diseases of the Genito-Urinary organs, can here find safe and speedy cure. Charges reasonable, especially to the poor. Cure guaranteed.

MIDDLE-AGED MEN.

There are many troubled with too frequent evacuations of the bladder, often accompanied by a slight smarting or burning sensation, and weakness of the system in a manner the patient cannot account for. On examining the urinary deposits, a ropy sediment will often be found, and sometimes particles of albumen will appear and the color be found of a thin milkish hue, again changing to a dark, torbid appearance. There are many men who die of this difficulty, ignorant of the cause, which is the second stage of seminal weakness. The doctor will guarantee a perfect cure in all such cases and healthy restoration of the genito urinary organs. Write for question list.

LADIES—Married or single are guaranteed SAFE AND SURE RELIEF for all troubles peculiar to their sex, no matter from what cause. Office private; no exposure. Consultation free.

If in trouble call or write. Delays are dangerous. Medicines sent anywhere by mail or express. Charges moderate. Office hours 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 12 m.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS.—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis.—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, April 9th, 1900.

In the Matter of the Estate of J. N. Bureau, Deceased:

Letters of administration with the will annexed on the estate of said deceased being this day granted unto John E. Davies, of said county.

It is ordered, that all claims and demands of all persons against said estate be presented to this court, for examination and allowance, at the probate office in the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, on Monday, the 23rd day of July, 1900, at ten o'clock a. m. and an affidavit having been made and filed by the administrator, C. T. A., that the deceased left no debts.

It is further ordered, that three months from the date hereof be allowed to creditors to present their claims against said estate, at the expiration of which time all claims not presented to said court, or not proven to its satisfaction, shall be forever barred, unless for cause shown, further time be allowed.

Ordered further, that notice of the time and place of the hearing and examination of said claims and demands shall be given by publishing this order forthwith once in each week, for three successive weeks prior to the day appointed for such examination, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, the 12th day of April, A. D. 1900.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal).

Duluth Evening Herald, April-16-23-30—1900

The silent eloquence of QUALITY is the most effective trade pushers of Blatz Milwaukee Bottled Beer.

ROHL BROS., Dealers to the Family Trade.

203 W. Michigan Street. .....Telephone 484.

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PATENTS.

MASON, FENWICK & LAWRENCE, JAMES T. WATSON,

Washington, D. C., Established 1861.

Valuable book on patents FREE. Send for it.

801 Palladio building, Duluth, Minnesota.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—Default having been made in the payment of the sum of nine hundred and thirty-five ($35) dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage, duly executed and delivered by John Pehrsoon and Mary G. Pehrsoon, his wife, mortgagors, to Nels Pearson, mortgagee, bearing date the 17th day of October, 1893, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 11th day of November, 1893, at 4 o'clock p. m., in Book 81 of mortgages, on page 315.

Which said mortgage, with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Nels Pearson, mortgagee, to Edwin A. Merrill, by written assignment dated the 27th day of December, 1893, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds, on the 5th day of January, 1894, at 3:30 o'clock a. m., in Book 118 of mortgages, on page 21.

Which said mortgage, together with said debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Edwin A. Merrill, the assignee and holder thereof, to Anna Pearson, by written assignment dated the 14th day of November, 1896, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds on the 23rd day of June, 1897, at 3:10 o'clock p. m., in Book 147 of mortgages, page 44;

Which said mortgage, together with the debt secured thereby, was duly assigned by said Anna Pearson, the assignee and holder thereof, to A. E. Pearson by written assignment dated the 16th day of March, 1900, and recorded in the office of said register of deeds on the 19th day of March, 1900, at 2 o'clock p. m., in Book 151 of mortgages, page 610; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz:

Lot number two (2), and the west half (w½) of the northeast quarter (ne¼) and the southeast quarter (se¼) of the northeast quarter (ne¼), all in section thirty-one (31), township sixty-eight (68), north of range seventeen (17), west of the Fourth Principal Meridian, containing one hundred and forty-three and one-half acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof, in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on Tuesday, the 8th day of May, 1900, at 10 o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt of nine hundred and thirty-five ($35) dollars, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises, and fifty (50) dollars, attorney's fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated March 26th, A. D. 1900.

A. E. PEARSON,
Assignee of Mortgagee.

FRED W. HARGREAVES,
Attorney for said Assignee of Mortgagee.
Office 17 Mesaba Block.
Residence 513 East Third Street,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald, March-26-April-2-9-16-23-30—1900.

ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE ON FILING PETITION TO SELL LAND.—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, April 14, 1900.

In the Matter of the Estate of Alexander M. McKinnon, Deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of J. H. Whitely, administrator, setting forth the amount of personal estate that has come into his hands, the disposition thereof, and how much remains undisposed of; the amount of debts outstanding against said deceased, as far as the same can be ascertained; the legacies unpaid, and a description of all the real estate, of which said deceased died seized, and the condition and value of the respective portions or lots thereof; the persons interested in said estate, with their residences; and praying that license be to him granted to sell the residue of said estate. And it appearing, by said petition, that there is not sufficient personal estate in the hands of said administrator to pay said debts and expenses of administration, and that it is necessary for the payment of such debts and expenses, to sell the residue of said real estate;

It is therefore ordered, That all persons interested in said estate, appear before this court on Monday, the 14th day of May, 1900, at ten o'clock a. m., at the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county, then and there to show cause (if any there be) why license should not be granted to said administrator to sell the residue of said estate or so much thereof as shall be necessary to pay such debts and expenses.

And it is further ordered, That this order shall be published once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper, printed and published at Duluth, Minnesota, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, the 14th day of April, A. D. 1900.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal.)

Duluth Evening Herald—April-16-23-30-1900.

A SLIGHT DECLINE

Wheat Started Out Firm But Slightly Lower and Ruled Steady.

THE CABLES WEAKER

Decrease In the World's Shipments and In the Visible Supply.

Duluth Board of Trade, April 30.—The wheat market started out firm, but slightly lower this morning and advanced on light covering by the shorts. The cables were weak and lower, but there was a decrease in the world's shipments and in the amount on passage, and it was figured there would be a decrease shown by the visible supply statement. This belief was confirmed when the statement was issued, showing a decrease of 2,342,000 bus in wheat. Corn decreased 2,196,000 bus, and oats increased 686,000 bus. The market ruled steady to the close, which was unchanged from Saturday here and 1-16@⅛c lower at Chicago for the May option. July closed a shade off here and ⅛c lower at Chicago.

There was a fair amount of trading on the Duluth board. May wheat opened ⅛c off at 69¾c, advanced to 69⅞c at 10, reacted to 69⅝c at 10:10, sold at 69¾-7-8c at 12 and closed at 69⅝c, the same as on Saturday. July started a shade lower, at 67⅝c, sold at 67⅝c at 10:40 and held steady at those figures up to near the close, which was at 67¾c, a shade below Saturday's quotations. Cash business was fair; sales, 40,000 bus, at the May price. Corn advanced ¼c. Cash, barley and rye were unchanged. Cash and May flax each advanced 1c. September flax rose ⅜c and October flax gained ½c. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 68¼c; to arrive, 68¼c; May, 68¾c; July, 62⅝c; September, 63⅜c. No. 1 northern, cash, 69⅜c; to arrive 69⅝c; May, 69⅝c; July, 67¾c; September, 68¾c. No. 2 northern, 64⅜c. No. 3 sprin, 61⅝c. Oats, 24½@24c. Rye, 52c. Barley, 36-41c. Flax, cash, $1.73; May, $1.73; September, $1.25⅜; October, $1.18. Corn, 37c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 165; corn, 3; oats, 1; flax, 1. Receipts—Wheat, 86,493 bus; corn, 850 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 68,187 bus; oats, 550 bus.

Ship Your Grain to

McCarthy Bros. & Co.

Grain Commission Merchants.

Duluth and Minneapolis.

WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES:

First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES MONDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 54,000 bus	$0.68⅝
No. 1 northern, 2400 bus	69½
No. 1 northern, 2500 bus	69¾
No. 1 northern, 5000 bus	69⅝
No. 1 northern, 5 cars	69⅝
No. 1 northern, 10,000 bus	69⅝
No. 2 northern, 1 car	65½
Flax, 4000 bus, May	1.72
Flax, 9000 bus September	1.25⅜
Flax, 6000 bus October	1.18

GRAIN IN STORE

At Duluth on Saturday, April 28, 1900:

Wheat—	Bus—
No. 1 hard	3,088,869
No. 2 northern	11,063,422
No. 2 northern	1,400,550
No. 3 spring	109,913
No grade	245,949
Rejected	45,275
Special bin	1,597,920
Total	17,462,884
Decrease during week	1,584,786
Stocks year ago	11,003,788
Corn in store	1,222,360
Oats in store	377,019
Rye in store	258,664
Barley in store	277,193
Flax in store	220,495

ON THE CHICAGO BOARD.

Wheat Firm---Corn, Oats and Provisions Easier.

Chicago, April 30.—The wheat market was firm early today, but trade was light, being principally in exchanging May for July, the spread at one time being 1⅞c. The opening was rather easy. May unchanged to ⅛c lower at 65⅝@65⅞c and July a shade down at 67⅜@67¼c. Cables were weak, but on the other hand there was a decrease in the world's shipments and on ocean passage last week, and incomplete returns early showed a decrease in the visible. Exhaustive crop reports showed conditions high in Kansas, Missouri and Illinois, but poor in Ohio, Michigan and Indiana. In the three states last named, a loss in area of 2,300,000 acres is figured, and in Kansas an increase over the government figures of 350,000 acres. Shorts covered moderately following the opening and May advanced to 65⅝@65¾c and July to 67⅝c. Local receipts were 33 cars, 2 of contract grade.

Towards the end of the session, the market, after struggling for steadiness for a time, sold off and closed rather weak, May 1-16@⅛c under Saturday at 65¼@65⅜c and July ⅛c down at 67¼c.

Corn opened firm, helped by higher cables, but the feeling was nervous and some influential people were sellers, causing easiness in the prices following the opening. There was a fair trade, May opened ⅝c higher at 39½@39⅝c, eased a bit, but recovered to 39⅝c and then dropped to 39¼c; July opened at 39⅞@40c, went up to 41⅜c and later reacted to 40⅝c. Receipts here were 166 cars. Provisions people bought moderately.

The market had a moment of depression later, but rallied on the visible decrease of 2,196,000 bus and closed strong, May 39@39c improved at 40c and July ¼c up at 41c.

The feature in oats was the continued liquidation of May. There was considerable changing from that option to July. May opened unchanged to ¼c lower at 22⅝@23⅛c and sold down to 23¼c and sold at 23⅛@23c. Local receipts were 175 cars.

The provision market, depressed by a weak hog market, was easier and rather quiet. There was a fair amount of commission house selling with the demand not quite up to it. July pork opening 5@7½c down at $12.65@12.72½ and declined to $12.55; July lard began the session 5c lower at $7.20 and sold off to $7.10@7.12½, and July ribs 2½@5c depressed at $6.55, easing to $6.50. At the decline, the market steadied.

Close, wheat, April, 65¼c; May, 65¼@65⅜c; July, 67¼@67⅜c; September, 68¾c. Corn, April, 40c; May, 40c; July, 41c; September, 41⅝@42c. Oats, April, 22¾c; May, 22¼@23c; July, 23½@23⅝c; September, 25¾c. Pork, April, $12.42½; May, $12.42; July, $12.60. Lard, April, $7.07½; May, $7.07½; July, $7.15; September, $7.15. Ribs, April, $6.50; May, $6.50; July, $6.55; September, $6.50. Cash, wheat, No. 2 red, 70@71c; No. 3 red, 67@69c; No. 2 hard winter, 65¾c; No. 3 hard winter, 64@64¾c; No. 1 northern, spring, 66¾@68c; No. 2 northern spring, 65¾@66¾c; No. 3 spring, 62@65¾c. Corn, No. 2, 39¾c; No. 3, 39¼c. Oats, No. 2, 23c; No. 3, 23c. Flax, cash, Northwestern, $1.76; Southwestern, $1.76; May, $1.76; September, $1.27¼; October, $1.18½. Rye, May, 53c. Barley, 37½@45c. Timothy, $2.45. Clover, $7.00.

Minneapolis and Duluth reported receipts 256,256 bus, against 282,857 bus last year.

WEARE'S REPORT.

Chicago, April 30.—Ordinary trade in the wheat pit has been restricted again today through the changing of May contracts over to July, with the market confined almost entirely to this class of trade, declining slightly as far as the May option is concerned, the spread widening to about 1⅝c and 2c difference. There is a further falling off reported in the condition of wheat growing in Ohio, making a decline of 10 per cent in the estimate. Prospects are for 46 per cent of an average crop. Private cables claim that there are no arrivals off coast in England, which is still bare of wheat cargoes. Now that the blanketing effect of the May option on the speculative action in the wheat pit is removed we look for a healthier condition to prevail. As we have stated before in these columns we believe that the arguments which have been so freely used by the bears are more or less discounted by present prices and doubtful prospects as to the growing crop and are inclined to think that what news does come should affect the market favorably and that purchases of July wheat should be a good investment proposition.

The corn market opened strong influenced by high Liverpool cables which came from 3d to 5d higher. The advance produced some selling, however, and the market suffered in consequence. It looks as though the statistical position of corn were becoming stronger daily. With stocks in Liverpool decreasing, heavy offerings of the very smallest kind, speculative demand liable to become healthier during the coming month, prospects generally for a good advance are very favorable.

The oat market has been weak, particularly May. Discount of this option under July widening to 2c. Fine weather is the chief bear factor.

The provision market has been dull and easier with commission house liquidation evident. Provisions look as though they might ease off somewhat, but the commission trade will find it advantageous to wait a little longer before purchasing, although the market speculatively and legitimately makes the present prices pure and radical.

WEARE COMMISSION COMPANY.

GOSSIP.

Received over the private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 307 Chamber of Commerce, and 107 Board of Trade.

Chicago, April 30.—Wheat—The principal feature to the wheat market today was the changing of May contracts into July, which widened the difference to 2c per bus. There was also some liquidation on by longs owing to favorable weather and lower cables from abroad, and the market closed easier, May ¼@⅝c lower than Saturday night. Liverpool reported their market as weak, 5d lower for the day. Continental markets were also lower. World's shipments announced to 7,192,000 bus as reported by Bradstreet against 8,184,000 bus last week, and 8,341,000 bus last year. Amount on passage to Europe decreased 1,832,000 bus. The visible supply decreased 2,342,000 bus. Receipts at Chicago and the Northwest were 564 cars, against 570 cars last year. There was a moderate demand for cash wheat and some business reported for export, but no large amount. The seaboard reported a moderate demand for wheat for export. We think wheat around present prices is cheap, and after May deliveries are over, we look for better markets. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 48 cars.

The corn market ruled firm all day and closed May ⅜c, July ¼c higher than Saturday night. Liverpool reported their market as strong, 5d higher for the day. Continental markets were higher. The world's shipments as reported by Bradstreet were 3,332,000 bus, compared with 3,736,000 bus last week and 4,080,000 bus last year. Amount on passage to Europe decreased 828,000 bus. The visible supply decreased 2,196,000 bus. Country offerings were practically nothing, cash demand good. The seaboard reported a large business done there for export. Trade was fairly large all day and undertone to the market very firm. We see nothing in the situation to change our opinion and look for high prices in the near future. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 37 cars.

Oats—The principal feature in oats today was liquidating by longs, which caused the May option to rule weak and close 1c lower than Saturday, while July closed unchanged. The visible supply increased 686,000 bus. Country offerings were very light. Cash demand was very good, although some export business was reported. Trade was large all day. We are inclined to think liquidation is over. Estimated cars for tomorrow, 240.

The provision market was very dull with business entirely changing contracts and at wider charges. There was some support given by local traders, but offerings were liberal and the market declined. We are getting a liberal supply of hogs, more than ample to meet small demand and stocks have ceased to decrease. Packers have small manufacturing profit while outside investment buying in principally nothing. Estimated hogs tomorrow, 22,000.

Puts, May wheat, 65⅝c asked to 65½c asked.

Calls, May wheat, 65⅝-¾@65⅝c bid.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, April 30.—Closed: Wheat in store, No. 1 northern, April 64¾c; May, 63⅜c; July, 65⅝@65⅞c; September, 65¼@65⅜c. On track, No. 1 hard, 66¼c; No. 1 northern, 64⅜c; No. 2 northern, 63¼c.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, April 30.—Close: Wheat, May, 72⅝c; July, 73¼c; September, 74¼c. Corn, May, 45⅞c; July, 46⅝c; September, 46⅜c.

CHICAGO OATS CORN, AND PORK.

	Oats. July.	Corn. July.	Pork. July.
Open	40¾	23¼	$12.55
High	41-⅞	23¼	12.62
Low	40⅞	22⅞	12.55
Close	41⅛	23⅛-¼	12.60

AMERICAN MARKETS.

	Du-luth.	Minne-apolis.	Chi cago.	New York.
May—				
Open	65½B	63⅞	65⅝-⅞	73
High	66⅞	64⅞	65⅞	73¼
Low	65⅝	63¾	65¼	72⅝
Close	66⅝	63⅞	65¼-⅜	72⅞
July—				
Open	67¾-⅞	65⅝	67⅝-¾	73¾
High	67⅞	65⅞	67⅝	73½-⅝
Low	67⅜	65½	67¼	73¼-½
Close	67¾	65½-⅝	67¼	73¼

WHEAT MOVEMENT.

	Receipts. Bushels.	Shipments. Bushels.
New York	118,000	40,667
Philadelphia	27,338	703
Baltimore	7,725	
Toledo	2,450	10,600
Detroit	3,400	2,067
St. Louis	14,000	17,000
Boston	17,917	78,826
Chicago	21,850	62,237
Milwaukee	29,300	2,500
Minneapolis	308,806	54,780
Kansas City	35,250	33,000
Duluth	86,486	468,185

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, April 30.—Wheat quiet, 1-16@⅛d lower. May, 5s 9¼d; July, 5s 8¾d. Corn, quiet, 1-16@⅛d higher. May, 4s 3⅜d; July, 4s 1¾d; September, 4s 1½d.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman's report: The very liberal receipts of horses during the past week dulled the market somewhat. Of the arrivals and outlet the latter being minimum. Extra heavy and prime offering were in rather urgent demand. The common to choice of the class were in fair inquiry and sold freely at $80@130. Good farm chunks were in less active demand. General purpose horses and mules constituted an important figure in the total sale. The buyers in general were eagerly looking for Western horses and the large consignments to be placed for sale the first part of May on this market will prove satisfactory to the buyers.

Drafters, extra	$110@$145
Drafters, common to good	80@ 100
Farm horses, choice	85@ 115
Farm horses, common to good	60@ 75
Mules	75@ 115

LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, April 30.—Cattle, 32,000; 10c lower to steady; good to prime steers, $4.80@5.35; poor to medium, $4.15@4.70; stockers and feeders, $3.40@5.50; cows and heifers, $3.00@4.85; Texas fed steers, $4.00@5.00. Hogs—Receipts today, 25,000; tomorrow, 18,000; left over, 2020; 5c lower; mixed and butchers, $5.20@5.55; good to choice heavy, $5.40@5.57½; rough heavy, $5.25@5.50; bulk of sales, $5.40@5.50. Sheep—Receipts, 20,000; steady; sheep, $4.75@5.50; lambs, $5.50@7.20. Official receipts and shipments for Saturday: Receipts—Cattle, 64; hogs, 16,624; sheep, 659. Shipments—Cattle, 645; hogs, 2694; sheep, 79.

THE PRODUCE MARKET.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders, in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost, including an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.

Creamery, extra		@	22
Creamery, choice	18	@	20
Dairies, fancy	17	@	1¼
Dairy, fair	13	@	15
Packing stock	12	@	13

EGGS.

Country, strictly fresh	11½	@	12

MAPLE SUGAR.

Vermont, per lb	12		
Ohio, per lb	11		
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10		

CHEESE.

Twins, flat, full cream, new	11	@	12
Full cream, Young America	12		
Swiss cheese, No. 1	13	@	14
Brick cheese, No. 1	12	@	14
Limberger, full cr'm, choice	13		
Primost	6	@	6½

HONEY.

Fancy white clover	15	@	16
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb	12½	@	13
Golden rod	13	@	14
Dark honey	12	@	13
Buckwheat, dark	12	@	13

PEAS AND BEANS.

Fancy navy, per bus	2 40	@	2 50
Medium, hand-picked, bus	2 00	@	2 15
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90	@	2 10
Green and yellow peas	1 40		

FRUITS.

Apples, per bbl	4 00	@	5 50
Seedlings, California oranges	2 75	@	3 00
California navels	3 50	@	4 00
California lemons	3 25	@	3 50
Messina lemons, per box	2 00	@	2 50
Bananas	2 00	@	2 25
Cocoanuts, per doz	50	@	60
Dates, per lb	13	@	15
Dates, Fard, per box	1 25	@	1 35
Cranberries	11 00		
Strawberries, La., pints	2 25	@	2 40

LIVE POULTRY.

Hens, old	10½	@	11½
Old roosters	8	@	9
Turkeys, fancy	10½	@	11
Turkeys, common	10		
Ducks	9	@	10
Geese	9	@	10

NUTS.

Hickory nuts, large, per bus	1 50		
Filberts, per lb	13	@	14
Chestnuts, per lb	12	@	13
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	14		
Soft shell almonds, per lb	17		
Brazils, per lb	8	@	9
Pecans, per lb	10	@	11
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	8		
Raw peanuts, per lb	5½	@	6

POPCORN.

Rice corn, shelled	3½	@	4
Choice, per lb	3	@	3½

CIDER.

N. Y. sweet cider, per keg	2 75	@	3 00
Fruit juices, per keg	3 50	@	3 75

VEGETABLES.

Sweet Potatoes, Jersey, bus	1 90	@	2 00
Hot house Cucumbers	1 50	@	1 75
Sweet Potatoes, per bbl	4 50		
Potatoes, per bus	34	@	36
Beets, per bus	90	@	1 00
Radishes	25	@	75
Onions, green, doz bunches	25	@	30
Carrots, per bus	60	@	65
Rutabagas, per bus	35	@	40
Oyster plant, per doz	25	@	30
Horse radish, per lb	8		
Parsley, per doz	35	@	40
Cauliflower, per doz	2 40	@	2 50
Lettuce, per bus	1 00	@	1 25
Mint, per doz	30	@	50
Cabbage, new California crates, per 100 lbs	3 00	@	3 50
Celery, dozen bunches	90	@	1 10
Hubbard squash	1 25		
Parsnips, per bus	90	@	1 00

MEATS.

Mutton	9		
Lamb	11		
Veal, good	9		
Beef, dressed	5½	@	7
Hogs	4¼		
Veal, fancy	10		

BRAN AND SHORTS, CAR LOTS.

Bran, 100 lbs, sacks inc	15 00
Bran, 200 lbs, sacks inc	14 50
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc	15 00
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc	14 50

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, April 30.—Butter, firm. Creameries, 13½@18c; dairies, 12½@15½c. Eggs, steady. Fresh, 10½c. Dressed poultry, firm. Turkeys, 9@11c; chickens, 8½@9c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, April 30.—Butter, receipts, 8553 packages. Firm. Western creamery, 15½@19c; factory, 12@14¼c. Cheese, receipts, 7215 packages. Easy. Large fancy white, 11¼c; fancy large colored, 10¾@11c; fancy small white, 10½@10⅝c; fancy small colored, 10¼@10¾c. Eggs, receipts, 12,102 packages. Firm. Storage Western at mark, 12½@13c; regular packages, 11¾@12½c; Southern at mark, 11@12c.

Application Withdrawn.

The application for a liquor license down on Minnesota Point has been withdrawn, but notwithstanding this fact a large number of Park Point residents, both permanent and transient, have signed a vigorous protest against allowing the sale of intoxicating liquors on the south side of the canal.

Read the want page and you may find something to interest you.

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Local Stocks, etc.—	Par.	Per Share— Asked.	Bid.
First National Bank	100	135	129
Am. Exchange Bank	100	120	115
First Nat. Bank, Superior	100	100	95
L. S. Consol. Iron Mines on Application.			
Brotherton Iron Mine Co.	25	3½	2½
Great Lakes Towing Co	100	...	60
American Ship Bldg. Co	100	122	...
Spalding Hotel Co	100	12	...
Globe Elevator Co	100	10c	...
Consol. Elev. Co., 1st pfd.	100	...	100
Consol Elev. Co., 2nd pfd.	100	...	90
Consol. Elev. Co.,com	100	60	28
County orders			Par

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H. W. COFFIN,

Chamber of Commerce.

WEAKNESS IN STOCKS

Easier Tone at Opening Due to Decline in Americans at London.

CLOSING WAS ACTIVE

And Easy in the Steel Stocks and at Net Losses.

New York, April 30.—Prices for Americans at London were slightly lower which contributed to a generally easier tone in the local market at the opening. Changes were mainly slight, but in a few instances there were wide variations. New York Central dropped 1⅝ on uneasiness as to the labor situation, and Canada Southern lost as much sympathetically. Sugar, on the other hand, bounded up 3 points. A resumption of the pool buying in Missouri Pacific lifted it 2⅜ points to 50½ and induced buying for long account in other railroads. Another sustaining factor was the successful marking up of Sugar to 121½, despite the heavy blocks unloaded on the rise. Sugar began to yield under tremendous offerings and reacted 2 points. Meanwhile the metal stocks were raided, notably Steel and Wire. The weak features imparted heaviness to the railroads and the earlier advances were generally wiped out. Material losses occurred in some of the inactive properties. Pullman going off 3, Union Bag and Paper preferred 3, Brooklyn R. T. C. & St. L. preferred 2¾ and General Electric 2 points. The active shares steadied some after 11 and improved when Sugar and Missouri Pacific recovered to the highest. The latter touched 60 and other Southwestern railroads responded notably. A rally in the metal stocks helped to hold the market, which became dull and rather unsteady. Weakness was manifest in the bond market, but offerings were small.

Sugar dipped to 111¾ and threw a continuous depressing influence over the market. The Steel industrials showed the best resistance. Covering by room shorts worked some slight rallies after prices had touched the lowest of the day. Sugar itself rallied ¼. Consolidated Gas broke over 4 points and Sugar renewed weakness. The closing was active and easy except in the steel stocks and at net losses generally.

Name of Stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Sugar	118	121½	111¾	112¼
Am. Steel Wire com	38⅛	39⅜	37⅛	38
Tobacco	105½	105½	103½	103¾
Atchison com	26¼	26½	26	26¼
Atchison pfd	70½	70⅝	69¾	69⅝
Brooklyn Transit	74⅜	75⅜	73⅝	73¾
C., M. & St. P.	119½	119⅝	118¾	118¾
C., B. & Q.	125½	126	124⅜	125
Federal Steel com	41	41½	40¾	41
Federal Steel pfd	85⅝	86¼	85¼	85¼
Great Western	13⅜	13⅜	13⅛	13⅜
L. & N.	82	82	81½	81½
Manhattan	93¾	93¾	93	93
Missouri Pacific	57⅜	60	57⅝	58
N. P. common	58⅝	58⅝	57¾	57¾
N. P. pfd	77⅞	77⅞	77⅜	77⅝
People's Gas	104	104½	103	103¼
Rock Island	108⅜	108⅝	107⅝	107⅝
Southern Pacific	36¾	37	36	36¾
T. C. I.	81⅝	82	80¾	81½
Leather preferred	71½	71¾	70⅞	70⅝
Union Pacific pfd	75⅝	76¼	74⅝	74⅝
Union Pacific com	36⅝	36⅝	35⅞	35⅞
Western Union	82	82	82	82
Leather common	12⅝	14	12⅝	13½
Illinois Central	114½	114½	114¾	114⅜
Great Northern	157	157½	157	157
Money	2	3½	2	2

LONDON CONSOLS.

London, April 30.—Consols for money and the account, 100¾.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, April 30.—The cotton market opened steady, with prices unchanged to 7 points higher, and after a moment of hesitation spurred to a net rise of 5 to 10 points on a covering by shorts. Towards the close of the first hour, business tapered off to a small room trade with the market showing more or less irregularity. Receipts were seen to be piling up. The English news was not an important factor in the local market.

Spot cotton closed quiet. Middling uplands, 9 13-16c; middling gulf, 10 1-16c; sales, 400 bales. Futures closed quiet and steady. May, $8.58; June, $8.52; July, $8.52; August, $8.34; September, $8.37; October, $8.52; November, $8.16; December, $8.15; January, $8.16; February, $8.17; March, $8.20.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, April 30.—Money on call steady at 2 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4@4½ per cent; sterling exchange steady with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.84¼@4.84½ for demand and at $4.81½@4.84⅝ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.84½@4.85¼ and $4.86@4.86½; commercial bills, $4.83¾@4.84½. Silver certificates, 59½@59⅝c; bar silver, 59⅜c; Mexican dollars, 47½c. Government bonds firm. Refunding 2s, when issued, $102¾; 2s registered, ex-interest, 96¾; 3s registered, $1.08⅝; coupon, $1.09½; New 4s registered, $1.33½; coupon, $1.34½; old 4s registered and coupon, $1.14, 5s registered, $1.12; coupon, $1.13¼.

CHICAGO MONEY.

Chicago, April 30.—Clearings, $22,258,620; balances, $2,482,522; posted exchange, $4.85¼@$4.85½; New York exchange, 30c discount.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

The following were the closing prices of copper shares reported by George Rupley, 310 Board of Trade.

Boston, April 30.—Close: Adventure, 4½@5; Allouez, 1¾@2; Anaconda, 46½@47½; Arcadian, 22@23; Arnold, 6@8; Amalgamated, 90; Atlantic, 24½; Baltic, 21½@22; Bingham, 10½ bid; Bonanza, 1⅝@2⅜; Boston and Montana, 302; Boston Consolidated, 66; Butte and Boston, 70@74; Calumet and Hecla, 755; Centennial, 19½@20½; Cochiti, 11@11½; Copper Range, 22 bid; Dominion Coal, 44¾; Elm River, 4½@5; Franklin, 15½@16; Humboldt, 1 asked; Isabella, 16@16½; Isle Royale, 25¾@26½; Mass, 7¾@8; Michigan, 56½; Mohawk, 154; Old Colony, 3½@4; Old Dominion, 19½@19¾; Osceola, 68¾; Oil, 18@19; Parrott, 45; Pioneer, 35@50c; Quincy, 138; Rhode Island, 4½@5; Santa Fe, 5¾@6; Tamarack, 190; Tecumseh, 3 bid; Tri-Mountain, 96@98; Union Land, 2@3; Utah, 30½; Victoria, 3@3½; Winona, 4@4½; Wolverine, 40¾@43; Wyandotte, 1½@2; Zinc, 14@15.

FIVE MEN KILLED.

A Sawmill Boiler at Tifton, Ga., Blows Up.

Tifton, Ga., April 30.—Five men were killed and three injured, one of whom will probably die, in a boiler explosion here this morning at 4:45 o'clock. The explosion occurred in the sawmill of J. N. Bray & Co.

The dead are:

Luther Clair, fireman.
Hugh Chambers.
Gus Nicholason.
Jack Castle.
Will Houston, colored.

The injured are: J. C. Racine, lumber inspector, may die; Wesley McPhaul, unknown negro.

Many buildings in the vicinity of the mill were wrecked by the explosion, while the sawmill of Bray & Co. was almost demolished. Half of the boiler was blown 200 yards.

The cause of the explosion is not known. It occurred immediately after the whistle blew for the men to enter the mill for the day's work. The loss is about $15,000, with no insurance.

THE CARPENTERS' SCALE.

Will Go In Effect Tomorrow and There May Be Trouble.

Tomorrow the new scale of wages recenaly decided on by the union carpenters of the city will take effect. hTe scale is for 35 cents an hour and eight hours' work a day. A number of the contractors have objected to this increase and offer the carpenters 30 cents an hour with nine hours as the working day.

No trouble is feared but in case the contractors and carpenters fail to agree before tomorrow there will be a general stike of carpenters on all but strictly union jobs.

At present there is said not to be an extra carpenter in the city and efforts to get them from other cities have been unavailing. Today neither contractor or working men expect serious trouble or much delay, though both sides admit that it may take two or three days to come to an agreement.

JOHNSON-SUNDEN WEDDING.

Two Well Known West End People Joined In Marriage.

The marriage of Miss Amelia Johnson and Rev. Ludvig Sunden was celebrated Saturday evening in the Swedish Church of Christ. It was probably the largest wedding ever held in Duluth. Over 2000 people were present. Miss Johnson, the bride, is an accomplished young woman and very popular and pretty. Rev. Sunden is the pastor of the church in which the ceremony took place and he, too, is very popular in the West End.

The interior of the church was elaborately decorated. The service was pronounced by Rev. E. A. Skogsberg, pastor of one of the largest Scandinavian churches in Minneapolis.

The bride was attended by her two cousins, Miss Emma Johnson and Miss Ruth Johnson. The bride and bride's maids wore white gowns and carried bunches of bridal and American beauty roses. The groom was attended by Rev. John Johnson and Professor D. Magnus, of Northfield college.

After the wedding there was a big reception at which speeches of congratulation were made by Rev. Skogsberg, Rev. Lunden, Rev. Johnson, Professor Magnus and others.

Rev. and Mrs. Sunden received many very beautiful and useful presents. Thtey will go to housekeeping at 1713 West First street.

The City Assessment.

City Assessor Olafson is preparing for the year's assessment work, and this morning all the newly appointed deputy assessors were given instruction in the work expected of them, and the gentle art of giving a weeping taxpayer the glassy eye when $1000 worth of property is worth less than 30 cents. R. C. McKinley has been appointed a deputy assessor.

RAISE IN SIGHT.

Aldermen Likely to Increase Salaries of Policemen---Other Matters.

Unless indications are deceiving, the council this evening will order a flat rate increase of $5 made on all salaries connected with the police department under the rank of captain. C. H. Troyer, chief of detectives, will be given the rank of lieutenant, as will also Sergt. Arthur Briggs, in charge of the West Duluth station.

In the matter of raising the pay of policemen, a majority of the aldermen seem to realize that Duluth has the poorest paid and hardest worked lot of coppers in the country, and that with the increased price of rents and cost of living the policemen are face to face with a pretty difficult problem of finance. At present drivers, jailors and operators receive $60 a month, and patrolmen $65. The increase will give the first mentioned $65 a month and the men on the beat will get $70, which is the same they received a few years ago before the city became economical and cut the force down from eighty to forty and the salaries of the surviving policemen $5 in each case.

At tonight's meeting of the council there will also be a number of miscellaneous licenses to grant. All licenses of pool rooms, pawn shops and the like expire tomorrow and will have to be renewed.

Bids will be received for the city printing of the next year, and it is expected that action will be taken regarding the improvement of Second avenue west from Superior street to First street, and Fifth avenue east from Second street to Fourth street.

An ordinance is likely to be passed giving merchants occupying the upper stories of business blocks permission to hang signs for advertising purposes, providing the signs are four feet above the sidewalk and not more than fifteen inches out from the street line of the building.

The street sprinkling contracts for the ensuing year will be confirmed, providing Fourth ward politics don't cut too great a figure. With the confirmation the sprinkling will probably begin tomorrow.

Alderman Cullum's resolution giving free gas and water to the Woman's and Children's hospital may come up. This was introduced last week and laid over owing to the press of business.

Alderman Cromwell's resolution instructing the city attorney to secure an order from the court compelling the street railway to furnish a 15-minute service on East Fourth street will come up with a communication from the city attorney on the rights of the city to compel a better service.

"North Coast Limited."

Take the "North Coast Limited" on the Northern Pacific to all Pacific coast points. Swellest transcontinental train ever put in service. Leave Duluth 8:05 a. m. daily.

WOMEN AND EATING.

Women are notoriously careless about their own food. One could wish that those who neglect their duty of properly and efficiently nourishing their own bodies would study the statistics of insanity and its increase among us. The old Latin proverb tells us that our aim should be to keep a sound mind in a sound body, says the Philadelphia Ledger.

"Drink, and hurry and worry send most of the men to an asylum," says a doctor. "while love affairs, combined with lack of food throw most women off their balance." The love affairs would have but little influence over them if they were but properly fed, but among the illusions in which girls and women indulge is, that, as they care very little about their food, so the lack of it cannot have much effect upon them. They rather despise men for being careful to have regular meals, whether business presses or not, and are inclined to vaunt their own superiority in such respects. But if their disregard of the natural instincts of hunger leads us in the same path as "drink, and hurry, and worry" leads men, and if we are to be humiliated by hypersensitiveness does male common sense stand out in the matter.

We so often exalt our weakness into something to be proud of. And, if we go without lunch some day, an avenging headache sweeps down and makes us irritable. Surely, that is nothing to be proud of. Or, if the men of the family are dining out the women have tea, and toast, and scrambled eggs, and next morning wonder why they feel so limp and as if everything to be done were dreadful troublesome and impossible.

UPHOLD THE LAW

Three District Court Judges Sustain the Forfeited Tax Law.

DO NOT DISCUSS IT

The Judges Merely Present Their Decision and Write No Memorandum.

The three judges of the district court have united in upholding the forfeited tax law of 1897 and the sale held under it a year ago. The first decision on any of the cases involving the matter, taken under advisement by the district court in February, was filed this afternoon in the case of August Fitger and Percy S. Annecke against C. Lee Abell and others. The property involved is the northerly 100 feet of lot 4, in block 4, in Portland.

The decision is merely a formal finding of fact and conclusions of law awarding the plaintiffs the property, involved in the suit, which was purchased by them at the forfeited tax sale last May. No memorandum setting forth the reasons for making the decision was filed by the judges, who have contented themselves with simply awarding the property to the plaintiffs without further comment.

This involves the upholding of the law and the sale, however, and it is the most important tax decision that has been handed down by the court in this district in years. The arguments before the court on the matter were complete and exhaustive, and in the dozen cases, involving practically the same issues, a large number of attorneys took part and argued for

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17,148.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), April 30.—The barometer is low over Eastern Lake Superior and high over Colorado. Light rains have fallen over Lake Superior, Southern Minnesota, Western Wisconsin, Central Nebraska and Kansas, and heavy rain or snow (1.20 inches) at Denver. Slightly cooler weather prevails over Lake Superior and the upper Mississippi valley, with a heavy frost this morning at Duluth. Somewhat warmer weather is reported by stations in Northwest Canada. High westerly winds prevailed yesterday afternoon or last night at the "Soo," Marquette, Duluta, Green Bay, St. Louis and Winnipeg.

Battleford	40	Medicine Hat	—
Bismarck	—	Memphis	61
Calgary	34	Miles City	36
Chicago	46	Milwaukee	46
Davenport	44	Minnedosa	42
Denver	44	Moorhead	38
Detroit	48	North Platte	50
Dodge City	50	Oklahoma	60
Duluth	34	Omaha	48
Edmonton	14	Port Arthur	32
Escanaba	50	Prince Albert	—
Green Bay	44	Qu'Appelle	42
Havre	38	Rapid City	40
Helena	36	Shreveport	66
Huron	38	St. Louis	52
Kamloops	42	St. Paul	42
Kansas City	50	Sault Ste. Marie	36
La Crosse	46	Swift Current	32
Lander	—	Willston	30
Marquette	40	Winnipeg	38

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Generally fair tonight and Tuesday. Probably warmer tonight. Fresh westerly and southerly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, April 30.—Forecast till 8 a. m. Tuesday: Wisconsin and Minnesota—Fair tonight and Tuesday.

Upper Lakes—Brisk westerly winds, diminishing and becoming variable Tuesday night. Fair weather.

Not Very Much Comfort For McKinley.

Senator Wellington of Maryland has not left the Republican party, but he does not believe that the present administration is pursuing a course that will be approved at the polls in November. He says he is still a Republican and if the next legislature of that state is Republican he will be a candidate to succeed himself. But he does not expect to be a candidate, for he believes the legislature will be Democratic. "I believe that the Republican party in Maryland is in jeopardy and that the state will be lost to the party if McKinley is renominated. Moreover, I will go so far as to state that I do not believe McKinley will even carry his own state of Ohio," said the senator to an interviewer the other day. He continued: "I believe the Republican party in Maryland to be in jeopardy because of the vacillating and erroneous policy of the administration, and that it will lose Maryland if McKinley is renominated. McKinley's treatment of Rear Admiral Schley alone would beat him in Maryland. But beyond that I will go so far as to state that I do not believe McKinley will even carry his own state of Ohio." It must be admitted that this is strong language to come from the man who would principally profit by a Republican victory in Maryland. The senator is offering poor consolation to his party associates by acknowledging Republican defeat in Maryland and predicting it in the country, because McKinley will be renominated. It is surprising to find how many Republicans there are in Duluth—and the sentiment is probably similar in other cities—who quietly express a wish that some strong man instead of McKinley would be placed at the head of the Republican ticket this year but who acknowledge that the Hanna machine will undoubtedly renominate McKinley.

A Fraud on the American People.

The government of the United States pays annually for railway mail transportation over $34,000,000, or, according to the testimony of Professor Adams given before a congressional committee, at the rate of 12½ cents per ton per mile. The railways carry single "commutation" passengers at as low a rate as 3 cents per ton per mile. The cost of securing and carrying "commutation" passengers is believed to be greater than the average cost of carrying a corresponding weight of mail, but if the mails were carried at the above "commutation" passenger rates, the government would pay less than $9,000,000 instead of $34,000,000 and would thereby effect an annual saving of $25,000,000. The fact is that the government is paying for the transportation of mails an annual rental exceeding the amount of original construction. Today and for many years the government has paid to the railroads rentals for mail cars that annually exceed in amount the cost of construction of these cars. Twenty years is considered the average life of a car. The government during that time pays in rentals of a single car more than the construction of twenty would amount to. When congress is called on to make the regular annual appropriations there is much grumbling about the expensive mail service. If, however, an attempt is made to cut down the amounts it is always frustrated by the numerous railroad agents and attorneys occupying seats in both branches of congress. During the past two decades freight rates have decreased on an average 35 per cent and passenger rates about half that much, yet the postal transportation charges have remained undisturbed during all that time, thanks to the watchfulness of the railroad attorneys sent by the people to congress. Should the railroads be compelled to make the same charges for mail transportation they do for private matter there would be an annual saving of many millions, and instead of a deficiency the mail service would show an annual surplus. Not only this would be accomplished, but 1-cent letter postage could be promptly secured if railway mail pay were modified so as to be equitable to the people, the government and the railroads. And 1-cent letter postage means a yearly postage saving of 50 per cent to every letter writer.

NORTHERN PACIFIC GETS IT.

The reported sale of the controlling interest in the St. Paul & Duluth railroad to the Northern Pacific has been officially confirmed. That the road will be absorbed by the Northern Pacific is doubtful. Indeed there is good authority for stating that it will be operated separately and that the present management of the Duluth road will not be changed. For a long time past there have been rumors afloat regarding the Duluth road, and it has been frequently sold on paper to the Great Northern and the Milwaukee roads. Not until recently did the story gain currency that the Northern Pacific was seeking to acquire possession of it, and the result was that to many of the highest railway officials in the Northwest the news of the sale was a surprise. There is no doubt that President Hill of the Great Northern could have obtained control of the St. Paul & Duluth road had he desired it, but having the Eastern Minnesota section of the Great Northern system furnishing him with an equally short line between Duluth and the Twin Cities, he no doubt concluded that the purchase of a parallel line would be a costly luxury, as long as its management was not in hands unfriendly to his interests. The sale to the Northern Pacific is said to meet his approval, and probably this statement is correct, as the relations between the Great Northern and the Northern Pacific are now quite intimate.

The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road was reported to be a prospective purchaser of the Duluth road. It is understood its management thought those controlling the Duluth road asked too high a price. The Milwaukee has surveyed a line from St. Paul to the head of the lakes and may now build, but there is a strong probability that it may be given running powers over the Duluth road and use of a portion of the splendid terminals now controlled in Duluth by the Northern Pacific. The latter company is now splendidly equipped in the matter of terminals here, and in view of the rapid development of the business of its great transcontinental line and of the growth of the traffic between Duluth and the Twin Cities, extensive improvements are likely to be made on the terminals at this point.

In this connection it is worthy of note that the remarkable prosperity of the Northern Pacific for many months past is continuing. This is shown by the net earnings statement for March. There is now good reason to believe that the gross earnings for the present fiscal year will in all probability exceed $30,000,000. A comparative statement covering nine months of the present fiscal year, which has just been published, shows that the gross earnings closely approach $23,000,000, and exceed those for the similar portion of the previous fiscal year by $3,000,000. There is no doubt now but that the fiscal year ending June 30 will run beyond that of the previous one by $4,000,000 increase. April, May and June, the three closing months of the year, are fruitful of promise. The gross earnings for March were $2,362,042, an increase over the corresponding month last year of $300,237. The net income for the month shows an increase of $132,285, and it is worthy of special note that $7132 of this increase is credited to "proprietary lines." The net earnings for the nine months past show an increase of $1,432,276 over the corresponding period of the last fiscal year. Under the progressive management of President Mellen, the Northern Pacific has advanced with wonderful strides, and there is no doubt that its prosperity will be even greater in the coming year. The people of Duluth can feel assured that the acquisition of the St. Paul & Duluth by the Northern Pacific will result in a considerable development of traffic at this point.

THE ECLIPSE OF THE SUN.

The total eclipse of the sun, which is arousing such widespread interest among scientists, will occur on May 28 next. The last eclipse visible in the United States took place in 1889, but was only visible in remote parts of California and Montana. Since that time rapid strides have been made in the improvement of the apparatus used in the observation. Especially is this true in the photographic field, which has undergone a wonderful development, and as a result of this some remarkable revelations may be made concerning the sun and its neighboring bodies. Particular interest is centered about the theory of the existence of a planet between Mercury and the sun, which will doubtless be put to the test during the coming eclipse.

One of the greatest features of this year's eclipse will be the ease with which it may be observed. Almost all the total eclipses which have occurred within recent years have been only visible in sparsely settled and, in some cases, inaccessible localities. The path of the coming eclipse will travel the states of Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama, Georgia, South Carolina, North Carolina and Virginia, cross the Atlantic, and passing over Northern Africa and Southern Europe, terminate at the Red sea. In Washington and every portion of the United States east of the Mississippi, not directly in the shadow's path, a partial eclipse of the sun will be seen.

The phenomena of a total eclipse of the sun are extremely interesting. "There is nothing of special interest," says Professor Charles Young, "until the sun is mostly covered, though before that time the shadows begin to look peculiar. Some ten minutes before totality, the darkness begins to be felt, and the remaining light, coming as it does from the edge of the sun only, is much altered in quality, producing an effect very like that of a calcium light rather than sunshine. Animals are perplexed, and the birds go to roost. The temperature falls a few degrees, and sometimes dew appears. In a few moments, if the observer is so situated that his view commands a distant western horizon, the moon's shadow is seen coming much like a heavy thunderstorm. It advances with almost terrifying swiftness until it envelopes him. For a moment the air appears to quiver, and on every white surface lands or fringes, alternately light and dark, appear. They are a few inches wide, and from a foot to three feet apart, and on the whole seem to be parallel to the edge of the shadow.

"The suddenness with which the darkness descends upon the observer is exceedingly striking; the sun is so brilliant that even the small portion which remains visible up to within a very few seconds of the time of totality so dazzles the eye that it is not prepared for the sudden transition. In a few moments, however, the vision becomes accustomed to the changed circumstances, and it is then found that the darkness is not really so intense. If the totality is of short duration there is not much difficulty in reading an ordinary watch face, but if the eclipse be of long duration, say five or six minutes, it is much darker and lanterns are necessary."

In the various colleges and scientific institutions throughout the world elaborate preparations are being made for the observation of the eclipse. The United States government will have several stations scattered along the path of the eclipse. Professor S. J. Bron, director of the naval observatory, will have the direct supervision of the governmental observations. These stations will be widely separated, so that no stray cloud may prevent a view of the eclipse.

For some time Professor Monroe Benjamin Snyder, of the Philadelphia observatory, has been devoting his time and attention preparing for the eclipse. He has, in addition to his other scientific work, made a remarkable invention in a photographic plate, by means of which it will be possible to take a picture of the entire heavens at one snap of the camera. This invention is a great improvement on the square plate, which can only obtain a reproduction of but comparatively a small part of the sky. Councils, however, have failed to make an appropriation to enable Professor Snyder to utilize his apparatus, which at present lies idle and unused, with scarcely any possibility of its being used on May 28.

The Boer plan of campaign appears to be to wear out the British. They select a point easy of defense and hold it until the enemy has gathered together in the locality an army sufficient in size to deliver a crushing blow, but just when the stroke is about to fall it is discovered that the object of it is not there. Then the whole proceeding is gone over again. True, Cronje was caught in a movement of this kind, but it is unlikely to happen twice. And Cronje seems to have a capable successor in Botha.

In discussing the attitude of the advocates of a Porto Rican tariff the New York Herald says: "Here is their dilemma: If the constitution follows the flag then discriminating taxes cannot be levied, while if the constitution does not extend to these territories then congress is free to obey the dictates of humanity and the wishes of the American people by giving the starving Porto Ricans a market for their products. That is the situation, and all the special pleading and sophistries in the world cannot alter the simple facts."

Senator Mason desires to provide a Fourth of July celebration for the Cubans by arranging to have all the United States soldiers in the island embark for home on that day. And why not? The Cubans are competent to manage their own affairs without further assistance from us.

Mr. Wanamaker says he "doubts if there has been a fair election in Pennsylvania, except in spots, for fifteen years." Yet Pennsylvania is an enlightened state. Mr. Wanamaker attributes it to Quay and there is a suspicion that Mr. Wanamaker is right.

Senator Hanna voted against the admission of Quay and to expel Clark. It may have been extremely lucky for him that he had sufficient influence to prevent a senatorial inquiry into the Ohio charges of corruption in connection with his own election.

The Topeka State Journal suggests that if Senator Depew can find time to make one of his felicitous after dinner speeches to the New York Central employes who are out on strike, a settlement might be reached with little difficulty.

The Republicans of Massachusetts want the banking laws so amended as to permit capital to obtain a fair return. As to whether they regard the present returns as being too small or too great the platform is silent.

And now they say that Hanna's desertion of Quay will be a blow to the latter's dictatorship and will defeat the ship subsidy bill, for all of which good Republicans may well give thanks.

The recent reduction in the prices of iron and steel is having its effect on building operations. The reduction in the price of nails alone is quite an important item.

It is said President McKinley will spend several weeks during the summer at his home in Canton, but it is not stated whether he intends to give any more lawn parties.

Queen Lil, of Hawaii, wanted a pension which she did not get, but as she has an income of $25,000 a year, she will not starve.

With Capt. Carter behind the bars at Leavenworth, Kas., it looks as if his case is at an end.

Bryan and Towne.

Martin County Sentinel: It is not unlikely that events will so shape themselves that Charles A. Towne, of Duluth, will be nominated by the allied reform forces for vice president on a ticket with William J. Bryan. There has not been a vice president in our day and generation who was intellectually the equal of Mr. Towne. In addition to this he is a remarkably gifted and capital orator with a spotless personal character and a record in public life, made during a single term in congress, which outshines that of any other Minnesota member of the national house of representatives. Mr. Towne's nomination would most likely result in carrying the state for the reform ticket and loyal Minnesotians, irrespective of party, should take pride in having their brilliant and distinguished citizen so worthily honored. Our hat goes up for Bryan and Towne.

Ayer's Pills

Sick headache. Food doesn't digest well, appetite poor, bowels constipated, tongue coated. It's your liver! Ayer's Pills are liver pills, easy and safe. They cure dyspepsia, biliousness. 25c. All Druggists.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Then use **BUCKINGHAM'S DYE** for the Whiskers

50 CTS. OF DRUGGISTS, OR R. P. HALL & CO., NASHUA, N. H.

CHAFF TO CHEER.

Chicago News: When you have anything to say to a mule say it to his face.

Philadelphia Record: Counterfeiting may be a dangerous game, but forging is all write.

Pittsburg Chronicle: "Frank, what is a heliograph?" asked Mrs. Bloomfield.

She had been reading the South African war news, you will have observed.

"It's an instrument to throw light on a distant situation," replied Mr. Bloomfield.

Atchison Globe: Your mind is strong enough for all daily purposes if you can read a patent medicine circular and not be convinced that you have all the diseases it mentions.

Harper's Bazar: Benham—I claim that the stage is an educator.

Mrs. Benham—I don't agree with you. You took me to a temperance play the other night and went out three times between acts.

Boston Transcript: Customer—These shoes are murdering me. You said they were made to conform to the lines of the feet. That is just what they do not do.

Dealer—Beg pardon, sir; I said the natural lines of the feet. I was very careful to state it in that way. The shoes are all right. If there is any change it must be in your feet. That is not in our line, you know. Anything else today?

Indianapolis Journal: He—You Daughters of the American Revolution ought to be ashamed to wrangle the way you do.

She—Never mind; just wait until your Hall of Fame committee gets in session.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "Whenever I go into a gentleman's office I always remove my hat."

"But you've got it on now."

"Of course."

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "Did you love me then as now?"

"Less, I think."

"Then you love me more?"

"How can I?"

"Darling!"

"I mean how can I when I can't?"

E. BENJAMIN ANDREWS.

Oh, he's going to Nebraska,
To the country of the Platte,
But not to just be silent,
You may wager things on that!

Where he sojourns there commotions
Are as certain to arise
As a drowsy pup in summer
Is to lure the passing flies.

We shall hear of him contending
In the years before him, just
As he's always kept things going—
He must either fight or bust.

Yes, he's going to Nebraska,
To set all the plains aflame,
And we're sorry that he's going,
For we like him, just the same.
—Chicago Times-Herald.

The Old-Time Circus.

"The circus isn't what it used to be," he sadly said.
"It's nothing like the old road show." He sighed and shook his head.
"It's nothing like the old-time shows that came at early dawn
And filled the town with dust and cuss-words, too, before they'd gone.
It's different now from what it was in old Van Amberg's time.
Ah! That was when the circus, as a show, was in its prime;
Or when John Robison drove around by mud road—yes, and we
Woul carry water for the elephant, und get in free.

"It used to be some fun to see the mighty caravan,
And hear Pete Sells square back and cuss a lazy canvasman.
The circus was a circus when old Adam Forepaugh'd boss
The whole shebang from where he sat astride a spotted hoss.
And it was good to go to when old 'P. T.' was alive.
We'd be on hand to see them come two hours 'fore they'd arrive.
Them days the circus got along with just a single ring.
You didn't have to break your neck to look at everything.

"I wouldn't come today," he said, and grinned a sheepish grin,
"But some one had to bring the kids and see that they got in."
He dragged the children past the cage where monkeys held their sway;
They merely caught a glimpse of the menagerie display.
He criticised the show until the clown with pointed hat,
Got off a joke. And then he smiled: "Well, I remember that."
The clown was all he cared to see or hear in all the show
He said: "Now, he brings back to me the days of long ago."

Waiting For a Chance.

Millie Lacs County Times: Some federal office-holders' sheets are trying to keep up their courage by insisting that the masses take no interest in the Porto Rican tariff matter. They will find that a whole lot of common people are pretty well posted on the subject, and are only waiting for a chance to vote their convictions.

NEW LIMITED.

Northern Pacific's New Train In Coast Service Makes Initial Trip.

The first train in the new coast service of the Northern Pacific railroad, the North Coast limited, left St. Paul yesterday morning for the Pacific coast. Accompanying the train were General Passenger Agent Charles S. Fee and Assistant General Passenger Agent Craig. A large party of newspaper men were the guests of Mr. Fee. At Staples a number of Duluth and Superior men, who were under the care of General Agent Eva and Frank Greene of the city ticket office, joined the train and continued through to Fargo.

At all stations along the route there were large crowds to see the new limited and at Fargo the entire city seemed to be at the depot. The newspaper men had prepared an informal reception for the guests. Mayor Johnson, Maj. Edwards and others met them and extended a warm welcome. Carriages were provided and all were taken about the city for a drive. This was followed by a dinner at the Waldorf, Fargo's handsome hotel.

Mr. Fee continued with the train and will go through to Portland. Mr. Craig left it at Fargo and returned with the newspaper men. A private car was attached for their benefit. At Staples the head of the lakes contingent left the main party and returned to Duluth this morning.

The North Coast limited is a beautiful train and the pride which Mr. Fee takes in it is well justified. He says that there is nothing too good for the Northwest and that it was with this idea that his railroad has given the people of the Northwest this train, as fine as anything that runs on the great Eastern roads, whose trains are the talk of the world. It is a solid vestibule train, electrically lighted and finished in the handsomest style. The colonist sleeper is finer than were the palace sleepers of a few years ago. The first class coaches are heavy, smooth running cars, little less comfortable than the drawing room car. The sleepers are massive, easy running cars that scarcely jar as they roll swiftly over the rails. The dining car is a model one and the meals are equalled in but few restaurants.

The crowning triumph of the train is the observation car at the rear of the train. The forward end is divided into two smoking compartments, and a barber shop. The rear half is a drawing room and library and at the rear is an observation from which passengers may view the scenery. This car will always have the rear of the train and its place there will never be usurped even by the president's private car.

The entire train presents a magnificent scene at night. Nearly 300 electric lights—291 to be exact—are employed in lighting it and the illumination is a brilliant one. The cars are all seventy feet in length. Every car is fresh from the manufactory. The enormity of the equipment required for such a train service as this is not appreciated by the person who merely sees this one handsome train and marvels at its beauty. In the North Coast Limited service nine complete trains, duplicates of this one which started out from St. Paul yesterday are on the road at the same time while a tenth has to be provided for emergencies.

Representatives of the Superior Leader, Superior Evening Telegram, Duluth News Tribune and Duluth Evening Herald were with the party.

THE CONDITION OF THE STREETS.

With a Few Remarks on the Different Pavements.

To the Editor of The Herald:

I desire to kick. That is my business—kicking. I was brought up that way, and I have made a study of the matter for several years. I voted for the reform administration. I have a kick coming there. Not a very large kick to be sure, but a sure enough kick. However, we will let that pass. My principal kick is on the condition of the streets of the city of Duluth. I have a very large kick coming on that score, and if you are all ready I will emit the kick with vigor.

Does it not seem strange that a city of the size of Duluth should tolerate for one single instant the dirty, dilapidated, unclean, foul, filthy, squalid, dingy, soiled, disgraceful, discreditable, reproachful condition in which the main thoroughfares of this municipality are at the present time?

Superior street has been cleaned lately, to be sure; that is, it is said to have been cleaned. The accumulations of the past six or eight months have been partly removed, but it isn't clean by a long shot. Then take First street. Now there is a real nice street in a shameful condition. I will venture to state as a fact, though I have not the statistics by me to prove my assertion, that First street has not been cleaned in any way, shape or manner since it was graded. It is an acrobatic feat to ride a bicycle on that street after the sun goes down. It is littered up with rocks, tin cans, barrels, boxes, broken and unbroken bottles, and every sort of trash that one can well imagine. The condition of First street would be a disgrace to Chicago.

Second street is a little better, for the people who reside on that street seem to have fewer articles of trash to get rid of than those who live on First street, and then, I believe that once, a long time ago the street sweeper went astray and was dragged over that thoroughfare by mistake.

Third street and Fourth street east are, of course, hopeless propositions. They were laid out by a licensed graduate of the Bungtown School for Imbeciles, and until they are graded as a street should be, they will never be anything but cowpaths on the hillside. A natural born idiot could never have laid out a street in such a manner; only an educated and refined graduate in lunacy could ever approach such a feat of modern engineering. They say that people who live on those streets have one leg shorter than the other from the constant strain of walking with one foot six inches higher in the air than the other. I don't state this as a fact, however.

And now, some of the idiots want to pave Superior street with stone! Why, my good old moss-backed, backwoods hayseed friends, a stone pavement is the last thing on earth that you should think of inflicting on this poor little struggling, long-suffering city. A stone pavement is the dirtiest, noisiest, roughest pavement on the face of the earth, and if it were ever laid on Superiro street every business man on that thoroughfare would swear himself beyond all hope of redemption inside of six months.

To be sure, it is a lasting pavement, but if you want a pavement that will last forever, why not lay a cobble stone pavement and be done with it. There is a pavement that will last forever. It will never wear out because nobody will ever drive over it if there is any possible way of avoiding it. In St. Paul there is a brick pavement laid on Virginia avenue for a distance of three or four blocks. That pavement is almost as good today as the day it was put down, and for this reason; people will drive a dozen blocks out of their way if necessary rather than drive a block or two on that nerve-shattering pavement. Rents are very reasonable on that street.

A stone pavement idiot said to me that the main objection he had to asphalt pavements was their liability to crack, and that he had counted as many as a dozen cracks to the block in some of the St. Paul and Minneapolis pavements, but he never stopped to think that there were about a million cracks to the block in a brick or stone pavement.

And as for standing heavy traffic, it is a fact that when the heavy cable reels were hauled through the streets of New York, there was a great hue and cry over the damage that would be done to pavements in crossing those streets that were paved with asphalt; but, as a matter of fact, the asphalt pavements were the only pavements which were not crushed out of shape by the heavy loads.

I like Duluth. I am willing to gamble on her future, and have an abiding faith in her coming greatness, but I hate to see her make an ass of herself; indeed I do. I suppose she feels the same way about me. Very truly yours,

WOJECK CZPLNSKI.

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Telephone 634. 10 East Superior St.

LOGGING IN MINNESOTA

The Wages Paid to Woodsmen Aggregate Nearly Four Millions.

AN ARMY OF WORKERS

From Fifteen to Twenty Thousand Men Employed In the Camps.

If a straight line were drawn on the map of Minnesota in a northeasterly direction from the southeast corner of Kanabec county to the southeast corner of Lake county, thence due north to the northeast corner of the county, thence in a westerly direction clear across the state to the northwest corner of Marshall county, thence south to the northwest corner of Polk county, thence southeasterly to the point of beginning, the area thus inclosed would embrace the present pine region of the state throughout which logging camps are more or less thickly scattered during the winter season. This area embraces about 31,000 square miles, or 37 per cent of the total territory of the state, and includes all or part of the following counties: Lake, St. Louis, Itasca, Beltrami, Polk, Red Lake, Hubbard, Becker, Cass, Crow Wing, Aitkin, Carlton and Kanabec. This is the Minnesota pine land area of today, but it has not always been such. In the past it has extended considerably further south, and in the future the present southern line of demarkation will have to be pushed further and further north.

During the past season logging camps have been conducted in every one of the counties named above; but by far the largest number have been located in St. Louis, Itasca and Beltrami counties, which, aside from being particularly heavy studded with pine, are, moreover, of such a size as to take up the larger portion of the territory described.

Very few people have any idea of the real extent of the logging industry of this state. That logging camps exist somewhere in the northern portion of the state and that more or less people are employed in them during the winter season, is commonly known; but that these camps number several hundreds and furnish employment during the winter for from 15,000 to 20,000 men and half as many horses, requires to be demonstrated before it is accepted as true.

The state labor department has for some time been engaged in collecting statistics concerning this industry, and has received detailed reports from 300 of these camps, showing an army of workers numbering about 14,500 men and 7500 horses. The log cut by these camps during the season just closed is shown to have been considerably over 7,000,000,000 feet. Now, the statement, "one billion feet," while it expresses the facts, fails to convey an adequate impression of the magnitude of the work. A clearer idea is obtained when it is stated that one billion feet will suppply sufficient material for a sidewalk nearly eight feet wide around the earth at the equator.

How nearly the reports in hand come to being a complete census of the logging industry in the state for the past season it is impossible to state. But, judging from the field covered, and the thorough manner in which it has been covered, it might be safe to estimate the total log cut in the state at one and a quarter billion feet, and the total number of men employed at 16,000 and half that number of horses.

An analysis of the report gives an average of fifty men and twenty-seven horses for each camp. It also shows an average cut per camp of about three and a half million feet.

The subject of wages presents a most interesting feature in connection with the logging industry. In comparison with the wages paid in other lines of work, those of the loggers are remarkably high. In fact they are found to average as high or higher, with board included, as do those of workers in other lines, exclusive of board. The loggers all receive their board from their employers, and are paid stipulated monthly wages, which vary considerably according to nature of work, location, etc. The following table shows the minimum and maximum prices paid per month in each occupation. A column of averages is also given, based, not on the minimum and maximum figures, but on an analysis of a majority of the reports at hand. Absolute correctness is not claimed for these averages, but they show approximately what the prevailing wages were:

Name of occupation—	Minimum Monthly Wages.	Maximum Monthly Wages.	Av.
Foremen	$40	$90	$64.00
Cooks	35	65	50.33
Blacksmiths	30	60	45.00
Loaders	25	45	35.50
Teamsters	30	40	36.79
Sawyers	27	35	30.71
Swampers	25	30	27.50
Common woodmen	24	30	26.36

When it is considered that board is furnished in addition to these wages, it is readily seen that the average employe in other industries falls considerably short of receiving equal pay. A careful study of the returns indicates that the average monthly wages for all employes engaged in the various logging operations during last season amounted to $34 per man, while others showed $32 as the average.

It may be interesting to note the financial magnitude of this industry in its bearing on labor. Assuming the number of men employed to be 16,000, then placing their average monthly wages at $34, the monthly wages reach the sum of $544,000; adding to this the sum of $15 per month for board for each man, the aggregate monthly stipend becomes $784,000. Taking the average of twenty weeks, or five months, as the length of the season, $3,920,000 is paid in wages to loggers in Minnesota during the otherwise idle winter months.

THE SMOOTHEST WAY TO GET A HOME.

The following parties are getting a home for themselves on the easiest plan offered by any one in the city. You know some of them, ask them about it:

Chas. Ten Brook,	Konigunde Smiguel,
J. & W. Frink,	Della Miller,
F. J. & E. Spetz,	Ida Harring,
Dixon Neeley,	Frank G. Myers,
Charles Smith,	H. L. Smith,
Charles Stevens,	John A. Gladder,
H. S. Merry,	Will Lowry,
Annie Stokes,	Andrew Larson,
John A. Bauers,	Louis Wick,
Martin Nelson,	S. E. Boots,
Jacob Svorzecski	Jaard Mathieson,
Ernest Willie,	H. C. Peterson,
J. H. B. Smith,	Philip Fiegler,
Charles Peterson,	R. J. Gundry,
J. B. Flack,	Charles Fancett,
John Sundquist,	Ole Swenson,
Peter Holten,	Fred K. Jewett.
Gottlieb Gunther,	John M. Fowles.
O. C. Lamelin.	

THEY WILL ALL TELL YOU THAT IT BEATS PAYING RENT. ABOUT 70 MORE PROPERTIES TO SELECT FROM ON THE SAME EASY TERMS AND LOW VALUATIONS AS THE ABOVE PURCHASED AT. A $1000 HOUSE AND LOT WILL BE SOLD FOR $200 CASH; $400 ON OR BEFORE 5 YEARS WITH 6 PER CENT INTEREST AND $400 PAYABLE $7.72 A MONTH FOR 60 MONTHS, WHICH PAYS THE INTEREST AND PRINCIPAL.

Office No. 2 First Avenue West, IN HUNTER BLOCK.

CHAN SMITH, Secretary.

A Cheerful Proposition....

BLATZ

—The Star Milwaukee

BEER.

BLATZ BEERS possess qualities that appeal to lovers of the beverage—every brew is uniformly perfect—every brand a success.

Blatz Malt-Vivine, TONIC. (Non-Intoxicant.)

ALL DRUGGISTS.

VAL BLATZ BREWING CO., MILWAUKEE

Duluth Branch, 'Phone 62.

NEW PETITION.

Biwabik Named as Temporary County Seat In Eveleth's Petition.

The second county division petition is out. Eveleth has put it into the field, but instead of naming that village as the county seat the suggestion advanced by P. E. Dowling a week or more ago and endorsed by P. R. Vail has been followed. A neutral point has been named as the temporary county seat, Biwabik is the place selected. It is admitted that when the people of the new county, if there should be division, come to vote on the selection of a permanent county seat, the contest will lie between Eveleth and Virginia and that no other towns will be in it. The Eveth Star, Mr. Dowling's paper, has this to say of the new plan:

"As no compromise could possibly be reached between Eveleth and Virginia, there was but one thing to be done that of selecting a neutral point. If ever the county division scheme offered favorable consideration, that time will be at hand this fall. Of course, there are many even now who do not favor the plan, but when the causes and just reasons are given by the press of the ranges and in Duluth from time to time, there is little doubt but what the plan will carry in the fall election."

The new petition also differs from the Virginia one in that it leaves about half a township more in what will be St. Louis county if division carries. The following are named as the temporary county commissioners: A. J. Thomas, of Ely; Michael Marion, of Tower; James Geary, of Hibbing; H. H. Salmon, of McKinley, and W. G. Bonham, of Eveleth.

Petitions are now in circulation all over the county.

THE WEATHER IN MAY.

Statistics For the Month Compiled By Weather Bureau.

The month of May, according to the record of the past twenty-nine years is likely to be cool, moderately wet and cloudy. H. W. Richardson, the local forecast observer of the weather bureau, has issued his monthly resume of what may be expected in the way of weather for the next month. The normal May temperature during the history of the Duluth bureau has been 48. The warmest May was in 1896, when the average was 53. The coldest was in 1888, with an average of 42. The high temperature record for the month in the past twenty-nine years was made on May 9, 1896, when 88 degrees was reached.

In the way of moisture the average precipitation in twenty-nine years has been 3.68 inches. The greatest monthly precipitation was 7.99 inches, and that was in 1879. The least monthly precipitation was in 1871, and the figures 1.40.

There are 13 cloudy days in the average month of May, and 12 partly cloudy and 9 clear days.

The prevailing direction of the wind is likely to be from the northeast. The highest velocity was 60 miles an hour from the northeast on May 22, 1877.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER.
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.

TUESDAY, MAY 1.
—The Great White Czar of all Fun Shows—
Third and best edition of that rapid, roaring and rollicking—
—FARCE—
WHO IS WHO
Introducing those comic fellows Pusey and St. John and an excellent company of 25 high-class artists. Catchiest and brighest specialties. The newest things in musical farce. Elaborate Scenery—beautiful costumes. Prices—25c, 50c and 75c.

LYCEUM THEATER
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.

THURSDAY, MAY 3.
HOYT'S FUNNIEST **A TEXAS STEER...**
Up-to-Date.
High Class Specialties will be introduced in "A Texas Steer" this season for the first time in the history of Hoyt's best comedy.
Katie Putnam as "Bossy" and star cast.
Prices—Dress Circle, $1.00; Parquette, 75c; Family Circle and Balcony, 50c

PARLOR THEATER.
Wm. J. Wells, Manager. 19 Second Avenue West.
OPEN EVERY NIGHT.
Hazel Forrest's English Folly Co.
All Bright Lights. Big Program of Novelties
Matinee every Saturday 2:30 p. m.

FOR A DAY OF REST

Christian Citizenship and Sunday Observance Meeting at Mission Church.

ADOPTS RESOLUTIONS

Complete Enforcement of Sunday Laws Demanded---Would Stop Sunday Labor.

To some extent the weather interfered with the meeting yesterday at Mission church, yet the large edifice was almost filled with an attentive audience. This was the closing meeting in the series that has been held during the winter in the interest of temperance and good citizenship, under the auspices of the Scandinavian Christian Temperance committee. A fine musical program was given. The Salvation Army band gave several selections. The choir of the Norwegian Lutheran church of West Duluth rendered pleasing numbers.

Rev. John A. Anderson was the principal speaker. He spoke on "Christ and Patriotism." All church people should unite for the good interest of the community, he said. Christ should be our ideal, and by following the great principals he has set forth true patriotism will follow. It is not patriotism to tolerate evil. Do we ask too much, the speaker continued, when we as loyal citizens demand that laws protecting the morals be enforced. We are in harmony with the laws of God and the laws of our country in our request to have Sunday as a day of rest and worship. It will give strength to the community to have the principles of Christianity applied in our civic life.

Rev. O. H. Wilson gave a few remarks.

The committee on arrangements presented resolutions that were read and adopted by acclamation. Rev. Utzinger of the German Evangelical church expressed himself in hearty favor of the resolutions, and wished to see the principles set forth therein carried out in the community. The resolutions are as follows:

Whereas, during the last four years there has been a strong moral movement, the purpose of which has been to promote the cause of temperance and good citizenship and the enforcement of the laws enacted with the aim of protecting the moral interest of the people; for the restricting of the sale of intoxicating liquors to the limits of the law on our statute books, especially in regard to the closing of the saloons on Sunday; for abolition of Sunday labor in the interest of the working masses; for the welfare in social, moral and religious respects; and

Whereas, this movement has attained general attention, being advocated from the pulpit, from the press and by forming co-operation in promotion thereof; and

Whereas, wage workers under modern commercial and industrial conditions are forced to work on Sunday contrary to their own conscience, thus violating the law of God and fundamental principles of our republic, to the degradation of themselves and their families, this being especially true of Duluth, it being located at one of the greatest commercial highways of our country; and

Whereas, disastrous results are the consequences of the desecration of a rest day which the wise Providence has instituted as a blessed privilege for the race:

Therefore be it resolved, that all interested in the prosperity and welfare of our beautiful city for the advancement of social and moral reform among the inhabitants, pledge our utmost support to the present administration in its efforts toward enforcing the laws in protecting the moral interest of the people. We consider the recent order of closing the saloons half Sunday a step in the right direction, but we firmly insist on the closing of the saloons according to law.

Be it further resolved, that inasmuch as the party in power in their platform pledged themselves to the maintenance of good government and "the enforcement of law and order," we condemn any attempt by any person or persons whatsoever the standing or occupation in the community he or they may have, in using their influence to bear upon the city authorities to not enforce or carry out the laws of the state and the ordinances of the city.

Further resolved, that steps be taken by the executive department of the city government to consider the possibility of prohibiting Sunday labor in manufacturing establishments and on docks and elevators at the head of the lakes; to submit a proposition to the vessel owners and the grain shippers with a view to abolish Sunday labor for the moral, the social and religious interest of the laborers.

Be it further resolved, that a copy of these resolutions be presented to the Hon. Mayor T. W. Hugo and to the city council; that also the press of the city be asked to publish these resolutions; that papers, edited in other languages will translate them and publish them in their papers.

At the close the audience sang "America."

The following resolutions were also unanimously adopted:

Resolved, that we, the Duluth Scandinavian Temperance union, representing all the Scandinavian churches of the city, would respectfully petition the Duluth public library board to continue the West End branch for the reason that a great majority of our people are tributary to this branch and as there is no place of a public nature whatsoever in this part of the city whereby their spare time could be profitably employed and thus counteract the influence of the saloons. Knowing as we do that many of our people have been attending this branch and the comforts and benefits that they have derived from it, we would be pleased to see it continued.

And further resolved, that the president of this union send a copy of this resolution to The Evening Herald and the Duluth News Tribune and also one to the secretary of the library board with the names of each committee attached.

"Calumet" Does Not Belong to a Baking Powder Trust, but Consumers are Rapidly Learning to Place Their Trust in "Calumet."

CALUMET Baking Powder

MODERATE IN PRICE

NONE SO GOOD.

BRYAN CLUB.

Senator Baldwin Addresses the Meeting on Issues of the Day.

There was a largely attended meeting of the Bryan club Saturday night, at which Senator C. O. Baldwin made a short but interesting talk on the issues of the day. He said that all of the questions that are before the people center in the undue power that aggregated wealth has attained. One of the questions is imperialism. Not expansion, for that is a different thing. This country has expanded from the thirteen original states huddled along the coast to its present proportions, but all new territory has been taken into the Union and given our laws and liberties. When we go abroad and impress subjects and govern them against their will, it is imperialism and this is not a republic but an empire.

"The change to present conditions was very rapid," he said. "We started in two years ago to free Cuba, announcing that we should not assume control over her after she was liberated. The Philippines came in almost by accident, and then we suddenly changed front so that now we are seeking to control 10,000,000 of people without their consent. Never before did our flag go where it was not hailed with delight as the symbol or freedom. To remove our flag from there will not be humiliating, but it will be a return to the principles upon which our government was founded. Our declaration of independence says that governments derive their just powers from the consent of the governed, but we are forcing our government on 10,000,000 Filipinos without their consent.

"Porto Rico is another outcropping of the same tendency. But 125 years ago we began fighting Great Britain because she taxed us without representation, and we have so far forgotten that time that we seek to impose the same burden now on a weaker people. The excuse for the act today is that the money is to be used for the colony, and that was the defense of the same action on the part of England. Imperialism has carried us so far that the men that dictate the policies of the government have entered into a secret alliance with Great Britain in her attempt to crush two of the weakest republics on the globe.

"All these things have resulted from the undue power given to wealth that tampers with the government and with public policies to the injury of the common people. Modern tendencies are due to it.

"The root of the trust is the protective tariff. It has made trusts possible and coddled unfair accumulations of wealth and power. With foreign competition barred it is a simple matter for American manufacturers to combine and do away with local competition. They have become so strong that they control the government. I would let down the bars and give the hurush of foreign competitors a chance to wash away the trust edifices.

There was some talk about changing the meeting night to one other day than Saturday, but as the hall cannot be secured for any other night at present, it was decided to let matters remain as they are until another night can be secured.

AMUSEMENTS.

"MARTHA."

This evening the opera "Martha" will be produced at the Lyceum by a company of Duluth singers assisted by several from Superior. The production is given for the benefit of St. Mary's hospital, and the attendance will be large for this if for no other reason, but the opera will be given a production that will make it a delightful treat as well as a worthy aid to a deserving institution. The principles include most of the best singers at the head of the lakes, and the chorus also includes among its members some of the finest singers, many well able to carry important roles. The drilling has been very careful and the performance will be one that will reflect credit on all concerned.

"WHO IS WHO?"

At the Lyceum tomorrow Pusey and St. John and a finely poised fun company will be seen in the third and best edition of that sparkling farce comedy of complications, seasoned with satiable vaudeville features, entitled "Who Is Who?" The story of the play has more body to it than the usual farce comedy plot. The company contains, among others, Pusey and St. John, James Cherry, Harry N. Welch, Charles E. Adams, Arthur E. Roach, Eva Tanguay, Katherine Weston, Sophia Webb, Georgia Tompkins, the sisters Whiting, Miller sisters, Louise Gould and Sadie Whitcomb.

"A TEXAS STEER."

That pleasantly satirical farce-comedy, Hoyt's "A Texas Steer," will be given at the Lyceum Thursday by what is promised as the best company that has yet appeared in the play. Hoyt has a faculty of going from the sublime to the ridiculous, and more truisms are brought out in his works than by any other writer for the stage. In "A Texas Steer" the story of the life of office-seekers as told by a colored applicant from the newly elected congressman's district, is considered one of the cleverest things that has been seen on the stage in recent years.

TRANSFER IS MADE

The St. Paul & Duluth Road Turned Over to the Northern Pacific.

APPROVED BY HILL

Duluth Road Will Not Be Absorbed But Managed Independently.

Official confirmation has been given to the report that on Wednesday of last week the absolute control of the St. Paul & Duluth railway, with all its branches and terminals, passed into the hands of the Northern Pacific Railway company. The formal transfer was made on Saturday at the office of J. P. Morgan in New York. The acquisition of the St. Paul & Duluth by the Northern Pacific was accomplished by the purchase of about 38,000 shares of the common stock in the hands of the Clarence S. Day syndicate. The deal was consummated with the approval of President Hill of the Great Northern.

Several times it was said that the Great Northern would get the prize, and some months ago an emphatic statement was sent out from St. Paul that it had succeeded in the negotiations. These statements proved untrue and were attributable to a bid made by Clarence S. Day, one of the New York directors, for an exchange in stock, which was successfully conducted. Evidently Mr. Day was putting himself in a position to control the sale of the road when made, although he declined to make any statement upon the subject. President Hill, later, in denying that he had bought the road took occasion to say he had not sought it and did not want it. There are reasons for believing that he was sincere in this, so far as any special advantage could be derived by the Great Northern, and that should he take the line it would simply be to prevent other interests getting it. The Milwaukee, when it could not get the property, went so far as to have a survey made for a parallel line to Superior. This was considered as simply a bluff to force an acceptance of the offer, but it did not work. On the other hand, some railroad men are asserting with a good deal of positiveness that the Milwaukee will surely use the tracks of the St. Paul & Duluth under its new ownership, instead of building a new line to the head of the lakes. It is urged that this would be the sensible arrangement for both roads to effect.

It is stated, and from a source that commands credence, that it is not the intention of the Northern Pacific executives to absorb the road, but to continue to operate it as an entity. This plan will insure the retention in their present position of General Manager Plough, General Passenger Agent Boone, and, presumably, of other heads of departments. It is true that the Northern Pacific might, with little additional expense, transfer the general offices to the Northern Pacific offices, but this is regarded as improbable. Officials do not look for any consolidation, but the continuing as separate corporations with the Northern Pacific holding the controlling interest.

The control of the property was held by the syndicate of common stockholders, organized by Clarence S. Day, and the Northern Pacific has purchased the shares held by this syndicate, said to be 38,000 shares. The outstanding common stock is $4,660,000. The preferred stock amounts to $4,069,500.

The valuable terminals of the St. Paul & Duluth and the Northern Pacific in Duluth are contiguous and they have been using them partially in common. They have also been joint owners of the Duluth Union depot.

Terrible plagues, those itching, pestering disenses of the skin. Put an end to misery. Doan's Ointment cures. At any drug store.

BASEBALL GAMES.

Central High School Does Up Nelson Dewey of Superior.

The amateur baseball season opened with a rush on Saturday. In a terrific batting game over at West Superior, the Central High school completely submerged the Nelson Dewey school of that city by a score of 31 to 7. High school played a wonderful game, especially with the stick, but the loose playing of the Nelson Dewey did not require much effort on the part of the locals, and consequently their full strength, especially in the pitching department was not shown. In McCumber and Cummings the High school nine has two twirlers of rare promise. Next Saturday afternoon at Oneota park the High school team will play St. Cloud, and a good game and a big crowd is expected. St. Cloud has played several good practice games this season, and is considered one of the strongest school teams in the state. From a comparison of the work of the local High school team with the playing of the Twin City schools and other teams of the Minnesota Inter-scholastic league, Duluth has a team that will give the other championship aspirants an awful jarring before the season is over.

At Oneota park on Saturday afternoon Craggencroft and the Y. M. C. A. played a hard hitting and close game. Stick work was the feature throughout. The score was 20 to 19 in favor of Craggencroft. The Y. M. C. A. was considerably broken up and handicapped for want of team practice. Craggencroft played a good game, but not all of which it is capable.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, LUCAS COUNTY.—SS.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & CO., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

A. W. GLEASON, (Seal.) Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Cures All Blood Humors

America's Greatest Spring Medicine.

NE NO ME IMPUNE LACESSIT

PANTON & WHITE DULUTH, MINN.

THE BIG Glass Block STORE

Bargain Counter Number 1.

5000 yards Embroideries—manufacturer's samples and short ends—worth up to 75c a yard—choice at per yard—

15c

Why Dwell Upon Facts?

They are like nuts, hard to crack. We rely upon the confidence placed in this store since its inception, to endeavor to please all every week better (if that were possible) than the past. With this short introduction, and our added guarantee that goes with every sale made by us, we place before you these TEMPTINGLY ARRANGED BARGAINS FOR TUESDAY.

Millinery Dept

Second Floor.

Have you seen the latest creations of our skill? Do not miss the opportunity! Visit our Pattern room and see for yourself. They can only be obtained at these prices because offered by this well-known and reliable house.

What of those Hats for $5? They cannot be duplicated at anywhere near the price, and so we can go on up to $25.00.

Do not forget the regular salesroom, and see what we can offer you for—

$2.25, $2.75 and up to $5.75

Nothing like them in Duluth.

Hats for the Children—

In our Children's Trimmed Hats we are showing the largest and most beautifully selected Straws, Chips and Leghorns, at from—each—

98c to $3.50

Ladies' Sailors in colors and white, rough or satin straws, very latest black shape, wide range of prices; start at—

39c and on up to $4.25

Dainty Neckwear—

No article of a woman's apparel adds or detracts from her appearance to such a degree as does her neckwear. Every new and good idea is carried in our stock. Many of the best are exclusive with us.

Tucked Satin Stock Collars, in several new shapes and colors—

25c, 35c, 48c, 59c

Narrow Lace Barbe Ties, an elegant assortment—

25c to $1.19

The "Nethersole" Tie, one of the very swell things of the season; new colorings $1.50

The demand for fashionable Shirt Waist Neckwear still continues. We have all the kinds that are popular this season—

25c to $3.25

Ribbon Clearance—

The following very low prices will stand until these goods are sold, which will undoubtedly be very soon. The qualities and styles are the best. 100 bolts Wide Fancy Ribbon, in checks, plaids and stripes; light and dark colors; at—yard 19c

100 bolts 4½-inch Double faced Satin Ribbon, in all the leading colors, at yard 29c

Fine Soft Quality Black Taffeta Ribbon, all silk, Nos. 22 and 40; widths for neckwear—at—yard 19c

Corset Fashions and Corset News.

If you are looking for the kind that fit properly, comfortably, and that combine style, durability and economy in the highest degree, you can find them here at the Greatest Corset Department Northwest of Chicago.

We are exclusive agents for Duluth and West Superior for the World's Famous FASSO CORSETS, acknowledged by the world to be the most perfect fitting and highest grade Corset in the world. We carry the FASSO Corsets in all the new Paris Creations. Following are the prices and makes—

Lambolle Style.... $5.75 and $6.25
Marquise Style.... $6.25
Roxane Style.... $7.25
Duchesse Style.... $8.75
Marie Stuart Style.... $7.85
Carmen Style.... $12.50
Marie Antoinette Style.... $13.50
Several other styles up to.... $35.00

Her Majesty's Corsets—

We have models in black, white and drab, carry a complete line of all the new Her Majesty's models and converts every day. People come in to our Corset Department and tell our salespeople of the many good words they have heard spoken of Her Majesty's Corsets by those women who have worn it. Its friends are everywhere. They are legion, and they help us more than anything to gain converts for this admirable Corset. Physicians recommend Her Majesty's Corsets for Stout Women. And dressmakers prefer to fit a new gown over one once fitted over Her Majesty's Corsets, the gown will always keep its shape.

Price—$2.75 up

Kabo Corsets is the best on earth for quality, style, fit and wear. Every pair guaranteed to give satisfaction or money returned. We are exclusive agents for the Kabo Corsets. We carry seventy-five different styles in French and New American models. Kabo Corset will fit any figure, small, medium or large. They come in pink, blue, drab, white and black. The Kabo Corset gives beauty to the figure and perfect fit to the dress. Ask anyone who has worn the Kabo.

$1.00, $1.25, $1.50
$1.75, $2.00 and up

We are the only store showing new Kabo Bust Perfector. It works wonders in figures with defective and insufficient bust development. Makes Tailored Gowns and Shirt Waists a delight to the eye; like cut; on sale at..... 98c

We are the only store showing the KABO FORM REDUCING CORSETS, unequaled in remedying that annoying defect in many figures, a too large abdomen. They reduce 3 to 4 inches without discomfort, and work a magical change in the figure; price $2.25

We carry a full line of the well-advertised R. & G. Corsets, in all colors, styles and models; Empire style, Short French models and extra long.

Price—$1.00 up

We are agents for the well-known genuine French P. D. Corsets. We show in this Corset all the new French makes.

Price—$1.50 up

Thompson's Glove Fitting Corsets. We have them in any style you may think of or ask for.

Price—$1.00 up

Chicago Waists, sometimes called the G. D. Waists, considered the best made; price..... $1.00

We carry a complete line of the following Corsets, well known: The J. B. Corset in short and long length, the G. D. Crush Summer Corsets, the Ferris Good Sense Waists for ladies, misses and children, and the Ideal Waists for boys and girls.

SPECIAL—

300 Summer Corsets, made of good strong netting, fancy trimmed, ... 50c kind; on sale Monday at..... 19c

Sizes, 18 to 28.

Immense Purchase of Silks.

This store has never fallen into the habit of offering something for nothing, for two reasons: First, it is bad ethics; second, it is impossible. We have got to make our profit. Occasionally, however, values come into our hands which are of unusual worth. A manufacturer closed out his entire stock of high-grade Silks, part of which we secured for Duluth, which enables us to offer you Novelty Silks, also Black Silks, that retail stores ask $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50 for; our sale price—per yard..... 79c

They are entirely new and up-to-date styles—no old plugs, no shop-worn goods—but new, clean goods. There are some in waist lengths, skirt lengths and dress lengths. However, we cut you any length wanted. Remember, the price for $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50 qualities is—per yard..... 79c

In this lot of Handsome Novelty Silks you will find all the pastel colors well represented in the plain corded, striped and lace effects—for $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50 remember we only ask you—per yard..... 79c

SPECIAL EXTRA—

We will add further attractions to this great sale by selecting from our own stock of New Black Silks and Satins, and from our stock of Novelty and Plain Silks, values that will compare favorably with the above. For $1.75, $1.50 and $1.00 values we will ask—per yard—

98c and 59c

Black Dress Goods

PLAIN CLOTHS—

Such as Venetians, Broadcloths, Ladies' Fine Serges, Clay Serges, Poplins, Repps, Prunella Cloths, Broadcloth, Venetians, Fine Imported Cheviots—these are the leading Dress fabrics for this season's wear, in width they range from 50 to 60 inches, at—per yard—

$3.50, $2.50, $1.75, $1.50

BLACK CREPON SALE—

We offer Tuesday our $2.75, $2.50, $2.25 all-silk Crepons and English Mohair Crepons; choice of the lot—per yard..... $1.25

Colored Dress Goods.

Plain cloths in colors take the lead this season, such as Cloth Venetians, Covert Venetians, French Venetians, Broadcloths, Poplins, Cheviots and Zibolines, Homespuns in the new Grays, Castors, etc., widths ranging from 60 inches to 50 inches—price

$2.50, $2.00, $1.50, $1.00

MIXED SUITINGS—

Such as Bannockburn Tweeds, English Suitings, Men's Cloth for Rainy Day Skirts, all in quiet mixtures of Brown, Gray, Blue and Castor; prices—per yard—

$1.50, $1.25, $1.00, 89c

SPECIAL EXTRA—

For Tuesday's shoppers we will place on sale reliable weaves from Botany Worsted Mills, William Broadhead & Sons., Jamestown, N. Y.; Albermann, Dommerick & Co., and other well-known manufacturers of reliable goods; cloths in quiet mixtures, tailor checks, suitings, handsome plaids, Zibaline Plaids, 50c, 60c and 75c values; special extra—per yard..... 39c

Wash Goods.

The Violet and Arbutus, with their suggestion of Spring freshness and beauty, do not compare with the attractiveness of our Light Wash Fabrics. The kinds and prices, do you say? A few selections—

EGYPTIAN TISSUES—

A case Sheer Corded Fabric, light in weight, the cord making this fabric very strong and serviceable—price..... 25c

PRINTED MOUSSELINES—

Beautiful Wash Fabrics, with cord and stripes of satin and printings; perfect copies of the French Foulards—price..... 50c

SILK GINGHAMS—

Dainty Pretty Wash Fabrics, the season's leaders in fine fabrics, with cords and stripes of Satin and Silk; more beautiful than the regular wash silks, wider and half the price, ranging in price from—per yard—

35c up to 75c

IRISH DIMITIES—

No fabric more popular for dainty waists or cool summer dresses than this genuine Irish-made Dimity; every piece stamped "Made in Ireland"—price..... 25c

SPECIAL EXTRA—

50 pieces American Indigo Blue Prints, in Dots, Stripes and Figured designs; the regular 6c quality; Special—per yard..... 3½c

(Limit 20 yards.)

White Goods Dept.

70 pieces White Corded Piques, cheap at 15c; for Tuesday, a yd.... 8c

500 yards White India Linon, sheer and fine, worth 12½c, for Tuesday—per yard..... 7½c

50 pieces Dimities, stripes, checks, etc., worth up to 25c a yard—for Tuesday—per yard..... 15c

36-in Curtain Swisses, dots, stripes, etc., cheap at 18c; for Tuesday—per yard..... 12½c

48-inch Wash Chiffon, sheer and fine, sold at 60c everywhere; for Tuesday, per yard..... 45c

30-in Fancy White Dimity, fancy stripes, very pretty for Tuesday—per yard..... 25c

Flannel Dept.

36-in Outing Flannels, in light, pretty colors, worth 25c, for Tuesday—per yard..... 15c

50 pieces Outing Flannels, light and dark colors; for Tuesday—per yard..... 8c

33-in White Embroidered Wool Flannels, worth $1.00; for Tuesday, per yard..... 75c

27-inch White all-wool Flannels, fine and soft, worth 38c; for Tuesday—per yard..... 25c

10 pieces New Scotch Flannels, 29 inches wide, new colors, for Shirts, etc., Special—per yard..... 40c

Linen Dept.

2¼x2½-yard Ready Made Sheets, torn, not cut, cheap at 65c; for Tuesday, each..... 50c

45x36 Pillow Cases, "ready made," worth 15c; for Tuesday—each..... 12½c

100 Bed Spreads, full size, 12-4, read-hemmed, a bargain at..... $1.00

50 dozen ¾ Bleached Damask Napkins, double damask, a bargain at $4; Tuesday, a doz..... $3.00

50 dozen "John S. Brown & Son's" Table Napkins, full bleached; a bargain at $2.50; Tuesday—per dozen..... $2.00

Table Damasks—

72-inch Bleached Damask, pure Irish Linen, a bargain at 65c, for Tuesday—per yard..... 50c

72-in Cream Damask, pure Irish Linen, extra weight, cheap at 85c; for Tuesday, a yard.... 62½c

72-inch Half Bleached Damask, fine German make, soft, pure linen; for Tuesday—a yard..... 85c

72-in Bleached or Cream Damasks, pure and finest Irish linen, new designs—selling at $1.25 freely; for Tuesday, per yard..... $1.00

50 pieces 18-inch Huck Toweling, full bleached, cheap at 6c, for Tuesday—per yard..... 4c

25 pieces 18-in Linen Toweling, pure Linen, worth 10c; for Tuesday—per yard..... 8c

50 dozen Wash Rags, Turkish Terry, fringed, worth 5c; for Tuesday—each..... 2½c

Shoe Dept. Main Floor.

SMART SHOES for spring wear—Women's, Misses' and Children's. We have them in any weight and quality, and any price, from—

$1.50 to $6.00

Two very popular and superior lines are our Women's—

$2.98 to $3.50

Why? Because we have so many styles for you to choose from. Yes, from the good old Mannish Last, that has been so popular to the neat little coin toe, that is popular this season. There are welts and turns, cloth and kid tops, all nicely trimmed and perfect fitters; sizes 2 to 8; widths AA to EE.

French patent calf Shoes for women, in several up-to-date styles; all sizes, all widths; price..... $3.50

Our Featherweight Shoes for Dress and light street wear are simply perfect. So soft, so flexible, and yet so firm; the fitting qualities unquestioned; as for style, they cannot be surpassed or even equalled in Shoes that others charge $6 and $7 for. Our prices—

$3.95, $4.45, $4.95

Inspection of our new styles in Louis XIV Heel Shoes is invited; the price is..... $4.95

We guarantee the fit and wear of every Shoe we sell.

Musical Merchandise—

VIOLIN STRINGS—Lyon & Healy's "Damascus" Violin Strings, sold by most dealers at 15c each; our price..... 10c

GUITAR STRINGS—Lyon & Healy's "Damascus" Guitar Strings, sold by some at 20c and 25c; our price..... 10c

Conservatory Guitar String, 40c is the usual price; our price..... 15c

Superlative Violin String, 40c is the price asked elsewhere; our price..... 25c

Cremonatone Violin String, produces a clear, sweet tone; regular price 25c; our price..... 15c

Prepared Rosin, neatly up up, 10c kind; our price..... 5c

Violin Tails, pearl inlaid, regular price 50c; our price.... 25c

Banjo Ends, good nickel plate end; 15c kind, for..... 10c

Guitar Bridges, the same exactly as you have had to pay 40c for at..... 25c

Violin Bridges, an imported Bridge..... 5c

Mandolin Picks..... 5c

Stack & Co.

Specials for May 1st.

5 pieces red Table Linen, 1½ yards wide, worth 19c per yard, at..... **13½c**

20 dozen fine double Damask Towels, with plain and fancy borders, knotted fringe, each at. **25c**

5 doz fancy mercerized striped petticoats, medium weight, worth 75c each, at..... **49c**

14 dozen Wrappers, made of fine cloth, new patterns, made strictly first-class, with ruffle around bottom, worth $1.48 each —at..... **98c**

1500 yards plain white Domet 25 inches wide, worth 7c per yard, at..... **5c**

60 doz Gents' fine Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers, worth 38c a suit, at—per garment..... **25c**

20 pieces fine dress Ginghams, worth 10c and 12½c per garment, at..... **72c**

5 gross fancy Rubber Combs, worth 5c each, at 2 for **5c**

Lunch Boxes, the folding Japanned box so popular at 19c —for tomorrow..... **10c**

Nickel-plated Coffee Pots, also Tea Pots, 5-pint size, worth 69c each, at..... **38c**

2000 packages of Envelopes, worth 5c a package, at two for **5c**

12 dozen Note Books, worth 10c each, at **5c**

10,000 Japanese Paper Napkins, worth 15c per hundred at **10c**

Black Kid Gloves that are worth 95c a pair, sizes 6¼, 6½ and 6¾, choice, per pair..... **49c**

5 gross Whisk Brooms, in Broom Corn and Sea Grass, worth 15c each, at..... **10c**

2 dozen Ewers and Basins, worth 75c a set, at **59c**

2 gross Decorated China Oat Meal Bowls, worth 19c each —at..... **10c**

18 dozen Creams, worth 20c each, at **10c**

BIDS OPENED.

Proposals For Operation of a Steam Ferry Are Received.

The chances for a Park Point steam ferry, early this season, seem improved today. There have been certain influences at work which are likely to have much weight with the aldermen. However, the officials of the Park Point railway are not likely to assist in paying the season's expenses.

Today the board of public works opened bids for operating a suitable steam ferry. These bids were advertised for last week in accordance with instructions from the council and but three were received up to noon today. Two of these are from West Superior. M. J. Ryan offers to put on a ferry capable of carrying 112 passengers at a trip and a scow with a capacity for six teams, for $29 a day. Or to put on the ferry without the scow for $26 a day. Capt. Ryan does not mention the name of his boat. Last year he had the ferry contract for a while and used the Estelle, formerly employed in the street railway transfer service from Rice's to Connor's Points before the interstate bridge was built.

Capt. J. H. Hanson, another Superior man, offers to put on the Josie Davidson without a scow for $30 a day. The Davidson is allowed to carry 150 passengers and has been under consideration for some time, though it is admitted that the price is somewhat higher than was expected. Last season she was in the Fond du Lac and New Duluth trade.

Capt. E. S. Burnham, of Garfield avenue, desires his Mayflower in commission as the Park Point ferry at $28 a day, the city to furnish the scow.

The city will be unable to furnish a scow, however, owing to the limited condition of the finances of the general fund. Last year's scow was damaged beyond repair toward the end of the season.

Claims Infringement.

The Madison Medicine company has begun a suit in the United States court claiming that the Leithhead Drug company is infringing upon its right in putting out a medicine under the title of "Dr. Winter's Rocky Mountain Tea for the Stomach, Kidneys and Liver." Tails is claimed to infringe on the "Rocky Mountain Stomach, Kidney and Liver Tea." Samples of the boxes in which the two are sold are placed in evidence, showing the similarity of the packages in which they are sold. The plaintiff asks that the defendant be restrained from further doing this.

Coming In Earlier.

Real estate taxes are coming in much earlier than usual this year, and the office of the county treasurer is one of the busiest at the head of the lakes these days. Though owners of property have until the last of May to pay up without penalties taxes are coming in so freely now that though the office has a large force it is about all it can do to keep up with the procession, and when the rush comes at the end of the month it is likely to be overwhelmed.

Excursion Rates.

VIA "THE MILWAUKEE."

On April 17, May 1 and May 15, and June 5, the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway will sell tickets to points in Southern, Southwestern and Western states at one fare, plus $2, for the round trip.

No extra charge on the celebrated Pioneer Limited between the Twin Cities, Milwaukee and Chicago.

For particulars as to rates and routes apply to "The Milwaukee" agents or address J. T. CONLEY,
Assistant General Passenger Agent,
St. Paul, Minn.

TRY GRAIN-O! TRY GRAIN-O!

Ask your grocer today to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it, like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. ¼ the price of coffee. 15c and 25c per package. Sold by all grocers.

THE DAY TO MOVE

May 1 the Day Honored By Long Custom For Shifting Residences.

DRAYMEN GET RICH

Reap Their Harvest at This Time of Year---Scramble For Houses.

This week, beginning today, a very amusing sight would be secured by anyone with the power to get a close bird's eye view of the city. By long-honored custom May 1 is moving day, but the moving spreads over several days before and after that date, and the awful "settling" that follows extends the time sometimes far beyond the limits of a week. House agents and draymen say that this is to be a banner year for moving. This morning there was a dray or two working in almost every block, and houses, wherever they stood, were being dismantled and articles of use and grace were being ripped out bodily and placed pell mell into the wagons. At every house sweating, toiling and bad-tempered individuals, with their coats off and smut on their faces, labored, muttering words to themselves in which swear words were mingled.

"The sight to be secured by the birds-eye viewer above mentioned would be strongly reminiscent of the old game of "pussy wants a corner." Those who have played this absorbing game will remember that there is just one less position than there are players, and that the game is for the one who has no position to get one while the more fortunate ones are changing places. That is very like moving day this year in Duluth. There are, it is said, considerably less places than there are players, and the game is to get a house that is suitable after someone who has been occupying it moves out, and before someone moving from another place gets in. In the smaller game the children lose their tempers sometimes, and it is feared that this is true of the larger one as well.

One reason there is so much moving this year is that there has been so much raising of rents on the part of landlords that the tenants profess difficulty in raising the amount of the rent. The result is that they get angry and move out. Perhaps the house they move into has been raised, too, and perhaps it may not be quite so desirable, but the renter relieves his feelings and registers a protest against the raise on his house, even if he has to suffer for it by putting up with poorer accommodations at a higher rate in his new place.

And then there are a large number of renters that move at least once a year anyway, and they are to be reckoned upon every year. The combination of the two classes makes one very large class of movers this year, and the consequence is that this year will break all records for moving.

It would be interesting to estimate the percentage of deterioration to household belongings resulting from this wholesale moving. The baggageman has a pretty good reputation for damaging things, but it is the freely expressed opinion of the people who move much that they are not in it with the draymen, and this has given rise to the truism that three moves are worse than a fire. Aside from the damage to furniture there is the damage to houses resulting from various collisions between the furniture and the walls of the house from which it goes and those into which it comes.

It will be long before many of the movers are settled this year, especially if there is work to be done around the house, such as painting and papering and repairing. There is a great deal of this class of work to be done, and there does not seem to be men enough to go around. The result is that work will lag, to the serious injury of the tempers of the people for whom the work is intended.

No better idea of the extent of the moving on May 1 can be obtained than in the circulation department of a newspaper office. The number of changes in addresses which are being received at The Herald office these days is enormous. It seems as though the whole city is moving.

West End Bargains.

2 houses on 50 foot lot..... **$3000**
1 house on 50 foot lot..... **$1400**
1 50-foot lot on West Second Street..... **$1200**
1 50-foot lot near Lincoln Park..... **$600**

LITTLE & NOLTE.

The Police Court.

Jerry Larson, charged with larceny, was sentenced to thirty days in the county jail this morning. He stole a $8 overcoat from Bert Anderson in a Lake avenue saloon on Saturday night and was arrested yesterday by Officer Tully.

Dave Bennet was arraigned on a charge of stealing 75 cents worth of tobacco from a Garfield avenue saloon and pleading not guilty has hearing was set for tomorrow morning.

Swan Anderson forfeited $10 by not appearing when the roll of dishonor was called, and T. Ryan, Mike Domanick and Cary Guberson went up for ten days each. James Brown and Fred Batsford, charged with sleeping on a sand pile were allowed to go under suspended sentence.

Damaged His Warm Trousers.

Last Saturday afternoon a highly cultured colored gentleman named J. W. Peyton, and wearing a brand new pair of $11.39 trousers went to the Montreal saloon on the Bowery. He shook hands with the barkeeper and then shook dice with him. The colored man won four out of five times and that not being exciting enough he went to sleep in a chair. When he woke up he discovered his trousers were slashed across both legs and his pockets were missing. He didn't lose any money but he called at police headquarters yesterday and seemed bent on having the proprietor of the saloon make good the damage to the trousers.

Revival Meetings.

This evening a series of revival meetings will begin at the German M. E. church on Sixth street and Fifth avenue east, and they will be conducted every week for one week. A well-known German evangelist, Rev. H. B. Rolfer, of Huntingsburg, Ind., will be here and will conduct the meetings. He is said to be a fine speaker and great results are hoped for from his week's work. The services will begin every evening at 7:45 o'clock, and the first fifteen minutes will be devoted to singing. Rev. J. W. Rathke is pastor of the church.

The train of fame that embodies the newest and best ideas for comfort, convenience and luxury is the Chicago Fast Mail over "The North-Western Line."

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup St.

Funeedany printing, see R. P. Co.

Sailors and children's hats at Swenson's.

The Degree of Pocahontas will give a dancing party at Elks' hall, Monday night, April 30.

Kelly's dye works for sick clothes.

Rev. Alexander Patterson, of Chicago, will speak at the Bethel, Lake avenue, tonight, at 8 o'clock. Subject, "The Book of Revelation."

Your old clothing bought. B 26, Herald.

It seems to be as hard to whip the Boers as it is to find anyone who can clean clothing and hats like Kelly.

Dr. J. D. Titcomb has removed to new offices in the New Jersey building.

The Parlor theater will present a big vaudeville show tonight and the balance of the week. An entire new company of novelty entertainers has been secured. The program will be a long one. The theater has been entirely renovated, newly painted, papered and decorated and now presents a neat and cozy appearance.

The regular annual meeting of St. Luke's Hospital association will be held at the hospital at 5 o'clock p. m. Tuesday, May 1, for the election of officers and such other business as may come before the association. Each person who has donated $5 during the past year is entitled to vote as a member of the association.

Saturday evening the members of Zenith chapter Order of Eastern Star entertained in honor of Mrs. Alf Gilson, who is about to leave the city for the summer. The evening was spent at progressive euchr, and a dainty luncheon was served. Mrs. Van Wagner won the ladies' first prize. Mrs. Van Brunt the foot prize. Mr. Elder the gentlemen's prize and Mr. Cook the foot prize.

Henry J. Jenswold has begun suit against M. W. Lowry and others to clear title to some property in London and Lester Park. The property is described as follows: Lot 4, block 45, lots 13 and 14, block 116, and the land called "dock reservation," all in London addition; and lots 3 and 4, block 9, and lot 13, block 11, Lester Park, Second division. John Jenswold, Jr., is the attorney.

Second citizenship papers have been granted by the district court to John Uno Sohenius, of Sweden and Norway, and to Michael P. Doyle, of Great Britain.

Mrs. C. Barber is now connected with the embroidery and handkerchief department at Stack & Co.'s.

J. B. McRay was injured this morning while working on the Ohio coal dock No. 2. He accidentally fell about eighteen feet and struck his head on a timber, sustaining a painful, but not serious scalp wound. He was removed to St. Luke's hospital where he was reported resting easily this afternoon.

Daughters have been born to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Bengstrom, 1701 West Second street, and to Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Peterson, 21 Garfield avenue, and sons have been born to Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Blais, 412 St. Croix avenue Andrew Anderson, Sixtieth avenue west and Ramsey street, and to Mr. and Mrs. Herman Palm, Fifty-third avenue West and Wadena street.

Those now smoke who never smoked before.
And those who always smoked now smoke the more.
Because of the high excellence of Duluth's two most popular cigars, the

LAVERDAD,

A Key West Cigar, none excel it, and

LA LINDA,

A Domestic Cigar, none its equal.

RON-FERNANDEZ CIGAR CO. MAKERS.

PERSONALS.

William White received a cablegram yesterday from John Panton announcing the safe arrival of himself and family at Liverpool.

M. H. Coolidge, of Minneapolis, is at the St. Louis.

M. O. Aubolee, of Two Harbors, was at the St. Louis.

M. J. Peppard, of Minneapolis, the railroad contractor, was at the St. Louis last evening.

M. L. McDonald, of Anaconda, Mont., was in the city last evening.

Samuel E. Sprague, of Minneapolis, was at the Spalding this morning.

E. J. Longyear, of Hibbing, was in the city this morning.

Frederick V. Abbott, of St. Paul, United States engineer in charge of the Upper Mississippi district, was at the Spalding last evening on his way to Lake Winnibigoshish.

J. D. Gilchrist, of Mountain Iron, was in the city last evening.

Mr. and Mrs. G. D. Stevens have returned from a visit at Hendrum with Mrs. Stevens' parents, Mrs. Todd.

Mrs. C. G. Traphagen and son are visiting in Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. G. M. Tallant, of St. Paul, have arrived here and are at the St. Louis.

F. H. Buhl and P. L. Kimberly, of Sharon, Pa., are at the Spalding today, and left for a visit to the range.

N. A. Eddy, of Bay City, Mich., was at the Spalding this morning.

Henry Meeling, who was operated on for appendicitis last Saturday, is reported much improved this afternoon.

Will Raise Salaries.

The railroads are said to be contemplating a raise in the salaries of the city passenger and ticket agents to make up for their losses through the abolition of commissions in ticket selling. This is the first direct result from the action of the Canadian Pacific road in coming in on the agreement. The action is general and the increases will become effective, according to present plans, on May 1. The principal danger to the anti-commission agreement, before the action of the Canadian Pacific railroad, was through the fact that by abolishing the payment of commissions ticket agents and their assistants were forced to witness an arbitrary reduction of their revenue, and dissatisfaction with the action became general with the rank and file of passenger men. When this condition became evident passenger agents decided that if the Canadian road could be persuaded to come into line salaries should be increased.

GROWING YOUNG.

President Eliot's 66th birthday reminds me of a story he told a good many years ago at a Harvard alumni dinner in a form something like this, says the Boston Journal:

"I cannot acknowledge that as the years go by I am growing old. I have evidence to the contrary. When I was a proctor at Cambridge a few years after my graduation I learned that the students spoke of me habitually as 'Old Eliot.' A few nights ago, on the other hand, I met a group of students in the street, and when I passed them I heard one say to the others: 'I wonder where Charlie has been so late.'"

THIS IS IT
The MOULDED RUBBER BUTTON with INDENTED HEAD RIVET—the characteristic feature of

The *Velvet Grip*

CUSHION BUTTON
HOSE SUPPORTER
No Stitching in the Elastic.
NEVER SLIPS OR TEARS
Of Your Dealer, or Sample Pair, by Mail, 25c.
GEORGE FROST CO., Makers, Boston, Mass., U.S.A.
LOOK For the NAME as ON EVERY LOOP.

A DRIVER KILLED

Frank Lennerville, a City Street Employe, Falls Between His Horses.

IS FATALLY INJURED

Died Within Fifteen Minutes From Fractured Skull---Wagon Passed Over Him.

Frank Lennerville, a city street employe, was dashed to his death by a runaway team at noon today. The terrible accident occurred on Piedmont avenue west near Sixteenth street, or what is better known as the Hermantown road. Young Lennerville was driving one of the dirt wagons employed on the street contract of Harry Smith. He had just finished unloading the wagon and stepped foward on the tongue of the wagon to take the lines from the back of one of the horses. The horses became frightened and plunged forward. Lennerville was knocked down, trampled on by the horses and the heavy wagon passed over his body. He lived but fifteen minutes. The team was quickly stopped.

Dr. G. W. Davis was sent for and reached the man before he died, but life was just about extinct. The body was badly bruised and after a hurried examination Dr. Davis expressed the opinion that death was due to a fracture of the skull, caused either by a kick from one of the horses, or from coming in contact with a wheel of the wagon as it was dragged over him.

Very little could be learned regarding Lennerville. It was said that he lived at Lakeside and was unmarried, but another report was that he was a married man.

LOOKING OVER ROAD.

Commissioners Are Figuring on Legalizing Several More.

Commissioners Williams, Kauppi and Berg have been out within the past few days looking over some county roads, with a view to legalizing them. The roads they looked at were the Prairie Lake road near Floodwood, the Hermantown extension, and the Erickson road. In a short time the committee will go out to look over the roads tributary to Duluth directly to see what can be done with them. The city of Duluth has been for some time making a kick because it pays part of the road tax and gets no direct benefit from it. At first the demand was that the city should get part of it for use within its limits, but it has been decided that if the city is to get any concessions along this line it will be in the way of improvements on the roads running into the city. The city officers have been looking over the field to see what needs to be done, and as soon as they report the committee on highways and bridges, composed of the above commissioners, will go out to see what can be done.

Got Another Property.

Corrigan, McKinney & Co., have acquired a lease on another valuable iron property on the Mesaba range. This property belongs to Longyear & Bennett, and it is composed of the se¼ of the ne¼ and the ne¼ of the se¼ of section 24, 58-20. It is undeveloped, but thoroughly explored, and it has a good body of ore. The royalty is 25 cents per ton. The lessees already have the Commodore and Stevenson properties on the Mesaba range.

RESCUED JUDAS ISCARIOT.

Down here in Cuba when a fellow gets religion he gets it mighty hard. On no day in the year does militant Christianity crop out more strongly than on Easter Sunday, when, as a reminder of the betrayal of Jesus Christ by Judas Iscariot, says a Havana corespondent of the New York Sun. What they do to Judas on this occasion is a sad tale. They bring him, who being in the shape of a tough, old rag dummy, and men with an ecstatic enthusiasm, which, if properly applied, would go a long way toward rehabilitating the island. They proceed to kick the stuffing out of him. Everybody takes a hack at him and the whole proceeding, being of the nature of a tiny revolution, immense enjoyment is thereby obtained together with the soothing balm of Gilead for their religiously outraged souls.

An American lieutenant witnessed one of these vengeances upon Judas this year and now he is sorry he did. He is station at down in the eastern end of the island in command of a vest-pocket garrison. One day he was sitting in his quarters when he heard a distant roar like the voice of a multitude in anger. It came closer and closer and soon he could distinguish fearful and angry oaths as though a mob were fearfully enraged. Rushing to a window he looked out and saw a great crowd of men and women swirling through the plaza. They were dragging an unfortunate creature by a rope, which was tied around the victim's neck. As they yanked the object of their wrath along members of the mob jumped upon the prostrate figure with hideous screams of rage, waving their arms with all the fury of madmen.

The lieutenant saw in a second what was happening. The Cubans had found some unfortunate Spanish ex-guerrilla and they were lynching him. Not an instant was to be lost. The lieutenant seized his pistol and rushed hatless into the surging mob yelling in his most terrific tones for the crowd to stand back. All the while he was discharging his revolver to give weight to his commands. With great precipitancy the men stood apart to permit the officer to pass. Was he in time, he wondered, as he dashed down upon his knees beside the bedraggled figure, his fingers clutching at the rope about the choking neck. With an oath the lieutenant stood up. The victim was poor old Judas Iscariot, dead more than 1800 years.

"The damned fools!" was his one exclamation of disgust as he turned back to his quarters with a very red face while the guffaws of the Cubans followed. The lieutenant kept out of sight the rest of that day and the good old haters of the world's arch traitor wound up their day by burning the effigy in the most approved manner.

Bad blood and indigestion are deadly enemies to good health. Burdock Blood Bitters destroys them.

A SUNNY PRESENCE.

If you had asked her about her accomplishments she would have told you that she had none, and would have been quite sincere in her answer. She did not know how to play a piano, and she had never tried her hand at water colors, or crayon sketching. She had never found time for embroidery. She got off the key when she tried to sing. In fact, one might run through the list of what are called accomplishments without naming one at which she was expert, says an exchange.

Yet this sunny-faced, sweet-voiced girl had one accomplishment, which outweighed all those she lacked. Wherever she went, gloomy faces grew cheerful.

She was a happiness-maker. Children stopped fretting when she came near. Old people came back from dreams of the past and found the present sweet. Without being wise or witty or beautiful, there was an atmosphere of peace about her like the fragrance of a flower. Her smile had the comforting warmth of sunshine. The tones of her glad young voice stirred the heart like a song.

Read the want page and you may find something to interest you.

Mr. Dooley on the Paris Exposition

Chicago Journal: "If this r-rush iv people to th' Paris exposition keeps up," said Mr. Hennessy, "they won't be enough left here f'r to illict a prisidint."

"They'll be enough left," said Mr. Dooley. "There always is. No wan has gone fr'm Ar-rchey r-road, where th' voters ar-re made. I've looked ar-round ivery mornin' expectin' to miss some familyar faces. I thought Dorgan, th' plumber, wud go sure, but he give it up at th' last moment, an' will spind his summer on th' dhrainage canal. Th' baseball season 'll keep a good many others back, an' a number iv riprisintitive sit'zens, who have stock or jobs in th' wire mills have decided that 'tis much betther to inthrust their savins to John W. Gates thin to blow thim in again th' shtreets iv Cairo.

"But takin' it by an' large 'twill be a hard winter f'r th' r-rich. Manny iv thim will have money enough f'r to return, but they'll be much sufferin' among thim. I ixpict to have people dhroppin' in here nex' fall with subscription books f'r th' survivors iv th' Paris exposition. Th' women down be th' rollin' mills'll be sewin' flannels f'r th' disthressed millyonaires, an' whin th' childer kick about th' food ye'll say, Himissy, 'Just think iv th' poor wretches in th' Lake Shore dhrive an' thank Gawd f'r what ye have.' Th' mayor 'll open soup kitchens where th' unforchunit people can come an' get a hearty meal an' watch th' ticker, an' whin th' season grows har-rd ye'll see pinched an' hungry plutocrats thrampin' th' shtreets with signs r-readin': 'Give us a cold bottle or we perish.' Perhaps th' polis 'll charge thim an' bust in their stovepipe hats, th' prisidint 'll sind th' ar-rmy here, a conspiracy 'll be discovered at th' club to blow up th' poorhouse, an' volunteers 'll be called on fr'm th' nickel bed houses to protect th' vested inthrests iv established poverty.

"'Twill be a chanst f'r us to get even, Hinnissy. I'm goin' to organize th' Return Visitin' Nurses' association, composed entirely iv victims iv th' parent plant. 'Twill be worth lookin' at to see th' ladies fr'm th' stockyards r-rushin into some wretched home down in Pecrary avenue, grabbin' th' misthress iv th' house be th' shoulders an' makin' her change her onhealthy silk dhress f'r a pink wrapper, shovelin' in a little ashes to sprinkle on th' flure, breakin' th' furniture an' rollin' th' baby in the' coal box. What th' r-rich needs is intilligint attintion. Don't eat that oatmeal, f'r a nickel piece iv r-roun' steak with onions, give th' baby th' house to play with, an' sind Lucilly Ernestine acrost th' railroad thrack f'r a nickel's worth iv beer. Thin ye'll be happy, me good woman.' Oh, 'twill be gran'. I won't give annything to people that come to th' dure. Morr-hair-n is done be indiscrimate charity than anny wan knows, Hinnissy. Half nex' winter cud find plenty iv wurruk to do if they really wanted it. Dhrink an' idleness is th' curse iv th' class. If they come to me I'll sind thim to th' Paris Survivors' Mechanical Relief association, an' they can go down an' set on a cake iv ice an' wait till th' man in charge finds thim a job managin' a diamond mine."

Mr. Hennessey dismissed Mr. Dooley's th' bankers that 'll come to ye'er kitchen fancy sketch with a grin and remarked: "These here expositions is a gran' thing f'r th' progress iv th' wurruld."

"Ye r-read that in th' pa-apers," said Mr. Dooley, "an' it isn't so. Put it down fr'm me, Hinnissy, that all expositions is a blind f'r th' hootchy-kootchy dance. They'll be some gr-reat exhibits at th' Paris fair. The man that machine that 'll tur-rn out three hundred thousan' toothpicks iviry minyit 'll sind over his inthrestin' device, they'll be mountains iv infant food an' canned prunes an' pickled castors an' pants an' boots an' shoes an' paintin'. They'll be all th' wondhers iv modhern science. Ye can see how shirts are-re made an' what a life 'tis th' sody fountain. Th' man that makes th' glue that binds 'll be wearin' more medals than an officer iv th' English ar-rmy or a cinchmy bicycle rider. An' years afther whin ye see a box iv soap ye'll think iv th' manufacturer standin' up befure a hundred thousan' frinzied Fr-rinchmen in th' Boss of Modhernity while th' prisidint iv th' Fr-rinch places a goold wreath on his fair brow an' says: 'In th' name iv ar-rts an' science, undher th' motto iv our people, "Libertinity, Insanity an' frugality," I crown ye th' champeen soapmaker iv th' wurruld. (Cheers.) Be ye'er magnilicint invintion ye have seen advertised between Paris an' Goshen, Indyanny (frantic applause), which I hope will niver be washed away. I wish ye much success as ye climb th' ladther iv fame. Th' invintor is thin dhrawn ar-roun' th' shtreets iv Paris in a chariot pulled by eight white horses amid cries iv 'Veeve Higgins, Boss Castile,' and coshtra, fr'm th' papin lace. An' many a heart beat proud in Goshen that night. That's th' way ye think iv it, but it happens diff'rent, Hinnissy. The soap king, th' prune king, an' the porous plaster king fr'm here won't stir up anny tumult in Paris this year. Th' chances ar-re th' prisidint won't know they're there. No wan 'll speak to thim but a cab dhriver, an' he'll say: 'Th' fare fr'm th' Chang All Easy to th' Roo de Roo is eighteen thousan' francs, but I'll take ye there f'r what ye have in ye'er pockets.'

"Th' millyonaire that goes over there to see th' piled up riches iv th' wurruld in sausage makin' 'll take a look ar-round him an' he'll say to th' first polishman he meets: "Gossoon, this is a fine shown an' I know yon palace is full to th' seams with chinyware an' washtubs, but wud ye be so kind, mong brav', as to pint out with ye're club the partic'lar house where th' houris fr'm th' sultan's harem dances so well to the addiv th' human feet?' I know how it was whin we had the fair here. I had th' best insintions in th' wurruld to find out what I ought to have learned fr'm me frind Armour, how with all iv his gawngiven machinery ye can make a bedstead, a pianola, a dozen whiskbrooms, a barrel iv sour mash whisky, a suit iv clothes, a lamp chimbly, a wife, a coal iv gunpowder, a bah'rl iv nails, a prisidintial platform, an' a bur-rdeage out iv what remains iv th' cow—I was detarmined to probe into th' wonders iv science an' I started fair f'r machinery hall. Where did I bring up, says ye? In th' fr-ront seat iv a playhouse with me eye glued on a lady in th' sultan's court, near Brooklyn bridge, thryin' to twisht out iv hersilf.

"No, Hinnissy, they'll be many things larned by Americans that goes to Paris, but they won't be about th' convarsion iv hoofs into food, or vicey varsa, as Hogan says. An' that's r-right. If I wint over there 'tis little time I'd be spindin' thryin' to discover how th' wonders iv mechanical janius are projooced that makes livin' so much more healthy an' oncomfortable. But whin I got to Paris I'd hire me a hack an' a dhray painted r-red an' I'd put me feet out th' sides an' I'd say to th' dhriver: 'Rivolutionist, pint ye'er horse's head to'rds th' home iv th' skirt dance, hit him smartly, an' go to sleep. I will see th' snowplow afore an' th' dentisthry worruk in the pa-apers. F'r th' prisint I'll devote me attintion to makin' a noise in th' shtreets an' studyin' human nature.'"

"Ye'd be a lively ol' buck over there," said Mr. Hennessy, admiringly. "'Tis a good thing ye can't go."

"It is so," said Mr. Dooley. "I'm glad I have no millyonaire rilitives to be depindent on me f'r support whin th' show's over."

MEN ADMIRE THESE GIRLS.

Men admire the girl who is her mother's right hand in household matters, and who is not above taking an interest in the most trivial things in connection with household duties, says an exchange.

They admire the girl who is a bright, entertaining companion, and who has ever a kind word and pleasant smile for those around.

They admire the girl who is always neatly gowned, no matter if in inexpensive materials, and who never dress loudly or in questionable taste.

They admire the girl who can adapt herself to any society, who never puts on affected airs, and who would scorn to do an action of which all the world might not know.

They admire a girl who in an emergency can turn her hand to anything, from cooking the family dinner to retrimming an old hat.

They admire the girl who is unselfish enough to give up some pleasure of her own to benefit another, and does not considerself aggrieved at having to do so.

They admire the girl who can talk of more important things than dress or the last new play, and who can listen intelligently when deeper subjects are introduced.

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Everything the market affords at lowest possible prices. Full line of Fresh Fruits and Vegetables. Telephone your orders. 'Phone 169. Prompt delivery everywhere. Glad to see you.

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MASONIC TEMPLE CASH GROCERY.

Look for the Electric Sign. Open Monday and Saturday Evenings.

$10 CLOCK FOR $5.50. Cash or 25c a Week.

GATELY SUPPLY CO., 8 East Superior St Three doors east of Lake av.

MOYSE TELLS HIS STORY.

The Impersonator of Capt. Clark Explains His Motive.

The remarkable deed of Jullus Leon Moyse, who impersonated Capt. Clark of the battleship Texas and imposed upon Miss Bertha Waenkin, of Cincinnati, sufficiently to make her marry him, is still the talk of New Orleans, says the New Orleans Picayune.

A few days ago, when fully cornered, he concluded to make a clean breast of his misdoings. He said:

"Of course this is going to be the only story of this affair. Nothing else, and I is as true as you want it. Whether Bertha was a flower girl in the hotel, or sold things around there, I do not know. But this much I do know full well, and that is that I saw her in the rotunda and she was a decidedly pretty girl. That caught my eye, for I love pretty women, and, of course, tried to strike up a flirtation. But Bertha would not flirt. I was then in a gray suit. I never wore my uniform, and, without knowing her name, I wrote the note. A porter was a friend of mine, and I gave him the note saying I was Capt. Clark. You see, that was the first name that came to me, and I thought that it would catch Bertha, the idea of meeting a captain of a battleship. So the porter got the note and he was a little cautious with it, asking me if there was anything in it that would make the lady mad. I said there was not, and told him never mind, as everything was polite. The note was delivered and I walked away a little while. That was on Monday, understand. When I returned the porter pointed me out to my brother-in-law, Mr. Aaronson, and the next minute he came up to me and asked me if I was Capt. Clark. There was no use of backing out then, and I said that I was, and he seemed so glad to meet me. The next word he said to me that his sister-in-law had turned over the note to him, and he thought if there was to be an introduction he was the only person to give it. We were talking a little while and, of course, I agreed to it. Then Mr. Bloch came up and Mr. Aaronson introduced me as Capt. Clark of the battleship Texas.

"Then I was in for it, and I determined to play the whole thing through. Understand, it was all for a flirtation then, and I did not think for one moment that there would be any further trouble. The first thing I did to put myself right and high was to ask Mr. Bloch if he would not come down to the battleship, say that very night, for a bit of wine. But then later I excused myself, and said I would name a time for a big supper. Mr. Aaronson was pleased to know me, and introduced me to his sister-in-law in the hotel. That was a delightful treat, and I found myself in love with the girl, and I believed she cared for me then. I took Bertha by the arm and reviewed the parade of Rex—that is, the arrival of Rex. She was on a chair, and I was careful that she should not fall. We became very good friends, and the more I saw of her the more I loved her. I had the privilege of calling at her home.

"One night we were out to a little supper, and after that I went to her boarding house, and it was there that I proposed to her. I asked her if she could love me if I was not Capt. Clark, and if I was not a seaman or a soldier, and she told me she would love me if I had nothing.

"She loved me for myself, and I was happy—in fact I was too happy to tell her that I was not Capt. Clark. But, my word for it, I had intended to tell her all when I had married her. You see, once she was mine, I could take her back to Freenville, remarry her as Moyse, and then we could live together in happiness. But Mr. Aaronson bothered me with that Capt. Clark business and I could not let out on myself then, for I would lose the girl, and I did not want to do that. So I had to bluff off my brother-in-law, and that is how I came to invite Bloch to come aboard the vessel for Wednesday night, and told him to invite his friends, as I wanted them to enjoy a good time on the water. That strengthened my hold on Mr. Aaronson and the bluff held good, because I believe Mr. Bloch was getting ready to go to supper."

"Well, the proposal. You are forgetting that."

"Well, Bertha accepted me and I was glad, and she said that I had her consent. But it was necessary to see her brother-in-law, and, of course, I had to go to him that same night and tell him all. He shook my hand and said that he was glad. At 10 o'clock the next morning I was to meet my brother-in-law at the house, and we were to go for the license. I was there to the minute, met Bertha, and off we started—that is, my brother-in-law and myself—and we got Mr. Beer. After that we got Bertha and Mrs. Aaronson and we started for Dr. Percival's house and were married."

"Religion did not stand in the way?"

"No; it made no difference. We wanted to get married. It was more through me that the hurry was had, because I wanted Bertha as my wife as soon as possible."

"Now, about the supper on board the vessel?"

"Wait. For let me tell you that that same morning, when we were married, Mr. Aaronson gave me his watch as a present, and remarked that he was glad to give it to Capt. Clark. Of course I took it. I could not refuse him, because he was so nice about it; but the truth is that I had a watch with me at the time. Well, after the marriage I saw that I was in trouble about that supper; so I thought it would be best to say that some lieutenant was dead on board the vessel. To do this I made the bluff good by going to the undertaker, as you know, and made all the arrangements. That gave the excuse to disappoint Bloch, and I telephoned him. Then you know how I worked that racket of going to the vessel. Well, that was to bluff Mr. Aaronson. I bluffed him, but honestly, that was all for one thing. The truth of it is that I loved the girl and wanted her for my wife, and, by a prank, got in the trouble. If I could have told them that I was Moyse and not Clark I would have done so, but there was danger of losing the girl; so I just held out. Now, I am willing to marry the girl over and will do anything to comfort her."

But Mr. Aaronson wants nothing more of Private Moyse or Capt. Clark, though he was at the parish prison with his wife last afternoon. The prisoner wanted to see him, but Aaronson would not go into the place. Perhaps in a day or so Mrs. Aaronson and the woman will leave for Ohio, though the victim of Private Moyse will return, if she is wanted to prosecute him.

FATE OF THE FUR BEARERS.

When is the present craving of woman for furs going to end? Not before many species of animals have become extinct, says an exchange. The demand for furs has been constantly on the increase, which means that the trade has extended. It will thus plainly be seen that the number of animals killed yearly for their furs must amount to millions.

No animal that has been provided by nature with a coat of fur is safe from the hunter. It is not alone in America and a few countries of Europe that this is true. Almost every country in the world kills off its native animals for the same purpose. Siberian hares furnish valuable furs, and the whole year round hunters are constantly on the look out for them, killing great numbers for the market. Sea otters provide means of existence to thousands of people in Alaska and the Aleutian islands. So great is the slaughter of these animals that the species is gradually becoming extinct. The same is true to even a greater extent of the seal, and the day will come, unless very stringent protective measures are used, when the seal will be a thing of the past.

Of all animals the muskrat furnishes the greatest number of skins. The skunk, marten, pole cat, ermine and fox also largely supply the market. The silver fox, found in Alaska, Siberia and Labrador, brings a handsome sum to such as are lucky enough to kill one. One thousand dollars is frequently paid for a good skin.

Independent folks find comfort in an independent newspaper like The Evening Herald.

ALL OF DULUTH IS WATCHING THESE ADVERTISEMENTS.

HERALD WANTS..... ONE CENT A WODR.

ALL OF DULUTH IS WATCHING THESE ADVERTISEMENTS.

REPORT OF DEATHS

Number of American Soldiers Killed In the Philippine War.

LOSSES AT SANTIAGO

Official Statement of Casualties In the Fifth Army Corps.

Washington, April 30.—In comparison with the casualties suffered by the British troops in South Africa, those sustained by the American forces in the Philippines seem very small. A statement just compiled by the war department shows that from July 1, 1898, when American troops reached Manilla, until April 27, 1900, these deaths have occurred:

Killed and died of wounds, 43 officers, 552 men; died of disease, 26 officers, 1635 men; total, 69 officers, 2187 men; grand total, 2256.

Several thousand men have been wounded, but only a small percentage have died of wounds, and most of them have returned to duty.

The war department has just issued a complete table of the casualties in the Fifth army corps in the operations against Santiago from June 22 until July 17, 1898. The losses are given: Killed, 21 officers, 222 enlisted men; wounded, 101 officers, 1344 enlisted men; total, 1688 officers and enlisted men.

The total strength of the forces operating against Santiago is given as 869 officers and 17,349 men.

The Seventh regular infantry lost the greatest number of men, its killed and wounded numbering 132. The Eighteenth regular infantry lost 129 men, and Governor Roosevelt's regiment and the Sixth regular infantry each lost 127 men.

CONFERENCE.

Medical Work In Missions Discussed at the Ecumenical Conference.

New York, April 30.—The general topic for discussion at the morning session of the ecumenical conference was "Medical Work." A number of interesting papers were read treating of the branch in its various phases. The devotional exercises which preceded the business session were conducted by Dr. Henry Foster, of the Clifton Springs sanitarium.

"Medical Work: Practical Proofs of Its Value, Importance, Limitations and Results" was discussed in papers by the Rev. Dr. George E. Post, professor of surgery of the Syrian Protestant college, and Dr. C. F. Hartford-Battersby, of the Livingstone medical college, England.

Dr. F. Howard Taylor, of the China inland mission, read a paper on "Qualifications For Medical Work," and Dr. Oravison, of Seoul, Korea, read the concluding paper on "Comity in Medical Work."

"Hospitals and Dispensaries" were considered by Robert Case Beebe, M. D., of Nankin, China, a missionary of the Methodist Episcopal church of the United States. He said:

"It is desirable that medical work be one of the first agencies used in opening a station. It should be started by a mission with funds from the church or individuals of the church. Christianity should have all the credit and influence, the inception of such work exerts, and it should be free to exert its whole influence for Christ. As a rule, hospitals and dispensaries should be located at large centers. At a large center, more people are brought under the influence of the hospital, and patients will come from a wider extent of territory. Most mission fields today are so inadequately occupied and there are so many large centers, now destitute of this agency, where medical work could be most advantageously conducted, that it would seem unfortunate for any hospital or dispensary to lose the least of its usefulness or its influence by a division with another hospital of the incidental benefits of its work. Every patient should be required to register and pay a small fee unless he be too poor to do so, and with the ticket supplied him there can be given a copy of one of the gospels or some tract that will in brief and clear way convey the gospel message. In this way, the hospitals at Nankin circulate every year a great many thousand portions of Scripture, together with tracts, Christian calendars, etc. In China, where it is the custom to adorn the walls of the houses with select portions of their literature and pious maxims, appropriate passages of Scripture can be painted on the walls of the wards, words of hope and cheer that will meet the eyes of some poor sufferer, or words of conviction that will lead some one to think of the needs of his soul.

"In the chapel of the dispensary, while patients are waiting for the doctor to begin his work, the gospel is presented to those assembled, either in the exposition of Scripture or a familiar talk. All are obliged to listen or withdraw. In China it is rare for any one to object or resent such methods and they have been helpful in awakening an interest and making clear the purpose of the work. It is very desirable that there shall be at least one trained nurse from the homeland in connection with every mission hospital."

Rev. E. E. Strong, D.D., of Boston, editorial secretary of the American board, read a paper on missionary literature, in part, as follows:

"The century which has come under review during these days of convocation has been marked wonderfully by the establishment and development of a missionary literature. A hundred years ago a strictly missionary periodical was unknown to the Christian world. Now their name is legion. I have a list of forty-nine publications in Great Britain and Ireland, most of them issued monthly, some of them quarterly, entirely devoted to foreign missions, while there are twenty-two other journals which combine in their view missionary work at home and abroad. On the continent of Europe there are nearly a score of magazines devoted to this cause, while on this side of the Atlantic there is a list of thirty-two publications altogether foreign missionary in character. A dozen or more monthly magazines report the missionary work of the churches they represent both in the home land and beyond the seas. There are today not less than 100 publications, chiefly monthly, which are entirely devoted to foreign missions. This cause embraces in its operations abroad various forms of effort, which at home are relegated to the care of several distinct organizations one for Sunday schools, one for colleges and higher education, one for Bible and tract publications, for church support and church building, for city missions, and for numerous distinct classes in our communities needing aid. There are multiplied organizations for the home work—one for foreign. The children's missionary paper seems a necessity. Nothing will appeal to the young more strongly than stories from beyond the seas, of strange people who know not Christ, but who need his gospel. The church that neglects to provide such literature for its youth need not expect to find a growing constituency for its foreign missionary work. Missionary publications will command the attention of those only who are truly at one with Christ in his world-wide redemptive work. But it is not to be expected that the chronicles of mission work, however prepared, will win and hold the attention and interest of those before whose vision the kingdom of God does not tower above earthly interests. This is no plea for dullness or want of enterprise in presenting the stimulating facts of missionary history and biography and current work. Every effort should be put forth to make missionary publications attractive both in matter and form."

IN MICHIGAN.

Very Few Returns Under New Tax Law---Finns Are Arriving.

Houghton—With but one business day remaining within the time set by law under penalty of imprisonment or heavy fine, only twelve residents of Houghton had on Saturday returned the tax blanks distributed to all property owners by Supervisor Fox. At Calumet much the same condition exists. Hancock makes the best showing of completed returns among the copper country towns. At Ironwood, the chief town of Gogebic county, very few returns are yet received, and Ishpeming also is dilatory. The new law is very unpopular with all classes, from the wealthy mine owner down to the laboring man.

The vanguard of the 30,000 Finnish immigrants promised to America arrived last evening. Five carloads entered the United States through Sault Ste. Marie Thursday, two carloads going to Calumet and two to Ironwood. Houghton county now has upward of 15,000 residents of Finnish birth and parentage, and 6000 of Ironwood's 10,000 people are Fins. Ishpeming, Negaunee and Iron Mountain, all mining towns, are other centers of large Finnish population to which heavy accessions are being made weekly.

Timely rains Saturday afternoon, extending over the large western half of the upper peninsula of Michigan, have put out the small forest fires and greatly abated the larger ones. The danger is not over, but is much lessened.

The temporary mill being built on the old Franklin stamp sands, opposite Houghton, by T. J. Mays, of Dubuque, Ia., who has a contract at 15 per cent gross royalty for the recovery of copper contained in the tailings, is well under way. Similar contracts have been secured from other mines, and negotiations are in progress with still others in the district. The extent of these stamp sands can scarcely be appreciated by those who have not seen them. The Calumet & Hecla mills at Lake Linden alone dump over 5000 tons of stamp sand into Torch lake every working day in the year, while such a comparatively small mine as the Franklin is making over 1000 tons of sand daily at its new mill; and there are fifteen mills in commission in the entire district, ranging in size from one to eleven steam stamps each, with several additional mills building and nearly a dozen planned for construction within the next two years. The accumulations of the past fifty years amount to 1,000,000 tons or more of sand, all pulverized from flinty rock by the never-ceasing blows of the stamps.

Marquette—Fire in the Coles block, corner of Bluff and Third streets, Saturday, caused about $8000 damage. The origin was a mystery, and on account of the dense smoke the blaze was hard to fight, it being several hours before it was brought under control.

NORTH DAKOTA.

No More Land Filings to Be Accepted In Bismarck District.

Jamestown—Notice has been issued that no more land filings will be accepted in the Bismarck land district. This action is due to the report of Special Agent Allen. The decision affects a large area of land in the James River valley and the Missouri slope. It seems to be the general opinion of attorneys that the land department will report adversely on a large number, if not all, of the filings made. Special Agent Lounsberry is investigating in other land districts. Should the department throw out the filings as fraudulent, the land will be open to homesteaders.

Assistant Superintendent Branch of the state hospital has resigned and will locate at Wheatland for the practice of his profession. He has been connected with the hospital for a number of years. His successor has not been named.

The supreme court has handed down a decision in the famous case of Oswald & Rasting, of Minneapolis, vs. Patrick Moran, of this city. The court sets aside and vacates the judgment of Judge Glaspell. The case has been hard fought. It has been three times before the supreme court. The action was commenced in April, 1898, by Oswald & Rasting to secure the foreclosure of a mortgage on Moran's farm. Moran resisted the action on the ground that the debt was for liquors and could not be collected in this state. Since that time the case has been in the courts.

The judgment has been set aside twice on the law and once on the facts. In this instance it is held that it was not properly on the calendar. This leaves the case precisely as it was before the July, 1899, term of the district court. Something over $4000 is involved in the suit.

Grand Forks—The recently reorganized Company F of the North Dakota National Guard has been mustered into service in the state militia by Col. Creel, who came from Devil's Lake for the purpose. Thirty-six members responded to their names, and the absentees who had signed the muster roll were stricken therefrom.

CONFERENCE FAILS.

Conferees Disagree on Temporary Officers For Porto Rico.

Washington, April 30.—The conferees on the Porto Rico bill providing for the appointment of temporary officers in the island were unable to agree today.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

Furniture Moved and Stored....

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DULUTH FUEL AND TRANSFER CO.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 8:00. Next meeting April 30, 1900. Work, First degree. S. O. Sterrett, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting May 14, 1900. Work, Second degree. Robert Graham, W. M.; H. A. Hall, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evening of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting May 2, 1900. Work, M. P. M. & M. E. M. degree. Henry D. Gee, H. P.; W. G. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8:00 p. m. Next conclave May 1, 1900. Work, election of officers. J. T. Armstead, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheaux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO. 105 Meets every Thursday in Hunter block third floor, West Superior street. F. W. Dryer, M. W.; W. J. Stephens, recorder; John C. Walker, financier, residence 511 East Seventh street; H. S. Mills, receiver.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp No. 2206. Meets at Elks hall, 118 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. F. A Noble, V. C.; P. H. Levy, banker; C P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. H. P. Curren, Com.; B. K. Walker, R. K.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, NO. 35, K. P.—Meets Tuesday, May 1, at 8 p. m. at Castle hall, 118 West Superior street. District convention, J. B. Gibson, C. C.; B. F. Neff, R. S.

I. O. O. F.

ZENITH CITY LODGE NO. 160, I. O. O. F.—Meets Tuesday evening, May 1, 8 p. m. Work, Second Degree, in Columbia hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. Felix Lambert, N. G.; W. H Leonard, secretary.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS Court Eastern Star No. 86. Meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m., at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings E. O. Olund, Chief Ranger.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY TO LOAN IN SMALL amounts. Private party. No publicity. D 94, Herald.

MONEY LOANED ON PIANOS, FURNITURE, horses and all kinds of personal property. 316 Palladio building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAMONDS, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., 324 W. Superior street. Established 1893.

MONEY LOANED ON WATCHES, DIAMONDS, all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN. ANY AMOUNT We buy Consolidated stock. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

APPLICATION FOR MORTGAGE LOANS wanted. J. Q. A. Crosby, 210 Palladio.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ANYONE HAVING A PIANO THEY want stored, can place their instrument with a reliable party who will give best of care for use of same. No children in family. Address E. B., care Herald.

STENOGRAPHY OR TYPEWRITING AT 313 Lyceum building. 'Phone 667. Prompt service

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CARPETS CLEANED, REFITTED AND relaid. Window shades made to order. O. H. Stenberg, 10 East Superior street.

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REPAIRING OF VIOLINS, MANDOLINS, banjos and guitars, etc. Also fixtures for all instruments. A. Haakonsen, 102½ West Superior street.

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LADIES' FREE HARMLESS MONTHLY Regulator cannot fail. Mrs. B. Rowan, Milwaukee, Wis.

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HAIR, MOLES AND WARTS REMOVED, Germicide guaranteed for dandruff and falling hair. Corns removed without pain. Mme. Boyd, 216 W. Sup. St.

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New and second hand, for $6.00 up, or exchange. Repairing and machine supplies. F. POPKIN, No. 712 West Superior St.

"LIBERTY BELL" IN GEMS.

A fac-simile of Liberty Bell, in gems, was placed on exhibition last week in the jewelry department of John Wanamaker's store, in celebration of the twenty-fourth anniversary of that great mercantile establishment, says the Philadelphia Public Ledger. While the original bell, though cracked and voiceless, is of priceless value, it is interesting to know that its replica at John Wanamaker's is composed of precious gems, aggregating in value $250,000. The design is said to be the largest piece of work of this kind ever attempted in jewels. It is twenty and one-half inches long and fourteen inches wide, and in composed of diamonds, rubies and sapphires, the largest stone being a superb $5000 diamond.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

MAKE US AN OFFER

for West ½ lot 291, block 55, Second division, West Superior street, near 18th avenue west.

A. R. Macfarlane & Co.

112 Exchange Bldg., Duluth.

Forty Acres of Fine Garden Ground in West Duluth, near street cars, For Rent.

R. B. KNOX & CO.,

1 Exchange Building.

...MAKE AN OFFER...

FOR SALE—Small cash payment down, balance to suit at 5 per cent interest 4-room cottage with lot 50x140, situated on lot 1, block 9, Lester Park, and division. Address, H. L. SCHAEFER, 406 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.

TWO REAL ESTATE BARGAINS—

$1250 Will buy an eight (8) room house in good condition, with corner lot (50x75) five blocks from Postoffice. Terms less than one-third cash. This house alone is worth $2000.

$275 Will buy lot (50x140) on Ninth street, near lake avenue.

A. W. TAUSSIG & CO.

412 Providence Bldg.

$3500 For 50-ft lot near Eleventh avenue west; double frontage, Superior and Michigan streets; two houses, monthly rent $40; will make business property. This is cheap; dropped from $11,000.

D. W. SCOTT, 10 Manhattan Building.

For Rent!

Fine store room, Fourth Street and First Avenue West. Water furnished, rent reasonable.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.,

103 HERALD BLDG.

Real Estate and Loans

Stocks bought and sold; also deal in Commercial Paper. Rental Agency for resident and non-resident property-owners.

Thos. P. Brown,

No. 716 Torrey building.

Established 1886

J. C. MISHLER,

209 Exchange Building.

OFFERS FOR RENT—

2 nicely furnished front room for, per month $15

And one side room also nicely furnished for $5 per month. All in Endion, and very desirable.

HOUSE AND FULL LOT, MARTIN'S Division, cheap. This house is near the new sawmill site. Crosby & Martindale, 106 Providence building.

FOR SALE—160 ACRES FARMING land, 2½ miles from thriving town of Nebagamon, Wis.; 10 acres cleared; house; plenty hardwood and good water. C 38, Herald.

MEDICAL.

Dr. Le Due's Female Regulator Positively warranted to cure most stubborn cases Monthly Stoppages, Irregularities, Obstructions, Suppressions $2 for $5. Refuse substitutes. Sent prepaid on receipt of price and guaranteed by the KIDD DRUG COMPANY, Elgin, Ill. Retail and wholesale by D. F. BOYCE and MAX WIRTH, Duluth; HYDREN, W. Duluth; LIDNELL & SODERGREN, W. Superior; MERRELL, Superior.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—STEAM BOAT THAT WILL carry fifty people, address with particulars, John Platt, Moorhead, Minn.

THE HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR OLD fur coats. B 53, Herald.

OLD CLOTHING BOUGHT.

THE U. S. OLD CLOTHING BUYER arrived. I will pay the highest and most respectable prices for old clothing. Address B 26, Herald.

THE U. S. OLD CLOTHING BUYERS arrived. I will pay the greatest, highest and most respectable prices for old clothing and carpets. Address Old Clothing Buyer, care Duluth Evening Herald.

Second Handed Logging Horses

Barrett & Zimmerman, Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul, will buy your second-handed Logging Horses.

CONSOLIDATED IRON MINES STOCK. A. R. Macfarlane & Co.

CLOTHES CLEANED.

J. F. MILLER—CLOTHES CLEANED, dyed and repaired on short notice. Goods called for free of charge. 110 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn. Telephone 570.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. SCHIFFMAN, TOP FLOOR BURROWS bldg. Best work. Moderate prices.

WATCH REPAIRING.

A SPECIALTY, M. HENRICKSEN, expert watchmaker, 334 W. Sup. St.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST WORK at Vanderberg's, 214 West Superior St.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—COMPETENT COOK AT once. 117 West Second street.

WANTED—A GOOD FIRST CLASS girl for general housework. Best wages. 317 West Fourth street.

WANTED—A COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Good cook. Call from 5 till 8 o'clock at 114 East Third street.

GIRL—TO ASSIST WITH HOUSEWORK and care for baby. Apply 322 East Fourth street.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK; small family. Call 409 West Second street.

WANTED--COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 429 East Second street.

WANTED—COMPETENT COOK, FOR meat and pastry, at once. Call room 4, Miller block, forenoons.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; also girl for second cook. Good wages. See Dr. H. C. Watson, Bethel, Lake avenue.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Must be good cook. Good wages, only two in family. Call at 201 First National bank. Mrs. Julius D. Howard.

WANTED — TWO WAIST MAKERS, one skirt maker. Mrs. Hines, 125 West Superior street.

WANTED—A GOOD WOMAN COOK. Call Wednesday on Mrs. Sharp, 318 West Second street.

WANTED—SEWING GIRLS, 22 WEST First street, Mrs. J. A. Clarey.

WANTED—COOK AND KITCHEN GIRL at Midland, at once.

WANTED--GIRL FOR DINING ROOM and chamber work, Vail hotel, Ely. Inquire 503 West First street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 121 West Second street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1513 Jefferson street.

A GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; family of three; best wages. Apply Mrs. A. H. Comstock, 1717 East First street.

WANTED—GOOD COOK AT ONCE; small family; highest wages. 405 East Third street.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. $18 per month. 328 Thirteenth avenue east.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework and cooking. Call mornings, 40 East Main street, corner Fifty-third avenue west, West Duluth.

WANTED—TWO GIRLS, ONE FOR general housework and one for dining room. Apply at 21 East Third street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Inquire at 1424 East First street.

WANTED—COOK AT 220 WEST THIRD street.

WANTED—GOOD COOK IN PRIVATE family; good wages. Two girls kept. Apply 501 West Second street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; family of four. Mrs. Johnston, 121 West Fourth street.

WANTED—TWO DINING ROOM GIRLS. Palmer house, 108 West First street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; two in family; wages $18. 2020 East Superior street.

WANTED—A GOOD SERVANT GIRL at 210 West Third street. Must be a good cook.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED COOK Apply 1801 East Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 315 East Second street.

WANTED—TWO GIRLS AT ONCE. 1306 East Second street.

STENOGRAPHERS

Assisted to positions without charge. Call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCKOFF, SEAMENS & BENEDICT, 323 West Superior street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

BARBER WANTED AT LONSDALE barber shop.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade, only eight weeks required, two years' apprenticeship saved. We control over 500 positions for our graduates on palace cars, hotels, hospitals, country and city shops; $60 monthly paid; hot weather the busy season. Prepare now for one of these places. Write for catalogue and particulars. Moler Barber college, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED—BELL BOYS. APPLY HOtel St. Louis.

WANTED—AN INTELLIGENT AND energetic canvasser to present an article that will sell at sight. Enquire at 12 West Superior street.

WANTED—BOY TO DRIVE DELIVERY wagon. Call before 9 a. m., J. H. Edwards, 12 and 14 Second avenue west.

FOUR FIRST-CLASS COAT MAKERS; positively the highest prices paid in the state for best work. Mies.

SIX COAT MAKERS AND PANTS MAkers. N. J. Thorpe, Cloquet, Minn.

WANTED—COAT-MAKER. JANZIG. Hunter block.

WANTED—FOUR COAT MAKERS AND two pants makers. J. S. Lane.

Business Men

supplied with competent stenographers and accountants free of charge. Apply to W. C. McCarter, Business University. 'Phone 719.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED—POSITION AS LUMBER scaler, and grader or night watchman. Address Michael Cushin, West Duluth.

A BOY 17 YEARS OLD WOULD LIKE work of any kind or would drive delivery wagon. Well acquainted with the city. 14 East First street.

AN EXPERIENCED BOOKKEEPER and accountant, both in the banking and grain business, desires a position. Address S 47, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION BY BRIGHT, honest boy, 15 years of age where he can work after school hours. Willing to take any position. Address D 74, Herald.

STENOGRAPHER, YOUNG MAN WITH four years' experience, would like a position. Address J. E., care Herald.

WANTED—A POSITION AS DINING room girl. Have had experience. Prefer to go to Hibbing. Address Anna Tomek, Willow River, Pine county, Minn.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—SMALL FURNISHED house, modern, central and pleasant location. Address B 68, Herald.

FOR RENT—205 TENTH AVENUE east, eight room house, strictly modern, $28 per month. Crosby & Martindale, 106 Providence building. Telephone 24.

FOR RENT—ONE HOUSE, ASHTABUla terrace. Enquire R. T. Lewis, 303 Lonsdale.

FOR RENT—BEAUTIFUL NINE ROOM house, $45; four room basement flat, $12. 205 Lyceum.

AFTER MAY 1, CHEAP, 315 WEST Fourth street. Inquire 802 Torrey bldg.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Crosby & Martindale, 106 Providence building.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED front room. 310 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—DOUBLE FURNISHED room, 218 West Superior street. Inquire of janitor.

FOR RENT—THREE ROOMS, WITH water, up stairs, 222 Mesaba ave.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS FOR gentlemen only, 230 West Second street.

ROOMS FOR LIGHT HOUSEKEEPing, 309 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED ROOMS modern conveniences. 725 East Third street.

THREE WELL FURNISHED ROOMS for light housekeeping; bath and water on same floor. Inquire 223 East Second street.

FURNISHED ROOMS WILL ALLOW light housekeeping. 322 West Third street.

FOUR ROOMS DOWN STAIRS. 123 Sixth avenue west.

FOR RENT—TWO NICELY FURnished front rooms; prefers to rent without board. However, will board desirable parties. No. 221 East Third street.

FOUR ROOMS, UNFURNISHED, SUITable for light housekeeping. Apply 15 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM FLAT, BASEment and modern conveniences 928 East Superior street.

EIGHT ROOM MODERN FLAT, INgalls' flats, 216 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT—5-ROOM FLAT. 14 EAST Fourth street.

FOR RENT—5-ROOM MODERN FLAT. Volk, Palladio building.

FOR RENT—STORES.

FOR RENT—STORE ROOM, NO. 17 Fifth avenue west, $16 per month. H. L. Billson, 301 Torrey building.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—BY TEACHER, MODERN furnished room, or room and board within six blocks of High school. B 7, Herald.

HOUSE OR FLAT OF FOUR OR FIVE rooms, centrally located. Address B 37, Herald.

PLUMBING, HEATING AND GAS FITTING

THOMPSON-WAUGH COMPANY, 230 West First street.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, OAK BUREAU, dresser, bed, book case and all kinds of household goods, at 206 West Fifth street. Call between 2 to 6:30 p. m.

FOR SALE—DELIVERY HORSE, HARness and wagon. Call at 1827 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—SAFE, DOUBLE FLAT TOP desk, standing desk and railing, Duluth Pumbing company, 307 West Michigan street.

FOR SALE—CAR OF FRESH MILCH cows to arrive Wednesday, May 2. Twenty-eighth avenue west. P. Sullivan.

FOR SALE—6000 FEET LUMBER, ONE single buggy, one 2-seated buggy, two set double harness, three set single harness, one dray, one team heavy draft horses, about 3200 pounds, one driving team, three delivery horses, all to be seen at Catlin sale barn, 19 West First street.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD OF FRESH milch cows at Downie's stock yards. Will arrive Wednesday, May 2. 2010 West First street. W. J. McCabe.

KNABE PIANO, UPRIGHT, FINE rosewood case, used short time. Bargain. George W. Tietz, 2 Banning block, Duluth.

WANTED—OFFER ON ALL OR PART of 2000 shares stock of Golden Crescent mine. "Miner," Herald.

FOR SALE—FIRST-CLASS ZENITH range, cheap. 311 Second avenue west.

FOR SALE—A WELL ESTABLISHED good paying grocery business in one of the best towns in St. Louis county. Will take about $5000. Business will pay 50 per cent on investment. Terms cash. Address A 54, Herald.

HORSES! HORSES!

Barrett & Zimmerman, Minnesota Transfer, Minn., have from 300 to 500 head of horses always on hand, consisting of drafters, farm horses, drivers and general purpose horses, mules and Western horses. Auction every Wednesday. Private sales daily.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD OF FRESH milch cows just received; will trade for fat cattle. 929 Fourth avenue east. I. L. Levine.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, 328 ST. CROIX AVENUE. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

HOUSE-MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

Cheap Excursion.

On May 1, I will run a cheap excursion to all points in Western Canada, where you can get 160 acres of the choicest farming lands free. For particulars, apply to

J. H. M. PARKER,
Canadian Government Agent,
Room 316 Palladio Building,
Duluth, Minn.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

7:45 a.m.	Lv..... Duluth ..... Ar	3:35 p.m.
8:20 a.m.	Ar..... Proctor Lv	3:05 p.m.
10:07 a.m.	Ar..Iron Junction..Lv	1:18 p.m.
10:15 a.m.	Ar..... Wolf Lv	1:10 p.m.
10:30 a.m.	Ar..... Virginia' Lv	12:55 p.m.
10:24 a.m.	Ar..... Eveleth Lv	1:02 p.m.
10:48 a.m.	Ar..... Sparta Lv	12:39 p.m.
11:12 a.m.	Ar..... Biwabik Lv	12:17 p.m.
10:35 a.m.	Ar..... Mt. Iron Lv	12:35 p.m.
10:50 a.m.	Ar..... Hibbing Lv	12:35 p.m.

Daily except Sunday. J. B. HANSON, General Pasenger Agent.

DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

3:15 p.m.	Lv..... Duluth ..... Ar	12:00 m.
7:15 p.m.	Ar..... Virginia Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:40 p.m.	Ar..... Eveleth Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:50 p.m.	Ar..... ... Ely Lv	7:19 a.m.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

Leave	Duluth.	Arrive
†1 45 pm	ST. PAUL	†1 40 pm
*11 15 pm	... AND MINNEAPOLIS ...	*7 00 am

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.

*7 55 am	Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana and Coast Points, Swan River, Hibbing and Int Points	*6 45 pm
†3 05 pm		†11 50 am

Sleeper for 11:15 p. m. Train can be occupied at any time after 9 p. m.

J. G. MOONEY, Nor. Pass. Agent.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth.	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**8:35 am	St. Paul, Mpls.	**3:05 pm
*4:30 pm	...Twilight Limited...	*8:50 pm
*5:10 pm	Chicago Milwaukee,	*10:30 am
*5:10 pm	Appleton,	*10:30 am
*5:10 pm	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*10:30 am
*5:10 pm	...FAST MAIL....	*10:30 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

ST. PAUL & DULUTH R. R.

Union Depot. *Daily. †Ex. Sunday.

Lv.		Ar.
†9 00 am	TRAINS FOR	*6 45 am
" *1 55 pm	ST. PAUL AND	" †7 40 pm
" **11 25 pm	... MINNEAPOLIS ...	" *7 00 pm

DULUTH, SOUTH SHORE & ATLANTIC RAILWAY. 406 Spalding Hotel Block—Union Depot.

Leave		Arrive
**6 30 p. m.	**Ex. Saturday. *Ex. Sunday.	
*6 45 a. m.	BOSTON LIMITED EXPRESS	*9 30 a. m. *7 00 p. m.

Lovers of Comfort and a Good Table

SHOULD TRY THE—

WISCONSIN CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.

DINING CAR SERVICE.

Meals in Dining Cars are Served a la Carte.

Direct line to Oshkosh, Neenah, Marshfield, Fond du Lac, Menasha, Stevens Point, CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE and all points

EAST AND SOUTH.

Pullman Parlor Sleeping Cars. Fine Day Coaches.

DAILY SERVICE.

4:00 p.m.	Lv..... Duluth ..... Ar	11:15 a.m.
4:15 p.m.	Lv... W. Superior ...Ar	11:00 a.m.
4:35 p.m.	Lv..... Superior ..... Ar	10:37 a.m.
7:25 p.m.	Lv..... Ashland ..... Ar	7:45 a.m.
4:14 a.m.	Ar..... Neenah Lv	11:55 p.m.
4:34 a.m.	Ar..... Oshkosh Lv	11:31 p.m.
5:00 a.m.	Ar...Fond du Lac ...Lv	10:56 p.m.
7:15 a.m.	Ar.... Milwaukee ...Lv	8:45 p.m.
9:45 a.m.	Ar..... Chicago Lv	6:15 p.m.

For rates or other information, apply City Ticket Office, 428 West Superior street, Union Depot, or

W. M. STEPHENSON,
430 W. Superior Street. General Agent

THE MILWAUKEE LINE

The Pioneer Limited.

Only Perfect Train in the World.

Best Dining Car Service.
LOWEST RATES TO ALL POINTS,

J. T. CONLEY,
Ass't Gen'l. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

Burlington Route

A Map of the United States.

A handsome map of the United States, 38 by 48 inches in size, printed in four colors, and mounted on a roller for hanging up, will be sent to any address on receipt of FIFTEEN CENTS. Postal or Express Money Order or Coin preferred. Apply to

GEO. P. LYMAN, Asst. Gen'l Pass. Agent, C. B. & Q. R. R., St. PAUL, MINN.

Closing Out DRY GOODS Sale.

SUFFEL & CO. 129-131 W. Superior St.

Our landlord kindly allows us to occupy our Dry Goods store room a few days longer. If you care to save 50 PER CENT on your purchases—read these prices carefully.

Dress Goods.
All 25c Dress Goods..... 12½c
All 40c Dress Goods..... 20c
All 50c Dress Goods..... 25c
All 75c Dress Goods..... 37c
All $1.00 Dress Goods..... 49c
Lace Bed Sets, $1.50 value for..... 69c

Silks.
China and Surah Silks, all the 75c quality; at—yd..... 35c

Scotch Zephyr Gingham.
Scotch and French Zephyr Ginghams, 25c values; closing out at—per yard..... 12½c
Outing Flannels, 10c quality..... 5c
Silkolines, 15c quality..... 8c

Percales.
Best 11c quality Percales..... 8c

Dress Stays.
Best 15c Ever Ready Dress Stays, dozen..... 8c

Silkolines.
Best 15c quality Silkolines..... 8c

Linen Canvas.
Colored Linen Canvas, 15c values; at—yard..... 5c

Napkins.
1 lot of 85c quality Linen Napkins. Closing out price a dozen..... 39c

Shirt Waists.
Your choice of our entire stock of $1.50 and $1.75 Shirt Waists..... 69c

Kid Gloves.
Sizes 5½, 6, 8, the $1.50 quality. Do you want them; at, a pair..... 69c

Handkerchiefs.
Ladies' 25c and 29c Pure Linen Handkerchiefs, at..... 15c

Threads.
Last chance to buy the very best 5c Spool Thread, for..... 4c
Or two spools for 7c.
Best Corticella colored Spool Silk..... 5c
Or two spools for 9c.
Best Corticella colored Spool Twist..... 1c
Best Embroidery Silk two spools for..... 1c

Children's Cotton Stockings.
Children's 50c Cotton Stockings..... 25c
Children's 29c Cotton Stockings..... 29c

Wrappers.
Ladies' $1.25 House Wrappers..... 75c
Ladies' $1.50 House Wrappers..... 89c

Mackintoshes
ALMOST GIVEN AWAY.
Men's $5.00 Mackintoshes..... $1.95
Ladies' $5.00 Mackintoshes..... $1.75
Ladies' $3.00 Mackintoshes..... 95c

White Shirts.
Men's best quality $1.25 Working Shirts with short or long bosom, all go at—each..... 50c

Working Shirts.
Men's 25c Working Shirts..... 15c
Men's 50c Working Shirts..... 25c
Men's $1.00 Blue Flannel Shirts..... 50c

Men's Spring Underwear.
Men's 25c Spring Underwear..... 15c
Men's 50c Spring Underwear..... 29c
Men's 65c Spring Underwear..... 39c

Ladies' Spring Underwear.
Ladies' 25c and 25c imported Jersey Vests..... 15c
Ladies' 50c French ribbed Jersey Vests..... 25c

Laces.
Silk Lace, 25c quality..... 10c
Silk Lace, 50c quality..... 19c
Silk Lace, 15c quality..... 5c

Dress Piques.
Figured Pique, 20c quality..... 9c

Corsets.
Large sized Corsets for stout Ladies, sizes 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, the $1.75 value; closing price..... 75c
Thompson's $1.50 Glove Fitting Corsets..... 75c
C. B. $1.50 Corsets..... 75c
Perris Good Sense Waists, the $1.00 quality, at..... 75c
Child's 50c quality at..... 29c
Girl's 75c quality, at..... 39c

Men's Necktles 5c.
Men's Band and Bow Ties, in white, etc., the 20c quality all in one lot at—each..... 5c

Stockings.
50c quality for..... 25c
1 lot Ladies' Lisle and Cotton 50c Stockings, while they last; per pair..... 25c
Finest 75c quality Silk Chiffon..... 39c

Stockings.
Boys' heavy 25c Stockings..... 12½c
Boys' heavy 35c Stockings..... 19c
Infants' 25c Cashmere Hose..... 15c
Best 10c Pins, per paper..... 4c
Best 4c Pins, per paper..... 1c

IS EXTENDED.

Panama Canal Company's Concession Is Extended For Six Years.

Panama, April 30.—A dispatch to the Star and Herald from Bogota today announces that the Panama Canal company's concession has been extended for six years, commencing in April, 1904.

ARGUE KENTUCKY CASE.

Talk in Governorship Contest Begins In Supreme Court.

Washington, April 30.—The argument in the Kentucky governorship case was begun in the United States supreme court at 12:30 today. The first presentation was made on behalf of Governor Taylor by Attorney Helbruce.

BIG FIRE AT GLADWIN.

Flames Ravage the Michigan Town ---Men Missing.

Gladwin, Mich., April 30—Fanned by a high wind, fire last night destroyed sixteen buildings here, including the Methodist church, Michigan Central depot, Brunswick hotel and the city hose house, causing a total loss of $50,000.

The fire originated in a billiard hall, and Albert Bergen, who slept there, is believed to have been burned to death. The destroyed property was insured for only about $5000.

Pansies, 5 Dozens For $1.00.
Lindsay's greenhouses, 52nd Ave. E.

The finest fast trains between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Omaha, both by day and night, run via the North-Western Line.

SPECIAL TOMORROW.

Arrangements have been made which will enable the readers of The Herald to get private readings of the palm from McIvor-Tyndall, the noted palmist, at less than one-half his regular charge.

McIvor-Tyndall's stay in this city is drawing to a close, and those who wish the advantage of this special arrangement should present this coupon at the Hotel Spalding tomorrow.

Herald Palmistry Coupon.
This coupon presented to McIvor Tyndall, at Room 146, Hotel Spalding, **TOMORROW OR WEDNESDAY, MAY 1 AND 2,** Will entitle the holder to a full $5.00 reading (without chart or book), for $2.00. Hours from 9:30 a. m. to 8 p. m.

West Duluth

There is a fair prospect now that West Duluth will not get that new fire engine at all. The chances for the passage by the council of the additional $1200 asked by the fire commissioners for the fund for manning and equipping the engine are not very good, and if it is not passed the fire commissioners will probably not install the engine at West Duluth, taking the position that it would be useless to place it there without a sufficient crew.

The opposition to the granting of the additional sum asked is placed solely on the ground that the financial condition of the city does not justify it, all of the aldermen expressing themselves as more than willing to vote the money if there were any to be voted.

The fire commissioners express great regret at the turn matters have taken. The fire engine was not, however, asked for by them. In advertising for bids and letting the contract they acted under the direction of the council and if the council will not grant money enough to maintain it at West Duluth on their request they will wash their hands of the whole matter.

REV. ALEXANDER PATTERSON.

Rev. Alexander Patterson, of Chicago, who has been giving a series of Bible lectures in Duluth the past week, will be at West Duluth three days this week by invitation of the pastors. Mr. Patterson gave much satisfaction preaching last Sunday at the First M. E. and Pilgrim churches and yesterday at the First Presbyterian, besides his regular work. He will be at Asbury M. E. church tomorrow afternoon at 3:30 and in the evening at 7:45. His lectures will be illustrated aptly by diagrams drawn while he speaks.

WILL NOT GRANT IT.

It is not very probable that the council will give West Duluth a new pavement from curb to curb on Central avenue between Ramsey and Main streets. The general sentiment among the aldermen seems to be against doing anything more than provided for in the plan submitted by the board of public works, paving a strip ten feet wide on each side of the car tracks, and any effor that may be made by the West Duluth aldermen to have the repaving of the full width of the street declared a necessary improvement and assessed against the property owners will probably be defeated.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Arthur Hoveland, an employe at the box factory, had his arm broken by being caught in a belt while at work in the factory this morning. Dr. Graham attended him.

The wedding of Miss Bertha J. Johnson and John D. Molluson, took place Saturday afternoon, the ceremony being performed by Rev. R. A. Saunderson of the Oneota Methodist church, at the parsonage.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

NEWS OF THE LAKES

The Steamer City of Glasgow Is Aground on Lake Erie.

BUFFALO OFF AGAIN

Went Aground Near the Ohio Coal Dock But Was Released.

Detroit, Mich., April 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—The steamer City of Glasgow, bound up last night with coal, went aground near the Dummy light on Lake Erie. The Wales left today for her release. The Dummy lighthouse was recently burned, leaving the dangerous course without sufficient marks.

BROKE A STEAM PIPE.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., April 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—The steamer W. R. Linn, which left last night, returned here today, having broken a steam pipe. She will leave again as soon as repairs are completed.

TROUBLE TO SHIPPERS.

Cleveland, April 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—Ore shippers claim they could get Escanaba vessels at 80 cents if they had orders to offer them. The delay in getting either coal or ore to shipping points is causing shippers as much trouble as vessels. One tow has been here nine days loading coal.

WILL BE TOO LATE.

Chicago, April 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—The United States steamer Michigan, which is coming to take part in the Dewey celebration, will arrive after the demonstration is over. The Michigan passed the straits of Mackinac this morning, running into a heavy westerly sea, and at best cannot arrive here before Tuesday night.

THE ICE FIELD GONE.

The westerly and southerly winds of the past day or two have raised much dust and brought the smoke of the forest fires into town, but they have served the only purpose of benefit in removing the ice field that has clung uselessly to the head of the lakes for some time. Today there was not a cake of ice large enough to make a lemonade with in sight from Duluth. It started out during Saturday night, and the job was done in a few hours.

THE GRAIN RATE.

The grain rate is still at 3½ cents to Buffalo this morning, the shippers bidding that rate. The situation was a trifle firmer this morning, and there is a feeling that the bottom has been reached. After this week a large number of the boats that have been after grain for first trips will be in the ore trade, and the rate may be expected to rally again.

JAM AT THE ELEVATORS.

The arrival of a large fleet of boats has caused a little jam at the elevators, and it is a little more than they can handle conveniently. The result is that some of the boats here for grain will be delayed somewhat. The situation was made worse this morning by the breaking of the conveyer belt between the Great Northern elevator A and the annex, which will prevent carrying grain between the annex and the elevator until repairs are made. This will take about twenty-four hours.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., April 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Watt, Thomas, 1 a. m.; Morley, 3; Codorus, Frick, 4:30; China, 5:30; Peck, 6:50; Gilchrist, 7:30. Down: Pope, 7:30 a. m.; Argus and barges, 9:30.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., April 30.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Paris, 11 last night. Down: Merida, 10:30 last night; Troy, 2 a. m.; Reese, 4:30; Coralia, Roby, Minnesota, Case, 7:30; Specular, Magnetic, Mariska, Magna, Adams, Continental, Holland, 9:30.

Up yesterday: Bielman, Lockwood, 8 a. m.; Majestic, Cleveland, 12:30 p. m.; Mather and whalebacks, Uganda, 1; Wallula, 2; Iron King, Iron Queen, 3; Gates, 5. Down: Algonquin, 1 a. m.; Pioneer, Chattanooga, Rockefeller and whaleback, 2 p. m.; Caledonio, Polynesia, 4; Osceola, 5:20; Maricopa, Manola, Mesaba, Iron Duke, Tasmania, P. S. Thomas and whaleback, Chickasaw, Admiral, 8:30; Hanna, 9:30.

THE BUFFALO RELEASED.

The west wind lowered the water in the bay nearly two feet yesterday, and the steamer Buffalo, of the Western Transit line, went aground last night near the Ohio coal dock. The water lowered four inches after the steamer went on. She was nearly loaded, and was on her way from the Eastern Minnesota dock to the St. Paul & Duluth dock. She was released early this morning.

THE LITTLE RED BOOK.

Almost everybody identified with lake shipping awaits more or less anxiously the annual appearance of the "Little Red Book," the 1900 edition of which has just come from the press of the Marine Review Publishing company, Cleveland. This book, although crammed with valuable information, is of vest pocket size. It contains a full list of vessels of the great lakes, together with the name of the master, engineer and owner of each vessel. The arrangement is such that by simply knowing the name of a vessel, one is enabled to find not only the names of the officers and manager or owner, but a list of the other vessels controlled by the same interest. The value of the book as a work of reference is obvious. It is extensively used by business houses that furnish supplies to the vessels, as well as by persons desiring to send out circulars or other business communications. In the edition just issued there are listed more than 1500 vessels. The book sells for $1.00.

BOATS ALL MOVING.

Boats are beginning to arrive with the frequency of the regular season, and they will continue to do so from now on. A good many of the owners were caught napping at the opening of the season, as none of them had expected to be able to move quite so early as the opportunity offered. The result was that several days elapsed before the chance to move was embraced by a good many of the boats. The Bessemer fleet was one of the lines that was a bit behind. This fleet has fifty-five vessels this year, having swallowed up the whaleback fleet.

FIRST LUMBER TOW.

The first lumber tow of the season arrived yesterday, consisting of the steamer Spry and her consort the Johnson. They went to McCord's mill to load lumber.

THE MAYTHAM TUGS.

The Maytham Towing and Wrecking company is now supplied with its own tugs, two of the new ones having arrived yesterday. The first one to get in was the E. G. Benham, which arrived at 10 o'clock Saturday night. The second was the E. G. Crosby, which came in at 10:45 a. m. Sunday morning. Both of them at once entered upon their duties here and took several tows yesterday.

THE OSCEOLA DISABLED.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., April 30.—The steamer Osceola, of the Lake Superior line, disabled her rudder in the ice yesterday and had to be towed back here.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Livingstone, George Gould, Wotan, Lackawanna, Venezuela, Reis, Minch, Sevona, Orinoco, Berlin, Lake Erie, coal; Mohawk, Northern Queen, Mahoning, Auburn, Northern Wave, Buffalo, mdse; Neshoto, Selwyn Eddy, Penobscot, Nyanza, Vulcan, Buffalo, light for grain; Spry, Johnson, Lake Erie, light for lumber; tugs Benham and Crosby.

Departed—Tom Adams, Moore, Colby, Scranton, Robert Rhodes, Buffalo, grain; Troy, Buffalo, mdse; Dixon, Port Arthur, pass and mdse; 202, Lake Erie, ore.

Later—Arrived—McWilliams, Progress, 109, 126, A. A. Parker, E. W. Parker, Lake Erie, coal; Kearsarge, Parry Sound, mdse; Yuma, Fairbairn, Alva, Mecosta, Buffalo, light for grain; Root, Kelley's island, limestone; North Star, Buffalo, mdse.

Departed—Bon Voyage, Hancock, pass and mdse; Bon Ami, Lake Superior, pass and mdse; Mohawk, Buffalo, Buffalo, flour; Waldo, Buffalo, grain.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: Bovic, from Liverpool.

New York—Arrived: City of Rome, from Greenock and Moville.

Liverpool—Arrived: Georgia, New York.

Hamburg—Arrived: Deutchland, New York.

Antwerp—Arrived: Westernland, New York.

Southampton—Arrived: Rhein, New York, for Bremen.

BENEDICT-HASTINGS.

The Most Brilliant Wedding in New England's Annals.

Greenwich, Conn., April 30.—Miss Helen Ripley Benedict, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Benedict, was married here today to Thomas Hastings, of New York. The ceremony was the most remarkable in point of display that has ever been recorded in New England. A special train of eighteen coaches brought over 1000 guests from New York. Carriages bore the guests to the Congregational church, where the ceremony was performed by Rev. Thomas Hastings, father of the groom and former president of Union Theological seminary. The interior of the church had been remodeled for the ceremony. A boy choir of thirty voices sang a wedding hymn, especially composed by Victor Beyer, organist of Trinity.

The ceremony was followed by a reception at the Benedict home, Indian Head, a wedding supper being laid for 800. The wedding gifts were not displayed, but it is rumored that the bride's gift from her father was a check for $1,000,000.

PRESIDENT INDISPOSED.

Suffering From Cold Contracted In the Canton Trip.

Washington, April 30.—President McKinley is suffering from a cold contracted on a trip from Canton. He is doing as much work as ever, but to his visitors, it is apparent that he is considerably indisposed.

THE WARDNER HEARING.

Merriam's Version of the Famous Interview About Unions.

Washington, April 30—Brig. Gen. Merriam was again on the stand in the Couer d'Alene investigation today, with Attorney Robertson conducting the cross-examination.

Concerning the permit proclamation, Gen. Merriam said he had suggested to Bartlett Sinclair, the civil official in charge, certain features that should be embodied in the proclamation. These were adopted by Mr. Sinclair. When Mr. Robertson sought to show that the war department had not been sufficiently advised as to the permit system, Gen. Merriam said that was for the war department to determine.

Witness was asked if the dispatches of Secretary Alger did not in effect say: "Let the permit system alone." Gen. Merriam said he did not interfere in this system or the labor affairs in any way except for the purpose of maintaining order.

Gen. Merriam was questioned as to an interview representing that at a meeting of the citizens in the Couer d'Alene he stated that congress should pass a law to deal with unions as criminal organizations. He said he was glad of the opportunity to correct the errors of this alleged interview. He had not, he said, mentioned congress, nor did the interview so state, although an erroneous interpretation of this character had arisen.

He stated that what he had said at that meeting was in substance: "You ought to have a conspiracy law which makes the action of these people—as narrated by Mr. Sovereign in his paper—crimes punishable by law." He also stated that the remedy for the trouble was in the state. He was perfectly positive, he said, that he had not stultified himself by telling those gentlemen that the remedy was in the state, and at the same time that it was with congress.

"Did not Mr. Gompers, at Denver, charge you with making the statement?" asked Mr. Robertson.

"I never saw Mr. Gompers in my life," answered Gen. Merriam.

Mr. Robertson stated that in an address at Denver, Mr. Gompers said he had made a charge of this character. Gen. Merriam said he had repeatedly stated that he never pronounced the unions of the Couer d'Alene district criminal organizations.

NEW YORK FRANCHISES.

Albany, N. Y., April 30.—The state board of tax commissioners made public today the final valuations on the franchises of the New York city corporations. The grand total reduction is $4,423,65.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup
Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHOEA. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

A little life may be sacrificed to a sudden attack of croup, if you don't have Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil on hand for the emergency.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

Commencement Days

Are but four weeks off—time for White Dresses and all the necessary things which go toward making the dear girls' last school days the most interesting and happiest of her life. We're prepared for you—not alone with the white dresses—but the Gloves, Fans, Handkerchiefs, Neckwear, Laces, Ribbons and the dozens of other little what nots—and the Hat is also here—pretty Girlish Hats, beautiful in their simplicity—all ready and waiting for a chance to join in the school exercises. Here is a list of the most wanted kinds—prices here have not advanced—notwithstanding the heavy increase in cost. Orders for this white goods was placed many months ago, while you were thinking about your Thanksgiving dinner. We saved possibly 25 per cent for you by being thoughtful—and the saving is passed directly on to you.

White Persian Lawns.
Sheer and pretty, with a silky finish, 25c to 65c yard.

Wash Chiffons.
Very transparent material—48 inches wide—especially handsome for graduating dresses, 59c to $1.00 yard.

French Batiste.
A very pretty and fine texture—48 inches wide—Elegant wash dress material—50c to $1 a yard.

India Linens.
In all the different qualities and widths—10c to 50c a yard.

White Dimities.
Assorted checks and stripes—Some are very sheer and pretty, 15c to 50c a yard.

Plain White Swiss.
A very complete assortment—15c to 50c a yard.

Dotted Swiss.
In the different qualities and dots, 15c to 65c a yard.

White India Mulls.
Very soft and silky finish, 30 to 36 inches wide, 25c to 45c a yard.

Tissue de Soie Brodee.
Rich and handsome dress stuff—price 75c a yard.

Satin Stripe Dimities.
Neat and delicate stripes—40c a yard.

Mulle de Soie.
Fine imported goods—Very transparent—48 inches wide—$1.25 a yard.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.
Agents for McCall's Patterns.

Why is Electric Light Best?
Because it is Healthy, Clean, Pure and Brilliant.
HEALTHY! It has no odor. Professor Thompson states one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.
CLEAN! It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.
SAFE! As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.
CHEAP! By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

Commercial Light and Power Co. OFFICES—215 W. Superior St.

Butterick Patterns. **Freimuth's** Mail Orders promptly and carefully filled

Daily Store News

Not only one or two—but countless opportunities for thoughtful shoppers. The amount you save in buying here depends only upon the size of your order. YOU SAVE SOMETHING ON EVERYTHING.

TUESDAY'S OFFERINGS.

Cloaks and Suits—
An unequaled showing of all the newest and best creations in Ladies' Garments and Whole Suits—in our Cloak Salon on the Second floor—the handsomest, best lighted and most tastefully arranged parlors in the entire Northwest.

Important Events in Tuesday's Selling—

In Suits we're showing a number of new lines just opened up, such as these:

Ladies' Venetian Cloth Suits—
In Brown and Blue—double-breasted satin-lined Jackets—some Eton—whole suit finely tailored and finished, all sizes—at..... $9.00

Ladies' Black Cheviot Serge Suits.
Tight-fitting Jackets—Suit silk-lined throughout—perfect tailor construction and finish; on sale at..... $14.98

Ladies' Suits—In Blue and Oxford Gray mixtures, Eton Jackets, flare collar, and silk lined—Faultless in make and finish..... $19.50

Ladies' Black Venetian Suits—
Of an extra quality of finely finished cloth—Jackets double-breasted or Eton style—Box plait back in Skirts—entire Suit lined with best Taffeta Silk, and handsomely finished, at..... $19.50

Jackets—
New Cloth Jackets, in Blues, Tans and Blacks, double-breasted Satin lined, well-made and finished at..... $6.00

Ladies' Black Cheviot Jackets—
Man-tailored, faultless in make and style—fly fronts and Satin lined, all sizes..... $8.00

Ladies' Covert Cloth Jackets, in Fly front, double-breasted, or Eton style, silk lined, and perfectly made, all sizes at..... $9.00

Misses' Jackets—
New arrivals, almost every day—For tomorrow's selling we have a new line of Cloth Jackets, in Browns, Blues and Medium Tans, double-breasted, satin serge lined at..... $4.95

Some High Grade Misses'
Jackets in Tan Covert Cloth, double-breasted, heavy satin lined, finely tailored at..... $9.50

Dress Goods—
Great opportunities for shoppers in our Dress Goods offerings for Tuesday—

Here is just a mere hint of the great possibilities—

48-inch pure Worsted Black Cheviots—the unshrinkable kind in that rich deep Black—good as long as the cloth lasts (and that a long time)—an extra quality finely finished cloth, full 48-in wide, at..... 65c

46-inch D'Allemango Serges, with that rich smooth silken finish so rarely found except in the most expensive goods; makes up in that modish dressy way so desirable and has just the proper weight—special price of..... 75c

50-inch Homespuns in Oxford Grays, Cambridge Grays, Castors and Browns, for separate skirts or whole dresses, at..... 79c

54-inch Real Scotch Suitings, in Blue, Gray and Steel Gray Mixtures, good as gold at..... $1.25

Silks—
All our $1.25 Fancy Corded Plisse and Hemstitched Taffetas, in a complete line of colors, and at a special price of..... 95c

An entire new line of Foulards in the latest and very choicest designs, at..... 75c

Handkerchief Squares—
For Waists in all the rich pastel shades so popular; no two alike—price..... $5.00 And upward

Black Silks—
Black Armure at..... 75c
Black Silk Poplins at..... $1.25
Black Satin Duchesse—
75c, $1.00, $1.25

White Goods and Linens—
Time to be thinking about the graduating costumes, is it not? We call your particular attention to the following offerings in White Goods—

30 pieces Fine Sheer India Linon; the 25c quality; Tuesday's price..... 15c

35 pieces Persian Lawns, Batiste, Mulls and Swisses; the 25c qualities; Tuesday's price..... 25c

15 pieces Wash Chiffons and French Lawns, 48 inches wide, worth 70c; Tuesday's price..... 48c

We carry a full line of Home-grown Cut Flowers.

Table Linens—
We offer a 10-piece lot of all pure linen double Satin Finish Table Damask, in five different patterns, sells regularly at $1.25; Tuesday's price..... 89c

⅝ Napkins to match—per dozen..... $2.50

30 dozen ⅝ Damask Napkins, in fine double satin finish, elegant designs; $5.00 per dozen; Tuesday's price..... $3.25

Bed Spreads—
2 cases (128) full size extra quality Marseilles Pattern Bed Spreads, soft finish, hemmed and ready for instant use; would be a bargain at $1.35; Tuesday's price..... 98c

1 case (64) extra size Colored Bed Spreads, in all the new colors, heavy knotted fringe all around, real value $2.25; Tuesday's price..... $1.59

Towels—
50 dozen Bleached Turkish Towels, size 22x50, heavy double-thread, 30c quality; Tuesday's price..... 20c

100 dozen Damask Towels, size 22x48; all linen with heavily and closely knotted fringe, and in either all white or with colored borders, worth 35c; Tuesday's price—each..... 23c

60 dozen Fine Linen Hemstitched Huck Towels, size, 20x40, with pretty fancy borders, regular price 25c; Tuesday's price..... 18c

Carpet Department.
There is a strong combination in the value of our Carpets—the union of strength and beauty—neither one sacrificed for the other, but both happily blended and embracing all the late and desirable colorings and designs. Only the best workmanship here. Here are just a few of the many offerings in our Carpet Hall for Tuesday:

CHINA MATTING—15c kind—per yard..... 12c

Extra quality Granite Ingrains, regularly 35c; our price..... 25c

Extra heavy Union, regularly 45c; our price..... 35c

Extra weight, all-wool filled, (cotton warp); regularly 55c..... 45c

Heavy all-wool Ingrains, good values at 65c; our price..... 50c

Fine All-wool Ingrains—quality the best, in new designs, new colors and the largest assortment by far, to be seen anywhere; real value 75c; our price..... 65c

THREE-PLY INGRAINS—regularly $1.09; our price..... 85c

GOOD TAPESTRY BRUSSELS—Regular value 55c—our price..... 45c

EXTRA HEAVY TAPESTRY BRUSSELS—New patterns and colors, with borders to match, suitable for parlors, etc., Regularly 85c; our price..... 65c

EXTRA HIGH PILE VELVETS—Without borders; our price..... 89c
(These would be $1.20 if borders were here.)

Draperies—
The largest and most select stock—the best appointed and best lighted apartments in which to show our goods and over and above all—
THE RIGHT PRICES.

Some Offerings—
We show Nottingham Lace Curtains from—per pair—
75c to $6.00

Irish Point Lace Curtains—from, per pair—
$2.50 to $20.00

Swiss Tambour Lace Curtains, from—per pair—
$6.50 up to $10.00

Brussels Lace Curtains—from, per pair—
$3.75 up to $50.00

Also a large assortment of Bobbinet Ruffled Curtains, these dainty, gracefully hanging and washable kinds are most inexpensive; prices—per pair—
$1.69 to $7.50

Drapery Bargains These—
40-inch Striped Muslins—regularly 15c; Monday's price..... 10c

36-inch Fine Silkoline, regularly 15c; Tuesday's price..... 12c

32-inch PRINTED DENIMS—Regularly 18c—Tuesday's price..... 12½c

White Cotton Sash Loops—per pair..... 5c

6-foot long Opaque Window Shades; good value even at 30c; Tuesday's price..... 25c

For Tuesday Only! Marshmallows, per lb..... 12½c

Freimuth's Freimuth's

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

FINISH

DULUTH EVENING HERALD

MAR 1 1900 THRU APR 30 1900

Title: Duluth evening HERALD

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